FINANCIAL STATEMENTS And INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 30, 2013

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DANA F. COLE & COMPANY, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Administrator
City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska, as of September 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 - 11 and 44 - 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Dana Flole+Company, LLP

Scottsbluff, Nebraska February 23, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

September 30, 2013

The management of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska (the City) offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. Please consider this discussion in conjunction with the additional information provided in the transactions, events and conditions reflected in the City's financial statements (beginning on page 12).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2013, by \$66,930,732 (net position). Of this amount, \$24,205,655 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of September 30, 2013, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,263,273. This is an increase of \$1,581,974 in comparison with the prior year.
- As of September 30, 2013, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,220,549, or 39% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the year ended September 30, 2013. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general administrative services, public safety, streets and highways, health, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, libraries, and self-insurance. The business-type activities of the City include sanitation, wastewater, water, stormwater, electric utilities, and geographic information systems.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-14 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and government-wide activities.

The City maintains eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund, the Transportation fund, the Economic Development fund, the Debt Service fund, the Special Projects fund, and the Leasing Corporation fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-20 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sanitation, wastewater, water, stormwater, and electric systems. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its self-funding unemployment and health insurance and geographic information services. Because the self-funding services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The geographic information services is shown as a business-type function and has been included within the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for all of the enterprise funds. Internal service funds are also combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for these funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-26 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-42 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all other governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General, Transportation, Economic Development, Debt, Special Projects, and Leasing Corporation major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$66,930,732 at September 30, 2013.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (61 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, utility plant, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Scotts bluff Condensed Statement of Net Position September 30, 2013 and 2012

	Governmental					Busin	ype					
		Activities				Activities				Total		
		2013		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012
Current and other assets	\$	20,938,500	\$	19,233,411	\$	7,847,992	\$	8,034,958	\$	28,786,492	\$	27,268,369
Capital assets		28,885,825		29,286,649		22,786,744		22,820,732		51,672,569		52,107,381
Other noncurrent assets		101,677		1,115,760		481,768		406,008		583,445		1,521,768
Total assets		49,926,002		49,635,820		31,116,504		31,261,698		81,042,506	_	80,897,518
Current liabilities		3,377,634		4,258,734		1,254,846		1,254,846		4,632,480		5,513,580
Long-term liabilities outstanding		5,671,450		6,433,247		4,300,616		4,300,616		9,972,066		10,733,863
Total liabilities		9,049,084		10,691,981		5,555,462		5,555,462		14,604,546		16,247,443
Net position:												
Invested in capital assets, net												
of related debt		23,632,206		22,651,444		18,611,103		18,101,572		42,243,309		40,753,016
Restricted		-		-		481,768		406,008		481,768		406,008
Unrestricted		17,244,712		16,292,395		6,960,943		7,198,656		24,205,655		23,491,051
Total net position	\$	40,876,918	\$	38,943,839	\$	26,053,814	\$	25,706,236	\$	66,930,732	\$	64,650,075

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

At September 30, 2013, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole.

City of Scottsbluff Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position September 30, 2013 and 2012

	Governn Activi				ess-type vities	7	Total	
-	2013	2012	•	2013	2012	2013		2012
Revenues:							_	
Program revenues:								
Charges for services \$	380,425 \$	400,290	\$	9,359,693	\$ 9,295,676	\$ 9,740,118	\$	9,695,966
Operating grants and								
contributions	220,057	-		22,930	-	242,987		-
Capital grants and								
contributions	1,153,421	1,014,250		-	395,217	1,153,421		1,409,467
General revenues:								
Property taxes	1,524,835	1,510,679		-	-	1,524,835		1,510,679
Sales and use tax	5,416,949	5,517,510		-	-	5,416,949		5,517,510
Other taxes	1,192,586	1,299,370		-	-	1,192,586		1,299,370
Intergovernmental	1,599,623	1,421,542		-	-	1,599,623		1,421,542
Investment income	84,009	77,944		25,603	30,787	109,612		108,731
Miscellaneous	2,196,435	3,654,357		63,556	174,252	2,259,991	_	3,828,609
Total revenues	13,768,340	14,895,942		9,471,782	9,895,932	23,240,122	_	24,791,874
Expenses:								
General government	3,268,348	3,276,504		-	-	3,268,348		3,276,504
Public safety	5,243,090	5,136,865		-	-	5,243,090		5,136,865
Transportation	2,544,155	2,980,211		-	-	2,544,155		2,980,211
Public health	189,852	469,295		-	-	189,852		469,295
Culture and recreation	2,855,794	2,730,310		-	-	2,855,794		2,730,310
Public works	664,284	509,339		-	-	664,284		509,339
Interest on long-term debt	181,835	195,131		-	-	181,835		195,131
Environmental services	-	-		1,954,862	1,828,606	1,954,862		1,828,606
Wastewater	-	-		2,077,074	2,112,359	2,077,074		2,112,359
Water	-	-		1,609,628	1,481,137	1,609,628		1,481,137
Electric	-	-		81,337	76,566	81,337		76,566
Stormwater	-	-		202,175	93,714	202,175		93,714
Geographic information systems				87,031	78,984	87,031	_	78,984
Total expenses	14,947,358	15,297,655		6,012,107	5,671,366	20,959,465	_	20,969,021
Increase (decrease) in net	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
position before transfers	(1,179,018)	(401,713)		3,459,675	4,224,566	2,280,657		3,822,853
Transfers in (out)	3,112,097	2,514,268		(3,112,097)	(2,514,268)	-	_	
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,933,079	2,112,555		347,578	1,710,298	2,280,657	_	3,822,853
Net position, October 1	38,943,839	36,831,284		25,706,236	23,995,938	64,650,075		60,827,222
Net position, September 30 \$	40,876,918 \$	38,943,839	\$	26,053,814	\$ 25,706,236	\$ 66,930,732	\$	64,650,075

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by a total of \$1,933,079. Key elements in this increase follows:

- The economic development fund received sales tax revenue that was more than grants. This contributed over \$660,000 to the increase in net assets.
- The general fund experienced a \$198,000 increase in transfers from the electric fund due to an increased lease payment from Nebraska Public Power District.
- The debt service fund had \$102,000 more in receipts (mainly property tax) than debt payments that were due.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-type activities increased the city's net position by \$347,578. The overall increase was approximately the same as prior year which keeps the funds in line with rate increases keeping up to offset costs.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2013, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,263,273, an increase of \$1,581,974 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$660,000 of the increase is due to the economic development fund. Also \$634,658 of the increase is from the general fund.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At September 30, 2013, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,220,549. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 39 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$634,658 during 2013. This increase was due to a larger than expected increase in transfers of lease payments. The transfer to the general fund was \$198,000 higher than prior year.

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the sanitation, wastewater system, water system, electric system, and stormwater system amounted to \$199,205, \$2,178,096, \$1,988,573, \$2,236,887, and \$425,323 respectively, at September 30, 2013. Factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Variances between actual general fund revenues and expenditures and the final amended budget include:

- \$437,517 positive variance in local revenues. \$197,994 is due to the NPPD lease receipts being higher than projected.
- \$500,555 positive variance in general government. This includes \$168,000 for software. This purchase was not completed and carried over to the new fiscal year. \$250,000 was budgeted in contingency to cover any unforeseen costs that may arise during the year. Approximately \$10,000 of that was spent on pool repairs leaving approximately \$240,000 unspent.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2013, was \$51,672,569 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, streets, storm sewers, electric plant, and water and sewer plant.

City of Scotts bluff Capital assets (net of depreciation) September 30, 2013 and 2012

		Govern Acti	nmen ivities			Business-type Activities				Total		
	_	2013		2012	_	2013		2012	_	2013		2012
Land	\$	471,878	\$	471,878	\$	1,388,525	\$	1,316,025	\$	1,860,403 \$;	1,787,903
Inventory		2,562,113		2,562,113		-		-		2,562,113		2,562,113
Construction in progress		1,636,404		1,278,993		50,634		27,867		1,687,038		1,306,860
Buildings and improvements		8,553,674		8,864,037		2,956,879		3,192,447		11,510,553		12,056,484
Equipment and vehicles		2,791,102		2,778,473		2,317,507		2,123,907		5,108,609		4,902,380
Infrastructure		12,870,654		13,331,154		9,027,783		7,855,952		21,898,438		21,187,106
Landfill improvements		-		-		8,676		8,676		8,676		8,676
Plant in service	_	-		<u>-</u>		7,036,741		8,070,724	_	7,036,741		8,070,724
Total	\$	28,885,825	\$	29,286,648	\$	22,786,744	\$	22,595,598	\$	51,672,570 \$		51,882,246

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

Major capital asset events during 2013 included the following:

- Broadway 20th to 27th mill and overlay. Transportation \$209,253
- 2014 freightliner dump truck. Transportation \$122,402
- 2014 freightliner collection vehicle. Sanitation \$189,999
- Sewer line replacement. Wastewater \$538,449

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the notes to the financial statements on pages 35-36 of this report.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At September 30, 2013, the City of Scottsbluff had total bonded debt outstanding of \$5,975,000. This entire amount represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

City of Scottsbluff Outstanding Bonded Debt September 30, 2013 and 2012

	Governmental			Busi	ness-ty	/pe				
	Activities			Activities			 Total			
	2013	2012		2013		2012	2013	2012		
General obligation bonds	\$ 945,000 \$	1,180,000	\$		\$	-	\$ 945,000 \$	1,180,000		
Revenue bonds	5,030,000	5,645,000	_	-		<u> </u>	5,030,000	5,645,000		
Total	\$ 5,975,000 \$	6,825,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,975,000 \$	6,825,000		

The City's total bonded debt decreased by \$850,000 (12.45 percent) during 2013. The key factor to this decrease was the payment of the \$850,000 on current debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of the notes to the financial statements on pages 36-38 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The increase in the City's property tax base provided by real growth is estimated at .62%., with an actual increase in valuation from the prior year of approximately \$8.4 million.
- For 2014 budget, the projection for sales tax was estimated at 1% growth.
- The cost of living adjustment given to employees was 2.2%.
- \$1.1 million was allocated in the general fund to purchase software and parks & recreation improvements. There was also \$250,000 allocated in the general fund for the final payout on a Pre-84 officer's defined benefit plan.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2014 fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

The utility rates were increased for the 2013 budget year. The sanitation, wastewater, and water rates were increased by 4%, 3%, and 7% respectively. The rate increases affected both residential and industrial consumers by approximately the same percentage. These increases are necessary to fund debt service on the new debt issued by the utilities and to cover the cost of inflation.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Scottsbluff, Finance Department, 2525 Circle Drive, Scottsbluff, NE 69361.

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

			Pri	nary Governme	nt	
	_	Governmental		Business-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS	_					
Current assets:						
Equity in pooled cash	\$	18,053,161	\$	6,030,157	\$	24,083,318
Funds held by county treasurer		78,151		-		78,151
Net receivables:						
Taxes		1,686,342		-		1,686,342
Accounts and unbilled		-		1,541,634		1,541,634
Special assessments		76,211		-		76,211
Accrued interest		10,498		2,511		13,009
Governmental unit		301,747		-		301,747
Other receivables		732,390		-		732,390
Inventory	_		_	273,690	_	273,690
Total current assets		20,938,500		7,847,992		28,786,492
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted investments		-		481,768		481,768
Bond issuance costs		101,677		-		101,677
Capital assets - non-depreciable		4,312,985		1,342,818		5,655,803
Net capital assets - depreciable	_	24,572,840	_	21,443,926	_	46,016,766
Total noncurrent assets	_	28,987,502	_	23,268,512		52,256,014
Total assets	\$_	49,926,002	\$_	31,116,504	\$_	81,042,506
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	718,335	\$	378,303	\$	1,096,638
Accrued interest payable		53,825		29,066		82,891
Accrued compensated absences		111,352		27,556		138,908
Other accrued expenses		119,236		166,574		285,810
Notes and warrants payable		1,165,495		555,858		1,721,353
Deferred revenue		1,209,391		154,796		1,364,187
Total current liabilities	_	3,377,634	_	1,312,153		4,689,787
Noncurrent liabilities:	_				_	
Bonds and notes payable		5,253,619		3,619,783		8,873,402
Accrued compensated absences		417,831		130,754		548,585
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	5,671,450		3,750,537	_	9,421,987
Total liabilities	_	9,049,084		5,062,690		14,111,774
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		23,632,206		18,611,103		42,243,309
Restricted for:		, , ,		, , ,		, - ,
New landfill		_		481,768		481,768
Unrestricted		17,244,712		6,960,943		24,205,655
Total net position	_	40,876,918	_	26,053,814	_	66,930,732
Total liabilities and net position	\$_	49,926,002	\$_	31,116,504	\$_	81,042,506

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

			_	Program Revenues								
						Operating		Capital				
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and				
		Expenses	_	Services		Contributions	Contributions					
Primary government:												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$	3,268,348	\$	18,007	\$	_	\$	_				
Public safety		5,243,090		121,611		189,310		80,666				
Transportation		2,544,155		5,029		-		-				
Public health and social services		189,852		43,645		-		-				
Culture and recreation:						-						
Library		679,784		-		-		-				
Parks and recreation		1,826,010		174,801		-		-				
Zoo		350,000		17,332		-		-				
Public works		664,284		-		211,793		-				
Interest on long term debt		181,835										
Total governmental activities	_	14,947,358	_	380,425	_	401,103	_	80,666				
Business type activities:												
Environmental services		1,954,862		2,183,088		-		-				
Wastewater		2,077,074		2,597,992		-		-				
Water		1,609,628		1,898,316		-		-				
Electric		81,337		2,663,177		-		-				
Stormwater		202,175		17,120		22,930		-				
Geographic information systems		87,031						<u>-</u>				
Total business type activities	_	6,012,107	_	9,359,693		22,930		-				
Total primary government	\$	20,959,465	\$_	9,740,118	\$	424,033	\$	80,666				

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Property taxes, levied for transportation

Property taxes, levied for cemetery perpetual care

Property taxes, levied for public safety

Sales tax

Other taxes

Intergovernmental

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Net transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, October 1

Net position, September 30

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

٠			inges in Net Posit		
•	Governmental		Business type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
6	(3,250,341)	\$	-	\$	(3,250,341
	(4,851,503)		-		(4,851,503
	(2,539,126)		-		(2,539,126
	(146,207)		-		(146,207
	(679,784)		-		(679,784
	(1,651,209)		-		(1,651,209
	(332,668)		-		(332,668
	(452,491)		-		(452,49)
	(181,835)	-			(181,83
	(14,085,164)	-			(14,085,164
	-		228,226		228,220
	-		520,918		520,913
	-		288,688		288,688
	-		2,581,840		2,581,84
	-		(162,125)		(162,12
		-	(87,031)		(87,03
		-	3,370,516		3,370,510
	(14,085,164)		3,370,516	•	(10,714,648
	158,943		-		158,943
	591,483		-		591,483
	493,529		-		493,529
	121,031		-		121,03
	159,849		-		159,849
	5,416,949		-		5,416,949
	1,192,586 1,599,623		-		1,192,586 1,599,623
			25 602		
	84,009 3,088,144		25,603 63,556		109,612 3,151,700
	3,112,097		(3,112,097)		3,131,700
	16,018,243	-	(3,022,938)	•	12,995,303
•	1,933,079	-	347,578	•	2,280,65
•	38,943,839	-	25,706,236	•	64,650,075
٠	40,876,918	\$	26,053,814	\$	66,930,732

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	_	General Fund	-	Transportation Fund	-	Economic Development Fund		Debt Service Fund
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash Funds held by county treasurer Net receivables:	\$	3,985,534 9,215	\$	1,967,482 27,390	\$	5,202,843	\$	4,167,021 19,830
Taxes		816,921		231,246		158,425		364,160
Special assessments		-		-		-		76,211
Accrued interest		1,659		819		2,166		4,730
Governmental unit		72,931		164,069		-		-
Other receivables	_	41,287	-		-		_	1
Total assets	\$	4,927,547	\$	2,391,006	\$	5,363,434	\$_	4,631,953
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	164,347	\$	327,210	\$	7,475	\$	170,497
Accrued salaries		88,960		13,723		-		-
Other accrued expenses		12,811		1,598		-		-
Warrants payable		-		-		-		256,510
Deferred revenue		80,880		179,524		-		381,840
Total liabilities	_	346,998	-	522,055	-	7,475		808,847
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		-		-		4,240,101		3,823,106
Committed		-		-		23,946		-
Assigned		1,360,000		1,868,951		1,091,912		-
Unassigned		3,220,549		-		-		-
Total fund balances	_	4,580,549		1,868,951	-	5,355,959		3,823,106
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,927,547	\$	2,391,006	\$	5,363,434	\$_	4,631,953

	Special		Leasing		Other		Total
	Projects	(Corporation		Governmental		Governmental
	Fund		Fund	_	Funds	_	Funds
		<u> </u>		•		-	
\$	604,213	\$	7,596	\$	1,506,516	\$	17,441,205
	-		-		21,716		78,151
	-		_		115,590		1,686,342
	_		_		-		76,211
	245		4		628		10,251
	57,639		_		7,108		301,747
			-		-		41,288
			,	-		-	
\$_	662,097	\$	7,600	\$	1,651,558	\$	19,635,195
			_	_			
\$	9,396	\$	-	\$	38,778	\$	717,703
	-		-		1,918		104,601
	-		-		226		14,635
	-		-		-		256,510
	518,290		-		117,939		1,278,473
	527,686		-	-	158,861		2,371,922
	-		7,600		520,290		8,591,097
	134,411		-		924,680		1,083,037
	-		-		47,727		4,368,590
			-	_		_	3,220,549
	-		7,600	-	1,492,697		17,263,273
\$_	527,686	\$	7,600	\$	1,651,558	\$	19,635,195

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balances					\$ 17,263,273
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:	in the	statement of net	position		
Capital assets used in governmental activities therefore are not reported in the governmental	28,885,825				
Internal service funds are used by managemen services to individual funds. These assets and funds are included in governmental actitivities	liabil	ities of the interr	nal service		611,564
runus are meruded in governmentar activities) III tII	e statement of ne	t position.		011,304
Deferred revenue in governmental fund finance special assessments is shown as revenue for go					760,191
Bond issuance costs are expensed in government as an asset that is amortized for government w			nd shown		101,677
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable i are not reported in the governmental funds bal		_	nd, therefore,		
Due within one year: Interest payable	\$	53,825			
Bonds payable	Ф	857,379			
Compensated absences		123,070			
Due in more than one year:					
Bonds payable		5,305,225			
Compensated absences		406,113			
•					(6,745,612)

\$ 40,876,918

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Net position of governmental activities

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	General Fund		Transportation Fund	-	Economic Development Fund	 Debt Service Fund
Revenues:						
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 4,938,410	\$	1,114,445	\$	962,192	\$ 837,573
Licenses and permits	106,539		-		-	-
Intergovernmental	181,409		1,355,599		-	-
Charges for services	316,111		5,029		-	-
Interest	25,951		6,456		16,345	26,317
Other revenue	193,929		24,452		543,221	(13,024)
Total revenues	5,762,349		2,505,981	_	1,521,758	850,866
Expenditures:				-		
Current operations:						
General government	484,588		-		298,600	682,988
Public safety	4,733,169		-		<u>-</u>	-
Transportation	-		1,696,150		-	-
Public health and social services	-		-		_	-
Culture and recreation:						
Library	656,761		-		_	-
Parks and recreation	1,441,784		-		_	-
Zoo	350,000		-		_	-
Public works	408,274		-		_	-
Capital expenditures	214,609		665,103		_	150,506
Debt service:	,		,			
Principal	_		235,000		_	59,154
Interest	_		9,166		_	8,198
Total expenditures	8,289,185		2,605,419	-	298,600	900,846
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,526,836)	·	(99,438)	-	1,223,158	 (49,980)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from debt issuance	-		-		-	152,882
Warrant and bond expense	-		-		-	(350)
Loss on sale of investment	-		-		(524,954)	-
Operating transfers in	3,172,494		-		-	-
Operating transfers out	(11,000)		(49,397)		_	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,161,494	,	(49,397)	-	(524,954)	152,532
Excess revenues and other financing sources of	over					
(under) expenditures and other financing use			(148,835)		698,204	102,552
Fund balances, October 1	3,945,891	ı	2,017,786	-	4,657,755	 3,720,554
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 4,580,549	\$	1,868,951	\$	5,355,959	\$ 3,823,106

_	Special Projects Fund	_	Leasing Corporation Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$	- - -	\$	421,550 2,850 62,615	\$	8,274,170 109,389 1,599,623
	15,640		-		43,645		380,425
	1,778		27		4,871		81,745
_	411,701	_	719,107	-	259,995	-	2,139,381
_	429,119	-	719,134	-	795,526	-	12,584,733
	-		-		49,911		1,516,087
	165,671		-		128,471		5,027,311
	-		-		-		1,696,150
	-		-		171,569		171,569
	-		20		17,544		674,325
	-		-		-		1,441,784
	-		-		-		350,000
	225,755		-		19,659		653,688
	-		-		86,925		1,117,143
	-		575,000		40,000		909,154
	201.426	_	144,131	-	23,728	-	185,223
_	391,426	-	719,151	-	537,807	-	13,742,434
_	37,693	-	(17)	-	257,719	-	(1,157,701)
	_		_		_		152,882
	-		-		-		(350)
	-		-		-		(524,954)
	-		-		-		3,172,494
		_		-		-	(60,397)
_		-		-		-	2,739,675
	37,693		(17)		257,719		1,581,974
_	96,718	_	7,617	-	1,234,978	-	15,681,299
\$_	134,411	\$_	7,600	\$	1,492,697	\$	17,263,273

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,581,974
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay	
exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(400,827)
Proceeds from debt issues are an other financing source in the funds, but a debt	
issue increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	(152,882)
Payments on debt are expenditures in the funds, but a debt payment decreases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	909,154
Deferred revenue in governmental fund financials for property taxes and special	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
assessments is shown as revenue for government wide financials.	(139,795)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences	5,524
Accrued interest	3,388
Bond amortization costs	(11,597)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain	
services to individual funds.	138,140
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,933,079

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Business-type Activities							
		vironmental Services	_	Wastewater		Water	_	Electric
ASSETS								
Current assets								
	\$	593,072	\$	1,994,218	\$	1,625,134	\$	1,336,007
Net receivables:	4	0,0,0,2	Ψ	1,>> 1,=10	Ψ	1,020,10	Ψ	1,000,007
Accounts and unbilled		81,550		335,442		333,590		790,323
Accrued interest		247		830		676		557
Inventory				-		273,690		-
Total current assets		674,869		2,330,490		2,233,090		2,126,887
10111 01110111 1155015		07.,005	_	2,000,00	_	2,200,000	_	2,120,007
Noncurrent assets								
Restricted investments		481,768		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		110,000
Capital assets - non-depreciable		34,008		222,378		595,561		300,000
Net capital assets - depreciable		784,701		12,008,904		6,869,471		608,930
Total noncurrent assets		1,300,477		12,231,282		7,465,032		1,018,930
Total assets	\$	1,975,346	\$	14,561,772	\$	9,698,122	\$	3,145,817
			_				_	
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
1 2	\$	256,058	\$	32,995	\$	79,252	\$	-
Accrued interest payable		-		29,066		-		-
Accrued salaries		16,688		13,321		12,111		-
Accrued compensated absences		9,573		8,170		9,393		-
Other accrued expenses		1,397		15,051		106,547		-
Current portion long-term debt		-		555,858		-		-
Deferred revenue		154,796		-				-
Total current liabilities		438,512	_	654,461		207,303	_	_
N								
Noncurrent liabilities				2 (10 792				
Long-term debt		- 27.152		3,619,783		- 27.014		-
Compensated absences		37,152	_	53,791		37,214		
Total noncurrent liabilities		37,152	_	3,673,574		37,214		
Total liabilities		475,664	_	4,328,035		244,517		
NET POSITION								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		818,709		8,055,641		7,465,032		908,930
Restricted for new landfill		481,768		-		-,103,032		-
Unreserved		199,205		2,178,096		1,988,573		2,236,887
Total net position		1,499,682	_	10,233,737	_	9,453,605	_	3,145,817
Total net position		1,177,002	_	10,233,737	_	2,133,003	_	5,115,017
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,975,346	\$	14,561,772	\$	9,698,122	\$	3,145,817

_		Busine	ess-type Activit	ies			Sovernmental Activities
	_		Internal				Internal
-	Stormwater		Service	_	Totals		Service
\$	434,476	\$	47,250	\$	6,030,157	\$	611,957
	729		-		1,541,634		-
	181		20		2,511		247
_	435,386		47,270		273,690 7,847,992		612,204
-	433,360		47,270	_	1,041,992		012,204
	-		-		481,768		
	100.971		-		110,000		-
	190,871 1,171,920		-		1,342,818 21,443,926		_
_	1,362,791		-	_	23,378,512		-
\$	1,798,177	\$	47,270	\$	31,226,504	\$	612,204
	-,.,,,,,,,	_			,,	_	
Φ.	0.052	Φ.	25	Ф	250 202	ф	540
\$	9,963	\$	35	\$	378,303 29,066	\$	640
	-		1,233		43,353		-
	-		420		27,556		-
	100		126		123,221		-
	-		30,000		585,858 154,796		-
_	10,063	_	31,814	_	1,342,153	_	640
	-		80,000		3,699,783		-
-			2,597 82,597	_	130,754 3,830,537	_	
-		-		_			
-	10,063		114,411	_	5,172,690		640
	1,362,791		-		18,611,103		-
	-		-		481,768		
_	425,323		(67,141)		6,960,943		611,564
-	1,788,114		(67,141)		26,053,814		611,564
\$_	1,798,177	\$	47,270	\$_	31,226,504	\$	612,204

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Business-type Activities						
	Environmental Services	_	Wastewater	_	Water		Electric
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services \$	2,183,088	\$	2,597,992	\$	1,898,316	\$	2,663,177
Other revenues	19,563	_	4,153	_	16,330	_	(4,349)
Total operating revenues	2,202,651	_	2,602,145	_	1,914,646	_	2,658,828
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services	1,032,565		772,552		719,348		-
Operating supplies	195,857		114,564		288,530		1
Contractual	441,870		174,259		142,705		-
Maintenance	96,996		62,002		25,907		-
Utilities	16,591		191,982		140,058		-
Insurance	16,329		37,219		30,389		-
Other operating expenses	348		4,647		3,232		-
Depreciation and amortization	154,306	_	621,720	_	259,459	_	81,336
Total operating expenses	1,954,862	_	1,978,945	_	1,609,628	_	81,337
Operating income (loss)	247,789	_	623,200	_	305,018	_	2,577,491
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Interest income	1,545		6,966		4,693		10,592
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	1,545		4,461		4,075		10,372
Interest expense	_		(98,129)		_		_
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,545	_	(86,702)	_	4,693	_	10,592
	240,224		525 100	_	200 511		2.500.002
Income (loss) before contributions & transfers	249,334	_	536,498	_	309,711	_	2,588,083
Transfers from (to) other funds:							
Operating transfers in	-		-		-		-
Operating transfers (out)	(55,397)		(165,564)		(103,564)		(2,995,494)
Net transfers from (to) other funds	(55,397)	_	(165,564)	_	(103,564)		(2,995,494)
Change in net position	193,937		370,934		206,147		(407,411)
Net position, October 1	1,305,745	_	9,862,803	_	9,247,458	_	3,553,228
Net position, September 30 \$	1,499,682	\$	10,233,737	\$ _	9,453,605	\$_	3,145,817

_		Busin	ess-type Activiti	ies		-	Governmental Activities
	Ctamovvatan		Internal Service		Totala		Internal
_	Stormwater	_	Service	-	Totals	•	Service
\$	17,120	\$	_	\$	9,359,693	\$	<u>-</u>
_	42,015		(148)	-	77,564		1,857,201
_	59,135	_	(148)	-	9,437,257	-	1,857,201
	_		71,427		2,595,892		_
	18,556		1,465		618,973		_
	114,297		210		873,341		-
	3,488		6,400		194,793		-
	449		425		349,505		-
	350		-		84,287		-
	1,751		1,515		11,493		1,721,325
_	63,284			-	1,180,105		
_	202,175		81,442	_	5,908,389		1,721,325
_	(143,040)	_	(81,590)	-	3,528,868		135,876
	1,616		191		25,603		2,264
	4,461		171		8,922		2,204
	-		(5,589)		(103,718)		_
_	6,077		(5,398)	-	(69,193)		2,264
_	(136,963)		(86,988)	-	3,459,675	-	138,140
	98,333		109,589		207,922		
	70,555		107,307		(3,320,019)		_
_	98,333		109,589	-	(3,112,097)		
	(38,630)		22,601		347,578		138,140
_	1,826,744	_	(89,742)	-	25,706,236	-	473,424
\$_	1,788,114	\$	(67,141)	\$	26,053,814	\$	611,564

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

			Business-t	ype A	Activities		
	Environmental Services	_	Wastewater	_	Water	_	Electric
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Cash received from customers \$	2,214,742	\$	2,620,139	\$	1,976,778	\$	2,747,082
Cash paid to suppliers	(838,552)		(663,587)		(635,209)		(1)
Cash paid to employees	(717,913)		(542,945)		(507,245)		-
Other expenses	(226,584)	_	(169,132)	_	(164,305)	_	
Net cash provided by operating activities	431,693	_	1,244,475	_	670,019	_	2,747,081
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	:						
Transfers from (to) other funds	(55,397)		(165,564)		(103,564)		(2,995,494)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital		_		_			
financing activities	(55,397)	_	(165,564)	_	(103,564)	_	(2,995,494)
Cash flows from capital and related financing ac	tivities:						
Proceeds from sale of assets	-		4,461		_		_
Purchases of capital assets	(219,108)		(728,647)		(76,542)		_
Principal paid on capital debt	(21),100)		(543,519)		(70,542)		_
Interest paid on capital debt	_		(102,371)		_		_
Net cash (used) by capital and related		-	(102,371)	-		_	
financing activities	(219,108)		(1,370,076)		(76,542)		-
		_		_	<u> </u>	_	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Investment in landfill	(75,760)		_		-		-
Interest and dividends	1,580		7,394		4,642		10,905
Net cash provided by investing activities	(74,180)	_	7,394		4,642		10,905
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	83,008		(283,771)		494,555		(237,508)
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1	510,064		2,277,989		1,130,579		1,573,515
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30 \$	593,072	\$	1,994,218	\$	1,625,134	\$	1,336,007
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to				_			
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss) \$	247,789	\$	623,200	\$	305,018	\$	2,577,491
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	241,169	Ф	023,200	Ф	303,016	Ф	2,377,491
net cash provided (used) by operating activi	ties:						
Depreciation and amortization expense	154,306		621,720		259,459		111,336
Changes in assets and liabilities:	154,500		021,720		239,439		111,550
Receivables - net of allowances	5,546		17,994		62,132		58,254
Inventory	-				3,283		-
Accounts and other payables	32,037		(27,586)		27,141		-
Accrued expenses	(7,985)		9,147		12,986		-
Net cash provided by operating activities \$	431,693	\$	1,244,475	\$	670,019	\$	2,747,081
		-		-		_	

_		Busir	ness-type Activit	ies			Governmental Activities Internal
_	Stormwater	_	Service	_	Totals		Service
\$	17,340	\$	88	\$	9,576,169	\$	1,857,201
	(87,897)		(23,248)		(2,248,494)		(1,725,654)
	-		(52,284)		(1,820,387)		-
_	-	_	(5,978)	_	(565,999)	_	-
_	(70,557)	_	(81,422)	_	4,941,289	_	131,547
_	98,333	_	109,589	_	(3,112,097)	_	-
_	98,333	_	109,589	_	(3,112,097)		-
	4,461		_		8,922		_
	(121,818)		-		(1,146,115)		-
	-		(30,000)		(573,519)		-
_		_	(5,589)	_	(107,960)	_	-
_	(117,357)	_	(35,589)	_	(1,818,672)	_	
					(75.760)		
	1.704		201		(75,760)		2 277
_	1,724 1,724		201 201	_	26,446 (49,314)	_	2,277
_	1,724	_	201	_	(49,314)	_	2,277
	(87,857)		(7,221)		(38,794)		133,824
_	522,333	_	54,471		6,068,951		478,133
\$ =	434,476	\$ =	47,250	\$ =	6,030,157	\$ =	611,957
\$	(143,040)	\$	(81,590)	\$	3,528,868	\$	135,876
	63,284		-		1,210,105		-
	120		-		144,046		-
	-		-		3,283		-
	8,979		(21)		40,550		(4,329)
_	100	_	189	_	14,437	_	-
\$ _	(70,557)	\$_	(81,422)	\$ _	4,941,289	\$_	131,547

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	_	Agency Fund	_	Pension Trust Fund	_	Total Fiduciary Funds
ASSETS						
Equity in pooled cash	\$	374,311	\$	-	\$	374,311
Funds held by county treasurer		-		-		-
Investments managed by trustee		-		9,619,521		9,619,521
Net receivables:		1.41				1.41
Accrued interest		161		-		161
Deferred charges	_	<u> </u>	_		_	
Total assets	\$	374,472	\$_	9,619,521	\$_	9,993,993
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and warrants payable	\$	52,852	\$	-	\$	52,852
Accrued interest payable		-		-		-
Debt service		321,620	_			321,620
Total liabilities	_	374,472	_			374,472
NET POSITION						
Held in trust for pension benefits		_		9,619,521		9,619,521
Total net position	_		_	9,619,521	_	9,619,521
Total liabilities and net position	\$	374,472	\$_	9,619,521	\$_	9,993,993

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	_	Pension Trust Fund
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	630,297
Employee	_	325,029
Total contributions		955,326
Transfers in		-
Investment earnings:		
Net investment earnings and appreciation in fair value of investments	_	1,101,153
Total additions	_	2,056,479
Deductions:		
Benefit payments		1,162,430
Use of forfeitures to fund employer contributions		-
Forfeitures		-
Administrative costs	_	5,310
Total deductions	_	1,167,740
Change in fiduciary net position		888,739
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, October 1	_	8,730,782
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, September 30	\$	9,619,521

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Financial Reporting Entity</u> - The City of Scottsbluff (City) is a municipal government responsible for providing services to the local citizenry, which are deemed best to be provided for by the public sector. The services provided include general administration, public safety, highways and streets, cemetery, recreation, public improvements, health and social services, parks, library, keno, environmental service, electric, water and wastewater; all of which are funded by tax collections and user fees.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The basic, but not the only criterion, for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the City and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographical boundaries of the City and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the City is able to exercise oversight responsibility.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City of Scottsbluff (the primary government) and its component units. These component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of each unit's operational and financial relationship with the City.

City of Scottsbluff Leasing Corporation

The City of Scottsbluff Leasing Corporation was formed in 1981 to provide tax-exempt financing for various construction projects of the City. The governing body is appointed by the City's governing body. The services provided by the Leasing Corporation are so intertwined with the City that the Leasing Corporation is in substance the same as the City and it is reported as part of the City and blended in the City's financial statements.

Community Development Agency

The Community Development Agency was created by the Mayor and City Council to provide for redevelopment of various areas within the City. Although it is legally separate from the City, the sole purpose of this Agency is to provide for City redevelopment and it is presented in the City's Agency Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Fiduciary activities, whose resources are not available to finance the City's programs, are excluded from the government-wide statements. The material effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *total economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including interest on long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, highway user fees, interdepartmental charges, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Special assessments are recorded as revenues in the year the assessments are paid. Installments not yet paid are reflected as special assessments receivable and deferred revenues. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Transportation Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the maintenance, construction, and improvement of the streets in the City.

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued) -

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the resources and payments made for the Local Option Municipal Economic Development Act for the City. This Act sunsets in October, 2015.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Leasing Corporation Fund</u> – Leasing Corporation Fund is used to account for leasing of acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary fund types).

<u>Special Projects Fund</u> – Special projects fund is used to account for miscellaneous grants such as highway safety or revenue sources for specific items such as K-9 donations.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

Environmental Services Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's sanitation utility.

Wastewater Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's wastewater utility.

Water Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's water distribution operations.

Electric Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's electric system utility.

Stormwater Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the stormwater utility.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

In reporting the financial activity of the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, the City applies all FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, except for those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity -

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - The City maintains a cash and investments pool for all funds. This pool is managed by the Finance Director and interest income is allocated to each fund based on its proportionate share in the pool. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed as "Equity in pooled cash". This pool consists of cash on hand, certificates of deposits, and investments. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, cash held by County Treasurer, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. All investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Inventories - Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, using the first-in, first-out method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued) -

<u>Restricted Assets</u> - When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, drainage systems, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 or \$50,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years
Equipment	3 - 25 years
Infrastructure	20 - 60 years

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - City employees generally earn vacation days at a variable rate based on years of service. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation time up to a maximum allowed accumulation of 366 hours. Employees earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month with total accumulation limits established by the employees' bargaining unit. With 15 years of service, the maximum allowed is four workweeks.

Vacation and sick leave are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and internal service fund financial statements. Such accruals are based on current salary rates.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u> - In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental and business-type activities in the statement of net assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond proceeds as other financing sources and bond payments are expensed. Issuance costs are reported as current expenditures.

<u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Eliminations</u> – Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of Net Assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Equity</u> – Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, constructions, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State Statute 14-563 R.R.S., 1943 authorizes funds of the City to be invested in "securities of the United States, the State of Nebraska, metropolitan city, county in which such metropolitan city is located or school district of such city, in the securities of municipally owned and operated public utility property and plants of such city, or in the same manner as funds of the State of Nebraska are invested, except that the city treasurer may purchase certificates of deposit from and make time deposits in banks selected as depositories of City funds". Additionally, State Statute 15-847 R.R.S., 1943 requires banks either to give bond or to pledge government securities (types of which are specifically identified in the Statutes) to the city treasurer in the amount of the City's deposits. The Statutes allow pledged securities to be reduced by the amount of the deposit, which is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As noted above, State Statutes 15-847 R.R.S, 1943 covers this risk. As of September 30, 2013 equity in pooled cash was fully insured by FDIC insurance or collateralized by pledged securities.

The City has entered into an investment pooling agreement with the Nebraska Public Agency Investment Trust (the Trust). The Trust was organized to allow various local governmental entities to pool their funds and invest in all instruments as allowed under state law. The trust investment consists primarily of U.S. Government securities, U.S. Government Agency securities, collateralized repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit, which are short-term in nature and not subject to significant market adjustments. The City had \$16,310,482 invested in the Trust at September 30, 2013.

<u>Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash Management Account</u> - At September 30, 2013, the City's cash and pooled investments, recorded at fair market value and includes \$374,311 in the Agency (TIF) fund, consisted of the following:

Cash	\$ 3,646,601
Investments:	
U.S. Agencies and Instrumentality's Bonds and Notes	1,937,571
Nebraska Public Agency Investment Trust	16,310,482
Certificates of deposit	 2,562,975
	\$ 24,457,629
Shown on balance sheet as:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 24,457,629
	\$ 24,457,629

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Restricted Investments</u> - The following details the restricted investment at September 30, 2013:

	Enterprise Funds
Pursuant to agreement with City of Gering: Investment	\$ <u>481,768</u>
Total	\$481,768

Restricted investments consists of equity in checking account for the landfill in the name of City of Gering. During the year, The City of Gering did purchase property along with the option for land for a potential site of a future landfill.

<u>Investments Managed by Trustee</u> - The City's Pension Trust Funds are administered by trustees. At September 30, 2013 Pension Trust Funds managed by a trustee consisted of the following:

	 Fire	 Police	 City	 Total
Mutual Funds	\$ 1,895,114	\$ 3,102,139	\$ 4,622,268	\$ 9,619,521

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2013, consist of the following:

Fund		Taxes		Accounts and Other		Accrued Interest	Special Assessments		
General Special Revenue Debt Service Capital Projects Enterprise Internal Service Fiduciary	\$	821,072 520,650 375,590 - - -	\$	114,216 794,918 - 125,000 1,574,696	\$	1,654 3,839 4,730 21 2,510 255 161	\$	87,961 - - - - -	
Gross Receivables	\$	1,717,312	\$	2,608,830	\$	13,174	\$	87,961	
Allowance for Uncollectibles		(30,970)	_	(33,059)	_	<u>-</u>		(11,750)	
Net Receivables	\$_	1,686,342	\$_	2,575,771	\$_	13,174	\$	76,211	

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Inventory Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 471,878 2,562,113 1,278,994 4,312,985	\$ - - 474,541 - 474,541	\$ - 117,130 117,130	\$ 471,878 2,562,113 1,636,405 4,670,396
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,459,506 5,554,438 25,758,886 42,772,830	440,706 313,664 754,370	20,674 219,449 2,015 242,138	11,438,832 5,775,695 26,070,535 43,285,062
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	2,595,469 2,775,965 12,427,732 17,799,166	302,982 424,560 774,168 1,501,710	13,293 215,933 2,015 231,241	2,885,158 2,984,592 13,199,885 19,069,635
Net capital assets being depreciated	24,973,664	(747,340)	10,897	24,215,427
Net governmental activities capital assets	\$ <u>29,286,649</u>	\$ <u>(272,799)</u>	\$ <u>128,027</u>	\$ <u>28,885,823</u>
Business-type Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 1,316,025 26,793 1,342,818	\$ 72,500 50,634 123,134	\$ 26,797 26,797	\$ 1,388,525 50,630 1,439,155
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Landfill improvements Equipment and vehicles Plant in service Infrastructure Total capital assets, being depreciated	6,737,319 47,777 3,841,462 21,656,084 10,594,924 42,877,566	457,764 592,016 1,049,780	18,997 46,454 ———————————————————————————————————	6,737,319 47,777 4,280,229 21,609,630 11,186,940 43,861,895
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Landfill improvements Equipment and vehicles Plant in service Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	3,677,645 39,101 1,678,503 14,178,524 1,825,879 21,399,652	102,796 303,213 440,822 333,275 1,180,106	18,997 46,454 ———————————————————————————————————	3,780,441 39,101 1,962,719 14,572,892 2,159,154 22,514,307
Net capital assets being depreciated	21,477,914	(130,326)	_	21,347,588
Net business-type activities capital assets	\$ <u>22,820,732</u>	\$(7,192)	\$ <u>26,797</u>	\$ <u>22,786,743</u>

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	93,719
Public safety		215,008
Transportation		843,755
Public health and social services		18,545
Culture and recreation		327,109
Public works	_	3,575
Total depreciation expense - governmental	\$	1,501,711
Business-type activities:		
Environmental services	\$	154,306
Wastewater		621,720
Water		259,459
Electric		81,336
Stormwater	_	63,284
Total depreciation expense - business-type	\$	1,180,105

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

Governmental activities:	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Annual Installment	Principal Amount Outstanding
2010 Lease Rental Revenue Bonds, dated July 8, 2010, due annually throug 2020; secured by library building	gh \$ 2,035,000	.9% to 3.6%	170,000 to 230,000	\$ 1,675,000
2009 Lease Rental and Refunding Bonds, dated September 2, 2009, due annually through 2022; secured by pool	1,975,000	.75% to 4.25%	40,000 to 160,000	1,365,000
2009 Lease Rental Revenue Bonds, dated September 2, 2009, due annually through 2019; secured by public safety building	2,030,000	1.2% to 3.8%	185,000 to 230,000	1,470,000
2002 Public Safety Bonds, dated November 5, 2002, due annually through 2022; secured by building	880,000	1.75% to 4.85%	30,000 to 65,000	520,000
2012 General Obligation Hwy Allocation Bonds, dated January 10, 2012, due ann through 2016;secured by infrastructure	ually 1,180,000	.45% to 1.2%	235,000 to 240,000	945,000
Lease-payable mowers and vehicle; secured by mowers secured by mowers, vehicle and copiers	52,000 152,882	1.35% 1.57%	17,811 52,570	34,722 152,882
Total governmental activities				\$ <u>6,162,604</u>

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities:	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Annual Installment	Principal Amount Outstanding
XI				
Wastewater treatment project loan - State of Nebraska, issued 1998, due annually through 2019	4,600,000	3.00%	80,000 to 151,690	1,679,385
Wastewater treatment project loan				
- State of Nebraska, issued 2003, due annually through 2023	1,004,334	3.00%	19,000 to 33,000	569,499
Wastewater treatment project loan			,	
- State of Nebraska, issued 2011, due annually through 2020	1,685,000	2.00%	186,564	1,252,757
Wastewater treatment project loan – ARRA - State of Nebraska, issued 2011,				
due annually through 2020	842,500	0%	84,250	674,000
Total business-type activities				\$ <u>4,175,641</u>
Total long-term debt				\$ <u>10,338,245</u>

All of the wastewater treatment project loans are secured by the wastewater treatment plant.

Annual requirements to pay principal and interest to maturity on outstanding debt follows:

Fiscal			Governmen	tal Activities				
Year Ended	General Obli	igation Bonds	Revenu	e Bonds	Capital Lease			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2014	\$ 235,000	\$ 7,991	\$ 555,000	\$ 156,701	\$ 67,379	\$ 2,874		
2015	235,000	6,405	555,000	143,895	68,470	1,872		
2016	235,000	4,173	575,000	128,964	51,755	815		
2017	240,000	1,440	590,000	111,820	-	-		
2018	-	-	610,000	92,475	-	-		
2019-2023			2,145,000	165,954				
	\$ <u>945,000</u>	\$ <u>20,009</u>	\$ <u>5,030,000</u>	\$ <u>799,809</u>	\$ <u>187,604</u>	\$ <u>5,561</u>		

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Fiscal	Business-Type Activities										
Year Ended	Reven	Revenue Bonds NDEO Loans Loans									
September 30	Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest]	Principal		Interest
2014	\$ -	\$	-	\$	555,858	\$	90,032	\$	-	\$	-
2015	-	•	-		568,516		77,375		-		-
2016	-	•	-		581,500		64,391		-		-
2017	-	•	-		594,821		51,070		-		-
2018	-	•	-		608,487		37,403		-		-
2019-2023				_	1,266,459	_	44,955			_	_
	\$ <u> </u>	\$	_	\$_	4,175,641	\$_	365,226	\$		\$_	-

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2013 was as follows:

Governmental activities:] 	10/1/12 Beginning Balance	_ <u>A</u>	dditions	_R	eductions		9/30/13 Ending Balance	ue Within One Year
Bonds payable: Revenue bonds GO bonds Capital lease payable Compensated absences Governmental activities	\$ _ \$_	5,645,000 1,180,000 93,876 534,708 7,453,584	\$ 	152,882 - - - - - 	\$ 	615,000 235,000 59,154 5,525 914,679	\$ - \$_	5,030,000 945,000 187,604 529,183 6,691,787	\$ 555,000 235,000 67,379 123,070 980,449
Business-type activities: Loans payable Compensated absences Business-type activities	\$ _ \$_	4,719,160 159,847 4,879,007	\$ 	- - -	\$ 	543,519 1,536 545,055	\$ 	4,175,641 158,311 4,333,952	\$ 555,858 27,556 583,414

During fiscal years 1997 and 1999, the Community Development Agency (CDA) issued \$375,000 and \$1,274,000, respectively, of tax increment financing bonds for various projects within the City. At September 30, 2013, all of these bonds remained outstanding. These bonds are limited obligations of the agency payable exclusively from taxes levied against certain property in specified areas. These bonds are not general obligations of the CDA or the City, and are not included in the City's financial statements. The accumulation of resources to pay these bonds is accounted for in the agency funds for CDA.

NOTE 6 - LEASE AGREEMENT - ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

The City leases the operation of their electrical distribution system to the Nebraska Public Power District, pursuant to an agreement which became effective January 1, 1990. This agreement continues until January 1, 2015, and thereafter from year to year, unless terminated on an anniversary of January 1, 2015, with at least five years prior written notice given by either party to the other, on or after February 1, 2009.

The Nebraska Public Power District shall maintain the distribution system and shall construct any additions necessary for service to the extent such additions are within the established extension policies of the Nebraska Public Power District.

Under the lease with the Nebraska Public Power District, for the first 15 years, the City will receive 12% of the gross retail electric revenues, adjusted for bad debt charge-offs, revenues from tax-supported agencies receiving a discount, and revenues associated with application of production cost adjustment billings and billings of other cost adjustments not included in the base rates.

<u>CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF</u> Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS

City employees are covered by one of three retirement plans in effect, covering general city employees, fire fighters and police officers, respectively.

General

The City sponsors a defined contribution plan which covers substantially all general city employees. Under the terms of the plan, an employee must be age 21 or older and have completed one year of continuous service and have not attained the age of 64. Participating employees are required to contribute 3% of their earnings. The City then makes a matching contribution to the plan on their behalf. An additional voluntary contribution can be made by employees to the plan to the extent allowed under the Internal Revenue Code, currently an additional 10%. The City will contribute an amount equal to an employees voluntary contribution, not to exceed 3% of the employees compensation. Employees are 100% vested in the plan after completing 7 years of service, reaching normal retirement age (65), meeting the requirements for early retirement date, becoming totally disabled, or deceased, whichever occurs first. Contributions to the general city employee retirement plan were \$156,165 and \$167,038 by the City and plan participants, respectively.

Fire Fighters

Fire fighters are covered by a defined contribution plan sponsored by the City. Eligible employees are required to contribute 6-1/2% of their salary to the plan, which the City then matches at the rate of 13% of the participant's salary. Employees are fully vested after 7 whole years of service. A participant's normal retirement age is the date he attains age 55 and completes 21 years of service. Nebraska State statutes govern the coverage afforded to participants under this plan. Contributions to the fire fighters employee retirement plan were \$101,046 and \$55,125 by the City and plan participants, respectively.

Police

Police officers are covered by a defined contribution plan sponsored by the City. Participants in the plan are required to contribute 6% of their salary to the plan, which is matched by a 6% contribution from the City. Employees are fully vested after 7 whole years of service. Contributions to the police retirement plan were \$99,023 and \$102,865 by the City and plan participants, respectively. An actuarial certification dated April 8, 2010 shows an estimated present value shortfall of \$97,533 for covering future benefits relating to the defined benefit plan that was converted to a defined contribution plan effective January 1, 1984. Per state statute, effective 10-1-13 the required contribution and City match will increase to 6.5% and effective 10-1-15, it will be at 7%.

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is committed to a \$100,000 annual payment to the Twin City Development program for its operation of encouraging industrial development within the area. This commitment is reviewed annually.

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requires any entity with a landfill site to bring its site into compliance with 40 CFR Part 257 and 258 (Subtitle D) or close the site by October, 1993. In prior years, the City closed its landfill. In the 2008 fiscal year, the City entered into an agreement with the City of Gering for use of their landfill site and a portion of the fee paid is going towards a future landfill site.

The City is committed to \$350,000 annually to Riverside Discovery Center (RDC) for its operation of a zoo. The City entered into a contract with RDC on September 13, 2010 and payments to RDC were effective with transfer that occurred on October 1, 2010. Payments are due for ten years from effective date.

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City provides employee health insurance through a self-funded program and has contracted for administrative services and claims processing.

From October 1, 2012, through September 30, 2013, the coverage provided was \$2,000,000 per person. Additional liability was covered by a policy, which provided insurance above the City's participation of \$40,000 per person and \$1,239,974 in the aggregate.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss including worker's compensation, general liability and law enforcement liability. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 - INDIVIDUAL INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLE BALANCES, AND TRANSFERS

A receivable/liability was incurred due to the GIS fund needing funds to buy the equipment and software necessary to perform its functions. This interfund activity occurred during fiscal year September 2000 for a total balance of \$490,000. Payments are made on a semi-annual basis and are currently \$30,000 a year plus interest. The current interest rate being charged is 4.5%.

Internal service - GIS Enterprise - Electric	D	ue From	 Due To		
	\$	110,000	\$ 110,000		
Total	\$	110,000	\$ 110,000		

Transfers are used to move revenues between funds. The transfers below are routine in nature.

		Tranfers In										
	General	Non-major	Stormwater	GIS	Total							
Transfers Out	Fund	Gov't Funds	Fund	Fund	Transfers out							
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,000							
Transp. Fund	27,000	-	-	22,397	49,397							
Non-major Funds	-	100,000	-	-	100,000							
Env. Services Fund	54,000	-	-	1,397	55,397							
Wastewater Fund	54,000	-	74,167	37,397	165,564							
Water Fund	42,000	-	24,167	37,397	103,564							
Electric Fund	2,995,494	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,995,494							
	\$ <u>3,172,494</u>	\$ <u>100,000</u>	\$ 98,334	\$ <u>109,588</u>	\$ <u>3,480,416</u>							

NOTE 11 - DEFICIT FUND NET ASSETS

The following funds had a net asset deficit as of September 30, 2013.

Geographic information system fund (Internal service-business type) of \$(67,141). This will be eliminated as payments are made on the interfund payable to the electric fund.

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 12 - PROPERTY TAXES

The tax levies are certified by the County Board on or before October 15th. Real estate taxes are due on December 31st and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1st following the levy date and become delinquent in two equal installments on May 1st and September 1st. Personal property taxes are due December 31st and become delinquent on May 1st and September 1st following the levy date.

Property taxes levied for 2012-2013 are recorded as revenue when expected to be collected within 60 days after September 30, 2013. Prior-year levies were recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are reevaluated annually. Property taxes expected to be collected after 60 days are recorded as deferred revenue on the fund balance sheets.

The 2012 tax levy, for the 2012-2013 fiscal year, was \$1,669,485 with a tax rate per \$100 valuation of 0.216 for general and \$54,100 with a tax rate per \$100 valuation of .2281 for the business improvement district. The assessed value upon which the 2012 levy was based was \$772,909,483 for general and \$23,715,417 for the business improvement district.

NOTE 13 - GOVERNMENTAL RESERVED FUND BALANCE

The Economic Development Fund had owned a building that was part of an agreement with Aurora Loan Services. That building was a capital asset held for resale and was shown on the governmental fund balance sheet at \$1 million. This building was sold and the resulting loss on sale in the amount of \$524,954 is shown on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

NOTE 14 - GASBS No. 54

The City implemented GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in fiscal year 2011. In the governmental fund statements, fund balances (General fund and special revenue funds) are displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- *Nonspendable fund balance* amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. As of September 30, 2013, there is no nonspendable fund balance.
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher level of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of September 30, 2013, the restricted fund balance of \$8,591,097 is restricted for the following purposes:

Fund	Purpose	Balance
Economic dev.	Incentives for businesses	4,240,101
Debt service	Payment of principal and interest	3,823,106
Leasing Corp.	Own and lease property to City	7,600
Regional library	Library expenditures	13.014
Keno	Community betterment	73,941
Mutual fire	Fire expenditures	390,823
CDBG	Community development grants	42,512
Total restricted	8,591,097	

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2013

NOTE 14 – GASBS No. 54 (CONTINUED)

• Committed fund balance – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances approved by the City Council. As of September 30, 2013, the committed fund balance of \$1,083,037 is committed for the following specific purposes:

Fund	Purpose	Balance
Economic dev.	Incentives for businesses	23,946
Special projects	Track revenues & expenditures of various projects	134,411
Cemetery	Cemetery expenditures	434,066
Business imp.	Business improvement district expenditures	142,125
Public safety	Public safety expenditures	299,477
Industrial sites	Industrial sites expenditures	49,012
Total committe	ed fund balance	1,083,037

• Assigned fund balance – amount the government intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Manager may assign amounts. As of September 30, 2013, the assigned fund balance of \$4,368,590 is assigned for the following specific purposes:

Fund	Purpose	Balance						
General	Software purchase and budget stabilization	1,360,000						
Transportation	Road projects & street maintenance	1,868,951						
Economic dev.	Incentives for businesses	1,091,912						
Regional library	Library expenditures	17,240						
Cemetery	Cemetery expenditures	3,255						
Business imp.	Business improvement district expenditures	10,539						
Public safety	Public safety expenditures	12,692						
Industrial sites	Industrial sites expenditures	488						
Keno	Community betterment	797						
Mutual fire	Fire expenditures	2,716						
Total assigned	Total assigned fund balance							

• *Unassigned fund balance* – amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the City's General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to deter the use of these other classified funds.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing the financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through February 23, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no events noted that required disclosure.

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF Scottsbluff, Nebraska

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		Budgete	ed Am	ounts		Actual		Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Amounts	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	4,926,500	\$	4,926,500	\$	4,952,734	\$	26,234
Intergovernmental		50,000		50,000		76,634		26,634
Local		3,494,800		3,494,800		3,932,317		437,517
Total revenues		8,471,300		8,471,300		8,961,685	_	490,385
Expenditures:								
General government		1,077,475		1,077,475		576,920		500,555
Public safety - Police and Fire		4,780,360		4,780,360		4,757,468		22,892
Public works - Other		475,910		475,910		415,273		60,637
Culture and recreation		2,719,132		2,719,132		2,525,711		193,421
Community development		11,657		11,657		11,657	_	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	_	9,064,534	_	9,064,534	_	8,287,029	_	777,505
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(593,234)	\$_	(593,234)		674,656	\$	1,267,890
Fund balances, October 1					_	3,417,624		
Fund balances, September 30					\$	4,092,280		

Variance with

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		Budgete	ed Am	ounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final		Amounts	-	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	850,493	\$	850,493	\$	852,295	\$	1,802
Intergovernmental		1,247,637		1,247,637		1,355,099		107,462
Local		240,000		240,000		305,178		65,178
Total revenues	_	2,338,130	_	2,338,130	_	2,512,572	_	174,442
Expenditures:								
Public works - Streets		3,497,053		3,497,053		2,654,817		842,236
Total expenditures		3,497,053		3,497,053		2,654,817	-	842,236
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ _	(1,158,923)	\$_	(1,158,923)		(142,245)	\$	1,016,678
Fund balances, October 1					_	2,023,640		
Fund balances, September 30					\$_	1,881,395		

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	_	Budgete Original	d An	nounts Final	_	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes Local Total revenues	\$	930,000 13,000 943,000	\$	930,000 13,000 943,000	\$	962,192 574,986 1,537,178	\$	32,192 561,986 594,178
Expenditures: Community development Total expenditures	_	4,018,450 4,018,450	-	4,018,450 4,018,450	_	298,601 298,601	<u>-</u>	3,719,849 3,719,849
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(3,075,450)	\$_	(3,075,450)		1,238,577	\$	4,314,027
Fund balances, October 1					_	4,213,903		
Fund balances, September 30					\$_	5,452,480		

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	_	Budgete	ed An			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	-	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	632,992	\$	632,992	\$	611,884	\$	(21,108)
Intergovernmental		57,000		57,000		41,600		(15,400)
Local		1,303,300		1,303,300		363,288	_	(940,012)
Total revenues	_	1,993,292	_	1,993,292	_	1,016,772	_	(976,520)
Expenditures:								
General government		4,428,729		4,428,729		224,965		4,203,764
Total expenditures		4,428,729	_	4,428,729	_	224,965	-	4,203,764
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(2,435,437)	\$ _	(2,435,437)		791,807	\$	3,227,244
Fund balances, October 1					_	4,036,918		
Fund balances, September 30					\$_	4,828,725		

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		Budgete	ed An	nounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Local		501,500		501,500		430,956		(70,544)
Total revenues	_	501,500	_	501,500		430,956	-	(70,544)
Expenditures:								
General government		500,000		500,000		330,020		169,980
Public safety		-		-		48,079		(48,079)
Culture and recreation		-		-		13,327		(13,327)
Total expenditures	_	500,000	_	500,000	_	391,426	_	108,574
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	1,500	\$ _	1,500		39,530	\$	38,030
Fund balances, October 1					_	542,301		
Fund balances, September 30					\$_	581,831		

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) LEASING CORPORATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	_ _	Budgete Original	ed Am	ounts Final	_	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Local		719,161		719,161		719,159	_	(2)
Total revenues	_	719,161	_	719,161	_	719,159	-	(2)
Expenditures:								
General government		719,131		719,131		719,151		(20)
Total expenditures	_	719,131	_	719,131		719,151	-	(20)
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	30	\$_	30		8	\$ _	(22)
Fund balances, October 1					_	27,594		
Fund balances, September 30					\$_	27,602		

Scottsbluff, Nebraska

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

September 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the City Clerk submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to September 20, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Proprietary Funds.
- 5. Budgets are prepared using the cash basis of accounting which is a basis not consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- The City manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revision that alters total expenditures of any fund requires approval of council and a public hearing.
- 7. All appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET BASIS REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES TO GAAP

Revenues and expenditures presented on a non-GAAP budget basis of accounting differ from the revenues and expenditures presented in accordance with GAAP because of the different treatment of accruals. A reconciliation for the year ended September 30, 2012, which discloses the nature and amount of the adjustments necessary to convert the actual GAAP data to the budgetary basis, is presented below:

	General Fund	Tranps. Fund	Econ. Dev. Fund	Debt Service Fund		Special Projects Fund		Leasing Corp. Fund
Net change in fund balances:		 			_		_	
Balance on a GAAP basis \$	634,658	\$ (148,835) \$	698,204	\$ 102,552	\$	37,693	\$	(17)
Basis differences (accruals oc	ecur							
because the cash basis of								
accounting use for budgeting	g							
differs from the modified a	ccrual							
basis of accounting prescrib	ed							
for governmental fund	39,998	 6,590	540,373	 689,255		1,837	_	25
Balance on a budget basis \$	674,656	\$ (142,245) \$	1,238,577	\$ 791,807	\$	39,530	\$_	8

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF Scottsbluff, Nebraska

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		Regional Library		Cemetery & Cemetery erpetual Care		Business Improvement District	_	Public Safety Equipment		Industrial Site
ASSETS										
Equity in pooled cash	\$	31,608	\$	440,615	\$	146,812	\$	322,270	\$	49,478
Funds held by county treasurer		-		6,717		6,242		8,757		-
Net receivables:										
Taxes		-		30,490		5,760		79,340		-
Accrued interest		13		183		61		134		22
Governmental unit	_		_		_		_	7,108	_	
Total assets	\$	31,621	\$	478,005	\$	158,875	\$_	417,609	\$_	49,500
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	1,367	\$	8,027	\$	148	\$	24,077	\$	-
Accrued salaries		-		1,918		-		-		-
Other accrued expenses		-		226		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		-		30,513		6,063	_	81,363		
Total liabilities	_	1,367	_	40,684	_	6,211	_	105,440	_	
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted		13,014		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		434,066		142,125		299,477		49,012
Assigned		17,240		3,255		10,539	_	12,692		488
Total fund balances	_	30,254	_	437,321	_	152,664	_	312,169	_	49,500
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	31,621	\$	478,005	\$	158,875	\$	417,609	\$_	49,500

_	Keno		Mutual Fire	_	CDBG Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	76,633	\$	396,606	\$	42,494	\$	1,506,516
	-		-		-		21,716
	_		_		_		115,590
	32		165		18		628
	-		-		-		7,108
				_			
\$	76,665	\$	396,771	\$	42,512	\$	1,651,558
\$	1,927	\$	3,232	\$	_	\$	38,778
-		-	-	-	_	-	1,918
	-		-		-		226
	-		-	_		_	117,939
	1,927		3,232		-		158,861
	73,941		390,823		42,512		520,290
	-		-		-		924,680
	797		2,716		-		47,727
	74,738		393,539		42,512		1,492,697
\$	76,665	\$	396,771	\$	42,512	\$	1,651,558

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		Regional Library	_	Cemetery & Cemetery Perpetual Care	Business Improvement District	_	Public Safety Equipment	_	Industrial Site
Revenues:									
Taxes and special assessments	\$	-	\$	154,915	\$ 52,661	\$	213,974	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		2,850	-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		-		-
Charges for services		-		43,645	-		-		-
Interest		138		1,327	449		1,035		185
Other revenue		33,855	_	64,762	8,497	_	4,214		(159)
Total revenues	_	33,993	_	267,499	61,607	_	219,223	_	26
Expenditures:									
Current operations:									
General government		-		-	-		-		5,250
Public safety		-		-	-		73,457		-
Public health and social services		-		171,569	-		-		-
Culture and recreation:									
Library		17,544		-	-		-		-
Public works		-		-	19,659		-		-
Capital expenditures		-		-	5,471		81,454		-
Debt service:									
Principal		-		-	-		40,000		-
Interest	_		_	-	_	_	23,728	_	-
Total expenditures	_	17,544	_	171,569	25,130	-	218,639	_	5,250
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	_	16,449	_	95,930	36,477	-	584	_	(5,224)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Proceeds from debt issuance		-		-	-		-		-
Warrant and bond expense		-		-	-		-		-
Operating transfers in		-		-	-		-		-
Operating transfers out		-		-	-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
Excess revenues and other financing sources	over								
(under) expenditures and other uses		16,449		95,930	36,477		584		(5,224)
Fund balances, October 1	_	13,805	_	341,391	116,187	-	311,585	_	54,724
Fund balances, September 30	\$_	30,254	\$_	437,321	\$ 152,664	\$_	312,169	\$_	49,500

_	Keno	-	Mutual Fire	,	CDBG	•	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	421,550
	-		-		-		2,850
	10,365		52,250		-		62,615
	-		-		-		43,645
	263		1,324		150		4,871
_	59,955	-	89,006		(135)		259,995
	70,583	-	142,580		15		795,526
	43,262		-		1,399		49,911
	-		55,014		-		128,471
	-		-		-		171,569
							17.544
	-		-		-		17,544 19,659
	-		-		-		86,925
	-		-		-		80,923
	_		_		_		40,000
							23,728
_	43,262	-	55,014	•	1,399		537,807
	.5,202	-	55,011		1,577		227,007
	27,321		87,566		(1,384)		257,719
_		-		•	(2,001)		
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-	_					
	27,321		87,566		(1,384)		257,719
	47 417		205.072		42.006		1 224 070
_	47,417	-	305,973		43,896		1,234,978
\$	74,738	\$	393,539	\$	42,512	\$	1,492,697

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		Health Insurance	-	Unemployment Compensation	-	Geographic Information System	_	Totals
ASSETS								
Current assets								
Equity in pooled cash	\$	558,914	\$	53,043	\$	47,250	\$	659,207
Net receivables:								
Accrued interest		229	_	18	_	20	_	267
Total current assets	_	559,143		53,061	_	47,270	_	659,474
Noncurrent assets								
Deferred charges		-		-		-		-
Net capital assets			_			-		-
Total noncurrent assets	_		-	-	_	-	_	
Total assets	\$	559,143	\$	53,061	\$_	47,270	\$_	659,474
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	640	\$	-	\$	35	\$	675
Accrued salaries		-		-		1,233		1,233
Accrued compensated absences		-		-		420		420
Other accrued expenses		-		-		126		126
Current portion long-term debt			_		_	30,000		30,000
Total current liabilities	_	640		-	_	31,814	_	32,454
Noncurrent liabilities								
Long-term debt		-		-		80,000		80,000
Compensated absences			_		_	2,597		2,597
Total noncurrent liabilities	_			-	_	82,597	_	82,597
Total liabilities	_	640	-		_	114,411	_	115,051
NET POSITION								
Unreserved		558,503		53,061		(67,141)		544,423
Total net position	_	558,503		53,061	-	(67,141)	_	544,423
Total liabilities and net position	\$	559,143	\$	53,061	\$	47,270	\$_	659,474

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	Health Insurance	Unemployment Compensation	Geographic Information System	Total
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other revenues	1,827,428	29,773	(148)	1,857,053
Total operating revenues	1,827,428	29,773	(148)	1,857,053
Operating expenses:				
Personnel services	-	-	71,427	71,427
Operating supplies	-	-	1,465	1,465
Contractual	-	-	210	210
Maintenance	-	-	6,400	6,400
Utilities	-	-	425	425
Insurance	-	-	-	-
Other operating expenses	1,719,790	1,535	1,515	1,722,840
Total operating expenses	1,719,790	1,535	81,442	1,802,767
Operating income (loss)	107,638	28,238	(81,590)	54,286
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Interest income	2,171	93	191	2,455
Interest expense	-	_	(5,589)	(5,589)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	2,171	93	(5,398)	(3,134)
Income before transfers	109,809	28,331	(86,988)	51,152
Transfers from (to) other funds:				
Operating transfers in	_	_	109,589	109,589
Operating transfers (out)	_	_	-	-
Net transfers from (to) other funds	-	-	109,589	109,589
Change in net position	109,809	28,331	22,601	160,741
Net position, October 1	448,694	24,730	(89,742)	383,682
Net position, September 30	\$ 558,503	\$ 53,061	\$ (67,141)	\$ 544,423

DANA F. COLE & COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Administrator City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dana + Cole+Company, LLP

Scottsbluff, Nebraska February 23, 2014