FINANCIAL STATEMENTS And INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 30, 2012

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DANA F. COLE & COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Administrator Scottsbluff, Nebraska

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing</u>, <u>Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining find information of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2013, on our consideration of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and important for assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 11 and 44 through 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of

America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's financial statements as a whole. The combining statements listed in the table of contents as other supplemental information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Dana Flole+ Company, LLP

Scottsbluff, Nebraska January 16, 2013

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

September 30, 2012

The management of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska (the City) offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. Please consider this discussion in conjunction with the additional information provided in the transactions, events and conditions reflected in the City's financial statements (beginning on page 12).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2012, by \$64,650,075 (net assets). Of this amount, \$23,491,051 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of September 30, 2012, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,681,299. This is an increase of \$1,839,346 in comparison with the prior year.
- As of September 30, 2012, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,267,991, or 44% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the year ended September 30, 2012. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general administrative services, public safety, streets and highways, health, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, libraries, and self-insurance. The business-type activities of the City include sanitation, wastewater, water, stormwater, electric utilities, and geographic information systems.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-14 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and government-wide activities.

The City maintains eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund, the Transportation fund, the Economic Development fund, the Debt Service fund, the Special Projects fund, and the Leasing Corporation fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-20 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sanitation, wastewater, water, stormwater, and electric systems. Internal service funds are used to account for its self-funding unemployment and health insurance and geographic information services. Because the self-funding services predominantly benefit government-wide financial statements. The geographic information services is shown as a business-type function and has been included within the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for all of the enterprise funds. Internal service funds are also combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for these funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-26 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-42 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all other governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General, Transportation, Economic Development, Debt, Special Projects, and Leasing Corporation major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$64,650,075 at September 30, 2012.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (63 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, utility plant, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Scottsbluff Condensed Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2012 and 2011

		Governn		Business-type Activities					T . 1		
		Activi		_	-	tiviti		_	Total		
	_	2012	2011	_	2012		2011		2012	2011	
Current and other assets	\$	19,233,411 \$	17,929,989	\$	8,034,958	\$	7,133,063	\$	27,268,369 \$	25,063,052	
Capital assets		29,286,649	28,320,802		22,820,732		22,595,596		52,107,381	50,916,398	
Other noncurrent assets		1,115,760	1,112,745	_	406,008		327,471		1,521,768	1,440,216	
Total assets		49,635,820	47,363,536		31,261,698		30,056,130		80,897,518	77,419,666	
Current liabilities		4,258,734	4,420,826		1,254,846		1,222,837		5,513,580	5,643,663	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		6,433,247	6,111,426		4,300,616		4,837,355		10,733,863	10,948,781	
Total liabilities		10,691,981	10,532,252	-	5,555,462		6,060,192	_	16,247,443	16,592,444	
Net assets:											
Invested in capital assets, net											
of related debt		22,651,444	22,008,612		18,101,572		17,344,946		40,753,016	39,353,558	
Restricted		-	-		406,008		327,471		406,008	327,471	
Unrestricted		16,292,395	14,822,672	_	7,198,656		6,323,521		23,491,051	21,146,193	
Total net assets	\$	38,943,839 \$	36,831,284	\$	25,706,236	\$	23,995,938	\$	64,650,075 \$	60,827,222	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

At September 30, 2012, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, for the government as a whole.

City of Scottsbluff

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets September 30, 2012 and 2011

	Governme Activitie			Business-type Activities			Total			
-	2012	2011	_	2012	2011	_	2012	2011		
Revenues:	2012	2011	_	2012	2011	_	2012	2011		
Program revenues:										
Charges for services \$	400,290 \$	354,092	\$	9,295,676 \$	8,602,680	\$	9,695,966 \$	8,956,772		
Operating grants and	400,290 φ	554,072	Ψ	<i>),2)3,010</i> \$	0,002,000	Ψ	9,095,900 φ	0,950,772		
contributions	-	285,673		_	30,417		_	316,090		
Capital grants and		200,010			50,117			510,070		
contributions	1,014,250	1,337,689		395,217	-		1,409,467	1,337,689		
General revenues:	1,01 1,200	1,007,007		0,0,217			1,109,107	1,007,005		
Property taxes	1,510,679	1,511,813		-	-		1,510,679	1,511,813		
Sales and use tax	5,517,510	5,252,695		-	-		5,517,510	5,252,695		
Other taxes	1,299,370	1,384,932		-	-		1,299,370	1,384,932		
Intergovernmental	1,421,542	2,045,521		-	-		1,421,542	2,045,521		
Investment income	77,944	69,362		30,787	37,742		108,731	107,104		
Miscellaneous	3,654,357	1,678,451		174,252	885,561		3,828,609	2,564,012		
- Total revenues	14,895,942	13,920,228		9,895,932	9,556,400	_	24,791,874	23,476,628		
Expenses:		· · · ·			<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	<i>.</i>		
General government	3,276,504	3,635,674		-	-		3,276,504	3,635,674		
Public safety	5,136,865	4,642,932		-	-		5,136,865	4,642,932		
Transportation	2,980,211	1,556,616		-	-		2,980,211	1,556,616		
Public health	469,295	269,085		-	-		469,295	269,085		
Culture and recreation	2,730,310	2,856,880		-	-		2,730,310	2,856,880		
Public works	509,339	1,641,543		-	-		509,339	1,641,543		
Interest on long-term debt	195,131	197,992		-	-		195,131	197,992		
Environmental services	-	-		1,828,606	1,774,530		1,828,606	1,774,530		
Wastewater	-	-		2,112,359	2,075,720		2,112,359	2,075,720		
Water	-	-		1,481,137	1,448,765		1,481,137	1,448,765		
Electric	-	-		76,566	80,196		76,566	80,196		
Stormwater	-	-		93,714	115,352		93,714	115,352		
Geographic information systems		-		78,984	85,100		78,984	85,100		
Total expenses	15,297,655	14,800,722	_	5,671,366	5,579,663	_	20,969,021	20,380,385		
Increase (decrease) in net										
assets before transfers	(401,713)	(880,494)		4,224,566	3,976,737		3,822,853	3,096,243		
Transfers in (out)	2,514,268	2,263,146		(2,514,268)	(2,263,146)		-	-		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	2,112,555	1,382,652		1,710,298	1,713,591		3,822,853	3,096,243		
Net assets, October 1	36,831,284	35,448,632		23,995,938	22,282,347		60,827,222	57,730,979		
Net assets, September 30 \$	38,943,839 \$	36,831,284	\$	25,706,236 \$	23,995,938	\$	64,650,075 \$	60,827,222		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by a total of \$2,112,555. Key elements in this increase follows:

- The economic development fund received sales tax revenue that was more than grants. This contributed over \$652,000 to the increase in net assets.
- The general fund experienced a \$217,000 increase in transfers from the electric fund due to an increased lease payment from Nebraska Public Power District.
- The debt service fund had \$429,000 more in receipts (mainly property tax) than debt payments that were due.
- The transportation fund had contributed capital for Avenue B project that was paid for by Regional West Health Services. That value of that project was \$1,014,250.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-type activities increased the city's net assets by \$1,710,298. Water and Stormwater funds had contributed capital (\$395,025) for Avenue B project that was paid for by Regional West Health Services. The overall increase was approximately the same as prior year which keeps the funds in line with rate increases keeping up to offset costs.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2012, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,681,299, an increase of \$1,839,346 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$652,777 of the increase is due to the economic development fund. Also \$895,088 of the increase is from the general fund.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At September 30, 2012, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,267,991. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 44 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$895,088 during 2012. This increase was due to a larger than expected increase in transfers of lease payments. The transfer to the general fund was \$217,000 higher than prior year along with sales tax revenue being \$201,000 higher than the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the sanitation, wastewater system, water system, electric system, and stormwater system amounted to \$145,830, \$2,457,610, \$1,599,509, \$2,562,962, and \$522,487 respectively, at September 30, 2012. Factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Variances between actual general fund revenues and expenditures and the final amended budget include:

- \$195,350 positive variance in taxes. \$193,713 is due to sales tax receipts being higher than projected.
- \$450,718 positive variance in general government. This includes \$180,000 for software. This purchase was not completed and carried over to the new fiscal year. Only \$27,000 was spent. \$250,000 was budgeted in contingency to cover any unforeseen costs that may arise during the year. \$162,350 of the contingency was spent on parks and library improvements. \$100,000 was budgeted as a possible grant match for the senior center. That grant was not awarded which resulted in none of that money being spent.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2012, was \$52,107 381 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, streets, storm sewers, electric plant, and water and sewer plant.

City of Scottsbluff Capital assets (net of depreciation) September 30, 2012 and 2011

		Governn Activi		Business-type Activities				Total		
		2012	2011		2012		2011	_	2012	2011
Land	\$	471,878 \$	471,878	\$	1,316,023	\$	1,316,025	\$	1,787,901 \$	1,787,903
Inventory		2,562,113	2,562,113		-		-		2,562,113	2,562,113
Construction in progress		1,278,993	297,180		26,797		27,867		1,305,790	325,047
Buildings and improvements		8,864,037	8,997,665		3,059,675		3,192,447		11,923,712	12,190,112
Equipment and vehicles		2,778,473	2,923,140		2,162,957		2,123,907		4,941,429	5,047,047
Infrastructure		13,331,155	13,068,827		8,769,045		7,855,952		22,100,200	20,924,779
Landfill improvements		-	-		8,676		8,676		8,676	8,676
Plant in service	_			_	7,477,561		8,070,724	_	7,477,561	8,070,724
Total	\$	29,286,648 \$	28,320,803	\$	22,820,733	\$	22,595,598	\$	52,107,381 \$	50,916,401

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

Major capital asset events during 2012 included the following:

- Avenue B contributed capital from Regional West Health Services. Transportation-\$1,014,250; Water-\$125,591; and Stormwater-\$269,434
- 2013 freightliner collection vehicle (\$163,342) and loader (\$120,348) for sanitation, total cost was \$283,690.
- Zoo lift station replacement (\$159,661) and transmission main (\$596,943) for water, total cost was \$756,604.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the notes to the financial statements on pages 35-36 of this report.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At September 30, 2012, the City of Scottsbluff had total bonded debt outstanding of \$6,825,000. This entire amount represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

City of Scottsbluff Outstanding Bonded Debt September 30, 2012 and 2011

	Governme	Governmental			ness-ty	pe				
	 Activities			Activities				Total		
	 2012	2011		2012		2011		2012	2011	
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,180,000 \$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	1,180,000 \$	-	
Revenue bonds	 5,645,000	6,230,000		-		-		5,645,000	6,230,000	
Total	\$ 6,825,000 \$	6,230,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,825,000 \$	6,230,000	

The City's total bonded debt increased by \$595,000 (9.55 percent) during 2012. The key factors to this increase was the issuance of General Obligation Highway Bonds in the amount of \$1,180,000 to fund portion of quiet zone and three road projects, such as 27th Street from Highway 26 to Avenue I and payments of \$585,000 on current debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of the notes to the financial statements on pages 36-38 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The increase in the City's property tax base provided by real growth is estimated at .63%., with an actual increase in valuation from the prior year of approximately \$16 million.
- For 2013 budget, the projection for sales tax was estimated at 1% growth.
- The cost of living adjustment given to employees was 3.4%.
- \$507,900 was allocated in the general fund to purchase software and parks & recreation improvements.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2013 fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) – (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

The utility rates were increased for the 2013 budget year. The sanitation, wastewater, and water rates were increased by 4%, 3%, and 7% respectively. The rate increases affected both residential and industrial consumers by approximately the same percentage. These increases are necessary to fund debt service on the new debt issued by the utilities and to cover the cost of inflation.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Scottsbluff, Finance Department, 2525 Circle Drive, Scottsbluff, NE 69361.

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

			Pri	mary Governme	y Government		
	—	Governmental		Business-type			
	_	Activities	_	Activities		Total	
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Equity in pooled cash	\$	15,506,604	\$	6,068,951	\$	21,575,555	
Funds held by county treasurer		78,390		-		78,390	
Net receivables:							
Taxes		1,786,057		-		1,786,057	
Accounts and unbilled		-		1,685,680		1,685,680	
Special assessments		222,938		-		222,938	
Accrued interest		16,558		3,354		19,912	
Governmental unit		210,310		-		210,310	
Other receivables		1,412,554		-		1,412,554	
Inventory	_	-	_	276,973	_	276,973	
Total current assets		19,233,411	_	8,034,958		27,268,369	
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted investments		-		406,008		406,008	
Investments - building		1,000,000		-		1,000,000	
Bond issuance costs		115,760		-		115,760	
Capital assets - non-depreciable		4,312,985		1,342,818		5,655,803	
Net capital assets - depreciable	_	24,973,664	_	21,477,914		46,451,578	
Total noncurrent assets	-	30,402,409	-	23,226,740	_	53,629,149	
Total assets	\$	49,635,820	\$	31,261,698	\$	80,897,518	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	814,943	\$	344,298	\$	1,159,241	
Accrued interest payable	Ŷ	59,698	Ŷ	33,308	Ŷ	93,006	
Accrued compensated absences		111,352		34,872		146,224	
Other accrued expenses		104,868		150,598		255,466	
Notes and warrants payable		1,324,274		543,519		1,867,793	
Deferred revenue		1,843,599		148,251		1,991,850	
Total current liabilities	-	4,258,734	-	1,254,846	_	5,513,580	
Noncurrent liabilities:	-	.,,_	-	-, ,,	_	-,,	
Bonds and notes payable		6,009,891		4,175,641		10,185,532	
Accrued compensated absences		423,356		124,975		548,331	
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	6,433,247	-	4,300,616	_	10,733,863	
Total liabilities	-	10,691,981	-	5,555,462	_	16,247,443	
	-		-	-,,	_	_ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		22,651,444		18,101,572		40,753,016	
Restricted for:		,,				,,	
New landfill		-		406,008		406,008	
Unrestricted		16,292,395		7,198,656		23,491,051	
Total net assets	-	38,943,839	-	25,706,236		64,650,075	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$_	49,635,820	\$	31,261,698	\$	80,897,518	
	-		-		-		

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

				Program Revenues						
	_	Expenses	_	Charges for Services	_(Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	3,276,504	\$	16,724	\$	-	\$	-		
Public safety		5,136,865		122,455		98,192		139,171		
Transportation		2,980,211		1,847		-		1,014,250		
Public health and social services		469,295		44,215		-		-		
Culture and recreation:						-				
Library		614,533		-		-		-		
Parks and recreation		1,765,777		197,392		5,710		-		
Zoo		350,000		17,657		-		-		
Public works		509,339		-		116,155		-		
Interest on long term debt		195,131		-		-		-		
Total governmental activities		15,297,655	_	400,290	_	220,057	_	1,153,421		
Business type activities:										
Environmental services		1,828,606		2,123,891		-		-		
Wastewater		2,112,359		2,640,549		-		192		
Water		1,481,137		2,037,365		-		125,591		
Electric		76,566		2,480,973		-		-		
Stormwater		93,714		12,898		22,930		269,434		
Geographic information systems		78,984		-		-		-		
Total business type activities		5,671,366	_	9,295,676	_	22,930	_	395,217		
Total primary government	\$	20,969,021	\$	9,695,966	\$	242,987	\$	1,548,638		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Property taxes, levied for transportation Property taxes, levied for cemetery perpetual care Property taxes, levied for public safety Sales tax Other taxes Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous Net transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net assets Net assets, October 1 Net assets, September 30

	Ne	· ·	xpenses) Revenue anges in Net Asse		
-			imary Governmen		
-	Governmental	11	Business type	ii ii	
	Activities		Activities		Total
-	Activities		Activities		Total
\$	(3,259,780)	\$	-	\$	(3,259,780)
	(4,777,047)		-		(4,777,047)
	(1,964,114)		-		(1,964,114)
	(425,080)		-		(425,080)
	(614,533)		-		(614,533)
	(1,562,675)		-		(1,562,675)
	(332,343)		-		(332,343)
	(393,184)		-		(393,184)
	(195,131)		-		(195,131)
-	(13,523,887)	-			(13,523,887)
-	(-)))	-			
	-		295,285		295,285
	_		528,382		528,382
	-		681,819		681,819
	-		2,404,407		2,404,407
	-		211,548		211,548
	-		(78,984)		(78,984)
-	-	-	4,042,457		4,042,457
		-		_	
-	(13,523,887)	-	4,042,457	_	(9,481,430)
	162,337		-		162,337
	852,270		-		852,270
	282,577		-		282,577
	56,068		-		56,068
	157,427		-		157,427
	5,517,510		-		5,517,510
	1,299,370		-		1,299,370
	1,421,542		-		1,421,542
	77,944		30,787		108,731
	3,295,129		151,322		3,446,451
-	2,514,268	_	(2,514,268)		-
	15,636,442	-	(2,332,159)	_	13,304,283
-	2,112,555	-	1,710,298	_	3,822,853
-	36,831,284	_	23,995,938		60,827,222
\$	38,943,839	\$	25,706,236	\$	64,650,075

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		General Fund		Transportation Fund	-	Economic Development Fund		Debt Service Fund
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash	\$	3,342,101	\$	2,203,831	\$	3,582,153	\$	4,044,820
Funds held by county treasurer		10,878		17,938		-		31,186
Net receivables:								
Taxes		863,269		256,813		177,358		382,963
Accounts and unbilled		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-		222,938
Accrued interest		1,846		1,218		1,979		10,235
Governmental unit		52,293		141,481		-		-
Other receivables		40,051		-		-		1
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Inventory		-		-		-		-
Investments - buildings			_		-	1,000,000		-
Total assets	\$	4,310,438	\$_	2,621,281	\$	4,761,490	\$	4,692,143
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	192,136	\$	436,612	\$	103,735	\$	205
Accrued salaries		75,869		10,716		-		-
Accrued interest payable		-		-		-		-
Other accrued expenses		14,766		1,522		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Warrants payable		-		-		-		415,289
Deferred revenue		81,776		154,645		-		556,095
Total liabilities	_	364,547	_	603,495	-	103,735	_	971,589
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		807,882		3,576,509		3,720,554
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		677,900		1,209,904		1,081,246		-
Unassigned		3,267,991		-		-		-
Total fund balances		3,945,891	_	2,017,786	-	4,657,755		3,720,554
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,310,438	\$_	2,621,281	\$	4,761,490	\$	4,692,143

	Special Projects Fund	C	Leasing orporation Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
\$	569,297	\$	7,613	\$	1,278,657 18,388	\$	15,028,472 78,390
	-		-		105,654		1,786,057
	-		-		-		222,938
	307		- 4		- 709		222,938 16,298
	8,319		-		8,217		210,310
	4,500		-				44,552
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-	_	-	-	1,000,000
\$	582,423	\$	7,617	\$	1,411,625	\$	18,387,017
\$	10,108	\$	-	\$	67,186	\$	809,982
	-		-		1,755		88,340
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		240		16,528
	-		-		-		-
	- 475,597		-		-		415,289 1,375,579
	475,597 485,705			-	107,466 176,647	-	2,705,718
	+05,705			-	170,047	-	2,705,710
	-		-		-		-
	-		7,617		403,010		8,515,572
	96,718		-		811,201 20,767		907,919 2,989,817
	-		-		20,707		3,267,991
	-		7,617	-	1,234,978	-	15,681,299
. —				-		-	
\$	485,705	\$	7,617	\$	1,411,625	\$ _	18,387,017

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Total Governmental Fund Balances			\$	15,681,299
Amounts reported for governmental activitie are different because:	s in the	statement of net assets		
Capital assets used in governmental activitie therefore are not reported in the governmenta				29,286,649
Internal service funds are used by manageme services to individual funds. These assets an funds are included in governmental actitivitie	d liabi	ities of the internal service		473,424
Deferred revenue in governmental fund finan special assessments is shown as revenue for		·		899,989
Bond issuance costs are expensed in government as an asset that is amortized for government				115,760
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable are not reported in the governmental funds b Due within one year:		-		
Interest payable	\$	59,698		
Bonds payable		908,985		
Compensated absences		111,352		
Due in more than one year:				
Bonds payable		6,009,891		
Compensated absences		423,356		
			-	(7,513,282)
Net assets of governmental activities			\$	38,943,839

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	General Fund	_	Transportation Fund	-	Economic Development Fund	 Debt Service Fund
Revenues:						
Taxes and special assessments	5,027,755	\$	910,587	\$	985,354	\$ 1,042,239
Licenses and permits	138,945		-		-	-
Intergovernmental	114,258		1,302,284		-	-
Charges for services	335,488		1,847		-	-
Interest	12,845		9,922		14,482	31,526
Other revenue	182,477	_	89,244	_	37,940	 (2,399)
Total revenues	5,811,768		2,313,884		1,037,776	1,071,366
Expenditures:		_		_		
Current operations:						
General government	513,549		-		384,999	591,112
Public safety	4,201,542		-		-	-
Transportation	-		2,119,679		-	-
Public health and social services	-		-		-	-
Culture and recreation:						
Library	602,022		-		-	-
Parks and recreation	1,394,316		-		-	-
Zoo	350,000		-		-	-
Public works	363,712		-		-	-
Capital expenditures	53,297		1,201,046		-	50,073
Debt service:						
Principal	-		-		-	40,314
Interest	-		4,174		-	12,070
Bond issuance costs	-		17,275		-	-
Contingency		_	5,200	_	-	 -
Total expenditures	7,478,438	-	3,347,374	-	384,999	 693,569
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,666,670)	_	(1,033,490)	-	652,777	 377,797
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from debt issuance	-		1,180,000		-	52,000
Warrant and bond expense	-		-		-	(350)
FMV loss on investment	-		-		-	-
Operating transfers in	2,575,658		-		-	-
Operating transfers out	(13,900)	_	(50,094)	_	-	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,561,758	-	1,129,906	-	-	 51,650
Excess revenues and other financing sources o	ver					
(under) expenditures and other financing use			96,416		652,777	429,447
Fund balances, October 1	3,050,803	-	1,921,370	-	4,004,978	 3,291,107
Fund balances, September 30	\$3,945,891	\$_	2,017,786	\$	4,657,755	\$ 3,720,554

	Special Projects Fund	Leasing rporation Fund	-	Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	365,429 2,650 5,000	\$	8,331,364 141,595 1,421,542
	18,740 1,194	32		44,215 5,930		400,290 75,931
	479,523 499,457	 697,266 697,298	-	409,977 833,201	-	1,894,028 12,264,750
	416,965	- - -		85,229 234,801 - 448,134		1,574,889 4,853,308 2,119,679 448,134
	- -	- - -		3,700		605,722 1,394,316 350,000
	104,294	-		23,938 183,559		491,944 1,487,975
		 545,000 152,265	-	40,000 25,188 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-	625,314 193,697 17,275 5,200 14,167,453
_	521,259 (21,802)	 697,265 33	-	(211,348)	-	(1,902,703)
	- - -	- - -		- - -		1,232,000 (350) 2,575,658
_	-	 -	-	(1,265) (1,265)	-	(65,259) 3,742,049
	(21,802)	33		(212,613)		1,839,346
	118,520	 7,584	-	1,447,591	- +	13,841,953
\$	96,718	\$ 7,617	\$	1,234,978	\$	15,681,299

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,839,346
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay		
exceeded depreciation in the current period.		(60,027)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This is the value of assets donated.		1,044,191
Proceeds from debt issues are an other financing source in the funds, but a debt issue increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		(1,232,000)
Payments on debt are expenditures in the funds, but a debt payment decreases		
long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		625,314
Deferred revenue in governmental fund financials for property taxes and special		
assessments is shown as revenue for government wide financials.		(3,805)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Accrued compensated absences		(27,288)
Accrued interest		(1,434)
Bond amortization costs		(11,775)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain		
services to individual funds.	_	(59,967)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	2,112,555

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

			Business-t	ype A	ctivities		
	Environmental Services	_	Wastewater		Water		Electric
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Equity in pooled cash \$	510,064	\$	2,277,989	\$	1,130,579	\$	1,573,515
Net receivables:							
Accounts and unbilled	87,096		353,436		395,722		848,577
Accrued interest	282		1,258		625		870
Inventory	-		-		276,973		-
Total current assets	597,442	-	2,632,683	_	1,803,899	_	2,422,962
Noncurrent assets							
Restricted investments	406,008		-		-		-
Due from other funds	-		-		-		140,000
Capital assets - non-depreciable	34,008		222,378		595,561		300,000
Net capital assets - depreciable	719,899		11,901,975		7,052,388		690,266
Total noncurrent assets	1,159,915	_	12,124,353	_	7,647,949		1,130,266
Total assets \$	1,757,357	\$_	14,757,036	\$	9,451,848	\$	3,553,228
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable \$	230,566	\$	60,581	\$	52,111	\$	-
Accrued interest payable	-		33,308		-		-
Accrued salaries	13,120		9,963		9,239		-
Accrued compensated absences	21,065		7,274		5,938		-
Other accrued expenses	1,442		15,095		100,616		-
Current portion long-term debt	-		543,519		-		-
Deferred revenue	148,251		-		-		-
Total current liabilities	414,444	_	669,740	_	167,904		-
Noncurrent liabilities							
Long-term debt	-		4,175,641		-		-
Compensated absences	37,168	_	48,852		36,486		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	37,168	-	4,224,493		36,486		
Total liabilities	451,612	_	4,894,233	_	204,390		
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	753,907		7,405,193		7,647,949		990,266
Restricted for new landfill	406,008		-		-		-
Unreserved	145,830		2,457,610		1,599,509		2,562,962
Total net assets	1,305,745	_	9,862,803	_	9,247,458	_	3,553,228
Total liabilities and net assets \$	1,757,357	\$_	14,757,036	\$	9,451,848	\$	3,553,228

_		Busin	ess-type Activiti Internal	ies		-	Governmental Activities Internal
_	Stormwater		Service		Totals	_	Service
_				_		_	
\$	522,333	\$	54,471	\$	6,068,951	\$	478,133
	849		-		1,685,680		-
	289		30		3,354		260
-	-		-	_	276,973	-	-
_	523,471		54,501	-	8,034,958	-	478,393
	-		-		406,008		
	- 190,871		-		140,000 1,342,818		-
	1,113,386		-		21,477,914		-
-	1,304,257			-	23,366,740	-	
_	,,					-	
\$_	1,827,728	\$	54,501	\$	31,401,698	\$	478,393
\$	984	\$	56	\$	344,298	\$	4,969
	-		-		33,308		-
	-		960 505		33,282		-
	-		595 162		34,872		-
	-		163 30,000		117,316 573,519		-
	_				148,251		-
_	984		31,774	-	1,284,846	-	4,969
	-		110,000		4,285,641		-
-			2,469	_	124,975	-	-
-			112,469	-	4,410,616	-	-
_	984	_	144,243	_	5,695,462	-	4,969
	1,304,257		-		18,101,572 406,008		-
	522,487		(89,742)		7,198,656		473,424
-	1,826,744		(89,742)	-	25,706,236	-	473,424
\$_	1,827,728	\$	54,501	\$_	31,401,698	\$	478,393

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Business-type Activities						
	Environmental Services	_	Wastewater	_	Water	_	Electric
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services \$ Other revenues	2,123,891 111,593	\$	2,640,549 30,915	\$	2,037,365 2,831	\$	2,480,973 1,374
Total operating revenues	2,235,484	_	2,671,464	_	2,040,196	_	2,482,347
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services	964,573		731,088		633,235		-
Operating supplies	175,557		91,540		261,052		1
Contractual	424,165		103,914		78,112		-
Maintenance	98,117		99,838		21,483		_
Utilities	13,970		178,775		155,588		-
Insurance	13,658		28,168		24,233		_
Other operating expenses	699		7,044		6,135		_
Depreciation and amortization	137,867	_	761,333	_	301,299	_	76,565
Total operating expenses	1,828,606	_	2,001,700	_	1,481,137	_	76,566
Operating income (loss)	406,878	_	669,764	_	559,059	_	2,405,781
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Interest income	1,785		9,101		3,985		13,592
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	1,705		,101		5,705		15,572
Loan forgiveness							
Interest expense	_		(110,659)		_		
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,785	-	(110,059)	-	3,985	_	13,592
Income (loss) before contributions & transfers	408,663	_	568,206	_	563,044	_	2,419,373
Capital contributions	-		192		125,591		-
Transfers from (to) other funds:							
Operating transfers in	-		-		-		-
Operating transfers (out)	(55,949)		(226,944)		(79,894)		(2,397,458)
Net transfers from (to) other funds	(55,949)	_	(226,944)	-	(79,894)	_	(2,397,458)
Net income (loss)	352,714		341,454		608,741		21,915
Net assets, October 1	953,031	_	9,521,349	_	8,638,717	_	3,531,313
Net assets, September 30 \$	1,305,745	\$	9,862,803	\$	9,247,458	\$_	3,553,228

		Busine	ss-type Activit	ies		-	Governmental Activities
	Stormwater		Internal Service	-	Totals	-	Internal Service
\$	12,898 27,418	\$	- 121	\$	9,295,676 174,252	\$	- 1,598,906
_	40,316		121	-	9,469,928	-	1,598,906
	-		62,767		2,391,663		-
	8,668		710		537,528		-
	14,939		1,673		622,803		-
	24		6,400		225,862		-
	457		457		349,247		-
	328 3,372		-		66,387 17,250		- 1,664,756
_	65,926		-	_	1,342,990	_	-
	93,714		72,007	-	5,553,730	-	1,664,756
_	(53,398)		(71,886)	-	3,916,198	-	(65,850)
	2,085		239		30,787		2,013
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
-	2,085		(6,977) (6,738)	-	(117,636) (86,849)	-	2,013
-	2,005		(0,730)	-	(00,04))	-	2,015
	(51,313)		(78,624)	-	3,829,349	-	(63,837)
	269,434		-		395,217		-
	135,000		110,977		245,977		3,870
	-		-	_	(2,760,245)	_	
	135,000		110,977	-	(2,514,268)	-	3,870
	353,121		32,353		1,710,298		(59,967)
_	1,473,623		(122,095)	-	23,995,938	-	533,391
\$_	1,826,744	\$	(89,742)	\$	25,706,236	\$	473,424

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

			Business-t	ype Ac	ctivities		
	Environmental Services		Wastewater		Water		Electric
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Cash received from customers \$	2,185,526	\$	2,643,271	\$	1,949,569	\$	2,414,569
Cash paid to suppliers	(801,508)	·	(491,982)		(563,810)		(1)
Cash paid to employees	(678,206)		(512,421)		(471,553)		-
Other expenses	(222,445)		(204,124)		(144,108)		-
Net cash provided by operating activities	483,367	_	1,434,744		770,098	_	2,414,568
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	:						
Transfers from (to) other funds	(55,949)		(226,944)		(79,894)		(2,397,458)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital	(,,-)	-	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(17,051)		(_,=;;;;;;==;)_
financing activities	(55,949)	_	(226,944)		(79,894)		(2,397,458)
Cash flows from capital and related financing ac	tivities:						
Purchases of capital assets	(294,940)		(193,827)		(679,895)		-
Principal paid on capital debt	((531,490)		(077,070)		-
Interest paid on capital debt	-		(114,401)		-		-
Net cash (used) by capital and related			(11,101)				
financing activities	(294,940)	_	(839,718)		(679,895)		-
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Investment in landfill	(78,537)		-		-		-
Interest and dividends	1,776		8,986		4,031		13,649
Net cash provided by investing activities	(76,761)	-	8,986		4,031		13,649
	(,)	-			.,		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	55,717		377,068		14,340		30,759
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1	454,347		1,900,921		1,116,239		1,542,756
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30 \$	510,064	\$	2,277,989	\$	1,130,579	\$	1,573,515
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to							
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss) \$	406,878	\$	669,764	\$	559,059	\$	2,405,781
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to							
net cash provided (used) by operating activity	ties:						
Depreciation and amortization expense	137,867		761,333		301,299		76,565
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Receivables - net of allowances	(34,727)		(28,193)		(90,627)		(67,778)
Inventory	-		-		(28,674)		-
Accounts and other payables	(32,908)		24,828		15,828		-
Accrued expenses	6,257		7,012		13,213		-
Net cash provided by operating activities \$	483,367	\$	1,434,744	\$	770,098	\$	2,414,568
• • • •			· · ·				

_		Busin	ess-type Activit	ies		-	Governmental Activities
	Stormwater		Internal Service		Totals		Internal Service
-	Storinwater		Service	-	Totuis	-	Bervice
\$	12,051	\$	114	\$	9,205,100	\$	1,598,906
	(4,097)		(9,370)		(1,870,768)		(1,660,329)
	-		(48,896)		(1,711,076)		-
_	-		(13,735)	-	(584,412)	-	-
-	7,954		(71,887)	-	5,038,844	-	(61,423)
_	135,000		110,977	_	(2,514,268)	_	3,870
	135,000		110,977		(2,514,268)		3,870
			,	-		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(4,250)		-		(1,172,912)		-
	-		(30,000)		(561,490)		-
-	-		(6,977)	-	(121,378)	-	-
_	(4,250)		(36,977)	_	(1,855,780)	-	
	-		-		(78,537)		-
-	2,025		240 240	-	<u>30,707</u> (47,830)	-	2,069
-	2,023		240	-	(47,830)	-	2,009
	140,729		2,353		620,966		(55,484)
	381,604	. —	52,118		5,447,985		533,617
\$_	522,333	\$	54,471	\$	6,068,951	\$	478,133
\$	(53,398)	\$	(71,886)	\$	3,916,198	\$	(65,850)
	65,926		-		1,342,990		-
					, ,_ ,, , ,		
	(847)		-		(222,172)		-
	-		-		(28,674)		-
	(3,727)		(34) 33		3,987 26,515		4,427
\$	7,954	\$	(71,887)	\$	5,038,844	\$	(61,423)
. =		. —	1/	. =	, , -		(-) -)

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	 Agency Fund		Pension Trust Fund	_	Total Fiduciary Funds
ASSETS					
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 470,993	\$	-	\$	470,993
Funds held by county treasurer	2,947		-		2,947
Investments managed by trustee	-		8,730,782		8,730,782
Net receivables:					
Accrued interest	260		-		260
Deferred charges	 619		-		619
Total assets	\$ 474,819	\$	8,730,782	\$_	9,205,601
LIABILITIES					
Accounts and warrants payable	\$ 64,568	\$	-	\$	64,568
Accrued interest payable	-		-		-
Debt service	 410,251		-		410,251
Total liabilities	 474,819	_	-	_	474,819
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved for employee retirement	-		8,730,782		8,730,782
Unreserved	-		-		-
Total fund balances	 -	_	8,730,782	_	8,730,782
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 474,819	\$	8,730,782	\$	9,205,601

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	_	Pension Trust Fund
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	312,936
Employee	_	310,895
Total contributions		623,831
Transfers in		-
Investment earnings:		
Net investment earnings and appreciation in fair value of investments		1,159,628
Total additions	_	1,783,459
Deductions:		
Benefit payments		267,997
Use of forfeitures to fund employer contributions		-
Forfeitures		-
Administrative costs	_	5,985
Total deductions	_	273,982
Change in fiduciary net assets		1,509,477
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits, October 1	_	7,221,305
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits, September 30	\$_	8,730,782

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Financial Reporting Entity</u> - The City of Scottsbluff (City) is a municipal government responsible for providing services to the local citizenry, which are deemed best to be provided for by the public sector. The services provided include general administration, public safety, highways and streets, cemetery, recreation, public improvements, health and social services, parks, library, keno, environmental service, electric, water and wastewater; all of which are funded by tax collections and user fees.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The basic, but not the only criterion, for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the City and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographical boundaries of the City and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the City is able to exercise oversight responsibility.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City of Scottsbluff (the primary government) and its component units. These component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of each unit's operational and financial relationship with the City.

City of Scottsbluff Leasing Corporation

The City of Scottsbluff Leasing Corporation was formed in 1981 to provide tax-exempt financing for various construction projects of the City. The governing body is appointed by the City's governing body. The services provided by the Leasing Corporation are so intertwined with the City that the Leasing Corporation is in substance the same as the City and it is reported as part of the City and blended in the City's financial statements.

Community Development Agency

The Community Development Agency was created by the Mayor and City Council to provide for redevelopment of various areas within the City. Although it is legally separate from the City, the sole purpose of this Agency is to provide for City redevelopment and it is presented in the City's Agency Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Fiduciary activities, whose resources are not available to finance the City's programs, are excluded from the government-wide statements. The material effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *total economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including interest on long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, highway user fees, interdepartmental charges, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Special assessments are recorded as revenues in the year the assessments are paid. Installments not yet paid are reflected as special assessments receivable and deferred revenues. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Transportation Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the maintenance, construction, and improvement of the streets in the City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued) -

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the resources and payments made for the Local Option Municipal Economic Development Act for the City. This Act sunsets in October, 2015.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Leasing Corporation Fund</u> – Leasing Corporation Fund is used to account for leasing of acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary fund types).

<u>Special Projects Fund</u> – Special projects fund is used to account for miscellaneous grants such as highway safety or revenue sources for specific items such as K-9 donations.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

Environmental Services Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's sanitation utility.

Wastewater Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's wastewater utility.

Water Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's water distribution operations.

Electric Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the government's electric system utility.

Stormwater Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the stormwater utility.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

In reporting the financial activity of the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, the City applies all FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, except for those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity -

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - The City maintains a cash and investments pool for all funds. This pool is managed by the Finance Director and interest income is allocated to each fund based on its proportionate share in the pool. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed as "Equity in pooled cash". This pool consists of cash on hand, certificates of deposits, and investments. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, cash held by County Treasurer, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. All investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Inventories - Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, using the first-in, first-out method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued) -

<u>Restricted Assets</u> - When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, drainage systems, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 or \$50,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years
Equipment	3 - 25 years
Infrastructure	20 - 60 years

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - City employees generally earn vacation days at a variable rate based on years of service. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation time up to a maximum allowed accumulation of 366 hours. Employees earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month with total accumulation limits established by the employees' bargaining unit. With 15 years of service, the maximum allowed is four workweeks.

Vacation and sick leave are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and internal service fund financial statements. Such accruals are based on current salary rates.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u> - In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental and business-type activities in the statement of net assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond proceeds as other financing sources and bond payments are expensed. Issuance costs are reported as current expenditures.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Eliminations</u> – Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of Net Assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Equity</u> – Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital asets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, constructions, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State Statute 14-563 R.R.S., 1943 authorizes funds of the City to be invested in "securities of the United States, the State of Nebraska, metropolitan city, county in which such metropolitan city is located or school district of such city, in the securities of municipally owned and operated public utility property and plants of such city, or in the same manner as funds of the State of Nebraska are invested, except that the city treasurer may purchase certificates of deposit from and make time deposits in banks selected as depositories of City funds". Additionally, State Statute 15-847 R.R.S., 1943 requires banks either to give bond or to pledge government securities (types of which are specifically identified in the Statutes) to the city treasurer in the amount of the City's deposits. The Statutes allow pledged securities to be reduced by the amount of the deposit, which is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As noted above, State Statutes 15-847 R.R.S, 1943 covers this risk.

The City has entered into an investment pooling agreement with the Nebraska Public Agency Investment Trust (the Trust). The Trust was organized to allow various local governmental entities to pool their funds and invest in all instruments as allowed under state law. The trust investment consists primarily of U.S. Government securities, U.S. Government Agency securities, collateralized repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit, which are short-term in nature and not subject to significant market adjustments. The City had \$9,005,485 invested in the Trust at September 30, 2012.

<u>Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash Management Account</u> - At September 30, 2012, the City's cash and pooled investments, recorded at fair market value and includes \$470,993 in the Agency (TIF) fund, consisted of the following:

Cash Investments:	\$ 3,275,967
U.S. Agencies and Instrumentality's Bonds and Notes Nebraska Public Agency Investment Trust Certificates of deposit	 3,013,332 11,958,037 3,799,213
	\$ 22,046,549
Shown on balance sheet as: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 22,046,549
	\$ 22,046,549
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Restricted Investments</u> - The following details the restricted investment at September 30, 2012:

	E	nterprise Funds
Pursuant to agreement with City of Gering: Investment	\$	406,008
Total	\$	406,008

Restricted investments consists of equity in checking account for the landfill in the name of City of Gering.

<u>Investments Managed by Trustee</u> - The City's Pension Trust Funds are administered by trustees. At September 30, 2012 Pension Trust Funds managed by a trustee consisted of the following:

	 Fire		Police	 City	 Total
Mutual Funds	\$ 1,460,124	\$	3,095,263	\$ 4,175,396	\$ 8,730,783

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2012, consist of the following:

Fund	Taxes		Accounts and Other			Accrued Interest	Special Assessments		
General Special Revenue Debt Service Capital Projects Enterprise Internal Service Fiduciary	\$	867,516 553,395 403,119 - -	\$	92,342 1,405,519 125,000 1,717,422	\$	1,845 4,187 10,235 28 3,353 264 260	\$	- 234,688 - - -	
Gross Receivables	\$	1,824,030	\$	3,340,283	\$	20,172	\$	234,688	
Allowance for Uncollectibles		(37,973)		(31,739)				(11,750)	
Net Receivables	\$	1,786,057	\$	3,308,544	\$_	20,172	\$	222,938	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Inventory Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 471,878 2,562,113 <u>297,179</u> <u>3,331,170</u>	\$ - <u>981,815</u> <u>981,815</u>	\$	\$ 471,878 2,562,113 <u>1,278,994</u> 4,312,985	
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,277,121 5,374,191 <u>24,746,546</u> <u>41,397,858</u>	182,385303,3501,058,4331,544,168	123,103 46,093 169,196	11,459,506 5,554,438 25,758,886 42,772,830	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	$2,279,456 \\ 2,451,050 \\ \underline{11,677,720} \\ \underline{16,408,226}$	316,013 439,270 <u>792,641</u> 1,547,924	114,355 42,629 156,984	2,595,469 2,775,965 <u>12,427,732</u> <u>17,799,166</u>	
Net capital assets being depreciated	24,989,632	(3,756)	12,212	24,973,664	
Net governmental activities capital assets	\$ <u>28,320,802</u>	\$ <u>978,059</u>	\$ <u>12,212</u>	\$ <u>29,286,649</u>	
Business-type Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 1,316,025 	\$	\$ 27,867 27,867	\$ 1,316,025 	
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Landfill improvements Equipment and vehicles Plant in service Infrastructure Total capital assets, being depreciated	$\begin{array}{r} 6,714,451 \\ 47,777 \\ 3,526,762 \\ 21,719,160 \\ \underline{9,363,602} \\ 41,371,752 \end{array}$	22,868 316,195 <u>1,231,322</u> <u>1,570,385</u>	1,495 63,076 64,571	6,737,319 47,777 3,841,462 21,656,084 <u>10,594,924</u> 42,877,566	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Landfill improvements Equipment and vehicles Plant in service Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	3,522,006 39,101 1,402,853 13,648,437 <u>1,507,651</u> 20,120,048	155,639 277,145 593,163 <u>318,228</u> 1,344,175	1,495 63,076 64,571	3,677,645 39,101 1,678,503 14,178,524 <u>1,825,879</u> 21,399,652	
Net capital assets being depreciated	21,251,704	226,210	<u> </u>	21,477,914	
Net business-type activities capital assets	\$ <u>22,595,596</u>	\$253,003	\$ <u>27,867</u>	\$ <u>22,820,732</u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	27,707
Public safety		259,556
Transportation		851,726
Public health and social services		18,748
Culture and recreation		374,778
Public works	_	15,365
Total depreciation expense - governmental	\$	1,547,880
Business-type activities:		
Environmental services	\$	137,867
Wastewater		761,333
Water		301,299
Electric		76,565
Stormwater	_	65,926
Total depreciation expense - business-type	\$	1,342,990

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Annual Installment	Principal Amount Outstanding		
Governmental activities:						
2010 Lease Rental Revenue Bonds, dated July 8, 2010, due annually throug 2020; secured by library building		.9% to 3.6%	170,000 to 230,000	\$ 1,865,000		
2009 Lease Rental and Refunding Bonds, dated September 2, 2009, due annually through 2022; secured by pool	1,975,000	.75% to 4.25%	40,000	1,560,000		
by poor	1,775,000	.7570 10 4.2570	to 160,000	1,500,000		
2009 Lease Rental Revenue Bonds, dated September 2, 2009, due annually through 2019; secured by public safety building	2,030,000	1.2% to 3.8%	185,000 to 230,000	1,660,000		
2002 Public Safety Bonds, dated November 5, 2002, due annually through 2022; secured by building	880,000	1.75% to 4.85%	30,000 to 65,000	560,000		
2012 General Obligation Hwy Allocation Bonds, dated January 10, 2012, due annu through 2016;secured by infrastructure	ually 1,180,000	.45% to 1.2%	235,000 to 240,000	1,180,000		
Lease-payable mowers and vehicle; secured by mowers and vehicle secured by mowers	121,000 52,000	3.875% 1.35%	43,499 17,811	41,876 52,000		

Total governmental activities

\$<u>6,918,876</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities:	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Annual Installment	Principal Amount Outstanding
Wastewater treatment project loan - State of Nebraska, issued 1998, due annually through 2019	4,600,000	3.00%	80,000 to 151,690	1,931,255
Wastewater treatment project loan - State of Nebraska, issued 2003, due annually through 2023	1,004,334	3.00%	19,000 to 33,000	618,453
Wastewater treatment project loan - State of Nebraska, issued 2011, due annually through 2020	1,685,000	2.00%	186,564	1,453,327
Wastewater treatment project loan – ARRA - State of Nebraska, issued 2011, due annually through 2020	842,500	0%	84,250	716,125
Total business-type activities				\$ <u>4,719,160</u>
Total long-term debt				\$ <u>11,638,036</u>

All of the wastewater treatment project loans are secured by the wastewater treatment plant.

Annual requirements to pay principal and interest to maturity on outstanding debt follows:

Fiscal	Governmental Activities								
Year Ended	General Obli	gation Bonds	Revenu	e Bonds	Capital Lease				
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2013	\$ 235,000	\$ 9,166	\$ 615,000	\$ 167,859	\$ 58,985	\$ 2,325			
2014	235,000	7,991	555,000	156,701	17,340	471			
2015	235,000	6,405	555,000	143,895	17,552	259			
2016	235,000	4,173	575,000	128,964	-	-			
2017	240,000	1,440	590,000	111,820	-	-			
2018-2022	-	-	2,530,000	253,452	-	-			
2023-2027			225,000	4,976					
	\$ <u>1,180,000</u>	\$ <u>29,175</u>	\$ <u>5,645,000</u>	\$ <u>967,670</u>	\$ <u>93,877</u>	\$ <u>3,055</u>			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Fiscal	Business-Type Activities									
Year Ended	Revenue	Bonds	NDEQ	Loans	Loans					
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2013	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 543,519	\$ 102,372	\$ -	\$ -				
2014	-	-	555,858	90,032	-	-				
2015	-	-	568,516	77,375	-	-				
2016	-	-	581,500	64,391	-	-				
2017	-	-	594,821	51,070	-	-				
2018-2022	-	-	1,818,286	81,149	-	-				
2023-2027			56,660	1,209						
	\$	\$	\$	\$ <u>467,598</u>	\$	\$				

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2012 was as follows:

Governmental activities: Bonds payable:		10/1/11 Beginning Balance		Additions	<u>_</u> R	eductions		9/30/12 Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds	\$	6.230.000	\$	-	\$	585,000	\$	5,645,000	\$	615,000
GO bonds	Ŷ		Ψ	1,180,000	Ŷ	-	Ψ	1,180,000	Ψ	235,000
Capital lease payable		82,190		52,000		40,314		93,876		58,985
Compensated absences		507,422		27,286			_	534,708	_	111,352
Governmental activities	\$	6,819,612	\$_	1,259,286	\$	625,314	\$	7,453,584	\$	1,020,337
Business-type activities:										
Loans payable	\$	5,250,650	\$	-	\$	531,490	\$	4,719,160	\$	543,519
Compensated absences		140,431	_	19,416			_	159,847	_	34,872
Business-type activities	\$	5,391,081	\$_	19,416	\$	531,490	\$	4,879,007	\$	578,391

During fiscal years 1997 and 1999, the Community Development Agency (CDA) issued \$375,000 and \$1,274,000, respectively, of tax increment financing bonds for various projects within the City. At September 30, 2012, all of these bonds remained outstanding. These bonds are limited obligations of the agency payable exclusively from taxes levied against certain property in specified areas. These bonds are not general obligations of the CDA or the City, and are not included in the City's financial statements. The accumulation of resources to pay these bonds is accounted for in the agency funds for CDA.

NOTE 6 - LEASE AGREEMENT - ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

The City leases the operation of their electrical distribution system to the Nebraska Public Power District, pursuant to an agreement which became effective January 1, 1990. This agreement continues until January 1, 2015, and thereafter from year to year, unless terminated on an anniversary of January 1, 2015, with at least five years prior written notice given by either party to the other, on or after February 1, 2009.

The Nebraska Public Power District shall maintain the distribution system and shall construct any additions necessary for service to the extent such additions are within the established extension policies of the Nebraska Public Power District.

Under the lease with the Nebraska Public Power District, for the first 15 years, the City will receive 12% of the gross retail electric revenues, adjusted for bad debt charge-offs, revenues from tax-supported agencies receiving a discount, and revenues associated with application of production cost adjustment billings and billings of other cost adjustments not included in the base rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS

City employees are covered by one of three retirement plans in effect, covering general city employees, fire fighters and police officers, respectively.

General

The City sponsors a defined contribution plan which covers substantially all general city employees. Under the terms of the plan, an employee must be age 21 or older and have completed one year of continuous service and have not attained the age of 64. Participating employees are required to contribute 3% of their earnings. The City then makes a matching contribution to the plan on their behalf. An additional voluntary contribution can be made by employees to the plan to the extent allowed under the Internal Revenue Code, currently an additional 10%. The City will contribute an amount equal to one-half of an employees voluntary contribution, not to exceed 1½% of the employees compensation. Employees are 100% vested in the plan after completing 7 years of service, reaching normal retirement age (65), meeting the requirements for early retirement date, becoming totally disabled, or deceased, whichever occurs first. Contributions to the general city employee retirement plan were \$118,932 and \$155,181 by the City and plan participants, respectively.

Fire Fighters

Fire fighters are covered by a defined contribution plan sponsored by the City. Eligible employees are required to contribute 6-1/2% of their salary to the plan, which the City then matches at the rate of 13% of the participant's salary. Employees are fully vested after 7 whole years of service. A participant's normal retirement age is the date he attains age 55 and completes 21 years of service. Nebraska State statutes govern the coverage afforded to participants under this plan. Contributions to the fire fighters employee retirement plan were \$88,663 and \$49,492 by the City and plan participants, respectively.

Police

Police officers are covered by a defined contribution plan sponsored by the City. Participants in the plan are required to contribute 6% of their salary to the plan, which is matched by a 6% contribution from the City. Employees are fully vested after 10 whole years of service. Contributions to the police retirement plan were \$103,300 and \$108,264 by the City and plan participants, respectively. An actuarial certification dated April 8, 2010 shows an estimated present value shortfall of \$97,533 for covering future benefits relating to the defined benefit plan that was converted to a defined contribution plan effective January 1, 1984.

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is committed to a \$100,000 annual payment to the Twin City Development program for its operation of encouraging industrial development within the area. This commitment is reviewed annually.

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requires any entity with a landfill site to bring its site into compliance with 40 CFR Part 257 and 258 (Subtitle D) or close the site by October, 1993. In prior years, the City closed its landfill. In the 2008 fiscal year, the City entered into an agreement with the City of Gering for use of their landfill site and a portion of the fee paid is going towards a future landfill site.

The City is committed to \$350,000 annually to Riverside Discovery Center (RDC) for its operation of a zoo. The City entered into a contract with RDC on September 13, 2010 and payments to RDC were effective with transfer that occurred on October 1, 2010. Payments are due for ten years from effective date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City provides employee health insurance through a self-funded program and has contracted for administrative services and claims processing.

From October 1, 2011, through September 30, 2012, the coverage provided was \$1,250,000 per person. Additional liability was covered by a policy, which provided insurance above the City's participation of \$40,000 per person and \$1,279,039 in the aggregate.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss including worker's compensation, general liability and law enforcement liability. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 - INDIVIDUAL INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLE BALANCES, AND TRANSFERS

A receivable/liability was incurred due to the GIS fund needing funds to buy the equipment and software necessary to perform its functions. This interfund activity occurred during fiscal year September 2000 for a total balance of \$490,000. Payments are made on a semi-annual basis and are currently \$30,000 a year plus interest. The current interest rate being charged is 4.5%.

	D	ue From	Due To		
Internal service - GIS Enterprise - Electric	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	
Total	\$	140,000	\$ <u></u>	140,000	

Transfers are used to move revenues between funds. The transfers below are routine in nature.

			Tranfers In									
		General	N	on-major	St	ormwater		GIS Health Ins.				Total
Transfers Out		Fund	Go	v't Funds		Fund		Fund		Fund	Tra	ansfers out
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,000	\$	2,900	\$	13,900
Transp. Fund		27,000		-		-		22,744		350		50,094
Non-major Funds		1,200		100,000		-		-		65		101,265
Env. Services Fund		54,000		-		-		1,744		205		55,949
Wastewater Fund		54,000		-		135,000		37,744		200		226,944
Water Fund		42,000		-		-		37,744		150		79,894
Electric Fund		2,397,458					_					2,397,458
	\$_	2,575,658	\$	100,000	\$	135,000	\$	110,976	\$	3,870	\$	2,925,504

NOTE 11 - DEFICIT FUND NET ASSETS

The following funds had a net asset deficit as of September 30, 2012.

Geographic information system fund of \$(89,742). This will be eliminated as payments are made on the interfund payable to the electric fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - PROPERTY TAXES

The tax levies are certified by the County Board on or before October 15th. Real estate taxes are due on December 31st and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1st following the levy date and become delinquent in two equal installments on May 1st and September 1st. Personal property taxes are due December 31st and become delinquent on May 1st and September 1st following the levy date.

Property taxes levied for 2011-2012 are recorded as revenue when expected to be collected within 60 days after September 30, 2012. Prior-year levies were recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are re-evaluated annually. Property taxes expected to be collected after 60 days are recorded as deferred revenue on the fund balance sheets.

The 2011 tax levy, for the 2011-2012 fiscal year, was \$1,634,240 with a tax rate per \$100 valuation of 0.216 for general and \$54,100 with a tax rate per \$100 valuation of .2165 for the business improvement district. The assessed value upon which the 2011 levy was based was \$756,592,324 for general and \$24,990,226 for the business improvement district.

NOTE 13 - GOVERNMENTAL RESERVED FUND BALANCE

The Economic Development Fund currently owns a building that was part of an agreement with Aurora Loan Services. That building is a capital asset held for resale and is shown on the governmental fund balance sheet at \$1 million. Currently, this building is available for sale.

NOTE 14 - GASBS No. 54

The City implemented GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in fiscal year 2011. In the governmental fund statements, fund balances (General fund and special revenue funds) are displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- *Nonspendable fund balance* amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. As of September 30, 2012, there is no nonspendable fund balance.
- *Restricted fund balance* amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher level of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of September 30, 2012, the restricted fund balance of \$8,515,572 is restricted for the following purposes:

Fund	Purpose	Balance
Transportation	Road projects & street maintenance	807,882
Economic dev.	Incentives for businesses	3,576,509
Debt service	Payment of principal and interest	3,720,554
Leasing Corp.	Own and lease property to City	7,617
Regional library	Library expenditures	9,070
Keno	Community betterment	46,658
Mutual fire	Fire expenditures	303,386
CDBG	Community development grants	43,896
Total restricted	8,515,572	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - GASBS No. 54 (CONTINUED)

• *Committed fund balance* – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances approved by the City Council. As of September 30, 2012, the committed fund balance of \$907,919 is committed for the following specific purposes:

Fund	Purpose	Balance
Special projects	Track revenues & expenditures of various projects	96,718
Cemetery	Cemetery expenditures	338,204
Business imp.	Business improvement district expenditures	114,594
Public safety	Public safety expenditures	304,141
Industrial sites	Industrial sites expenditures	54,262
Total committe	907,919	

• Assigned fund balance – amount the government intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Manager may assign amounts. As of September 30, 2012, the assigned fund balance of \$2,989,817 is assigned for the following specific purposes:

Fund	Balance	
General	Software purchase and budget stabilization	677,900
Transportation	Road projects & street maintenance	1,209,904
Economic dev.	Incentives for businesses	1,081,246
Regional library	Library expenditures	4,735
Cemetery	Cemetery expenditures	3,187
Business imp.	Business improvement district expenditures	1,593
Public safety	Public safety expenditures	7,444
Industrial sites	Industrial sites expenditures	462
Keno	Community betterment	759
Mutual fire	Fire expenditures	2,587
Total assigned	2,989,817	

• *Unassigned fund balance* – amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the City's General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to deter the use of these other classified funds.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City entered into a settlement agreement with Aurora Loan Services (ALS) for the LB840 money that entity had received. The settlement amount ALS has agreed to pay is \$470,000 and it was paid in November 2012.

In preparing the financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 16, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

FOR THE TEAK ENDED SETTEM	 Budgete Original	ed A	mounts Final		Actual Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 4,769,250	\$	4,769,250	\$	4,964,600	\$	195,350
Intergovernmental	57,700		57,700		71,121		13,421
Local	 2,995,622		2,995,622	_	3,332,112	_	336,490
Total revenues	 7,822,572		7,822,572	_	8,367,833	-	545,261
Expenditures:							
General government	958,077		958,077		507,359		450,718
Public safety - Police and Fire	4,266,497		4,266,497		4,198,543		67,954
Public works - Other	440,333		440,333		369,853		70,480
Public health and social services	38,564		38,564		34,918		3,646
Culture and recreation	2,404,261		2,404,261		2,349,304		54,957
Community development	11,657		11,657		11,657		-
Total expenditures	8,119,389		8,119,389	_	7,471,634	-	647,755
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (296,817)	\$	(296,817)		896,199	\$	1,193,016
Fund balances, October 1					2,521,425		
Fund balances, September 30				\$	3,417,624		

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

FOR THE TEAK ENDED SETTEM		Budgete Original	d Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Local Total revenues	\$	713,493 1,160,317 140,000 2,013,810	\$	713,493 1,160,317 140,000 2,013,810	\$	740,363 1,293,519 1,402,805 3,436,687	\$	26,870 133,202 1,262,805 1,422,877
Expenditures: Public works - Streets Total expenditures Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		3,175,890 3,175,890 (1,162,080)	\$	3,175,890 3,175,890 (1,162,080)	_	3,397,679 3,397,679 39,008	-	(221,789) (221,789) 1,201,088
Fund balances, October 1 Fund balances, September 30	Ψ ==	(1,102,000)	Ψ =	(1,102,000)	\$	1,984,632 2,023,640	÷ =	1,201,000

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

FOR THE TEAR ENDED SETTEME	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				_	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$	920,000	\$	920,000	\$	969,289	\$	49,289		
Local	_	22,500	_	22,500	_	49,238	_	26,738		
Total revenues		942,500		942,500		1,018,527	_	76,027		
Expenditures: Community development Total expenditures	_	3,351,250 3,351,250	_	3,351,250 3,351,250	_	453,999 453,999	-	2,897,251 2,897,251		
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(2,408,750)	\$_	(2,408,750)		564,528	\$	2,973,278		
Fund balances, October 1						3,649,375				
Fund balances, September 30					\$	4,213,903				

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

FOR THE TEAR ENDED SEPTEME		Budgete Original	d Am	ounts Final	_	Actual Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes	\$	956.084	\$	956,084	\$	905,122	\$	(50,962)
Intergovernmental	φ	52,000	φ	52,000	φ	57,574	φ	(50,902) 5,574
Local		1,175,000		1,175,000		578,367		(596,633)
Total revenues		2,183,084		2,183,084		1,541,063	-	(642,021)
Expenditures: General government Total expenditures	_	4,222,823 4,222,823	_	4,222,823 4,222,823	_	1,167,766 1,167,766	-	3,055,057 3,055,057
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(2,039,739)	\$	(2,039,739)		373,297	\$	2,413,036
Fund balances, October 1						3,663,621		
Fund balances, September 30					\$	4,036,918		

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

FOR THE TEAK ENDED SETTEM	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Local		503,000		503,000		644,300	_	141,300
Total revenues		503,000		503,000		644,300	-	141,300
Expenditures:								
General government		500,000		500,000		458,205		41,795
Public safety		-		-		47,824		(47,824)
Culture and recreation		-		-		15,230	_	(15,230)
Total expenditures		500,000		500,000		521,259	-	(21,259)
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	3,000	\$	3,000		123,041	\$	120,041
Fund balances, October 1						419,260		
Fund balances, September 30					\$	542,301		

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) LEASING CORPORATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

FOR THE TEAK ENDED SETTEM	 Budgete Original	ed Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Local	 714,925		714,925		697,297	_	(17,628)
Total revenues	 714,925		714,925		697,297	-	(17,628)
Expenditures:							
Public safety - Police and Fire	477,390		477,390		477,340		50
Culture and recreation	219,925		219,925		219,925		-
Total expenditures	 697,315	_	697,315	_	697,265	_	50
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 17,610	\$	17,610		32	\$	(17,578)
Fund balances, October 1				_	27,562		
Fund balances, September 30				\$	27,594		

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

September 30, 2012

NOTE 1 – BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the City Clerk submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to September 20, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service and Proprietary Funds.
- 5. Budgets are prepared using the cash basis of accounting which is a basis not consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 6. The City manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revision that alters total expenditures of any fund requires approval of council and a public hearing.
- 7. All appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET BASIS REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES TO GAAP

Revenues and expenditures presented on a non-GAAP budget basis of accounting differ from the revenues and expenditures presented in accordance with GAAP because of the different treatment of accruals. A reconciliation for the year ended September 30, 2012, which discloses the nature and amount of the adjustments necessary to convert the actual GAAP data to the budgetary basis, is presented below:

	General Fund	Tranps. Fund	Econ. Dev. Fund	Debt Service Fund	Special Projects Fund	Leasing Corp. Fund				
Net change in fund balances:										
Balance on a GAAP basis \$	895,088 \$	96,416 \$	652,777 \$	429,447 \$	(21,802) \$	33				
Basis differences (accruals occur										
because the cash basis of										
accounting use for budgeting	5									
differs from the modified ac	crual									
basis of accounting prescrib	ed									
for governmental fund	1,111	(57,408)	(88,249)	(56,150)	144,843	(1)				
Balance on a budget basis \$	896,199 \$	39,008 \$	564,528 \$	373,297 \$	123,041 \$	32				

NOTE 3 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER INTERNAL APPROPRIATIONS

Expenditures exceeded internal appropriations in the transportation and special projects funds by \$221,789 and \$21,259, respectively. These overexpenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues. The City's total appropriation per the State's budget form for this fiscal year was \$36,404,304 and that amount was not exceeded.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	_	Regional Library	_1	Cemetery & Cemetery Perpetual Care	-	Business Improvement District	-	Public Safety Equipment	_	Industrial Site
ASSETS										
Equity in pooled cash	\$	13,797	\$	347,828	\$	116,822	\$	346,055	\$	54,692
Funds held by county treasurer		-		3,568		4,486		10,334		-
Net receivables:										
Taxes		-		20,057		4,405		81,192		-
Accounts and unbilled		-		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		8		192		65		191		32
Governmental unit		-		1,109		-		7,108		-
Other receivables		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory	-	-			-	-	-		_	
Total assets	\$	13,805	\$	372,754	\$	125,778	\$	444,880	\$	54,724
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	8,812	\$	4,954	\$	51,022	\$	-
Accrued interest payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued salaries		-		1,755		-		-		-
Other accrued expenses		-		240		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		-		20,556		4,637		82,273		-
Total liabilities	_	-	_	31,363	-	9,591	-	133,295	_	-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		9,070		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		338,204		114,594		304,141		54,262
Assigned		4,735		3,187		1,593		7,444		462
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances	_	13,805	_	341,391	-	116,187	-	311,585	_	54,724
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	13,805	\$	372,754	\$	125,778	\$	444,880	\$	54,724

 Keno	 Mutual Fire		CDBG Fund	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 49,787	\$ 305,804	\$	43,872	\$	1,278,657 18,388
-	-		-		105,654
28	169		24		- 709 8,217
-			-		-
\$ 49,815	\$ 305,973	\$	43,896	\$	1,411,625
\$ 2,398	\$ -	\$	-	\$	67,186
-	-		-		1,755 240
 2,398	 -			-	107,466 176,647
46,658	- 303,386		43,896		403,010
759	2,587		-		811,201 20,767
 47,417	 305,973	_	43,896	-	1,234,978
\$ 49,815	\$ 305,973	\$	43,896	\$	1,411,625

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Regional Library	Cemetery & Cemetery Perpetual Care	I	Business Improvement District	Public Safety Equipment	Industrial Site
Revenues:						
Taxes and special assessments \$	-	\$ 79,381	\$	55,257 \$	230,791	\$-
Licenses and permits	-	2,650		-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-		-	-	-
Charges for services	-	44,215		-	-	-
Interest	53	1,379		691	1,281	202
Other revenue	4,844	67,294		119	111,777	16,667
Total revenues	4,897	194,919		56,067	343,849	16,869
Expenditures:						
Current operations:						
General government	-	-		-	-	6,571
Public safety	-	-		-	224,801	-
Transportation	-	-		-	-	-
Public health and social services	-	177,588		-	-	-
Culture and recreation:						
Library	3,700	-		-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-	-		-	-	-
Zoo	-	-		-	-	-
Public works	-	-		23,938	-	-
Capital expenditures	-	-		93,390	90,169	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-		-	40,000	-
Interest	-	-		-	25,188	-
Contingency	-	-		-	-	-
Total expenditures	3,700	177,588		117,328	380,158	6,571
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	1,197	17,331		(61,261)	(36,309)	10,298
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from debt issuance	-	-		-	-	-
Warrant and bond expense	-	-		-	-	-
Operating transfers in	-	-		-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	(65)		-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(65)				
Excess revenues and other financing sources or	/er					
(under) expenditures and other uses	1,197	17,266		(61,261)	(36,309)	10,298
Fund balances, October 1	12,608	324,125		177,448	347,894	44,426
Fund balances, September 30	13,805	\$ 341,391	\$	116,187 \$	311,585	\$ 54,724

_	Keno	 Mutual Fire	_	CDBG	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	365,429
	5,000	-		-		2,650 5,000
	-	-		-		44,215
	276	1,227		821		5,930
-	41,885 47,161	 92,644 93,871	-	74,747 75,568	•	409,977 833,201
-	47,101	 75,071	-	73,300	-	055,201
	76,978	-		1,680		85,229
	-	10,000		-		234,801
	-	-		270,546		448,134
	-	-		-		3,700
	-	-		-		-
	-	-		-		23,938
	-	-		-		183,559
						40,000
	-	-		-		40,000 25,188
_	-	 -	-	-		
-	76,978	 10,000	-	272,226	-	1,044,549
-	(29,817)	 83,871	-	(196,658)		(211,348)
	-	-		-		-
	-	-		-		-
	-	-		(1,200)		(1,265)
-		 -	-	(1,200)		(1,265)
	(29,817)	83,871		(197,858)		(212,613)
-	77,234	 222,102	-	241,754		1,447,591
\$	47,417	\$ 305,973	\$	43,896	\$	1,234,978

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Health Insurance	-	Unemployment Compensation	_	Geographic Information System		Totals
ASSETS								
Current assets								
Equity in pooled cash	\$	451,035	\$	27,098	\$	54,471	\$	532,604
Net receivables:								
Accounts and unbilled		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		245		15		30		290
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Inventory	_	-	-	-		-		-
Total current assets		451,280	-	27,113	_	54,501		532,894
Noncurrent assets								
Deferred charges		-		-		-		-
Net capital assets		-	_	-		-		-
Total noncurrent assets		-	-	-	_	-		-
Total assets	\$	451,280	\$	27,113	\$_	54,501	\$	532,894
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	2,586	\$	2,383	\$	56	\$	5,025
Accrued interest payable		-		-		-		-
Accrued salaries		-		-		960		960
Accrued compensated absences		-		-		595		595
Other accrued expenses		-		-		163		163
Current portion long-term debt		-		-		30,000		30,000
Deferred revenue		-	-	-		-		-
Total current liabilities	_	2,586	-	2,383	-	31,774		36,743
Noncurrent liabilities								
Long-term debt		-		-		110,000		110,000
Compensated absences		-	-	-		2,469		2,469
Total noncurrent liabilities		-	-	-		112,469		112,469
Total liabilities		2,586	-	2,383	_	144,243	_	149,212
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	,	-		-		-		-
Contributed capital		-		-		-		-
Restricted for debt retirement		-		-		-		-
Unreserved		448,694	-	24,730	_	(89,742)	_	383,682
Total net assets	_	448,694	-	24,730	-	(89,742)		383,682
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	451,280	\$	27,113	\$_	54,501	\$	532,894

CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	_	Health Insurance	Unemployment Compensation	-	Geographic Information System	_	Total
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Other revenues	-	1,571,737	27,169	-	121	_	1,599,027
Total operating revenues	_	1,571,737	27,169	_	121		1,599,027
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services		-	-		62,767		62,767
Operating supplies		-	-		710		710
Contractual		-	-		1,673		1,673
Maintenance		-	-		6,400		6,400
Utilities		-	-		457		457
Insurance		-	-		-		-
Other operating expenses		1,660,468	4,288		-		1,664,756
Depreciation and amortization	-		-	-	-	_	-
Total operating expenses	_	1,660,468	4,288	_	72,007	_	1,736,763
Operating income (loss)	_	(88,731)	22,881	_	(71,886)	_	(137,736)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Interest income		1,901	112		239		2,252
Interest expense		-		_	(6,977)	_	(6,977)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	_	1,901	112	_	(6,738)	_	(4,725)
Income before transfers	_	(86,830)	22,993	_	(78,624)	_	(142,461)
Transfers from (to) other funds:							
Operating transfers in		3,870	-		110,977		114,847
Operating transfers (out)	_	-		_	-		-
Net transfers from (to) other funds	_	3,870		-	110,977	_	114,847
Net income (loss)		(82,960)	22,993		32,353		(27,614)
Net assets, October 1	_	531,654	1,737	_	(122,095)	_	411,296
Net assets, September 30	\$_	448,694	\$ 24,730	\$	(89,742)	\$	383,682

DANA F. COLE & COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Administrator Scottsbluff, Nebraska

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Mayor, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dana Flole+ Company, LLP

Scottsbluff, Nebraska January 16, 2013