Joint Belton City Council and Planning and Zoning Workshop Meeting December 12, 2023 – 3:30 P.M.

The Belton City Council and Planning & Zoning Commission met in workshop session in the Evans Room of the Harris Community Center. Members present included Mayor David K. Leigh, Mayor Pro Tem John R. Holmes, Sr., Councilmembers Wayne Carpenter, Craig Pearson, Daniel Bucher, Stephanie O'Banion and Dave Covington. There was not a quorum of Planning and Zoning Members, so the meeting went forward as a City Council workshop. Staff present included Sam Listi, Gene Ellis, Amy Casey, Bob van Til, Paul Romer, Matt Bates, Larry Berg, Mike Rodgers, Chris Brown, Alex Munger, Cynthia Hernandez, Judy Garrett, Tina Moore and Madison Neill.

- 1. Call to order. Mayor Leigh called the City Council meeting to order at 3:31 p.m.
- 2. Public Comments.

There were no public comments.

3. Conduct a work session and receive a presentation on the Future Land Use Map Project Update.

Mayor Leigh introduced all attendee groups and gave the vision of the City as to the development of subcommittees and their role in visioning. City Manager Listi discussed the need for the project. Brent Baker, Consultant, presented the Future Land Use Map Project Update (see Exhibit "A"). A discussion/question and answer session followed.

4. <u>Adjourn</u>. There being no further business, the Mayor adjourned the meeting at 4:54 p.m.

John R. Holmes. Sr., Mayor Pro Tem

ATTEST:

Amy M. Casey, City Clerk

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FUTURE LAND USE MAP UPDATE AND POLICY STATEMENTS

CITY COUNCIL, PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION, AND STAKEHOLDER WORKSHOP DECEMBER 12, 2023



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PURPOSE

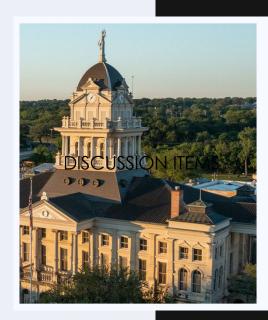


The goal of this Planning Session is to receive City stakeholder input to guide future growth and development throughout the City of Belton.

The Future Land Use Map (FLUM) and Policy Statements shall:

- Be user-friendly for the development community and staff
- Provide flexibility and guidance for council decisions
- Prevent land-use decisions made in isolation
- Implement the strategic plan
- Allow for more frequent updates as growth and development occurs
- Address a variety of needs from housing to retail/industrial

This planning process is complementary to – not in lieu of – Imagine Belton.



- 1. Future Land Use Plan Update
- 2. Policy Statement: Infill Development Compatibility
- 3. Policy Statement: Transition Zones
- 4. Policy Statement: Residential Uses and Parking
- 5. Opportunities for Industrial Development

FUTURE LAND USE PLAN



THE FUTURE LAND USE PLAN

The Future Land Use Map (FLUM) is essential to guide future development in the City. The FLUM is not a zoning map; it is a tool to guide rezoning decisions.

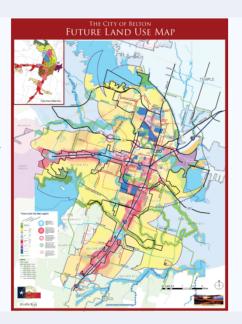
The Future Land Use Map reflects:

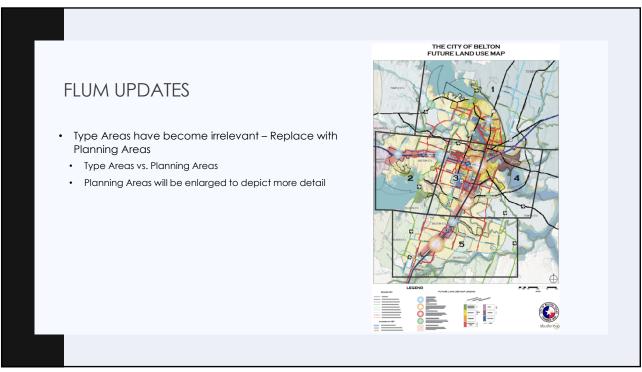
- **Planning**: The FLUM serves as the visual guide for planning, illustrating general locations of land use categories, and opportunities within the City limits and extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ).
- **Generalized Land Uses**: The FLUM is a generalized representation of the future land uses for Belton and is not intended to be parcel-specific.
- Transportation and Infrastructure: The FLUM reflects availability and future extensions of water, wastewater, and transportation infrastructure.

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EXISTING FLUM (2017)

- Reasons for Challenging the Existing FLUM:
 - Too general in land use assignments
 - Does not depict the variety of residential options available throughout the City, including affordable housing
 - Not helpful in identifying infrastructure needed for future development (utilities and roadways)
 - Does not depict location and spatial analysis of industrial use
 - No policy statements to guide implementation
 - · Not compatible with current GIS toolsh

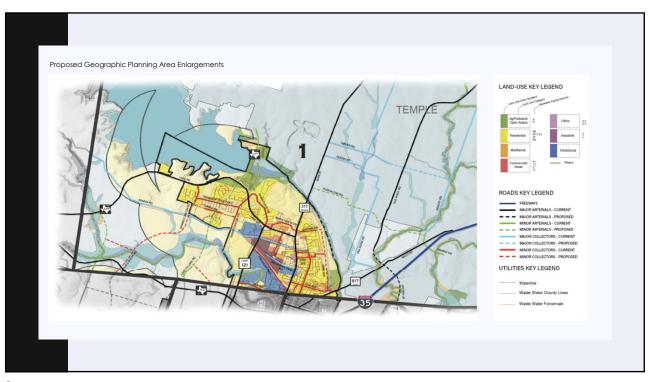




Proposed Geographic Planning Area Enlargements

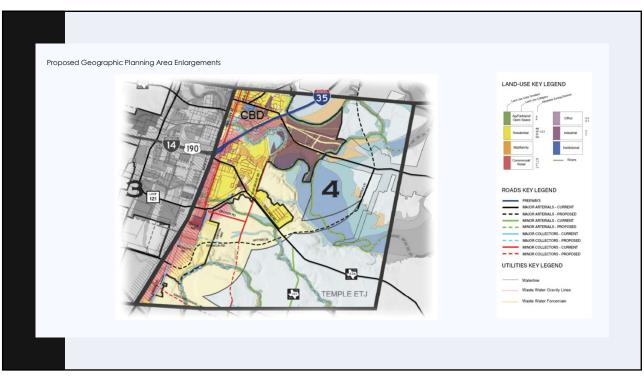
LAND-USE KEY LEGEND

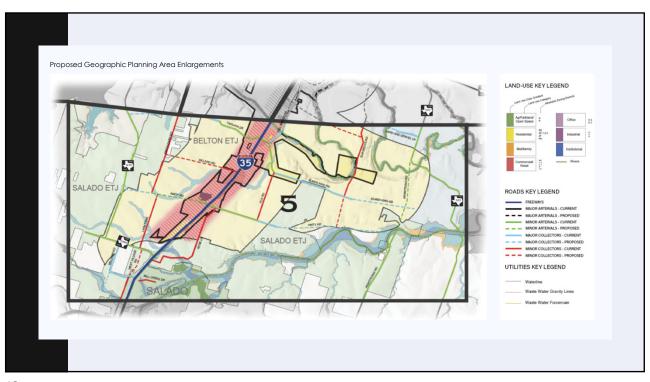
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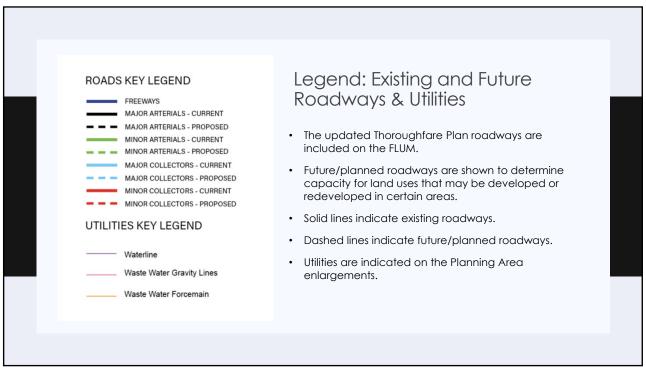


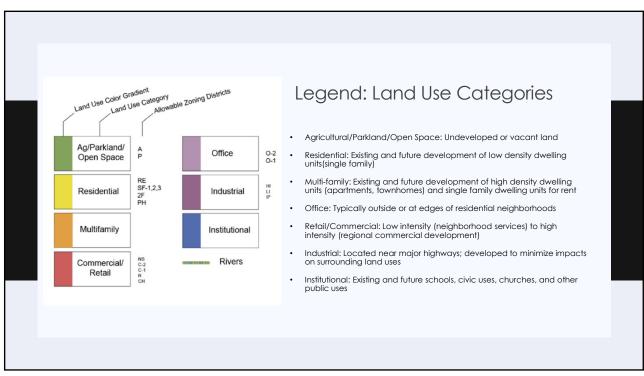












LEGEND: LAND USE CENTERS VS. LAND USE



Commercial: Commercial centers serving larger footprint commercial enterprise; larger service area than neighborhood center

Examples: Hospital, shopping mall, home improvement, car sales, restaurant, etc.



2.

Mixed-Use: Regional shopping destination, multi-family and other dense residential, entertainment and lifestyle features

Examples: Hotel, multi-family, restaurant, shopping center, etc.



3

Lifestyle: Retail, restaurants, dense residential, neighborhood services Examples: Gas/service station, movie theater restaurant clinic etc.



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Neighborhood: Small-scale commercial centers oriented to neighborhoods; promotes shorter travel distance, small footprint buildings at neighborhood scale Examples: Bank, dry cleaning, small boutique, office, pharmacy, neighborhood restaurant, etc.

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POLICY STATEMENT

INFILL DEVELOPMENT CHALLENGES

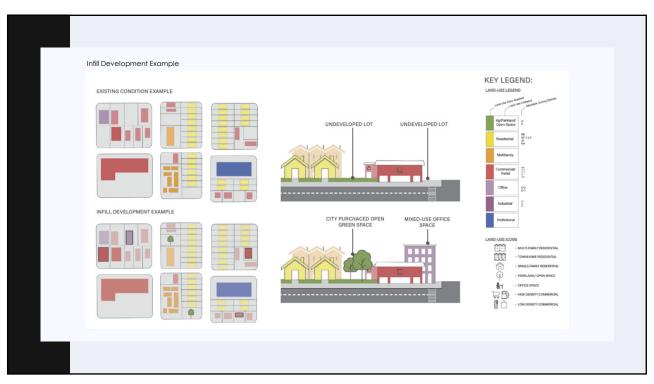


- The Issue: Certain land uses being requested are not compatible with FLUM or surrounding uses
- Barriers:
- Neighborhood opposition
- Infrastructure deficiencies
- Intensity of use
- Interface between codes

Potential Solutions:

- Require pre-development conferences
- Establish an "Infill Strategy"
- Consider compatible uses
- Integrate information into FLUM

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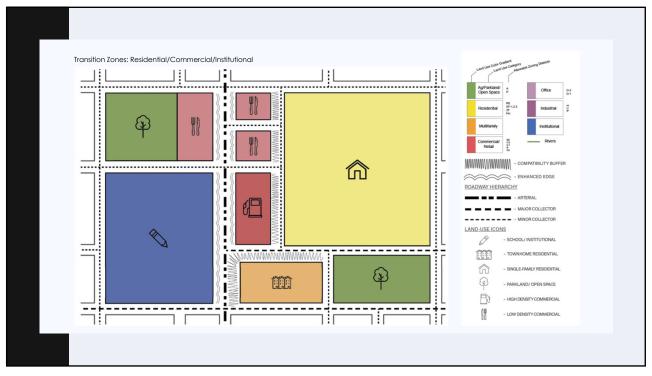


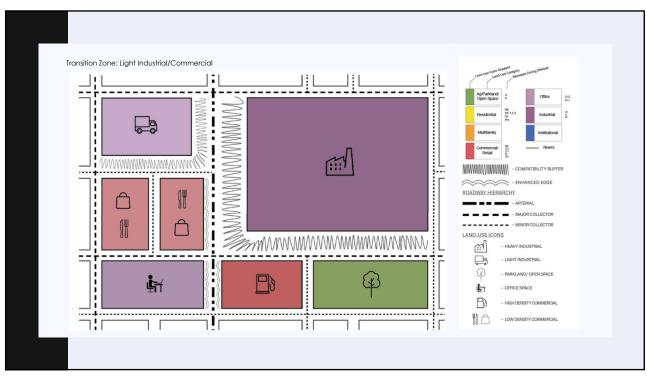
TRANSITION ZONE CHALLENGES

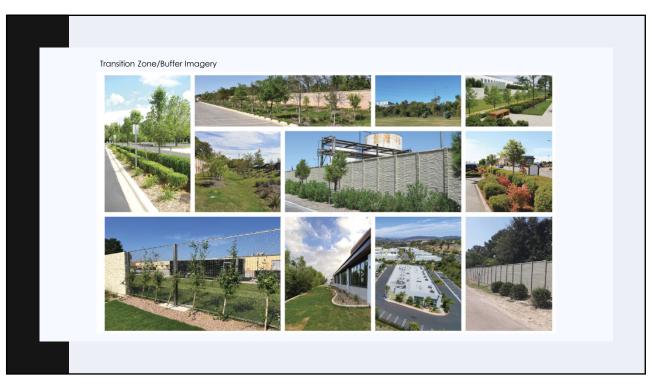


- The Issue: Residential uses are directly adjacent to heavy commercial uses
- Solutions:
- New Development Transition Neighborhood/Lifestyle Centers to either lower density commercial (i.e. Office Condos) or Multi-family/Courtyard or Townhome style residential, then transition to Duplex and/or Single-family
- Buffering Higher uses to buffer lower uses via landscape or masonry screening
 - Additional design variances considered for noise and light screening/buffering









POLICY STATEMENT



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RESIDENTIAL AREA PARKING CHALLENGES



- **The Issue:** Some residential areas pose serious parking challenges, making it difficult for City and emergency services to maneuver
- **Duplex Condition:** Narrow, one-garage/car width driveways cause residents to park secondary and visitor vehicles on street
- Potential Solutions:
 - Treat Duplex like Multi-Family not like Single-Family adjust parking count per unit/block
 - Increase landscape/street tree requirements
 - Increase ROW width and implement License Agreements to accommodate on-street parking
- Decrease ROW width and require "off-street" parking through development code



Laila Lane Neighborhood

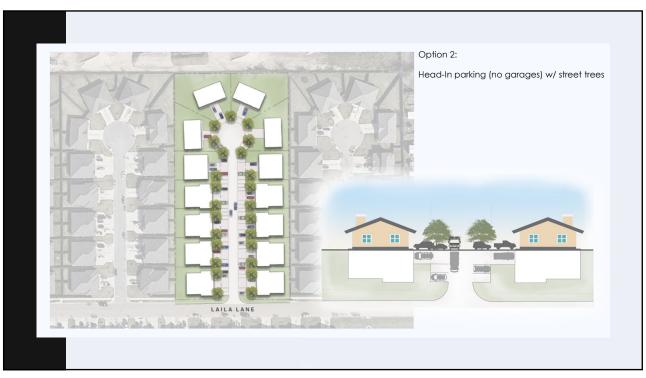
Multiple parked vehicles on the street – in addition to trash receptacles on collection day – pinch the roadway access to less than one lane width.

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LIGHT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

• The Issue: Industrial development presents an opportunity to be accommodated within the city.

• Potential Solutions:

- Distinguish between Industrial and Commercial (design standards)
- Provide locations for its use
- Identify building type and design guidelines
 - Building heights
 - Elevations (window placement, relief, setbacks, articulation etc.)
- Screening and buffering from parking, lighting, and noise







