

CITY OF TROY

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the year ended June 30, 2016



We believe a strong community embraces diversity, promotes innovation, and encourages collaboration.

We strive to lead by example within the region.

We do this because we want everyone to choose Troy as their community for life.

We believe in doing government the best.

# City of Troy, Michigan

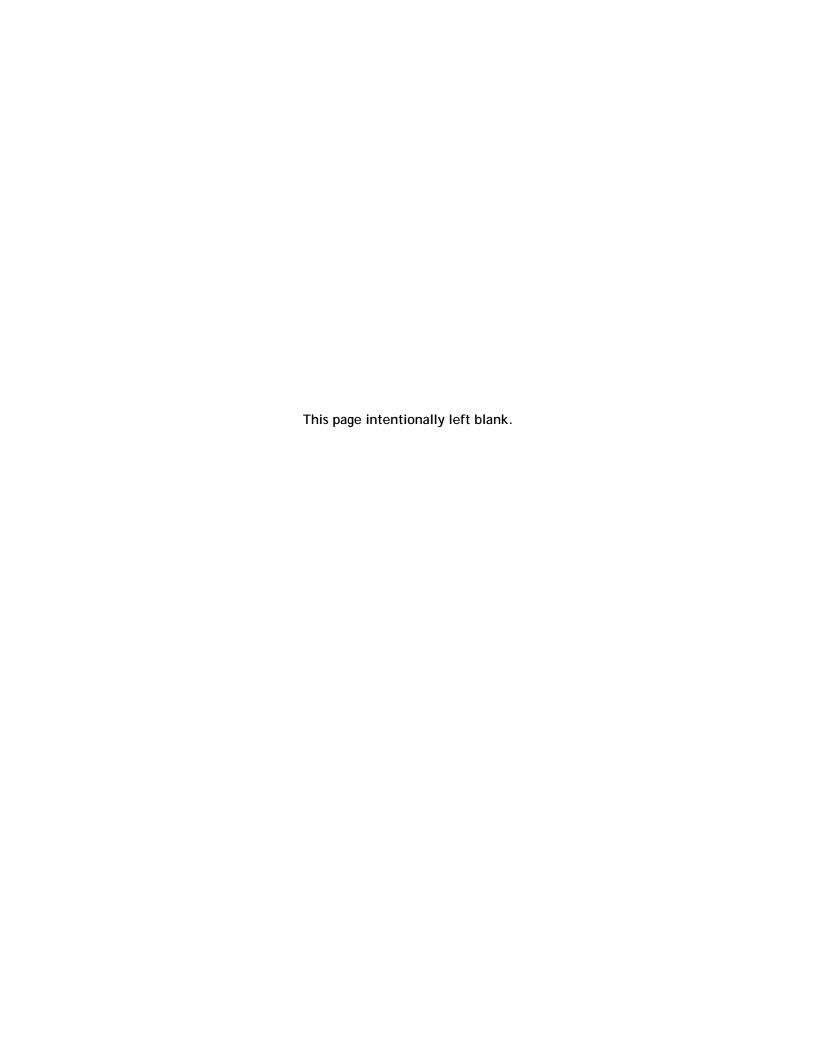


Year Ended June 30, 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

# City Council

Mayor Mayor Pro Tem Council Members Dane Slater
Ed Pennington
Dave Henderson
Jim Campbell
Ellen Hodorek
Ethan Baker
Edna Abrahim

Prepared by:
The Department of Financial Services
City of Troy, Michigan



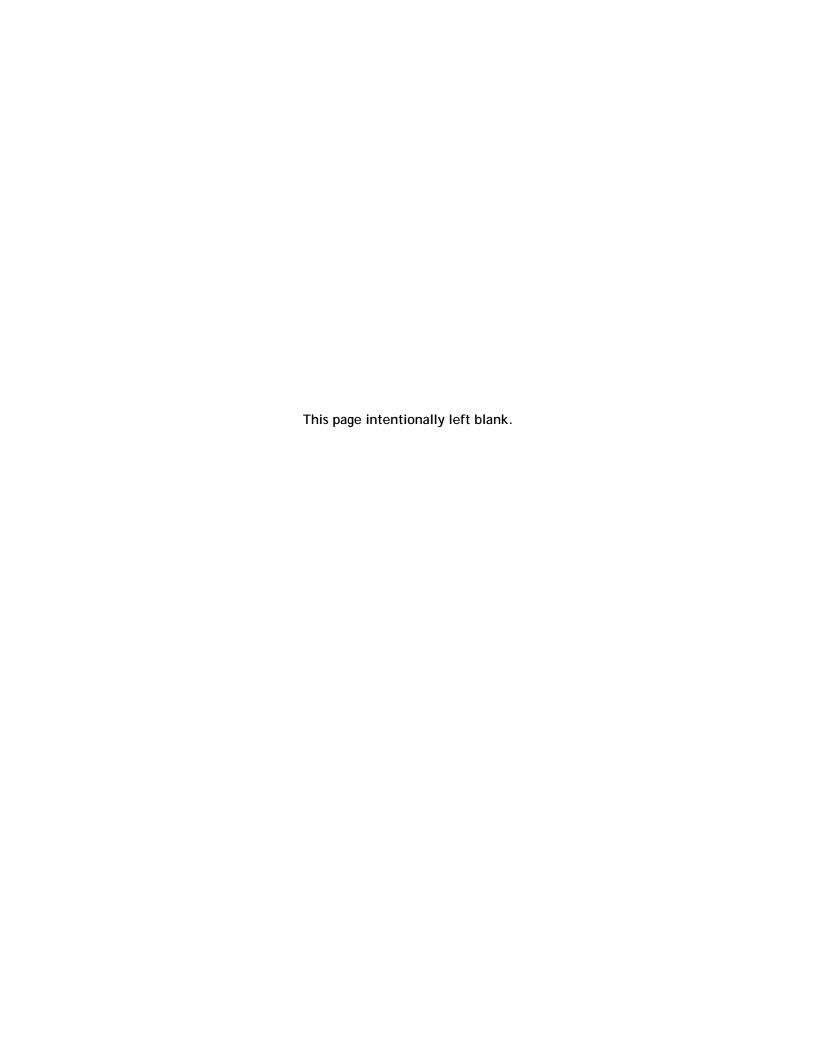
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## November 30, 2016

# Dear Honorable Mayor and City Council Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Troy, Michigan for the year ended June 30, 2016 is hereby submitted. The report represents a comprehensive and detailed picture of our financial transactions during fiscal year 2015/16 and the financial condition of the various funds as of fiscal year end. This report was prepared by a team comprised of executive members, financial staff and department leaders of the City. Troy's staff is responsible for the accuracy of data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures.

A Management's Discussion and Analysis Report (MD&A), as well as entity-wide, full accrual financial statements have been added to the front of the financial statement section. The fund statements have been altered to provide reporting under the "Major/Nonmajor Fund" concept. Reconciliation between the two presentations is included and the note disclosures have been expanded to provide appropriate information on both the entity-wide and fund financial statements.

The information presented is accurate in all material respects. Financial data presented is designed to provide the reader with information to assist in determining both the long-term fiscal health of the City of Troy and the City of Troy's ability to meet obligations on a short-term basis.

As required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the City of Troy and related component units. The individual component units are included in the City of Troy's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City of Troy.

The financial reporting entity includes all of the primary government (the City of Troy as legally defined). The criteria used in determining the reporting entity are consistent with current GAAP guidelines. Based on these criteria, the various funds of the City are shown in the table of contents and are included in this report. We have addressed all component units.

The City of Troy was incorporated in 1955 and has always operated under the Council-Manager form of government. The Mayor and six members of the City Council are elected to staggered four-year terms.

The City Manager is appointed by a majority vote of the City Council and is responsible for all administrative functions. The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police, fire, water distribution, wastewater collection, street maintenance, public improvements, planning, zoning, recreation and general administration.

# **ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK**

The economic condition of the City of Troy continues to show steady improvement. The unemployment rate has decreased from the prior year and is well below the metro area, state and national average.

	June 2016
Troy	3.5%
Oakland County	4.2%
Metro Area*	5.1%
Michigan	4.5%
National	4.8%

<sup>\*</sup>The Metro Area includes Southeast Michigan Council of Governments (SEMCOG)

The City reached the low point in taxable value in the 2013 fiscal year at \$4.219 billion after Michigan Tax Tribunal and Board of Review adjustments. Since then, the City has experienced modest annual growth in taxable value averaging 1.5%. The City experienced growth in net taxable value for fiscal 2016 at 3.0% and was comprised of growth in residential properties of 3.8%, and for the first time in several years growth in both commercial properties (1.5%) and industrial properties (1.3%). For Michigan cities, Troy ranked fourth for the largest taxable values in the state. However, in this era of competition for business retention and attraction, we need to advance a preferred future in which residents and businesses continue to aspire to locate here.

The City adopts a three year budget that is nationally recognized. Our approach to funding major capital projects is to accumulate funds over a number of years to avoid the issuance of debt. The City has adopted a policy to maintain our Unassigned Fund Balance of the General Fund at a minimum 20% to 30% of General Fund Expenditures. Actual results outside these parameters requires a financial plan proposed by the city manager.

Other significant economic events occurring during the fiscal year include the following major initiatives, which more often than not span several years:

# **DSM Engineering Plastics**

DSM Engineering Plastics, a subsidiary of Netherlands-based Royal DSM, will be expanding its headquarters facility at 203 W. Big Beaver Road (formerly Bally's) to add an engineering and applications development center. The project will generate a \$2.4 million capital investment and add 33 employees to the 48 that currently work at the location.

# Horizon Global

Horizon Global is a designer, manufacturer and distributor of a wide variety of high-quality, custom engineered towing, trailering, cargo management and other related accessory products on a global basis, serving the automotive aftermarket, retail and OE channels. The company's headquarters is now located at 2600 W. Big Beaver Road, Suite 150. The Troy office employes about 30 people.

# Karma Automotive

Formerly known as Fisker Automotive, Wanxiang-owned Karma Automotive has established an engineering and sales office at 1875 Research Drive. The \$3.6 million investment will create approximately 150 new jobs. The Michigan Economic Development Corporation is providing a \$450 thousand Business Development Program performance based incentive to the project. The City of Troy worked closely with the MEDC and Oakland County to bring the project to Troy.

# Mackevision

Mackevision is a global market leader in Computer Generated Imagery (CGI). The company designs and produces high-end 3D visualizations, animations and visual effects (VFX) for images, films and interactive applications. Based in Germany, Macevision's new Troy technical center is located at 1965 Research Drive. The company expects to employ about 160 people locally.

# Midland Credit Management

Midland Credit Management, a company specializing in debt recovery solutions, leased 62,318 square feet in the office building at 320 E. Big Beaver Road. The company will occupy the third and fourth floors and employ approximately 300 people.

# Roechling Automotive

German-based Roechling Automotive is a leading global provider of aerodynamics, acoustics and fluid management solutions. Roechling recently opened its new 22,500 square foot regional headquarters facility at 2370 Meijer Drive. The company employs approximately 50 people at the location.

# Sapa Technology

Sapa Technology, a developer of aluminum products, opened a 10,000 square foot research and development facility at 1200 Kirts Boulevard.

Sapa has invested more than \$3 million in new equipment at the lab and plans to add new equipment at the Troy location over the next two years. Sapa's automotive customers include Ford Motor Co., General Motors Co., BMW, Jaguar, Land Rover, and Tesla. The company has 23,500 employees working in 40 countries.

# SRG Global

SRG Global, a Guardian company, is one of the world's leading manufacturers of high value coatings on plastic for the automotive, commercial truck and consumer goods industries. The new world headquarters facility, located at 800 Stephenson Highway, encompasses more than 51,000 square feet and will house the company's support staff for the global and North American businesses. The building will be home to more than 250 employees.

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) The valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

# Single Audit

As a recipient of Federal, State, and local financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. These internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management and the independent auditors of the City.

As a part of the single audit process, the auditors considered the internal control structure to develop audit procedures over compliance that would have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and compliance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to issue an opinion on the effectiveness of internal controls over compliance.

# **Budgeting Controls**

The object of budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council.

Activities of the General and Special Revenue Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) are established at the functional level for the General Fund and fund level for special revenue funds.

## **General Government Functions**

Generally accepted accounting standards require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany these basic financial statements in the form of the MD&A.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Troy's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors. Since the MD&A focuses on the government-wide financial statements, the balance of this letter will be directed at the fund or activity level.

The General Fund receives all City of Troy revenues not designated for special uses by statutes or the City Charter and accounts for most of the services provided to residents. Overall General Fund revenues of \$52.7 million had a modest increase of \$994 thousand or 1.9% compared to the prior year. Property taxes, the General Fund's largest revenue source, increased \$641 thousand or 2.1%. Taxable values of \$4.4 billion increased \$128 million or 2.9%. This was the 1st year since 2010 that commercial and industrial taxable values have increased from the prior year.

State sources totaled \$6.7 million and was flat compared to the prior year. State shared revenue is a major source of revenue, which is a return to local governments of a portion of state sales tax and is not restricted to use.

Charges for services totaled \$9.3 million had an increase of \$486 thousand or 5.5%. Major sources include Community Center passes \$1.6 million, engineering fees charged to capital projects of \$2.9 million, and Cable TV franchise fees of \$1.4 million.

Total General Fund operating expenditures of \$51.0 million decreased \$2.3 million or 4.3%. The decrease was primarily in the area of an additional \$2.0 million contribution to fund the Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Program (VFIP) in the prior year.

Other financing sources of \$3.7 million decreased \$188 thousand primarily from major and local street special revenue funds that reimburse the general fund for street maintenance. Transfers out of \$7.4 million increased \$2.1 million primarily to the capital projects fund to finance the city's continued major and local road construction program (\$6.2 million), contribution towards the rebuilding of firestation #4 (\$625 thousand) and the purchase of firetruck pumper #4 (\$585 thousand).

## General Fund Balance

Fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$2.0 million to a balance of \$32.6 million. Of this amount, \$5.7 million is nonspendable for such items as inventory, prepaid items and advances to other funds; \$1.6 million is restricted for budget stabilization, and \$5.3 million has been assigned for insurance claims, tax appeals and the subsequent years budgeted use of fund balance. The \$20.1 million remaining unassigned amount represents 39.4% of General Fund expenditures. This amount exceeds the city's 20% to 30% target range but has been addressed in the city's subsequent three year budget.

# **Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. The Special Revenue Funds of the City include:

Major Street Fund - Gas and weight tax revenues received in this fund from the State of Michigan are used for repairs, maintenance, snow and ice removal, and construction of all streets classified as "major" within the city.

Local Street Fund - Gas and weight taxes as well as a transfer of funds from the Major Street Fund to finance the repairs, maintenance, snow and ice removal, and construction of all streets classified as "local" within the city.

*Refuse Fund* - This fund has been established to account for property tax revenues restricted for rubbish and garbage collection and service charges for recycling.

*Transit Center Fund* - This fund has been established to track costs of Transit Center operations that are reimbursable by the city's contract with Amtrak and other sponsorship revenues.

*Drug Forfeiture Fund* - This fund has been established to account for resources provided from court ordered forfeitures in which City police officers participate in local, state and federal drug enforcement operations and which such resources can only be appropriated for approved drug enforcement expenditures.

*Library Fund* - This fund accounts for a special millage designed to fund operations and materials of the local city library.

Community Development Block Grant - This fund accounts for grant revenues from the Department of Housing and Urban Development to be used for residential and other capital improvements. Major activities in this fund include minor home chore program for seniors and infrastructure improvements.

# **Enterprise Operations**

The City operates five separate enterprise operations: Water Fund, Sanitary Sewer Fund, Aquatic Center Fund, Sylvan Glen and Sanctuary Lake Golf Course Funds.

Water Fund - Operating revenues of \$17.5 million are up \$2.8 million or (19.4%) compared to the prior fiscal year. This is directly due to the combined increase in sale volumes from 445 thousand mcf (thousand cubic feet) to 460 thousand mcf and rate change from \$31.00 to \$34.40 per mcf. The increase in volume is attributable to drier conditions in summer and fall of 2015 compared to 2014. However, in recent years there has been a general trend in less water consumption annually. Accordingly, water operating expenses of \$18.5 million increased \$2.8 million due to the increased volume purchased from the Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA), the city's provider of wholesale pottable water. The net effect was a reduction in net position of \$.2 million for the fiscal year. The economy and weather conditions can have a significant effect on water consumption.

Sanitary Sewer Fund - Generated \$12.7 million in operating revenues as compared to \$11.9 million in the prior year (an increase of \$803 thousand or 6.7%). This increase was due to the increase in volume sales as noted in the Water Fund section above. Operating expenses of \$12.6 million decreased \$208 thousand or 1.6%. Fees for treatment services are 100% fixed and determined by the Oakland County Water Resource Commission (OCWRC). The decrease in operating expense is attributable to a decrease in sewage surcharge fees that are assessed to companies that discharge by-products into the system during the their production cycles. The net effect was an increase in operating income of \$108 thousand. Net position after non-operating revenues and developer contributions increased \$788 thousand. Rates are reviewed annually during budget time to ensure proper funding for operations and maintenance and improvements to the system.

Aquatic Center - Operating revenues of \$729 thousand increased \$297 thousand or 69.0% from the prior year. This was primarily in the area of daily passes and membership fees which typically sell in the late spring season. Warmer spring temperatures are believed to have a direct affect on membership sale volumes. Operating expenses increased by \$117 thousand to \$699 thousand. Significant increases included electric (increased \$8 thousand), and food cost increase of \$33 thousand for increased concession slaes and \$28 thousand for additional operating supplies. Accordingly, the Center recognized operating income of \$30 thousand for the 2016 fiscal year.

Sylvan Glen Golf Course Fund - Operating revenues of \$1.3 million increased by \$162 thousand or 14.4% compared to the prior fiscal year. This increase is attributable to additional rounds of play from 42,887 to 49,988 due to favorable weather in the summer of 2015 and an early spring for 2016. Operating expenses of \$1.1 million increased \$15 thousand or 1.3% compared to the prior year. The Course experienced operating income of \$151 thousand and an increase in net position of \$160 thousand for the fiscal year.

Sanctuary Lake Golf Course Fund - Operating revenues of \$1.8 million increased by \$434 thousand or 31.6% compared to the prior fiscal year. This increase is attributable to additional rounds of play from 31,840 to 43,416 due to favorable weather in the summer of 2015 and early spring for 2016. Operating expenses of \$1.6 million increased \$176 thousand compared to the prior fiscal year. The course had operating income of \$198 thousand before the cost of interest on debt of \$290 thousand. As a result, the golf course had a decrease in net position of \$87 thousand. Steps continue to generate income and cash flow to cover debt costs, including the contracting of Billy Casper Golf to manage and operate both golf courses.

# **Internal Service Funds**

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the government, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Compensated Absences Fund - This fund accounts for the charges to other departments based on sick and vacation accruals. The expenses of accumulated sick pay and vacation pay are then recorded in this fund.

*Unemployment Compensation Fund* - This fund accounts for the charges to other departments and the expenses to provide unemployment compensation insurance.

Custodial Services Fund - This fund charges other departments on a square footage basis to account for the custodial services and maintenance provided to all City-owned buildings.

*Information Technology Fund* - This fund accounts for charges to other departments based on the number of workstations to cover the expenses for providing computer services, including support, training and replacement.

*Motor Equipment Fund* - Rental charges of City-owned equipment to other City departments are accounted for in this fund. The fund provides maintenance, insurance and replacement of all City-owned vehicles.

Workers' Compensation Fund - Departments are charged a percentage of payroll based on premiums established by our provider to account for pooled insurance expenses.

# **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary Funds are established to account for assets held by the governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units and/or funds.

Pension Trust - Employees' Retirement Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified general and public safety employees. The Employees Retirement Fund reported end-of-the-year net position held in trust for pension and health care benefits of \$187.7 million compared to the beginning amount of \$203.2 million. As of December 31, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation, the fund was 104.5% funded.

Pension Trust - Discretionary Fire Incentive Reserve Fund - This fund is used to account for accumulation of resources for incentive payments to qualified volunteer firefighters. The fund reported end-of-year net position held in trust for benefits of \$7.6 million. As of December 31, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation, the fund was 49.7% funded after taking into consideration new benefit levels.

Retiree Health Care Trust Fund - The Retiree Health Care Trust Fund was established in fiscal year 2006 to account for medical benefits provided to employees during retirement. This fund will accumulate revenue until the reserves are depleted in the employee's retirement fund. This plan and trust is created under the authority of the Public Employee Health Care Fund Investment Act, Public Act 149 of 1999. The fund reported net position held for benefits of \$57.4 million. As of December 31, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation, the fund was 59.8% funded.

Agency Fund - This fund is used to account for taxes collected on behalf of other governmental units and contractors' performance deposits.

# **Component Units**

Component units, as defined by GASB No. 14 and updated by GASB No. 61, are so classified due to their relationship with the primary government relative to financial accountability of the reporting agency.

Downtown Development Authority Fund - The Authority generates revenue from property value increases within the district compared to the initial taxable value established in 1993. These funds are used for the purpose of providing for the construction and financing of necessary improvements to prevent further deterioration of the development area while preserving and promoting economic growth.

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority - This fund was established in 2002 to account for projects that will improve environmentally distressed areas within the City of Troy.

Local Development Financing Authority - This fund was established to capture tax increment revenues in the Automation Alley Smart Park, to encourage local development, to prevent conditions of unemployment and to promote economic growth. The purpose of the authority is to provide for the construction and financing of public facilities within the City of Troy necessary for the project.

#### Tax Rate Limitations

The City Charter provides tax rate limitations for general operations. In addition, the City of Troy may levy taxes in excess of the Charter limitation for refuse collection, library operations and debt service.

Purpose	Authority	Rate Per \$1,000 of Taxable Value
General operating	City Charter	\$8.10
Refuse collection and disposal	Act 298, P.A. of Michigan 1917 as Amended Article IX, Section 56 of Michigan Constitution	\$3.00
Library operations	Voter approved - 5 years	\$0.70
Debt service	City Charter	Amount necessary for debt payment

# Long-Term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance for the General Fund at year end was \$20.1 million or 39.4% of total general fund expenditures. This is above the general fund unassigned fund balance policy of 20%-30% of annual general fund expenditures.

The City's policy in restoring unassigned general fund balance to target levels includes using surplus unassigned fund balance for one-time purchases. The City maintains a 5 year capital improvement program. Typically specific projects are identified and funded through transfers from the general fund to the capital projects fund for these projects.

Specific projects identified in the 2016 fiscal year included major and local street improvements of \$6.2 million, funding for the re-building of fire station #4 of \$625 thousand and the purchase of fire pumper truck #4 \$585 thousand. These projects totaled \$7.4 million. Future projects include additional funding for major and local streets, continued funding for the re-build of fire station #4 as completion progresses and the installation of perimeter fencing for the police department. Total future projects are budgeted at \$4.7 million.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

# Independent Audit

The City Charter and State statutes require an annual audit of all accounts of the City by certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Rehmann Robson, was selected by the City Council. The City received an "unmodified opinion" from Rehmann Robson, which is the best opinion that an organization can receive on its financial statements. It indicates that the auditor's examination has disclosed no conditions that cause them to believe that the financial statements are not fairly stated in all material respects.

Additionally, during the current year an audit was performed in accordance with the requirements of the *Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (P.L. 104456)*. The auditor's reports related to the single audit are issued as a part of this report.

# **Awards**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the City of Troy, Michigan for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

This was the nineteenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a certificate of achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A certificate of achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City has also received the GFOA Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting (PAFR) and the GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the City's three year budget.

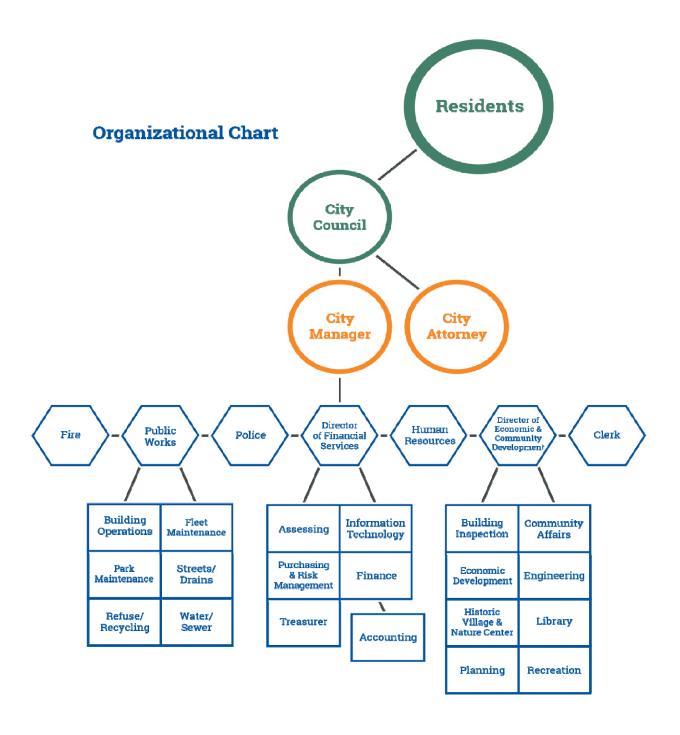
# Acknowledgements

The timely preparation of the CAFR was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in preparation of this report.

Brian Kischnick City Manager Thomas E. Darling, CPA, CPFIM Director of Financial Services

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Troy Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

# CITY OF TROY, MICHIGAN PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

**Acting City Manager Brian Kischnick** 

> City Attorney Lori Grigg Bluhm

Director of Financial Services Thomas E. Darling, CPA

Director of Economic and Community Development Mark F. Miller

> City Assessor Leger (Nino) Licari

City Clerk Aileen Dickson

City Engineer Steven J. Vandette

City Treasurer Sandra L. Kasperek

Community Affairs Director Cynthia Stewart

Director of Building Operation Steven Pallotta

> Accounting Manager Lisa Burnham

> > Fire Chief **Dave Roberts**

**Human Resources Director** Jeanette Menig

Gertrude M. Paraskevin Information Technology Director

> Library Director Cathleen A. Russ

Recreation Director Elaine Bo

Planning Director **Brent Savidant** 

> Police Chief Gary G. Mayer

**Public Works Director Kurt Bovensiep** 

Purchasing Manager MaryBeth Murz

Superintendent of Fleet Maintenance Brian Varney

Superintendent of Parks, Streets and Drains **Kurt Bovensiep** 

> Superintendent of Water **Paul Trosper**

# **FUND ORGANIZATION CHART**

# **Governmental Funds**

■General Fund\*

# **Special Revenue Funds**

- Major Streets
- Local Streets
- Refuse
- Transit Center
- Drug Forfeiture
- Library
- Community Development Block Grant

# **Debt Service Funds**

- General Debt Service
- Proposal A
- Proposal B
- Proposal C
- Series 2013\*
- Capital Projects Fund\*

# Permanent Fund

■ Cemetery Perpetual Care

# **Proprietary Funds**

# **Enterprise Funds**

- Water\*
- Sanitary Sewer\*
- Aquatic Center
- Sylvan Glen Golf Course Fund
- Sanctuary Lake Golf Course Fund\*

# **Internal Service**

- Compensated Absences
- Unemployment Compensation
- Custodial Services
- Information Technology
- Motor Equipment
- Workers' Compensation

# Fiduciary Funds

# Pension and OPEB Trust

- Employees' Retirement System
- Firefighters Incentive Trust
- Retiree Health Care Trust

# Agency

Agency

# **Component Units**

- Downtown Development Authority
- Brownfield Redevelopment Authority
- Local Development Financing Auth.

<sup>\*</sup>Major funds under GASB No. 34

**FINANCIAL SECTION** 

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#### Rehmann Robson

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

November 30, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Troy, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Troy, Michigan* (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Troy, Michigan, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefit plans listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2016, on our consideration of the City of Troy, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Troy, Michigan (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

## Financial Highlights

- The City's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$459.8 million (net position). Of this amount \$118.5 million represents unrestricted net position which are economic (not total cash) resources which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.
- The City's total revenues of \$119.1 million were in excess of total expense of \$110.6 million resulting in an increase of net position in the amount of \$8.5 million.
- The City's governmental activities incurred expenses of \$75.7 million. These expenses were covered by program revenues totaling \$27.4 million and general revenues (including taxes, state shared revenues and other non-restrictive grants and contributions) of \$56.1 million resulting in an increase in net position of approximately \$7.8 million.
- Governmental activities revenue increased \$2.3 million due to additional capital contributions of \$1.1 million for Tri-Party agreements, Sylvan Glen Drain grants and Dog Park contributions. General revenues including property taxes increased \$1.8 million.
- Governmental activities expense decreased by \$4.7 million due to a prior year contribution of an additional \$2 million to the Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan & Trust and a reduction in pension expense of \$1.8 million.
- The City's business-type activities incurred \$34.9 million in expenses. These expenses were paid by program revenues, primarily in the form of user charges and contributions of \$34.9 million and other general revenues of \$689 thousand. This resulted in an increase in net position of approximately \$721 thousand. This increase is primarily due to higher sales volume in water and sanitary sewer funds along with increased participation at the City's municipal golf courses and aquatic center due to favorable weather patterns.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$55.0 million, a decrease of \$4.4 million in comparison with the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to planned one time expenditures for capital projects including major and local road improvements. Unassigned fund balance was approximately \$20.1 million is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$20.1 million, or approximately 39.4% of total general fund expenditures.

## Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consists of three components. The first component, *Government-Wide* financial statements, includes two financial statements, the *Statement of Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, these provide information about the activities of the City of Troy as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances.

The second component, Fund financial statements, includes financial statements of governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds which focus on how City services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City of Troy's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

The third and final component of the City's basic financial statements include notes that explain and provide more detailed data about some of the information found in the *Government-Wide* and *Fund* financial statements. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Information in the supplementary section include combining statements that provide details about our nonmajor governmental, nonmajor enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary funds, each of which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the City of Troy as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the change in the difference between the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. This change in net position is an indicator of whether the City's financial health is improving or deteriorating. In order to assess the overall health of the City, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads and other infrastructure.

The government-wide financial statements of the City of Troy are divided into two activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as police, fire, public works, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes, state shared revenue, and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities - The City charges fees to customers to help cover the cost of certain services it provides. The City's business-type activities include water, sanitary sewer, Aquatic Center, and two public golf courses.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate entities of the *Downtown Development Authority*, *Local Development Financing Authority* and the *Brownfield Redevelopment Authority* for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City of Troy has three types of funds:

Governmental Funds - Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash, and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out. The funds also show the balances left at yearend that are available for spending.

The governmental fund statements focus on a short-term view rather than the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, so additional information is provided after the governmental fund statements that explain the relationship or differences between the fund and government-wide statements.

*Proprietary Funds* - Proprietary funds are used to report services where the City charges customers a fee for services rendered. Proprietary funds provide both long- and short-term financial information. The two types of proprietary funds are enterprise and internal service funds:

- Enterprise funds and business-type activities are the same, but the fund statements provide more detail and additional information such as cash flows.
- Internal Service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and service for the City's other programs. Examples of internal service funds would be Motor Equipment and Information Technology.

Fiduciary Funds - The City of Troy is trustee for its employee pension and other postemployment benefits plans. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance operations.

#### **Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis**

# Statements of net position

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, net position was \$459.8 million, at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

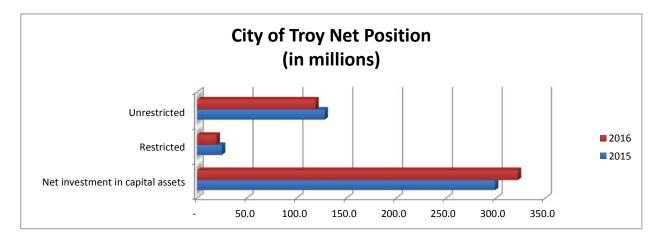
The table below shows the comparison of total assets, deferred outflows, total liabilities, deferred inflows and total net position (in millions of dollars) in a condensed format as of June 30, 2016 to the prior year.

	Governmental Activities				В	usiness-typ	oe A	ctivities	Total				
	2	016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015	
Assets:													
Current and other assets	\$	108.4	\$	112.3	\$	43.1	\$	49.8	\$	151.5	\$	162.1	
Capital assets		224.0		211.6		136.2		129.1		360.2		340.7	
Total assets		332.4		323.9		179.3		178.9		511.7		502.8	
Deferred outflows		14.2		5.9		0.8		0.8		15.0		6.7	
Liabilities:													
Long-term debt outstanding		35.0		37.3		9.3		10.1		44.3		47.4	
Other liabilities		17.9		6.7		4.5		4.1		22.4		10.8	
Total liabilities		52.9		44.0		13.8		14.2		66.7		58.2	
Deferred inflows		0.1						-		0.1			
Net position: Net investment in													
capital assets		194.3		178.9		127.6		119.8		321.9		298.7	
Restricted		19.4		24.8		-		-		19.4		24.8	
Unrestricted		79.9		82.1		38.6		45.7		118.5		127.8	
Total net position	\$	293.6	\$	285.8	\$	166.2	\$	165.5	\$	459.8	\$	451.3	

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position (70.0%) reflects its investment in capital assets of \$321.9 million (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its residents. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (4.2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$118.5 million (25.8%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its residents and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.



The City's overall net position increased \$8.5 million from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

#### Statements of activities

The following table shows the comparison of the change in net position (in millions of dollars) as of June 30, 2016 to the prior year, in a condensed format:

	Governmen	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
	2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015	
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$ 15.1	\$	15.4	\$	33.8	\$	29.5	\$	48.9	\$	44.9	
Operating grants &												
contributions	0.8		1.1		-		-		0.8		1.1	
Capital grants & contributions	11.5		10.4		1.1		0.3		12.6		10.7	
General revenues:												
Property taxes	48.4		47.0		-		-		48.4		47.0	
State-shared revenues	6.5		6.5		-		-		6.5		6.5	
Interest earnings	1.1		0.3		0.7		0.1		1.8		0.4	
Other revenue	0.1		0.5		-		-		0.1		0.5	
Total revenues	83.5		81.2		35.6		29.9		119.1		111.1	
Expenses:												
General government	11.3		10.4		-		-		11.3		10.4	
Public safety	31.0		35.7		-		-		31.0		35.7	
Public works	16.3		17.2		-		-		16.3		17.2	
Sanitation	4.5		4.6		-		-		4.5		4.6	
Community & economic												
development	1.0		1.0		-		-		1.0		1.0	
Recreation and culture	10.30		10.1		-		-		10.3		10.1	
Interest expense	1.3		1.4		-		-		1.3		1.4	
Water	-		-		18.50		15.7		18.5		15.7	
Sanitary sewer	-		-		12.6		12.8		12.6		12.8	
Golf courses	-		-		3.10		2.9		3.1		2.9	
Aquatic center			-		0.7		0.6		0.7		0.6	
Total expenses	75.7		80.4		34.9		32.0		110.6		112.4	

# Statements of activities (continued)

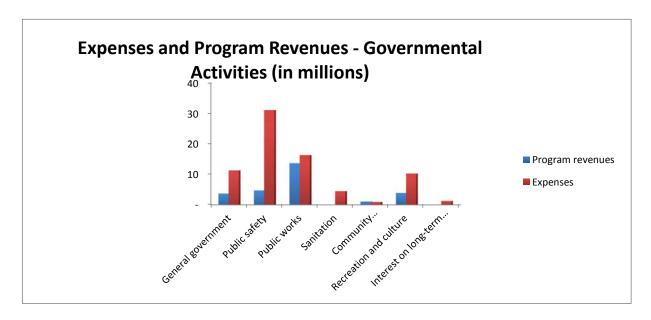
	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				Total				
		2016	2015		2016		2015		2016			2015		
Increase in net position before transfers	\$	7.8	\$	0.8	\$	0.7	\$	(2.1)	\$	8.5	\$	(1.3)		
Transfers		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Change in net position		7.8		0.8		0.7		(2.1)		8.5		(1.3)		
Net position, beginning of year		285.8		285.0		165.5		167.6		451.3		452.6		
Net position, end of year	\$	293.6	\$	285.8	\$	166.2	\$	165.5	\$	459.8	\$	451.3		

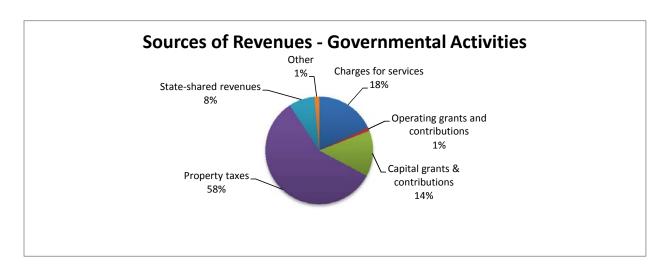
#### **Governmental Activities**

During the current fiscal year, net position for the City's governmental activities increased \$7.8 million from the prior fiscal year.

Total governmental revenue is reported at \$83.5 million, an increase of \$2.3 million from the prior year. The increase is primarily due to an increase of tax revenues of \$1.4 million and additional capital and grant contributions of \$1.1 million. The capital contributions were from the Road Commission of Oakland County, Oakland County and the Michigan Department of Transportation for street improvements (\$1.3 million), federal grants for drain improvements (\$375 thousand), and dog park contributions of \$142 thousand.

Total governmental expenses are reported at \$75.7 million, a decrease of \$4.7 million from the prior year. The decrease is due to the prior additional contribution of \$2 million to the Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan & Trust along with a \$1.8 million reduction in pension expense for the current year.





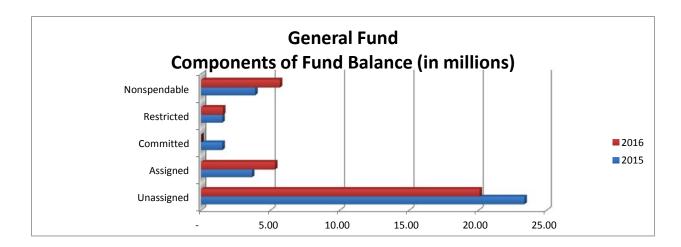
## **Business-type Activities**

The City of Troy's business-type activities consist of water supply, sanitary sewer, aquatic center, and two municipal golf courses. Water and sanitary sewer services, classified as Major Funds, are provided to City residents through the Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA) and Oakland County Water Resource Commission (OCWRC), respectively. Change in net position for business-type activities increased \$0.7 million. The Water Fund activities decreased net position by \$200 thousand while the Sanitary Sewer Fund increased net position by \$788 thousand. Although the Water Fund decreased net position by \$200 thousand, it was a significant improvement compared to the prior year decrease of \$1.1 million. These favorable results were primarily due to a significant increase in sale volumes of 3.4% coupled with a water rate increase from \$31.00 per thousand cubic feet (mcf) to \$34.40 per mcf, or 11%.purchase rate increases of 4.65% for water and 13.0% for sewer. The City's two golf courses recorded combined operating income of \$349 thousand and increased net position by \$72 thousand after deducting debt interest expense of \$293 thousand. The Aquatic Center recorded both operating income and an increase of net position of \$26 thousand. It should be noted that weather conditions can have a significant impact on financial results for all of the City's business-type activities.

# Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City Council or management.

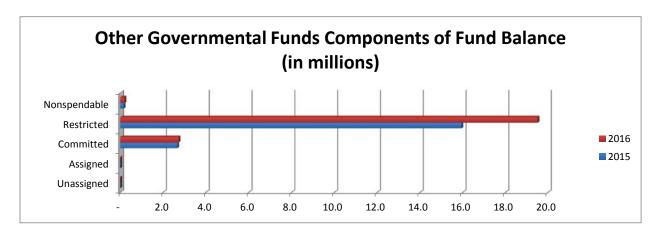
The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$55.0 million, a decrease of \$4.4 million compared to the prior year. Approximately 36.5% of this amount (\$20.1 million) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed*, *or assigned* to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form, 2) legally required to be maintained intact, 3) restricted for particular purposes, 4) committed for particular purposes, or 5) assigned for particular purposes.



The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$20.1 million, while total general fund balance decreased \$2.0 million to \$32.6 million. This decrease was by design during the budget process using one-time expenditures (designated for road projects) to bring unassigned general fund balance down to the target limits of 20% to 30% of annual expenditures. As a measure of the general funds liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 39.4% of total general fund expenditures, while total general fund balance represents approximately 64.0% of the same amount.

As mentioned, total general fund balance decreased by \$2.0 million in the current fiscal year. Total revenues of \$52.7 million had a modest increase of \$994 thousand or 1.9% compared to the prior year. Property taxes, the General Fund's largest source of revenue, increased \$641 thousand or 2.1%. Taxable values of \$4.4 billion increased \$128 million or 2.9%. Residential values represented 64.3% of total taxable value while the combined comercial, industrial and personal property taxable values represented 35.7%.

General fund expenditures (before transfers) of \$51.0 million decreased \$2.3 million or 4.3%. The decrease was primarily in the area of an additional \$2.0 contribution to the Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Program in the prior year to offset increases to the Years of Service multiplier.



The capital projects fund, a major fund, had a decrease in fund balance of \$2.8 million during the current year for a total of \$11.0 million. Major capital projects included major street improvements of \$8.1 million, local street improvements of \$9.0 million, storm drain improvements of \$1.7 million, transit center land purchase \$3.2 million and fire building and apparatus of \$787 thousand. It should be noted that the General Fund contributed \$7.4 million towards the street and fire department improvements. The transit center land purchase was funded primarily with federal grant dollars with the remaining amount funded through fund balance restricted for transporation purposes.

The Series 2013 debt service fund, a major fund, was issued by the City to advance refund prior debt issuance of the Troy Downtown Development Authority (TDDA), a discrete component unit of the City. The debt was issued by the City to mitigate the financial impact of debt burden on the TDDA that was facing decreased tax capture from the district due to the 2008 recession and to take advantage of the City's AAA bond rating to receive favorable rates. Restructure of the TDDA district provides funding for debt service payments that are derived through charges from the City to the TDDA for reimbursement purposes. The fund maintains a zero fund balance.

#### Financial Analysis of Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The unrestricted net position of the water fund was \$13.0 million and the sanitary sewer fund was \$28.7 million at the end of the current fiscal year. The Water Fund net positions decreased by \$200 thousand while the sanitary sewer fund increased \$788 thousand. This was primarily due to the increse in sale volumes of 3.4% coupled with a water rate increase of 11% and a sanitary sewer rate of 2.0%.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, City Council amended the budget to take into account events during the year. Transfers out increased by \$5.2 million. City Council recognized General Fund surplus for the June 30, 2015 fiscal year and appropriated these funds to support the City's street improvement program while utilizing one-time expenditures to address General Fund unassigned fund balance.

Revenues of \$52.7 million were \$524 thousand over amended budget amounts. Contributing factors include charges for services over the amended budget by \$803 thousand primarily from engineering fees charged to various projects.

Expenditures of \$51.0 million were \$5.5 million under amended budget amounts. Expenditures by function under the amended budget include general government by \$522 thousand primarily from personal service (\$253 thousand), supplies (\$16 thousand) and other service charges (\$255 thousand). Public safety expenditures were under budget by \$3.2 million from personal service costs (\$2.1 million), supplies (\$99 thousand) and other service charges (\$994 thousand). Public works expenditures were under budget by \$1.2 million from maintenance/snow removal for major, county and local streets including personal service (\$473 thousand), supplies (\$37 thousand) and other service charges (\$662 thousand). Community development was under budget by \$150 thousand including personal services (\$115 thousand) and other service charges (\$37 thousand). Culture and recreation was under budget by \$411 thousand including personal services (\$89 thousand) and other service charges (\$360 thousand).

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of fiscal 2016, the City of Troy had \$360.2 million invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, police and fire equipment, water and sewer lines, roads, sidewalks, and other infrastructure. The increase in capital assets of \$19.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation) compared to the prior year was primarily attributable to the acquisition of new infrastructure items such as streets \$17.1 million, storm drains \$1.7, transit center land \$3.2 million and water and sanitary sewer transmission and distribution system improvements of \$10.9 million.

The City of Troy's debt rating is excellent. The City maintains a AAA rating on unlimited tax general obligation bonds by Standard and Poor's. The City of Troy's bond indebtedness totaled \$38.1 million at June 30, 2016, a decrease of \$3.6 million from the prior year due to the payment of bond principal.

Additional information about the City's capital assets and debt administration is presented in the notes to financial statements titled "Capital Assets" and "Long-Term Liabilities", respectively.

#### **Current Economic Events**

The following economic factors currently affect the City and were considered in developing the 2016/2017 through 2018/2019 three year fiscal budget.

- The millage rate for the 2016/2017 fiscal year decreased slightly to 10.4 mills compared to the 10.5 mills for the 2015/16 fiscal year. This is due to a decreased requirement for debt service from 0.70 mills to 0.60 mills. The total millage of 10.4 mills includes general operating millage of 6.5 mills, capital projects of 1.53 mills, refuse of 1.07 mills, debt service of 0.6 mills and library operations of 0.7 mills.
- Total General Fund revenues and other sources are expected to generate approximately \$57.0 million. This is a slight increase of \$588 thousand or 1.0% compared to the fiscal 2015/2016 results of \$56.4 million. Property tax revenues which accounts for approximately 57.9% of total General Fund revenues is expected to generate \$30.9 million. This is an increase of \$427 thousand or 1.4%.
- General fund expenditures and other uses are budgeted at \$59.2 million. This is an increase of to increase of \$834 thousand or 1.4% compared to fiscal 2015/16 results. The increase is primarily due to increases in personel costs and healthcare.
- The City purchases its water and sanitary sewer services from the Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA) and Oakland County Water Resource Commission (OCWRC), respectively. The 2016/17 budget recognizes a stabalized sales volume of approximately 460 thousand mcf. This is a leveling of sales volume compared to a steady decrease over the last several years. Rates for the systems are developed based on estimated sales volume to cover estimated costs and capital requirements. Water rates were established at \$38.50 per mcf. This is an increase of \$4.10 per mcf or 11.9%. Sanitary sewer rates remained unchanged at 25.30 per mcf. The City prides itself on having one of the lowest combined water and sewer rates of any Southeastern Michigan community.
- The City maintains a long and established practice of using a conservative approach in developing it's three-year budget.

#### Contacting the City of Troy's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the City of Troy's financial condition.

If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the administrative offices at City Hall, 500 W. Big Beaver, Troy, MI. 48084. Additional information can be obtained at the City of Troy's web site, www.troymi.gov.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

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## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	F			
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Assets Cash and investments Receivables (net)	\$ 64,859,805 21,107,026	\$ 37,858,689 8,895,014	\$ 102,718,494 30,002,040	\$ 624,751 455,420
Internal balances Other assets Net pension asset Other postemployment benefits asset	4,183,578 1,953,007 13,628,697 2,643,580	(4,183,578) 536,795 - -	2,489,802 13,628,697 2,643,580	- - -
Capital assets: Assets not being depreciated Assets being depreciated, net	49,931,954 174,117,837	26,912,287 109,245,561	76,844,241 283,363,398	-
Total assets	332,425,484	179,264,768	511,690,252	1,080,171
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred pension expenses Deferred loss on debt refinancing	14,223,103	- 787,612	14,223,103 787,612	-
Total deferred outflows	14,223,103	787,612	15,010,715	
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll	4,586,771 1,556,394	3,914,392	8,501,163 1,556,394	1,320
Accrued liabilities Net pension liability Unearned revenue Long-term debt:	713,397 10,399,967 656,418	598,712 - -	1,312,109 10,399,967 656,418	203,346
Due within one year Due in more than one year	5,850,310 29,178,952	738,824 8,595,510	6,589,134 37,774,462	260,000 14,165,000
Total liabilities	52,942,209	13,847,438	66,789,647	14,629,666
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred pension resources Deferred gain on refunding	81,033	-	81,033	- 424,579
Total deferred inflows of resources	81,033	-	81,033	424,579
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	194,299,483	127,611,126	321,910,609	
Debt service Capital projects Highways and streets	1,085,922 8,271,023 6,673,362	- - -	1,085,922 8,271,023 6,673,362	- - -
Sanitation services Library services Other services Perpetual care:	985,959 1,466,156 762,226	- -	985,959 1,466,156 762,226	-
Nonexpendable Expendable Unrestricted (deficit)	161,800 54,122 79,865,292	- - 38,593,816	161,800 54,122 118,459,108	- - (13,974,074)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 293,625,345	\$ 166,204,942	\$ 459,830,287	\$ (13,974,074)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Program Revenues			
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Net (Expense)
Functions / Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Revenue
Drimony government					
Primary government Governmental activities					
	¢ 44 20E 400	¢ 2.7// 040	Ċ 42./4E	Ċ	Ċ (7 E24 E24)
General government	\$ 11,305,100	\$ 3,766,949	\$ 13,615	\$ -	\$ (7,524,536)
Public safety	31,023,545	4,451,076	327,941	-	(26,244,528)
Public works	16,269,932	3,335,490	-	10,337,620	(2,596,822)
Sanitation	4,517,499	8,630	-	-	(4,508,869)
Community and economic					
development	955,880	-	171,023	970,337	185,480
Recreation and culture	10,248,458	3,587,481	247,970	158,733	(6,254,274)
Interest on long-term debt	1,344,219				(1,344,219)
Total governmental activities	75,664,633	15,149,626	760,549	11,466,690	(48,287,768)
Business-type activities					
Water	18,508,493	17,465,511		633,446	(409,536)
Sewer	12,584,209	12,470,724	-	470,686	357,201
Aquatic center	700,430	728,589	-	470,000	28,159
•	·	·	-	-	
Sylvan Glen golf course	1,143,351	1,291,367	-	-	148,016
Sanctuary Lake golf course	1,900,990	1,809,386	·		(91,604)
Total business-type activities	34,837,473	33,765,577		1,104,132	32,236
Total primary government	\$110,502,106	\$ 48,915,203	\$ 760,549	\$12,570,822	\$(48,255,532)
Component units					
Downtown development authority	\$ 849,206	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (849,206)
	\$ 649,200	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	<b>,</b> -	\$ (049,200)
Local development financing	147 270				(147.270)
authority	167,378	-	-	-	(167,378)
Brownfield redevelopment authority	9,708				(9,708)
Total component units	\$ 1,026,292	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,026,292)

continued...

## **Statement of Activities (Continued)**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Р			
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Changes in net position				
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (48,287,768)	\$ 32,236	\$ (48,255,532)	\$ (1,026,292)
General revenues				
Property taxes	30,673,539	-	30,673,539	-
Property taxes for sanitary purposes	4,733,992	-	4,733,992	-
Property taxes for economic development	-	-	-	1,273,244
Property taxes for library	3,083,735	-	3,083,735	-
Property taxes for capital projects	6,771,668	-	6,771,668	-
Property taxes for debt service	3,106,251	-	3,106,251	-
State shared revenue, unrestricted	6,535,632	-	6,535,632	-
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs	24,472	-	24,472	-
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,079,714	681,643	1,761,357	12,647
Gain on sale of capital assets	131,968	6,946	138,914	
Total general revenues	56,140,971	688,589	56,829,560	1,285,891
Change in net position	7,853,203	720,825	8,574,028	259,599
Net position, beginning of year (deficit)	285,772,142	165,484,117	451,256,259	(14,233,673)
Net position, end of year (deficit)	\$ 293,625,345	\$ 166,204,942	\$ 459,830,287	\$ (13,974,074)

concluded.

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2016

	General	Debt Service Series 2013	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	ocriciai	301103 2013	Trojects	Turius	1 unus
Cash and investments	\$ 28,302,887	\$ -	\$ 11,560,788	\$ 10,296,514	\$ 50,160,189
Receivables:	. , ,	•	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,
Accounts receivable (net)	886,197	-	554,353	259,961	1,700,511
Taxes-delinquent	135,601	-	-	-	135,601
Special assessments	-	-	50,178	-	50,178
Interest and dividends	48,807	-	-	-	48,807
Due from component units	-	14,538,611	-	-	14,538,611
Due from other governments	1,476,378	-	1,778,661	1,318,317	4,573,356
Inventory	393,004	-	-	-	393,004
Prepaid expenditures	1,115,902	-	-	35,100	1,151,002
Advances to other funds	4,160,384				4,160,384
Total assets	\$ 36,519,160	\$ 14,538,611	\$ 13,943,980	\$ 11,909,892	\$ 76,911,643
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,787,174	\$ -	\$ 2,093,576	\$ 463,004	\$ 4,343,754
Accrued payroll	1,556,394	-	-	-	1,556,394
Unearned revenue	-	-	656,418	-	656,418
Other liabilities	305,928		150,267	10,891	467,086
Total liabilities	3,649,496	-	2,900,261	473,895	7,023,652
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue - property tax and long-term receivables	262,504	14,538,611	51,874		14,852,989
Fund balances					
Nonspendable	5,669,290	-	-	196,900	5,866,190
Restricted	1,563,203	-	8,271,023	11,239,097	21,073,323
Committed	-	-	2,720,822	-	2,720,822
Assigned	5,312,270	-	-	-	5,312,270
Unassigned	20,062,397				20,062,397
Total fund balances	32,607,160		10,991,845	11,435,997	55,035,002
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources and fund balances	\$ 36,519,160	\$ 14,538,611	\$ 13,943,980	\$ 11,909,892	\$ 76,911,643

#### Reconciliation

Fund Balances for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities

June 30, 2016

Fund	balances -	total	governmental	funds

\$ 55,035,002

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Add: capital assets not being depreciated	49,856,857
Add: capital assets being depreciated	427,780,270
Deduct: accumulated depreciation	(258,076,771)

Contributions to Trust Funds in excess of actuarially required amounts create an asset that can be applied to future required contributions in the statement of net position but are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Add: other postemployment benefits asset 2,643,580

Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred inflows in the governmental funds, and thus not included in fund balance.

Add: deferred inflows from DDA debt reimbursments and personal property tax receivables 14,852,989

The recognition of net pension assets (or liabilities) involves the use actuarial assumptions based over a long-term time period. In addition, differences in actual to assumed results can have a significant impact on financial position and/or results if recognized in a single year and not adjusted (or smoothed) over a period that recognizes normal fluctuations in conditions. Because governmental funds focus on short-term financing, the recognition of net pension assets (or liabilities) and the related deferrals in actual to assumed results are not included in governmental funds. Accordingly, they are not included in fund balance.

Add: Net Pension assets	13,628,697
Add: deferred outflows from pension expense recognition	14,223,103
Deduct: Net Pension liability	(10,399,967)
Deduct: deferred inflows from pension expense recognition	(81,033)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage, public service department and retiree health care costs to individual governmental funds. A portion of the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Add: net position of governmental activities accounted for in the internal service funds.	15,075,286
Add: due from business-type activities for internal service fund activities	23,194

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Deduct: accrued interest payable	(246,450)
Deduct: bonds payable and related premiums	(29,750,308)
Deduct: claims incurred but not reported	(939,104)

#### Net position of governmental activities

\$ 293,625,345

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Debt		Other	Total
		Service	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Series 2013	Projects	Funds	Funds
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 30,486,065	\$ -	\$ 6,771,668	\$ 10,923,978	\$ 48,181,711
Licenses and permits	2,519,342	-	-	-	2,519,342
Intergovernmental:					
Federal sources	29,449	-	2,223,895	239,282	2,492,626
State sources	6,652,295	-	702,686	6,661,544	14,016,525
Local sources	238,599	-	1,162,856	-	1,401,455
Charges for services	9,313,681	-	238,356	84,663	9,636,700
Fines and forfeitures	983,677	-	-	199,894	1,183,571
Investment earnings	484,516	-	169,331	211,382	865,229
Other	1,966,016	951,013	11,898	19,339	2,948,266
Total revenues	52,673,640	951,013	11,280,690	18,340,082	83,245,425
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	7,247,935	-	30,925	59,544	7,338,404
Public safety	28,562,711	-	-	48,310	28,611,021
Public works	5,372,214	-	-	-	5,372,214
Sanitation	-	-	-	4,517,910	4,517,910
Community development	3,073,451	-	-	112,552	3,186,003
Recreation and culture	6,727,789	-	-	2,729,910	9,457,699
Debt service:					
Principal	-	260,000	222,716	2,440,000	2,922,716
Interest and fees	-	691,013	52,869	664,062	1,407,944
Capital outlay			24,973,022		24,973,022
Total expenditures	50,984,100	951,013	25,279,532	10,572,288	87,786,933
Revenues (under) over expenditures	1,689,540		(13,998,842)	7,767,794	(4,541,508)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	3,709,153	-	10,985,700	3,528,413	18,223,266
Transfers out	(7,410,000)	-	-	(10,813,266)	(18,223,266)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			172,438		172,438
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,700,847)		11,158,138	(7,284,853)	172,438
Net change in fund balances	(2,011,307)	-	(2,840,704)	482,941	(4,369,070)
Fund balances, beginning of year	34,618,467		13,832,549	10,953,056	59,404,072
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 32,607,160	\$ -	\$ 10,991,845	\$ 11,435,997	\$ 55,035,002
		<del></del>			

#### R

#### Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (4,369,070)

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

The Capital Projects Fund reports outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of some of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Add: capitalized outlays	24,934,464
Deduct: depreciation expense	(12,827,830)
Deduct: cost basis of assets sold	(236,412)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred inflows to the following fiscal year.

Deduct: Difference in net pension asset/liability and related deferred outflows and deferred inflows	(2,707,235)
Add: net difference in deferred inflows for property taxes	187,474
Deduct: deferred inflow change for long-term receivable	(261,516)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Add: principal payments on long-term liabilities

2,922,716

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment, public service department and employee insurance costs to individual governmental funds. The net expense attributable to those funds are reported with governmental activities.

Add: net income from governmental activities in the internal service funds

451,221

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Add: decrease in accrued interest expense and amortization of bond premiums	63,723
Deduct: increase in accrued claims payable	(304,332)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 7,853,203

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 30,835,600	\$ 30,835,600	\$ 30,486,065	\$ (349,535)
Licenses and permits	2,587,150	2,587,150	2,519,342	(67,808)
Intergovernmental				
Federal sources	3,000	3,000	29,449	26,449
State sources	6,913,300	6,913,300	6,652,295	(261,005)
Local sources	214,880	214,880	238,599	23,719
Charges for services	8,511,100	8,511,100	9,313,681	802,581
Fines and forfeitures	844,000	844,000	983,677	139,677
Investment earnings	250,000	250,000	484,516	234,516
Other	 1,991,000	 1,991,000	 1,966,016	(24,984)
Total revenues	 52,150,030	 52,150,030	 52,673,640	523,610
Expenditures General government				
Council and executive administration	4,029,320	4,029,320	3,784,273	(245,047)
Finance	2,596,230	2,596,230	2,446,952	(149,278)
Other	 1,144,400	1,144,400	1,016,710	(127,690)
Total general government	 7,769,950	7,769,950	7,247,935	(522,015)
Public safety				
Police	24,237,560	24,237,560	21,853,975	(2,383,585)
Fire	5,030,550	5,030,550	4,688,529	(342,021)
Building inspection	2,513,720	2,513,720	2,020,207	(493,513)
Total public safety	31,781,830	31,781,830	28,562,711	(3,219,119)
Public works				
Roads and streets	6,544,050	 6,544,050	 5,372,214	(1,171,836)
Community Development				
Engineering	2,341,890	2,341,890	2,269,739	(72,151)
Planning	881,160	881,160	803,712	(77,448)
Total community development	3,223,050	3,223,050	3,073,451	(149,599)
Culture and recreation	2.757.240	2.754.240	2 422 244	(224.046)
Parks	2,756,310	2,756,310	2,432,264	(324,046)
Recreation	4,082,990	4,082,990	4,026,506	(56,484)
Historic village and nature center	 299,250	 299,250	 269,019	(30,231)
Total culture and recreation	 7,138,550	 7,138,550	 6,727,789	(410,761)
Total expenditures	 56,457,430	 56,457,430	 50,984,100	(5,473,330)

continued...

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues over (under) expenditures	Original Budget \$ (4,307,400)	Final Budget \$ (4,307,400)	Actual \$ 1,689,540	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget \$ 5,996,940
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	4,542,880	4,542,880	3,709,153	(833,727)
Transfers out	(5,160,000)	(10,360,000)	(7,410,000)	(2,950,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(617,120)	(5,817,120)	(3,700,847)	(3,783,727)
Net change in fund balances	(4,924,520)	(10,124,520)	(2,011,307)	8,113,213
Fund balance, beginning of year	34,618,467	34,618,467	34,618,467	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 29,693,947	\$ 24,493,947	\$ 32,607,160	\$ 8,113,213

concluded.

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
		business-typ	e Activities - Litte	Nonmajor		Activities					
		Sanitary	Sanctuary Lake	Enterprise		Internal					
	Water	Sewer	Golf Course	Funds	Total	Service Funds					
Assets											
Current assets:											
Cash and investments	\$ 9,656,946	\$ 26,885,832	\$ 771,072	\$ 544,839	\$ 37,858,689	\$ 14,699,616					
Interest receivable	499	2,187	-	-	2,686	-					
Accounts receivable: Billed	2,831,122	302,069	280	38,477	3,171,948	59,962					
Unbilled	3,178,666	2,088,838	-	30,477	5,267,504	J9,90Z					
Inventories	359,821	29,313	34,494	30,121	453,749	409,001					
Prepaid expenses	-	-	49,591	33,455	83,046	-					
Total current assets	16,027,054	29,308,239	855,437	646,892	46,837,622	15,168,579					
Noncurrent assets:	F2 020	200.046			452.07/						
Contracts receivable Advances to other funds	53,930	398,946	-	3,343,230	452,876 3,343,230	-					
Capital assets not being depreciated	13,231,467	9,572,805	2,213,463	1,894,552	26,912,287	- 75,097					
Capital assets being depreciated		07.00.4.00.4	. =0.4.00=								
net of accumulated depreciation	73,191,485	27,824,284	6,701,925	1,527,867	109,245,561	4,414,338					
Total noncurrent assets	86,476,882	37,796,035	8,915,388	6,765,649	139,953,954	4,489,435					
Total assets	102,503,936	67,104,274	9,770,825	7,412,541	186,791,576	19,658,014					
Deferred outflow of resources											
Deferred loss on debt refinancing	-	-	787,612	-	787,612	-					
Liabilities											
Current liabilities:	0.040.5=0	050 000			2 24 4 222	a .a a=a					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	2,819,573	958,892 113	420 167,745	135,507	3,914,392	242,878					
Compensated absences	245,040	113	107,743	185,814	598,712	2,425,505					
Current portion of bonds and						2,423,303					
capital lease payable	-	-	686,912	51,912	738,824	-					
Total current liabilities	3,064,613	959,005	855,077	373,233	5,251,928	2,668,383					
Noncurrent liabilities:											
Compensated absences	-	-	7 222 242	400 202	7 502 (44	1,914,345					
Advances from other funds Bonds and capital lease payable	-	-	7,323,312 8,560,056	180,302 35,454	7,503,614 8,595,510	-					
		· <del></del>									
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	<u> </u>	15,883,368	215,756	16,099,124	1,914,345					
Total liabilities	3,064,613	959,005	16,738,445	588,989	21,351,052	4,582,728					
Net position											
Net investment in capital assets	86,422,952	37,397,089	456,032	3,335,053	127,611,126	4,489,435					
Unrestricted (deficit)	13,016,371	28,748,180	(6,636,040)	3,488,499	38,617,010	10,585,851					
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 99,439,323	\$ 66,145,269	\$ (6,180,008)	\$ 6,823,552	166,228,136	\$ 15,075,286					
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of	of internal service	fund activities rel	lated to enterprise	funds	(23,194)						
Net position of business type activities					\$166,204,942						

# Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
		Business-type	e Activities - Ente			Activities				
		Sanitary	Sanctuary Lake	Nonmajor Enterprise		Internal				
	Water	Sewer	Golf Course	Funds	Total	Service Funds				
Operating revenues										
State grants	\$ -	\$ 232,587	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 232,587	\$ -				
Charges for services Rental:	16,709,771	12,469,650	1,802,954	1,641,841	32,624,216	7,278,670				
Golf course	-	-	432	209,887	210,319	-				
Restaurant	-	-	-	67,200	67,200	-				
Hydrant	4,950	-	-	-	4,950	-				
Building	-	-	-	-	-	163,696				
Equipment		-	-	-	-	3,241,388				
Tap and connections fees	400,760	-	-	-	400,760	-				
Penalties	298,933	4.074		404 020	298,933	-				
Other services to gith funds	51,097	1,074	6,000	101,028	159,199	110 622				
Other services to city funds						118,633				
Total operating revenues	17,465,511	12,703,311	1,809,386	2,019,956	33,998,164	10,802,387				
Operating expenses										
Cost of sales and services	12,359,686	10,049,397	-	-	22,409,083	7,212,870				
General and administrative	1,167,455	611,034	-	-	1,778,489	562,271				
Operations	2,682,126	777,147	1,291,401	1,544,355	6,295,029	2,207,057				
Depreciation	2,324,039	1,158,185	319,708	294,602	4,096,534	744,579				
Total operating expenses	18,533,306	12,595,763	1,611,109	1,838,957	34,579,135	10,726,777				
Operating income (loss)	(1,067,795)	107,548	198,277	180,999	(580,971)	75,610				
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	224 445	44E 700	403	4 005	(04 (42	24.4.405				
Investment earnings Interest expense	234,445	445,700	(289,881)	1,095 (3,273)	681,643 (293,154)	214,485				
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	300	(3,770)	4,000	6,416	6,946	195,942				
dain (toss) on sale of capital assets		(3,770)	4,000	0,410	0,740	173,742				
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	234,745	441,930	(285,478)	4,238	395,435	410,427				
Income (loss) before contributions	(833,050)	549,478	(87,201)	185,237	(185,536)	486,037				
Developer contributions	633,446	238,099			871,545					
Change in net position	(199,604)	787,577	(87,201)	185,237	686,009	486,037				
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	99,638,927	65,357,692	(6,092,807)	6,638,315		14,589,249				
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 99,439,323	\$ 66,145,269	\$ (6,180,008)	\$ 6,823,552		\$ 15,075,286				
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of	of internal service for	und activities rola	ated to enterprise	funds	34,816					
•		and activities lete	ited to enterprise	runus						
Change in net position of business-type	activities				\$ 720,825					

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
		business-type				Activities				
			Sanctuary	Nonmajor						
		Sanitary	Lake Golf	Enterprise		Internal				
	Water	Sewer	Course	Funds	Total	Service Funds				
Cash flows from operating activities										
Cash received from customers and others	\$ 16,064,583	\$ 12,064,281	\$ 1,809,531	\$ 2,003,058	\$ 31,941,453	\$ -				
Cash received from interfund services	-		-	-		10,802,387				
Cash payments to employees	(2,288,153)	(730,658)	(602,953)	(815,828)	(4,437,592)	(7,089,813)				
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and										
services	(13,131,634)	(10,432,256)	(702,846)	(586,332)	(24,853,068)	(2,650,808)				
Cash payments for interfund services	(406,069)	(251,574)	(7,642)	(27,905)	(693,190)					
Net cash provided by										
operating activities	238,727	649,793	496,090	572,993	1,957,603	1,061,766				
operating activities	230,727	047,773	470,070	372,773	1,737,003	1,001,700				
Cash flows from noncapital financing										
activities										
Advances to other funds	_	_	_	(100,000)	(100,000)	_				
Advances from other funds	_	_	510,000	(100,000)	510,000	_				
			310,000		310,000					
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital										
financing activities			510,000	(100,000)	410,000					
Cash flows from capital and related										
financing activities										
Purchase of capital assets	(4,029,648)	(6,022,751)	(108,993)	(183,254)	(10,344,646)	(1,350,950)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	300	18,428	4,000	10,550	33,278	195,942				
Capital lease payments	-	-	(50,430)	(50,430)	(100,860)	-				
Bond principal payments	-	-	(645,000)	-	(645,000)	-				
Bond note interest payments	-	-	(236,713)	(3,273)	(239,986)	-				
Net cash (used) by capital and related										
financing activities	(4,029,348)	(6,004,323)	(1,037,136)	(226,407)	(11,297,214)	(1,155,008)				
Cash flows from investing activities										
Investment earnings	234,200	445,042	403	1,095	680,740	222,825				
-										
Net increase (decrease) in cash and										
investments	(3,556,421)	(4,909,488)	(30,643)	247,681	(8,248,871)	129,583				
Cash and investments, beginning of year	13,213,367	31,795,320	801,715	297,158	46,107,560	14,570,033				
, 3 3 ,										
Cash and cash investments, end of year	\$ 9,656,946	\$ 26,885,832	\$ 771,072	\$ 544,839	\$ 37,858,689	\$14,699,616				
•										

continued...

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			В	usiness-type	Acti	vities - Entei	rpris	se Funds				Activities														
		Water	Sanitary Lake		Sanctuary Lake Golf Course		Lake Golf		Lake Golf		Lake Golf		Lake Golf		Lake Golf		Lake Golf		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Enterprise			Total		Internal vice Funds
		_																								
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)																										
to net cash provided by operating activities																										
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,067,795)	\$	107,548	\$	198,277	\$	180,999	\$	(580,971)	\$	75,610														
Adjustments to reconcile operating income																										
(loss) to net cash provided by operating activitie	S																									
Depreciation		2,324,039		1,158,185		319,708		294,602		4,096,534		744,579														
Changes in assets and liabilities:																										
Accounts receivable		(1,410,568)		(670,374)		145		(16,898)		(2,097,695)		-														
Inventories		94,105		13,564		35,012		10,557		153,238		21,717														
Prepaid items		-		-		(23,770)		(4,827)		(28,597)		-														
Contracts receivable		9,640		31,344		-		-		40,984		-														
Accounts payable		1,186,415		9,413		280		103,587		1,299,695		(2,534)														
Accrued liabilities		(897,109)		113		(33,562)		4,973		(925,585)		222,394														
		000 707		(40.700		407.000		F70 000		4 057 (00	•	4 0/4 7//														
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u></u>	238,727	<u></u>	649,793	<u> </u>	496,090	<b>&gt;</b>	572,993	\$	1,957,603	*	1,061,766														
Noncash investing, capital, and																										
financing activities	ċ	622 114	ċ	238,099	ċ		ċ		ċ	971 E/E	ċ															
Contributions of capital assets	<u> </u>	633,446	<u> </u>	238,099	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>		Ş	871,545	<u> </u>															

concluded.

## Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

		ension and PEB Trusts	Agency
Assets			
Cash	\$	7,536,431	\$ 4,354,920
Interest receivable		105,675	-
Investments:			
U.S. Government securities and agencies		8,504,182	-
Municipal securities		55,991	-
Corporate bonds		14,260,275	-
Corporate equities		98,392,006	-
Mutual funds		87,250,683	-
Exchange traded funds		36,720,957	-
Total assets	2	52,826,200	\$ 4,354,920
		_	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable		57,255	\$ 36,100
Accrued liabilities		70,547	-
Performance deposits			 4,318,820
Total liabilities		127,802	\$ 4,354,920
Net position			
Restricted for pension benefits		182,920,911	
Restricted for postemployment		102,720,711	
healthcare benefits		69,777,487	
		F0 (00 000	
Total net position	\$ 2	52,698,398	

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Pension and OPEB Trusts
Additions	
Contributions	
Employer contributions	\$ 6,316,421
Employee contributions	166,434
Total contributions	6,482,855
Investment earnings	
Interest	917,719
Dividends	6,974,400
Other income	84,967
Net adjustment in fair value of investments	(7,557,584)
Total investment earnings	419,502
Less investment expense	578,205
Net investment loss	(158,703)
Total additions	6,324,152
Deductions	
Benefits	16,738,188
Administrative expenses	172,847
Total deductions	16,911,035
Net change in net position	(10,586,883)
Restricted net position, beginning of year for	
Pension benefits	193,940,011
Postemployment healthcare benefits	69,345,270
Total restricted net position, beginning of year	263,285,281
Restricted net position, end of year for	
Pension benefits	182,920,911
Postemployment healthcare benefits	69,777,487
Total restricted net position, end of year	\$ 252,698,398

# Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

		Local		
	Downtown	Development	Brownfield	
	Development	Financing	Redevelopment	
	Authority	Authority	Authority	Total
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 147,241	\$ 117,466	\$ 360,044	\$ 624,751
Receivables:				
Taxes receivable	42,910	-	-	42,910
Revolving loans receivable			412,510	412,510
Total assets	190,151	117,466	772,554	1,080,171
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	-	1,320	-	1,320
Interest payable	113,611	-	-	113,611
Accrued liabilities	-	89,735	-	89,735
Long-term debt:				
Due within one year	260,000	-	-	260,000
Due after one year	14,165,000			14,165,000
Total liabilities	14,538,611	91,055		14,629,666
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred gain on refunding	424,579			424,579
Net position (deficit)				
Unrestricted	\$ (14,773,039)	\$ 26,411	\$ 772,554	\$ (13,974,074)

## Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Local				
	D	owntown	De	evelopment	Br	ownfield		
	De	velopment	l	Financing	Rede	evelopment		
	P	uthority	1	Authority	Authority			Total
Revenues								_
General:								
Property taxes	\$	1,068,043	\$	178,725	\$	26,476	\$	1,273,244
Investment earnings		4,883		2,231		5,533		12,647
Total revenues		1,072,926		180,956		32,009		1,285,891
Expenses								
Economic development		183,296		167,378		9,708		360,382
Interest		665,910		-		-		665,910
Total expenses		849,206		167,378		9,708		1,026,292
Change in net position		223,720		13,578		22,301		259,599
Net position (deficit),								
beginning of year		(14,996,759)		12,833		750,253		(14,233,673)
Net position (deficit), end of year	<b>\$ (</b> 1	4,773,039)	\$	26,411	\$	772,554	\$ (	(13,974,074)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Troy, Michigan have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

#### Description of government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The City of Troy, Michigan was incorporated in 1955, and was formerly known as Troy Township since it was organized in 1821. The City is governed by an elected mayor and six-member council.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of Troy and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

#### **Component Units**

Discretely presented component units. Are legally separate entities, but are not in substance part of the government operation. The City of Troy has three component units, the Downtown Development Authority, Brownfield Redevelopment Authority and the Local Development Financing Authority, which meet the criteria for discretely presented component units. The Authorities are also reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. Financial statements for each of the individual component units are included in the supplemental information section as listed in the table of contents of this report. Separately issued audited financial statements are not available.

The purpose of the Downtown Development Authority is to issue bonds and use tax increment financing in the accomplishment of specific Downtown Development improvements to City-owned facilities and infrastructure, which are contained in the locally adopted development plan. The Downtown Development Authority may participate in projects for private development as long as it is for a public purpose. The Authority's governing body, which consists of thirteen individuals, is selected by the City Council. In addition, the City Council sets the annual budget.

The purpose of the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority is to provide assistance for the redevelopment of abandoned, idled, or under-utilized industrial or commercial properties, which are complicated by real or perceived environmental contamination. The Authority's governing body, which consists of seven individuals, is selected by the City Council. In addition, the City Council sets the annual budget for the Authority.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The Local Development Financing Authority is a multi-jurisdictional authority that was established to encourage local development in order to prevent conditions of unemployment and to promote economic growth. The Authority's governing body, which consists of five individuals, is selected by the City Council. In addition, the City Council sets the annual budget.

#### **Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are prepared using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 33.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. The statements include all funds of the primary government and its component units, except for its fiduciary funds. Those funds are reported in the statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are presented to distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. These activities are reported in governmental and internal service funds. Business-type activities are financed by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. These activities are reported in the City's enterprise funds.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide statements at historical cost. Capital assets include land, improvements to land, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, library collection, infrastructure and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and have initial useful lives beyond a single reporting period. Infrastructure assets are long-lived capital assets that normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets.

Capital assets that are being depreciated are reported net of accumulated depreciation in the statement of net position. Capital assets not being depreciated, such as land and construction in progress, are reported separately.

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense is reported in the statement of activities by allocating the net cost over the estimated useful life of the asset. Assets are depreciated on an individual basis for equipment and buildings. Roads are depreciated as a class with each class containing items based on their date of construction or reconstruction. Sidewalks are depreciated by class with each class containing items based on the year of construction.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting**

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The City reports the following major and nonmajor governmental funds:

#### Major Governmental Funds

*General Fund.* The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

*Debt Service - Series 2013*. This fund is used to account for proceeds received by the City from the Troy Downtown Development Authority (TDDA). The proceeds are to reimburse the City for principal and interest payments on City issued debt to refinance debt originally issued by the TDDA.

Capital Project Fund. The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

*Special Revenue Funds*. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

*Debt Service Funds.* Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

*Permanent Funds.* Permanent funds are used to account for the resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for the benefit of the government or its residents. The City has one permanent fund for cemetery perpetual care.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds, Aquatic Center, golf course funds and the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and service, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Proprietary funds focus on limitations on the use of net position, rather than on the source of those assets.

The following proprietary funds are reported:

#### Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for City operations which are similar to those often found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

*Water Fund.* The water fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water supply system, capital additions and improvements.

Sanitary Sewer Fund. The sanitary sewer fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewage disposal system, capital additions and improvements.

Sanctuary Lake Golf Course. The Sanctuary Lake golf course fund accounts for the operations of the new 18-hole links style course with practice facility.

#### Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City or other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The City operates six internal service funds. The unemployment and workers' compensation funds account for insurance costs provided to and charged to other departments. The compensated absences fund accounts for the accrual of sick and vacation by all departments. The information technology fund provides computer services, training and equipment to all departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The motor equipment fund rents vehicles and equipment to departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The custodial services fund provides services to all funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Fiduciary Funds

#### Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds

Pension funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for the benefit of retirees and their beneficiaries. These include the employees' retirement system trust fund, the retiree health care trust fund and the discretionary fire incentive reserve fund. These funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds, since capital maintenance is critical. They accumulate resources for benefits to qualified employees and volunteers during retirement.

#### Trust and Agency Fund

The trust and agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results from operations. Fund activity includes tax collections for other taxing jurisdictions for which the City collets taxes and contractors performance deposits.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the *full accrual* basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when al liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

All governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available.

Revenues are generally considered available when they are received in cash (unless legally restricted to some future period) or when earned and expected to be collected soon enough after year end to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The exception to this is state shared revenues and expenditure driven grants in which revenues are recognized if received within 90 days and one year of the end of the fiscal period, respectively. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include reimbursement grants, state shared revenues and charges for services.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred provided the liability normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The major exception to this general rule is principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Certain indirect expenditures are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus. This means that generally only current assets and current liabilities are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financial uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

All proprietary funds, pension and retiree health care trust funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "economic resources" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their statements of net position. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Unbilled water and sewer fund utility service receivables are recorded at year-end.

#### **Budgetary Information**

The City is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of the State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 (the Uniform Budgeting Act). The following is a summary of the requirements of this Act according to the State Treasurer's "Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan" dated April 1984:

- 1. Budgets must be adopted for the general fund and special revenue funds.
- 2. The budgets must be balanced.
- 3. The budgets must be amended when necessary.
- 4. Public hearings must be held before budget adoptions.
- 5. Expenditures cannot exceed budget appropriations.
- 6. Expenditures must be authorized by a budget before being incurred.

The City adopts its budget by function, which is in accordance with the State's legal requirement and is the level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- On or before the third Monday in April, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1<sup>st</sup>. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing on the budget is held before its final adoption.
- 3. As provided for by the City Charter, on or before the third Monday in May, the budget is legally adopted and by resolution designates the sum to be raised by taxation.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within budgetary functions; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditure of any budgetary function must be approved by the City Council.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Budget amounts of the revenues and expenditures presented for the governmental funds are a summarization of the budgeted amounts as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations that were adopted, for the general and special revenue funds. Budget appropriations lapse at year end. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. Budgets have been prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

#### Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balances

#### Cash and Investments

The City maintains an investment pool for all City funds. Each fund's portion of the investment pool along with any individual fund investments are displayed on the statements of net position or balance sheet as "cash and investments".

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity date of three months or less at the date acquired by the City.

Investments are stated at fair value. For fair value, securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price.

The investment policy adopted by the Troy City Council, in accordance with Public Act 201 of 1943, as amended, authorizes investments in all of the investment vehicles noted above with the provision that authorized depositories shall be designated by the Troy City Council.

The pension and retiree health care trust funds are authorized by Michigan Public Acts 314 of 1965, Public Act 485 of 1996 and Public Act 149 of 1999 to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, real estate leased to public agencies, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, mortgages, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is stated at cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis which approximates market value. Inventories in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when the inventory item is consumed. Inventories are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance designation which indicates that such amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources".

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 (\$5,000 for federally funded projects) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation and infrastructure acquired prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 1980 is not reported in capital assets.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets Classification	Estimated Useful Life
	•
Buildings	50 years
Water and sewer transmission and distribution system	50 years
Service connections	20 years
Infrastructure	20 - 25 years
Land improvements	10 years
Building improvements	20 years
Golf course equipment	3 - 10 years
Furniture and fixtures	3 - 10 years
Vehicles and miscellaneous equipment	2 - 20 years

#### Accrued Vacation and Other Compensated Absences

The City maintains an internal service fund to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, vacation, compensatory time, holiday and sick pay. These amounts along with the associated benefit costs are fully accrued in the compensated absences fund. Departments are charged by the internal service fund when the benefits are earned and a liability incurred.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of material bond premium or discount. Material bond loss from issuance are reported as deferred outflows and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts and issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources for change in expected and actual investment returns, assumptions, and benefits provided in its pension plans as well as for the deferred loss on refundings. A deferred refunding loss results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has deferred inflows of resources related to pension costs and a deferred gain on refunding. A deferred pension inflow results when there is a change in total pension liability due to benefit changes, differences between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, or differences between expected and actual investment returns. The amount is deferred and amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all employees. A deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from delinquent personal property taxes and long-term receivables, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as *restricted - net position* and *unrestricted - net position* in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider *restricted - net position* to have been depleted before *unrestricted - net position* is applied.

#### Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (i.e. committed, assigned and unassigned). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Fund Balance Policies

Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e. inventory or prepaid expenditures) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e. corpus of permanent funds). Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. A formal resolution of the City Council is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The City reports assigned fund balance for amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Manager is authorized to assign fund balance under the current fund balance policy adopted by resolution by City Council. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund.

The City has established a policy to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance for the General Fund at a level of 20% to 30% of annual expenditures. This is to provide stability and flexibility to respond to unexpected adversity and/or opportunities. The use of fund balance is appropriate as part of a financial plan and one-time expenditures. If unassigned fund balance falls below or grows above the established policy range, the City Manager will present a financial plan, typically as part of the fiscal budgeting process, to address the deficiency or surplus of unassigned fund balance.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **State Construction Code Act**

The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs.

A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative shortfall generated since July 1, 2001 is as follows:

Shortfall at July 1, 2015		\$ (5,180,263)
Current year building permit revenue	\$ 2,566,284	
Related expenses: Direct costs	2,020,207	
Estimated indirect costs (8%)	161,617	
Total construction code expenses	2,181,824	
Net surplus for the year ended June 30, 2016		384,460
Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2016		\$ (4,795,803)

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations**

As noted in the Summary of Significant Accounting Polices, the City adopts the annual three-year budget at the functional level (the legal level of budgetary control). For the year ended June 30, 2016 there have been no expenditures in excess of appropriations at the functional level.

#### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Statutory Authority**

State statutes authorize the City to make limited investments of non-pension surplus funds authorized by Michigan Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended), and may invest in the following:

- a. Bonds, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. Not more than fifty percent of any fund may be invested in commercial paper at any time.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20, as amended.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Summary of Deposit and Investment Balances**

The following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances segregated by cash and cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, 2016.

Cash and Investments	Deposits	In	vestments	Cas	sh on Hand	Total	
Government-wide					_		_
Cash and equivalents	\$ 22,066,500	\$	1,702,617	\$	16,531	\$	23,785,648
Investments	15,505,146		63,427,700		-		78,932,846
Fiduciary funds							
Cash and equivalents	4,802,678		7,088,673		-		11,891,351
Investments	-		245,184,094		-		245,184,094
Component units							
Cash and equivalents	624,751		-		-		624,751
Total	\$ 42,999,075	\$ 3	317,403,084	\$	16,531	\$ :	360,418,690

#### Deposit and Investment Risk

#### Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City of Troy deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the City's investment policy does not directly address a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, \$30,697,439 of the City of Troy's bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and cash) of \$43,202,388 was exposed to custodial credit risk because they were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

#### Investments

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of fixed income investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments. The City of Troy's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

At year end, the weighted average maturities of fixed income security investments are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity
Government-wide		
US Government or agency bond/note	\$ 58,801,236	16.8 years
Municipal bonds	2,587,864	2.0 years
Fiduciary funds		
US Government or agency bond/note	8,504,182	12.8 years
Municipal bonds	55,991	25.0 years
Corporate bonds	14,260,275	4.8 years
Mutual Funds - fixed income	48,368,028	6.4 years

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools. The City of Troy investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. As of year-end, the credit quality ratings of fixed income securities are as follows:

	Primary Fiduciary		
	Government	Funds	Total
AAA	\$ -	\$ 18,636,985	\$ 18,636,985
AA to AA-	61,389,100	6,798,029	68,187,129
A to A-	-	9,686,598	9,686,598
BBB to BBB-	-	13,222,700	13,222,700
BB to BB-	-	5,446,711	5,446,711
B to B-	-	4,626,015	4,626,015
CCC or below	-	2,714,895	2,714,895
Not rated		10,056,543	10,056,543
Total	\$ 61,389,100	\$ 71,188,476	\$132,577,576

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City of Troy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City of Troy does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. At year end none of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk due to one of the following:

- Investments were part of an insured pool
- Investments were book-entry only in the name of the City and were fully insured
- Investments were part of a mutual fund
- Investments were held by an agent in the City's name

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Concentration of Credit Risk. In compliance with State law, the City's investment policy limits investments to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Through its investment policy, the City places a five percent limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs - other than quoted prices - included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Finally, Level 3 inputs are unobservable and are based on estimates and assumptions. These levels are determined by the City's investment managers. These are determined at the fund level based on a review of the investment's class, structure, and what kind of securities are held in funds. The investment managers will request the information from the fund manager if necessary. The City had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016.

Investments measured at Fair Value				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Money markets	\$ 7,108,272	\$ 3,615,944	\$ -	\$ 10,724,216
United States government obligations	24,696,704	42,608,713	-	67,305,417
State and municipal bonds	2,643,855	-	-	2,643,855
Corporate bonds and fixed income				
commingled funds	61,349,503	1,450,975	-	62,800,478
Common stocks and equity mutual funds	170,600,269	-	-	170,600,269
Real estate mutual funds	3,328,849	-		3,328,849
Total	\$ 269,727,452	\$ 47,675,632	\$ -	\$ 317,403,084

#### Fund Investments - Mutual Funds & Separately Managed Accounts (SMAs)

An open-ended mutual fund, a registered investment company, produces a daily NAV that is validated with a sufficient level of observable activity (i.e., purchases and sales at NAV) to support classification of the fair value measurement as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. In this case, the NAV represents the exit value of the security at the measurement date.

The primary rationale to support the classification of Mutual Funds as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy are: 1.) the investments in the funds are required to be measured at fair value (SEC regulated), 2.) the NAV is unadjusted and is in all cases the transaction price for purchases and sales (the NAV represents the exit value of the security at the measurement date), 3.) there are no restrictions on redemptions and 4.) the NAV is made publically available daily.

The City's investment consultants also typically view SMAs as being reasonably considered Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The Fund Investment provides look-through capability to the underlying holdings, which can then be valued at fair market prices with strong liquidity.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Fund Investments - Commingled Funds & Trusts

Commingled Funds and Common Trust Funds do not all meet these criteria listed above for mutual funds. A fund administrator typically does not have the transparency into valuation methodology and valuation frequency of each of these pooled investment vehicles to make an accurate appraisal of whether the NAV does represent the exit value of the fund at each measurement date.

For this reason, the City's investment consultant takes a conservative approach with the default position being to consider these investments as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

The net asset value (NAV) of an open-ended fund, whether a registered investment company fund, such as a mutual fund, or certain alternative investment funds, such as a hedge fund, serves as the basis for subscription and redemption transactions for investors in such funds. For investments in funds for which the underlying assets and liabilities are required to be measured at fair value, and where NAV is available, the NAV is generally the most appropriate starting point when determining the fair value measurement for an interest in such fund. However, when valuing such an investment, the holder must estimate the fair value of the interest held, which at times may be different from a value based solely on the NAV of the fund. The holder should also consider various factors including, but not limited to, the attributes of the interest held, including any restrictions or illiquidity on the disposition of the interest, and the holder's requirements to understand and accept the valuations provided by the fund (or modify them if appropriate), to determine the fair value of the interest itself. Depending on the facts and circumstances, the NAV may need to be adjusted depending upon the rights and obligations of the ownership interest and/or other factors. Furthermore, any adjustments to NAV based on unobservable inputs may result in the fair value measurement being categorized as a Level 3 measurement, if those inputs are significant to the overall fair value measurement.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

## 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables, which include amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

			Total
Primary Government	Governmental	Business-Type	Primary
	Activities	Activities	Government
Delinquent personal property taxes (net)	\$ 135,601	\$ -	\$ 135,601
Billed accounts receivable	1,760,473	2,546,744	4,307,217
Unbilled accounts receivable	-	5,267,504	5,267,504
Contracts receivable	-	452,876	452,876
Special assessments	50,178	625,204	675,382
Due from U.S. Government	1,966,544	-	1,966,544
Due from State of Michigan	2,547,505	-	2,547,505
Due from Oakland County	59,307	-	59,307
Due from Downtown Development Authority	14,538,611	-	14,538,611
Accrued interest	48,807	2,686	51,493
Total	\$ 21,107,026	\$ 8,895,014	\$ 30,002,040
Amounts not expected to be collected within one year	\$ 14,165,000	\$ -	\$ 14,165,000
			Tatal
			Total
O 111-11			Component
Component Units			Units
Downtown Development Authority delinquent personal proper	ty taxes (net)		42,910
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority revolving loan fund			412,510
Total			\$ 455,420
Amounts not expected to be collected within one year			\$ 343,250

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

## 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital asset activity of the primary government's governmental and business-type activities is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being	•				
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 34,717,325	\$ 3,187,854	\$ (210,597)	\$ -	\$ 37,694,582
Museum artifacts	2,084,666	-	-	-	2,084,666
Construction in progress	9,205,785	4,949,243		(4,002,322)	10,152,706
	46,007,776	8,137,097	(210,597)	(4,002,322)	49,931,954
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Infrastructure					
Major/county/local roads	211,811,853	14,328,408	_	1,724,006	227,864,267
Local donated roads	33,551,524	14,320,400		1,724,000	33,551,524
Sidewalks	33,471,345	440,034	(1)	_	33,911,378
Drains	5,991,727	66,387	(1)	2,278,316	8,336,430
Land improvements	8,293,561	89,504	(149,214)	2,270,310	8,233,851
Buildings and improvements	90,264,046	182,394	(89,853)	_	90,356,587
Miscellaneous equipment	5,726,499	522,888	(122,739)	_	6,126,648
Office equipment	2,807,174	91,987	(230,438)	_	2,668,723
Vehicles	19,453,747	1,858,830	(1,337,206)	_	19,975,371
Library books/audio visual	9,483,741	567,885	(1,337,200)	_	10,051,626
Library Books, addio visuat	420,855,217	18,148,317	(1,929,451)	4,002,322	441,076,405
		,,	(1,121,101)	.,,	,
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure					
Major/county/local roads	(105,551,332)	(7,096,587)	-	-	(112,647,919)
Local donated roads	(28,776,770)	(694,917)	(1)	-	(29,471,688)
Sidewalks	(28,401,626)	(352,747)	1	-	(28,754,372)
Drains	(632,932)	(132,334)	-	-	(765,266)
Land improvements	(6,982,905)	(281,281)	149,213	-	(7,114,973)
Buildings and improvements	(56,554,298)	(3,144,629)	64,037	-	(59,634,890)
Miscellaneous equipment	(3,930,838)	(330,553)	122,739	-	(4,138,652)
Office equipment	(2,329,543)	(149,498)	230,440	-	(2,248,601)
Vehicles	(14,312,837)	(886,994)	1,337,205	-	(13,862,626)
Library books/audio visual	(7,816,712)	(502,869)			(8,319,581)
	(255,289,793)	(13,572,409)	1,903,634	-	(266,958,568)
Total control cont					
Total capital assets	165 565 424	4 575 00°	(25 917)	4 002 222	17/ 117 027
being depreciated, net	165,565,424	4,575,908	(25,817)	4,002,322	174,117,837
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$211,573,200	\$ 12,713,005	\$ (236,414)	\$ -	\$ 224,049,791

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
<b>Business-type Activities</b>					
Capital assets, not being					
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 6,738,504	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,738,504
Construction in progress	12,475,705	9,703,929		(2,005,851)	20,173,783
	19,214,209	9,703,929		(2,005,851)	26,912,287
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Water and sewer transmission					
and distribution system	179,143,416	1,174,213	-	2,005,851	182,323,480
Service connections	750,121	-	-	-	750,121
Land improvements	8,880,257	-	(32,687)	-	8,847,570
Buildings and improvements	7,424,620	11,568	(13,359)	-	7,422,829
Miscellaneous equipment	2,050,944	326,481	(520,210)	-	1,857,215
Vehicles	827,892	-	-	-	827,892
Furniture, fixtures and other	24,500	-	-	-	24,500
	199,101,750	1,512,262	(566,256)	2,005,851	202,053,607
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Water and sewer transmission					
and distribution system	(78,069,565)	(3,435,041)	-	-	(81,504,606)
Service connections	(750,121)	-	-	_	(750,121)
Land improvements	(3,182,837)	(218,913)	32,687	_	(3,369,063)
Buildings and improvements	(5,258,830)	(275,667)	9,225	(7,038)	(5,532,310)
Miscellaneous equipment	(1,553,064)	(100,673)	498,012	7,038	(1,148,687)
Vehicles	(412,519)	(66,240)	-	· -	(478,759)
Furniture, fixtures and other	(24,500)	-	-	-	(24,500)
	(89,251,436)	(4,096,534)	539,924	-	(92,808,046)
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	109,850,314	(2,584,272)	(26,332)	2,005,851	109,245,561
	,000,011	(=,50 :,2:2)	(23,332)	_,000,001	, 2 13,331
Business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$129,064,523	\$ 7,119,657	\$ (26,332)	\$ -	\$ 136,157,848

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Depreciation of governmental activities by function	
General government	\$ 3,285,540
Public safety	727,223
Public works	8,801,233
Community and economic development	39,616
Recreation and culture	718,797
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 13,572,409

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Depreciation of business-type activities by function	
Water \$	2,324,039
Sanitary Sewer	1,158,185
Aquatic Center	172,112
Sylvan Glen Golf Course	122,490
Sanctuary Lake Golf Course	319,708
	_
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities \$	4,096,534

### 6. INTERFUND ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

The amounts of interfund advances transfers are as follows as of June 30, 2016:

	Advanced to Other Funds	Advanced from Other Funds
General Fund Enterprise Funds	\$ 4,160,384	\$ -
Aquatic Center Fund	-	180,302
Sanctuary Lake Golf Course Fund	-	7,323,312
Sylvan Glen Course Fund	3,343,230	
Total	\$ 7,503,614	\$ 7,503,614

Advances represent cash flow assistance from mainly the general fund and sylvan glen golf course to meet operating and/or debt service requirements of the sanctuary lake golf course and aquatic center. The aquatic center is expected to continue to decrease the interfund advance, however, the advance to sanctuary lake golf course is not expected to be reduced in the subsequent year.

Interfund transfers reported in the fund statements are as follows as of June 30, 2016:

	Transfers In			
Transfers out	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	Totals
General Nonmajor governmental	\$ -	\$ 7,410,000	\$ -	\$ 7,410,000
funds	3,709,153	3,575,700	3,528,413	10,813,266
Total	\$ 3,709,153	\$ 10,985,700	\$ 3,528,413	\$ 18,223,266

## General Fund

Transfers to the Capital Projects Fund are for enhanced road improvements for major and local streets (\$6,200,000), partial funding for the rebuilding of fire station #4 (\$625,000) and funding for pumper truck #4 (\$585,000).

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

The General Fund is responsible for major, local and county street maintenance and snow removal. Funding sources for these services includes Major and Local Street Fund transfers to the General Fund in the amount of \$2,147,952 and \$1,561,201 respectively. In addition, the General Fund receives funding from Oakland County for county street snow removal. The Capital Projects fund is responsible for all governmental activity type capital projects with the exception of internal service funds. Funding sources include Major and Local Street Fund transfers to the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$1,700,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively, representing partial funding for capital street improvements. In addition, the Library Fund transferred \$748,970 to the Capital Projects Fund for Library capital purchases including collections. The CDBG Fund transferred to the Capital Projects Fund \$126,730 for federal qualified expenditures for Redwood Park improvements. Major Street Fund transfer to the Local Streets fund of \$500,000 represents allowable redirection of state funding. General Debt Service Fund transfers to Proposal A, B, and C debt service funds in the amount of \$3,028,413 are for principal and interest payments on outstanding debt.

#### 7. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

#### A. Operating Lease

The City leases copy machines and telephones which are being treated as operating leases. The leases have various terms of three to four years and the future minimum lease payments remaining on these leases are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount		
2017	\$	45,596	
2018		40,917	
2019		28,168	
2020		5.045	

Lease costs for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$40,551.

#### B. Capital Lease

The City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of golf carts for both Sylvan Glenn and Sanctuary Lake Golf Courses in March 2013. The equipment was valued at \$499,876 with a five (5) year useful life. This year, \$49,988 was included in depreciation expense and total accumulated depreciation was \$154,128. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,	Amount	
	2017	\$	107,650
	2018		71,766
Total minimum lea	se payments		179,416
Less: amount represen	ting interest		(4,684)
Present value of minimum le	ease payments	\$	174,732

#### 8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

## **Primary Government**

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	E	Beginning Balance	Additions		Deductions	En	nding Balance	Due	Within One Year
Primary Government							<u> </u>		
Governmental Activities									
General obligation bonds									
Proposal A - streets	\$	4,840,000	\$ -	\$	(730,000)	\$	4,110,000	\$	745,000
Proposal B - public safety		6,800,000	-		(1,130,000)		5,670,000		1,150,000
Proposal C - community ctr.		3,690,000	-		(580,000)		3,110,000		595,000
City Refunding - Series 2013 DDA		14,685,000	-		(260,000)		14,425,000		260,000
Public drains		2,026,608	-		(222,716)		1,803,892		228,788
Total debt obligations		32,041,608	-		(2,922,716)		29,118,892		2,978,788
Unamortized premiums/(discounts)		666,495	-		(35,079)		631,416		-
Accrued compensated absences		3,914,810	4,158,182		(3,733,142)		4,339,850		2,425,505
Estimated self-insurance claims		634,772	 8,271,522		(7,967,190)		939,104		446,017
Total governmental activities	\$	37,257,685	\$ 12,429,704	\$ (	(14,658,127)	\$	35,029,262	\$	5,850,310
Business-type Activities General obligation bonds									
Golf course series 2012	\$	9,655,000	\$ -	\$	(645,000)	\$	9,010,000	\$	635,000
Capital lease									
Golf cart lease-Sanctuary Lake		137,796	-		(50,430)		87,366		51,912
Golf cart lease-Sylvan Glen		137,796	-		(50,430)		87,366		51,912
Unamortized premiums/(discounts)		162,069	-		(12,467)		149,602		-
Total business-type activities	\$	10,092,661	\$ -	\$	(758,327)	\$	9,334,334	\$	738,824
Total primary government	\$	47,350,346	\$ 12,429,704	\$ (	(15,416,454)	\$	44,363,596	\$	6,589,134

Compensated absences are liquidated through the Internal Service Fund and incurred but not reported insurance claims are generally liquidated through the General Fund.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Debt issues outstanding are as follows:

	Maturity Date	Original Issue	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding
Primary Government	,	<u> </u>		
Governmental Activities				
General obligation bonds				
Proposal A - streets/streetscape				
2008 Refunding of series 2000	2021	\$ 3,505,000	3.0-4.0%	\$ 1,585,000
2010 Refunding of series 2001	2021	4,515,000	2.0-5.0%	2,525,000
Proposal B - public safety/city hall				
2010 Refunding of series 2001	2021	835,000	2.0-5.0%	480,000
2010 Refunding of series 2003	2021	9,110,000	2.0-5.0%	5,190,000
Proposal C - community center				
2010 Refunding of series 2001	2021	5,910,000	2.0-5.0%	3,110,000
Series 2013 - DDA Refunding	2034	14,945,000	2.0-5.25%	14,425,000
County drain bond contracts				
GWK Series 2000A	2022	457,372	2.50%	161,666
GWK Series 2001C	2024	2,102,682	2.50%	967,054
GWK Series 2001D	2024	81,089	2.50%	25,520
GWK Series 2005	2026	41,440	1.63%	21,026
GWK Series 2007	2024	318,728	2.55%	194,025
GWK Series 2007G	2028	46,242	1.63%	28,953
GWK Series 2008H	2029	196,953	2.50%	137,966
North Arm Series 1998	2021	926,972	2.25%	267,682
Total governmental activities		\$ 42,991,478		\$ 29,118,892
Business-type Activities				
General obligation bonds				
Golf course series 2012	2028	9,655,000	1.5-3.0%	9,010,000
Total business-type activities		\$ 9,655,000	3.25-5.0%	\$ 9,010,000
Total primary government		\$ 52,646,478		\$ 38,128,892

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

The annual debt requirements to maturity for all long-term debts outstanding as of June 30, 2016, exclusive of earned but unpaid sick pay, insurance claims, capital leases and premiums are as follows:

Primary Government						
Year Ending	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total	
2017	\$ 2,978,788	\$ 1,213,004	\$ 635,000	\$ 220,025	\$ 5,046,817	
2018	2,909,269	1,098,929	630,000	201,050	4,839,248	
2019	3,094,959	978,747	725,000	184,350	4,983,056	
2020	3,136,159	846,548	715,000	169,950	4,867,657	
2021	3,385,977	712,742	700,000	155,800	4,954,519	
2022	641,424	633,778	685,000	140,238	2,100,440	
2023	664,082	604,740	770,000	122,050	2,160,872	
2024	766,837	572,865	755,000	102,988	2,197,690	
2025	761,111	538,533	840,000	83,050	2,222,694	
2026	916,477	500,773	820,000	62,300	2,299,550	
2027	989,551	453,529	850,000	39,300	2,332,380	
2028	1,264,531	403,813	885,000	13,275	2,566,619	
2029	1,259,727	352,781	-	-	1,612,508	
2030	1,250,000	294,188	-	-	1,544,188	
2031	1,275,000	227,906	-	-	1,502,906	
2032	1,275,000	160,969	-	-	1,435,969	
2033	1,275,000	94,031	-	-	1,369,031	
2034	1,275,000	30,273	-	-	1,305,273	
Total	\$ 29,118,892	\$ 9,718,149	\$ 9,010,000	\$ 1,494,376	\$ 49,341,417	

It is the intent of the City that all payments relating to primary government obligations will be made from revenues generated from operations of the respective funds. The City has pledged its full faith and credit for the debt if revenues are insufficient to meet the obligations of all general obligation bonds.

#### **Component Units**

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions of the City's component units for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Component Units Downtown Development Auth.	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Obligated tax captures				•	
City G.O. bonds - Series 2013	14,685,000	-	(260,000)	14,425,000	260,000
Total component units	\$ 14,685,000	\$ -	\$ (260,000)	\$ 14,425,000	\$ 260,000

The Troy Downtown Development Authority (TDDA) has pledged future tax captures to reimburse the city for principal and interest payments for debt issued by the city in the Series 2013 general obligation bonds to refinance TDDA general obligation debt.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Component unit debt issues outstanding are as follows:

Component Units					Amount
Downtown Development Authority	Maturity Date	Original Issue	Interest Rate	0	utstanding
Obligated tax capture:					
City issued Series 2013 DDA refinancing debt	2034	\$ 14,945,000	2.0-5.25%	\$	14,425,000

The annual debt requirements to maturity for all component unit long-term obligations as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Component Units  Downtown Development Authority								
	,							
Year Ending								
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total					
2017	\$ 260,000	\$ 681,663	\$ 941,663					
2018	260,000	671,263	931,263					
2019	260,000	663,463	923,463					
2020	260,000	654,363	914,363					
2021	375,000	638,488	1,013,488					
2022	440,000	618,113	1,058,113					
2023	500,000	594,613	1,094,613					
2024	600,000	567,113	1,167,113					
2025	745,000	537,213	1,282,213					
2026	900,000	499,813	1,399,813					
2027	975,000	452,939	1,427,939					
2028	1,250,000	403,563	1,653,563					
2029	1,250,000	352,781	1,602,781					
2030	1,250,000	294,188	1,544,188					
2031	1,275,000	227,906	1,502,906					
2032	1,275,000	160,969	1,435,969					
2033	1,275,000	94,031	1,369,031					
2034	1,275,000	30,273	1,305,273					
	\$ 14,425,000	\$ 8,142,755	\$ 22,567,755					

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Advance Refunding/Defeased Debt

The City had no advance refundings during the 2015 fiscal year. Prior years refundings have exercised the callable components of the respective original issuance. Accordingly, there are no amounts defeased at the end of the 2015 fiscal year.

#### 9. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

#### **Net Position**

Net position has been restricted for (a) debt service, based upon bond indenture agreements and the City's understanding that bond proceeds generated by these funds are only to be spent on specified construction or the retirement of related debt, (b) replacements and extensions based upon bond indenture agreements or the limited purpose for which a fund was established, and (c) capital assets net of any outstanding debt.

#### Restricted for Pension and Other Employee Benefits

The related amount restricted in the Fiduciary Fund reserve is largely comprised of equity recorded in the pension trust fund. In addition, equity is set aside to pay for sick pay and vacation pay in the internal service funds.

#### **Fund Balance**

As noted in Note 1 - "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies", The City classifies fund balance by level of constraints imposed on resources by either external or internal factors or the form in which the resources exist.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following is a summary of these constraints on fund balances:

		Capital Projects				
	Ge	eneral Fund		Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Nonspendable						
Inventory & prepaids	\$	1,508,906	\$	-	\$ 35,100	\$ 1,544,006
Permanent fund corpus		-		-	161,800	161,800
Advance to Sanctuary Lake golf course		3,980,082		-	-	3,980,082
Advance to Aquatic Center		180,302		-		 180,302
Total nonspendable		5,669,290			196,900	 5,866,190
Restricted						
Special revenue funding source						
restrictions						
Highways and streets		-		-	6,673,362	6,673,362
Sanitation		-		-	985,959	985,959
Library		-		-	1,431,056	1,431,056
Other		-		-	816,348	816,348
Debt funding source restrictions		-		-	1,332,372	1,332,372
Budget stabilization		1,563,203		-	-	1,563,203
Capital improvements		-		7,919,625	-	7,919,625
Dog park development		-		170,910	-	170,910
Federal transportation		-		180,488	-	 180,488
Total restricted		1,563,203		8,271,023	11,239,097	21,073,323
Committed						
Construction projects		-		2,720,822	-	 2,720,822
Assigned						
Insurance claims		3,000,000		-	-	3,000,000
Tax appeals		55,000		-	-	55,000
Subsequent years budget		2,257,270		-		 2,257,270
Total assigned		5,312,270		-		5,312,270
Unassigned		20,062,397				20,062,397
Total fund balances	\$	32,607,160	\$	10,991,845	\$ 11,435,997	\$ 55,035,002

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City has entered into a Public Entity Risk Pool with other Michigan units of government as an individual member for its general liability, property damage insurance including auto and public officials liability and contractors equipment. The City's maximum deductible for property coverage is \$1,000 per occurrence. The liability maximum self-insured retention is \$500,000 per occurrence with an aggregate stop loss of \$1,000,000 per policy year for both property and liability.

The City accounts for transactions related to these risks in accordance with GASB No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which states that a liability for claims must be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

No settlements have exceeded insurance coverage during the last three years. The City has made no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year. The City has received no indication that any significant losses exist at June 30, 2016.

The following are the changes in Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) estimates:

Year Ending June 30,	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
2014 2015	\$ 1,042,291	\$ 6,155,026	\$ (6,185,042)	
2016	1,012,275 634,772	8,240,546 8,271,522	(8,618,049) (7,967,190)	634,772 939,104

The City has also entered into a public entity risk pool with other Michigan units of government for its workers compensation insurance.

#### 11. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### Litigation

The City is a defendant to various claims, legal actions and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business. The City of Troy denies the allegations and plans a vigorous defense. In the opinion of legal counsel, all such matters as indicated above are adequately covered by insurance, or if not so covered, are without merit or of such kind, or involve such amounts that an unfavorable disposition would not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

### Tax Appeals to the Michigan Tax Tribunal

The City has a minimal amount of outstanding property tax assessment appeals totaling approximately \$1,222,080 in contended taxable values to the Michigan Tax Tribunal. If the City is not successful with a portion of these appeals, the City of Troy's share of the tax to be refunded would be the levied rate (approximately \$10 per thousand of assessed value) plus interest. The amount of refund (if any) cannot be determined as of June 30, 2016.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 12. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting and are levied, and become a lien on July 1<sup>st</sup> on the taxable valuation of the property located within its boundaries as of the preceding December 31<sup>st</sup>. Taxable value is determined by the prior year's taxable value plus 5% or the Consumer Price Index whichever is less, starting with the 1994 state equalized value as the base taxable value. Assessed values are equalized by the State, to closely approximate fifty percent of estimated current market value. The final taxable value of real and personal property subject to property tax within the City for the fiscal 2015-2016 levy was \$4,406,309,498. The City's operating tax rate was 6.50 mills for the same year with additional mills of 1.07 for refuse removal and disposal, 0.70 for library operations, 0.7 for debt service, and 1.53 for capital preservation and improvements.

In addition to collecting their own taxes, the City also acts as collection agent for all overlapping governments and school districts within its boundaries, which includes seven school districts, two intermediate school districts, a community college, and Oakland County.

City taxes are received in one installment, collectible from July 1<sup>st</sup> to September 1<sup>st</sup>. Any real property taxes not paid by March 1<sup>st</sup>, following the due date, are reimbursed by the County. The County Treasurer takes over collection responsibility at that date, as well as delinquent personal property taxes.

The City is occasionally ordered by the Michigan Tax Tribunal to refund taxes already collected and recorded into revenue. It is, therefore, the City's policy to compensate for doubtful accounts, as well as refunds of taxes already collected through use of an allowance for doubtful taxes receivable and as assigned general fund balance.

### 13. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Polices**

The employee retirement system financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

*Method used to value investments.* Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

#### Plan Description

Plan Administration. The City of Troy Employee Retirement System (TERS), under the authorization of the City Code chapter 10, administers the city's employee pension plan covering all full-time general and public safety employees of the city. The single-employer defined benefit plan provides retirement benefits based on credited service time and average compensation with death and disability benefits, and under some circumstances, payments to dependents.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Management of the pension plan is vested in the TERS Board, which consists of seven voting members and one non-voting ex-officio member. Two of the voting members are designated by their position which includes the City Manager and City Director of Financial Services. Three of the voting members are elected by plan members. One voting member of City Council as selected by the Council and one voting citizen, who is an elector of the city and who is not a member of the system and who is not a member of City Council as appointed by City Council. Of the five employee members, two must be members of the defined benefit plan.

Plan Membership. At December 31, 2015 pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Group	Members
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	323
Vested terminated employees	9
Active employees	57
Total members	389

The defined benefit pension plan is closed to new members.

Benefits Provided. The pension plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits.

General plan members. Retirement benefits are calculated as 2.25% of the average of the member's best 3-year eligible wages over the last ten years times the member's years, and fractions thereof, of service. Members between the ages of 50 and 62 will receive an additional benefit equal to the amount if the calculation used a multiplier .25% greater. A member who has 27 or more years of service may retire on or after attainment of age 50. A member who has 25 years of service may retire on or after attainment of age 55. Members of the Troy Fire Staff Officers Association may retire at any age with 25 years of service.

General plan members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service (AFSCME and MAP members 5 years of service) and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately and shall not be less than the amount it would be if they had attained 10 years of credited service.

General plan member widows and dependent children are eligible for non-duty death benefits if the member has 10 or more years of credited service. Benefits are calculated as if the member retired the preceding day of death using the pension calculation above. Duty death benefits are calculated in the same manner as non-duty death benefits with the exception that pension benefits cannot be less than 25% of the members final average compensation. Duty death benefits for members of the Troy Fire Staff Officers Association cannot be less than 50% of the members final average compensation.

Public safety members which includes Troy Police Officers Association and Troy Command Officers Association. Retirement benefits are calculated as 2.8% for the first 25 years and 1% per year thereafter of the average of the member's best 3-year eligible wages over the last ten years times the member's years, and fractions thereof, of service. The pension benefit is capped at 75% of final average compensation. A member may retire at any age with 25 or more years of service.

Public safety members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Non-duty disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately and shall not be less than the amount it would be if they had attained 10 years of credited service. Duty disability benefits shall not be less than two-thirds of final average compensation during the period they are in receipt of worker's compensation.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Public safety members' widows and dependent children are eligible for non-duty death benefits if the member has 10 or more years of credited service. Benefits are calculated as if the member retired the preceding day of death using the pension calculation above. Duty death benefits are calculated in the same manner as non-duty death benefits with the exception that pension benefits cannot be less than 50% of the members final average compensation.

Contributions. Employee contributions for classified and exempt employees is 5% of eligible wages. Members of collective bargaining groups contribution are directed by contract. The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the average active member contribution rate was 3.5% of eligible wages, and the City's average contribution rate was 7% of annual eligible wages.

#### Investments

*Investment allocation policy*. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the TERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Long-term expected rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Inflation Expectations	Long-Term Real Rate of Return
Global equities	59%	6.4%	2.0%	8.4%
(Domestic 40% and International 19%)				
Fixed income	<b>29</b> %	1.1%	2.0%	3.1%
Real estate	7%	6.3%	2.0%	8.3%
Cash	5%	-1.0%	2.0%	1.0%
Total/Weighted Average	100%	4.5%	2.0%	6.5%

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was (0.23)%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The long-term rate of return is estimated at 6.5%

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

## Net Pension Liability - Employee Retirement System

	Increase (Decrease)					
Changes in Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)			
Balance at June 30, 2015 Service costs	\$ 162,688,755 993,515	\$186,416,890	\$ (23,728,135) 993,515			
Interest on total pension liability Changes in benefit terms	10,251,205 (10,477)	-	10,251,205 (10,477)			
Difference between expected and actual experience of total liability	(1,118,247)	_	(1,118,247)			
Changes of assumptions	(1,110,247)	-	-			
Contributions - employer Contributions - employee	-	314,025 166,434	(314,025) (166,434)			
Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments including refunds	- (11,108,572)	(330,035) (11,108,572)	330,035			
Administrative expense Other expense	-	(133,867)	133,867			
Net changes	(992,576)	(11,092,015)	10,099,439			
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$ 161,696,179	\$175,324,875	\$ (13,628,696)			

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015 with a measurement and reporting date of June 30, 2016. The following actuarial assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method		Entry-age
Inflation		3.0%
Salary increases (including infl	ation)	3.5% to 7.5%
Investment rate of return		6.5%
Mortality rates	RP-2014 combined h	ealth mortality tables

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.5% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on investments of 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Retirement System's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.5%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
5.5%	6.5%	7.5%

City net pension liability (asset)

\$ 3,880,551 \$ (13,628,696) \$ (28,424,506)

#### **VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTER INCENTIVE PLAN (VFIP)**

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Polices**

The volunteer firefighter incentive plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. No volunteer firefighter contributions are required. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method used to value investments. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Plan Description

The City of Troy has a noncontributory incentive plan and trust established by resolution of the City Council covering its volunteer firefighters. The single-employer plan benefits are determined based on annual contribution amounts for each year of incentive service. The normal cost and amortization payment for the year ended June 30, 2016 was determined using an individual entry age funding method. Management of the plan resides with the City Manager.

*Plan Membership.* At December 31, 2015 volunteer firefighter incentive plan membership consisted of the following:

Group	Members
Volunteers and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	82
Inactive, nonretired members	26
Members on leave of absence	12
Active volunteers	133
Total members	253

*Benefits provided.* At July 1, 2015, the benefit payment was \$681 per year for incentive service. Participants are eligible for payments at age 55 with ten or more years of volunteer service, age 50 with 25 years of volunteer service or any age with 30 years or more of volunteer service.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

The City Council has established by resolution increases to the benefit payment amount per year as follows:

	Benefit
	Amount Per
Fiscal Year	Year of
Beginning July 1,	Service
	·
2014	\$642
2015	681
2016	724
2017	769

Contributions. The City makes contributions to the plan through actuarially determined and recommended amounts by an independent actuary. Funding is established through City Council resolution during the budget process. The City's contribution to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$1,100,632 and the actuarially determined required contribution was \$1,100,632. The volunteer firefighters are not paid any remuneration for their service.

#### Investments

Investment allocation policy. The VFIP plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is currently established by city management until the formal VFIP Board is established. The plan may be amended by the VFIP Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the VFIP Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Inflation Expectations	Long-Term Real Rate of Return
Global equities (Domestic 40% and International 19%)	59%	6.4%	2.0%	8.4%
Fixed income	29%	1.1%	2.0%	3.1%
Real estate	<b>7</b> %	6.3%	2.0%	8.3%
Cash	5%	-1.0%	2.0%	1.0%
Total	100%	4.5%	2.0%	6.5%

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on volunteer firefighter incentive plan investments, net of investment expenses was 1.79%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The long-term estimated rate of return is 6.5%

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Net Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Plan	Plan Net	Net Plan			
Changes in Net Plan Liability	Liability	Position	Liability			
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 17,288,4	25 \$ 7,523,121	\$ 9,765,304			
Service costs	464,8	63 -	464,863			
Interest on total pension liability	1,077,2	46 -	1,077,246			
Difference between expected and						
actual experience of total liability	(93,4	49) -	(93,449)			
Changes of assumptions	424,9		424,977			
Contributions - employer		- 1,100,632	(1,100,632)			
Net investment income		- 152,770	(152,770)			
Benefit payments including refunds	(1,166,0	59) (1,166,059)	-			
Other expense		- (14,428)	14,428			
Net changes	707,5	78 72,915	634,663			
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$ 17,996,0	03 \$ 7,596,036	\$ 10,399,967			

Actuarial assumptions. The total plan liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015 with a measurement and reporting date of June 30, 2016. The following actuarial assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Remaining amortization period	25 years
Inflation	N/A
Investment rate of return	6.5%
Mortality rates	RP-2014 combined health mortality tables

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.28% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on investments of 6.5% and a municipal bond rate of 2.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2070. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2070, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.28%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	5.28%	6.28%	7.28%
City net VFIP plan liability	\$ 13,242,144	\$ 10,399,967	\$ 8,099,340

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

## Statements of Fiduciary Net Position

	Emplo	yees' Retirement :			
			Total	Volunteer	
			Employees'	Firefighter	T. 1.1
	Pension	Healthcare	Retirement	Incentive Plan	Total
Assets					
Cash	\$ 3,800,475	\$ -	\$ 3,800,475	\$ 2,988,762	\$ 6,789,237
Interest receivable	28,216	-	28,216	-	28,216
Investments, at fair value:					
U.S. Government securities	3,952,099	-	3,952,099	4,552,083	8,504,182
Municipal securities	-	-	-	55,991	55,991
Corporate bonds	3,136,064	-	3,136,064	-	3,136,064
Corporate equities	89,875,490	-	89,875,490	-	89,875,490
Mutual funds	49,054,543	12,351,801	61,406,344	-	61,406,344
Exchange traded funds	25,604,990		25,604,990		25,604,990
Total assets	175,451,877	12,351,801	187,803,678	7,596,836	195,400,514
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	56,455	-	56,455	800	57,255
Accrued liabilities	70,547	-	70,547		70,547
Total liabilities	127,002		127,002	800	127,802
Net position					
Restricted for:					
Pension benefits	175,324,875	-	175,324,875	7,596,036	182,920,911
Postemployment healthcare		12,351,801	12,351,801		12,351,801
Total net position	\$175,324,875	\$ 12,351,801	\$187,676,676	\$ 7,596,036	\$ 195,272,712
rotai net position	Ψ1/3,324,0/3	Ψ 12,331,001	ψ 107,070,070	Ψ 1,370,030	Ψ 175,272,712

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

## Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	Employ	yees' Retirement S			
			Total	Volunteer	
	Damaian	I I a a lab a a ma	Employees'	Firefighter	Total
0.44:4:	Pension	Healthcare	Retirement	Incentive Plan	TOTAL
Additions					
Contributions:	\$ 314,025	¢	\$ 314.025	\$ 1,100,632	¢ 4.44.657
Employer Plan members		\$ -	\$ 314,025 166,434	\$ 1,100,632	\$ 1,414,657
Total contributions	166,434 480,459		480,459	1,100,632	1,581,091
Total Contributions	400,439	<u> </u>	400,439	1,100,632	1,361,091
Investment income:					
Interest	294,890	72,555	367,445	126,364	493,809
Dividends	5,439,820	-	5,439,820	2,085	5,441,905
Other income	84,967	-	84,967	-	84,967
Net adjustment in fair value	(5,733,980)		(5,733,980)	24,321	(5,709,659)
Total investment earnings	85,697	72,555	158,252	152,770	311,022
Less investment expense	415,732		415,732		415,732
Net investment earnings	(330,035)	72,555	(257,480)	152,770	(104,710)
Total additions	150,424	72,555	222,979	1,253,402	1,476,381
Deductions					
Benefit payments	11,108,572	4,463,557	15,572,129	1,166,059	16,738,188
Administrative expenses	133,867	-	133,867	14,428	148,295
, and a series of periods					
Total deductions	11,242,439	4,463,557	15,705,996	1,180,487	16,886,483
Change in net position	(11,092,015)	(4,391,002)	(15,483,017)	72,915	(15,410,102)
Restricted net position, beginning					
Pension benefits	186,416,890	-	186,416,890	7,523,121	193,940,011
Retiree healthcare benefits	-	16,742,803	16,742,803	-	16,742,803
Total restricted, beginning	186,416,890	16,742,803	203,159,693	7,523,121	210,682,814
Restricted net position, ending					
Pension benefits	175,324,875	_	175,324,875	7,596,036	182,920,911
Retiree healthcare benefits	173,327,073	12,351,801	12,351,801	7,370,030	12,351,801
Total restricted, ending	\$175,324,875	\$ 12,351,801	187,676,676	\$ 7,596,036	\$ 195,272,712
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## **Notes to Financial Statements**

### COMBINED CHANGES IN NET PENSION/VFIP PLAN LIABILITY AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

## Combined Net Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
Changes in Net Pension/VFIP Liability	Employee Retirement System Net Pension Liability (asset)	Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan Net Plan Liability	Total Net Liability (asset)			
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ (23,728,135)	\$ 9,765,304	\$ (13,962,831)			
Service costs	993,515	464,863	1,458,378			
Interest on total pension liability	10,251,205	1,077,246	11,328,451			
Benefit changes	(10,477)	-	(10,477)			
Difference between expected and						
actual experience of total liability	(1,118,247)	(93,449)	(1,211,696)			
Changes of assumptions	-	424,977	424,977			
Contributions - employer	(314,025)	(1,100,632)	(1,414,657)			
Contributions - employee	(166,434)	-	(166,434)			
Net investment income	330,035	(152,770)	177,265			
Benefit payments including refunds	-	-	-			
Administrative expense	133,867	-	133,867			
Other expense	-	14,428	14,428			
Net changes	10,099,439	634,663	10,734,102			
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$ (13,628,696)	\$ 10,399,967	\$ (3,228,729)			

#### Combined Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized total employee retirement system pension expense of \$2,600,576 and total volunteer firefighter incentive plan expense of \$1,295,328. The City deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to these systems from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources					
	Employee	Volunteer				
	Retirement	Firefighter	Total Deferred			
	System	Incentive Plan	Outflows			
			•			
Difference between expected and						
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 198,294	\$ 198,294			
Changes in assumptions	-	457,144	457,144			
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on investments	13,111,948	455,717	13,567,665			
Total deferred outflows	\$ 13,111,948	\$ 1,111,155	\$ 14,223,103			

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

	Deferred Inflow of Resources					
	Employee	Vo	olunteer			
	Retirement	Fi	Firefighter		al Deferred	
	System	Ince	Incentive Plan		Inflows	
Difference between expected and						
actual experience	\$ -	\$	81,033	\$	81,033	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to the Employee Retirement System and the Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan will be recognized in expense as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflow/Inflow Recognition						
		Employee		Volunteer			
	R	etirement	F	irefighter	То	tal Deferred	
		System	Inc	entive Plan	Ou	tflow/Inflow	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,							
2017	\$	3,567,794	\$	226,025	\$	3,793,819	
2018		3,567,794		226,025		3,793,819	
2019		3,567,792		226,027		3,793,819	
2020		2,408,568		163,096		2,571,664	
2021		-		96,364		96,364	
Thereafter		-		92,585		92,585	
	\$	13,111,948	\$	1,030,122	\$	14,142,070	

#### 14. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City maintains a defined contribution plan (DCP) administered by the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation (ICMARC), which qualifies under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). Classified, Exempt and Fire Staff Officers in the City's Employees Retirement System were given the option to transfer to the DCP by December 31, 1997. Employees who elected to transfer to the DCP had their individually actuarially determined earned retirement benefits in the Employees Retirement System determined as of the date of election to transfer to the DCP. In 1998, the City afforded the option to AFSCME members of the Employees Retirement System to elect a transfer to the DCP, of which 41 employees elected such transfer. In 1999, the City afforded the option to MAP members of the Employees Retirement System to elect a transfer to the DCP, of which 29 employees elected such transfer. In 2000, the City afforded the option to TCOA members of the Employees Retirement System to elect a transfer to the DCP, of which 20 employees elected such transfer. In 2002, the City afforded the option to TPOA members of the Employees Retirement System to elect a transfer to the DCP of which 19 employees elected such transfer. The DCP is also in effect for all new full-time employees. Total membership in the DCP as of June 30, 2016 was 289.

The DCP maintains a schedule of vesting as follows: participants who transferred from the Employees Retirement System are fully vested. For new hires the following schedule applies: 50% vested after 3 years, 75% vested after 4 years and 100% vested after 5 years. Employees contribute 3 to 6 percent of their salary, while the employer contributes 8 to 13 percent. All employees are able to contribute up to 10 percent of their salary on a voluntary after-tax basis. All contributions are remitted to a third-party plan administrator.

The DCP was established by City Council resolution and any amendments to the plan would require City Council approval.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The City's payroll for employees covered by the DCP for the year ended June 30, 2016, was \$19,468,646. The required contributions, which matched those actually made, were \$908,174 by employees and \$2,040,066 by the City, representing 4.7 percent and 10.5 percent of covered payroll, respectively.

#### 15. RETIREE HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND

#### Plan Description

The City provides certain healthcare benefits for retired employees in accordance with the bargaining group agreements and other requirements. There are 227 members from the ranks of the City's active full-time employees that may become eligible for those benefits and 334 retired members currently receiving benefits. The City's contribution for healthcare benefits is accounted for in the Retiree Health Care Trust Fund. The employer's contribution was \$4,793,327, or 27.09% of covered payroll totaling \$17,694,889. In addition, the City received \$108,437 in retiree drug subsidy reimbursements through Medicare Part D which were contributed back to the plan. During the current year, healthcare benefits paid totaled \$4,463,557, which was paid out of the Employees Retirement System. It should be noted that although healthcare benefits are paid out of another fund, they do not qualify as required contributions, as healthcare assets in the Employees Retirement System are considered when actuarially determining required contributions. Future payments will be made by the Employees Retirement System until the reserves that have accumulated there are exhausted.

This is a single employee defined benefit plan administered by the City. The Plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement. Administrative costs are paid by the plan through employer contributions.

#### **Funding Policy**

For current employees not covered by the Retiree Health Savings Account Plan, the City includes retirees and their spouses in its healthcare plan, with no contribution required by participants if they retire with 25 or more years of service. If under 25 years of service, the City contributes 4% per year of service, or \$400 per month, whichever is greater. Beginning July 1, 2014 AFSCME, MAP, TFOA and TCSA members along with new members to the TCOA will accrue 3% per year of service up to a maximum of 90% of covered health insurance premiums.

#### **Funding Progress**

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City has estimated the cost of providing retiree healthcare benefits through an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. The valuation computes an annual required contribution, which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

The valuation's computed contribution and actual funding are summarized as follows:

Annual required contribution (based on % of payroll) Interest on net OPEB asset - 6.5%	\$	4,919,179 (182,903)
Actuary adjust. to annual required contribution (12.4%)		227,362
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made		4,963,638 (4,793,327)
Decrease/(Increase) in net OPEB asset Net OPEB (asset), beginning of year		170,311 (2,813,891)
Net OPEB (asset), end of year	\$ (	(2,643,580)

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

Three-Year Trend Information									
Fiscal Year			Percentage of	N	et OPEB				
Ended June	Ann	ual OPEB	AOC	Ok	oligation				
30,	Co	st (AOC)	Contributed	(Asset)					
2014	\$	4,693	99%	\$	(2,881)				
2015		4,701	97%		(2,814)				
2016		4,964	97%		(2,644)				

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

In the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation, the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include an assumed rate of return of 6.5% and projected salary increases of 3.5%-8.0%. An annual healthcare cost trend of 9.0% was used in fiscal year 2015 decreasing to 3.5% by 2024 and later. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is being amortized on a level dollar closed plan basis. The remaining amortization period as of December 31, 2014 was 24 years.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of the benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 59.8% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$114,427,000, and the actuarial value of assets was \$68,440,000, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$45,987,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll for active employee covered by the Plan) was \$19,614,000 and the ratio for the UAAL to the covered payroll was 234.5%.

The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AALs for benefits.

### Statement of Net Position

	Retiree Health Care Trust Fund
Assets	oure must runa
Cash	\$ 747,194
Interest receivable	77,459
Investments, at fair value:	,
Corporate bonds	11,124,211
Corporate equities	8,516,516
Mutual funds	25,844,339
Exchange traded funds	11,115,967
Total assets	57,425,686
Net position	
Restricted for postemployment healthcare benefits	\$ 57,425,686
Statement of Changes in Fund Net Position	
	Retiree Health
	Care Trust Fund
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 4,901,764
Investment earnings:	
Interest	423,910
Dividends	1,532,495
Net adjustment in fair value of investments	(1,847,925)
Total investment earnings	108,480
Less investment expense	162,473
Net investment earnings	(53,993)
Total additions	4,847,771
Deductions	
Administrative expenses	24,552
Change in net position	4,823,219
Restricted net position, beginning of year for:	
Postemployment healthcare benefits	52,602,467
Restricted net position, end of year for:	
Postemployment healthcare benefits	\$ 57,425,686

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 16. DEFICIT NET POSITION

The Sanctuary Lake golf course fund has a net position deficit of \$6,180,008 at June 30, 2016.

The Sanctuary Lake golf course completed its eleventh year of operations with operating income of \$198,277 including depreciation expense of \$319,708. Nonoperating activity included investment earnings and sale of capital assets totaling \$4,403 and interest expense of \$289,881 resulting in a decrease change in net position of \$87,201. This compares to a decrease change in net position of \$358,706 last fiscal year. Cash flows from operations were positive in the amount of \$496,090. As such, the deficit is a result of operating income insufficient to meet the debt funding requirements. The fund has incurred advances from primarily the general fund and Sylvan Glen golf course fund to meet its cash debt financing requirements.

The City turned over operations and management of both the Sanctuary Lake and Sylvan Glen golf courses on June 15, 2010 to Billy Casper Golf with a strategic plan of eliminating the deficit in the next few years.

The Downtown Development Authority (component unit) reported a net position deficit of \$14,773,039 compared to \$14,996,759 last fiscal year. This deficit is attributable to recognizing outstanding long-term debt to be financed with future tax increment revenues from the district.

#### 17. BUDGET STABILIZATION FUND

The City has established a budget stabilization fund by adopting a City ordinance in accordance with PA 30 of 1978 - MCL 144.441. The City Council may appropriate all or part of a surplus in the General Fund to the Budget Stabilization Fund. The amount in the Budget Stabilization Fund shall not exceed 15% of the City's most recent General Fund budget as originally adopted or 15% of the average of the City's five most recent General Fund budgets, as amended, whichever is less. Appropriations from the Budget Stabilization Fund may be used to cover any General Fund deficit, prevent a reduction in the level of services when revenues are not being collected in a sufficient manner or when the subsequent year budget indicates a shortfall, and to cover expenses arising from a natural disaster unless federal or state funds are received to offset the appropriation. In accordance with *Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB)* Statement number 54, the Budget Stabilization Fund has been included as part of the General Fund for reporting purposes. Any residual fund balance is reported as restricted in the General Fund.

#### 18. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2016, the City had \$3,217,531 in construction commitments outstanding for various projects including street improvements, water system improvements and sanitary sewer improvements. The commitments will be satisfied using grant funding, millage proceeds and fund balance.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Employee Retirement System (Schedule built prospectively upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 67)

## Schedule of Change in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal Year Ending			
June 30	2014	2015	2016
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost	\$ 985,140	\$ 966,066	\$ 993,515
Interest on total pension liability	9,635,941	9,626,620	10,251,205
Benefit changes	-	-	(10,477)
Difference between expected and			
actual returns	286,868	1,874,178	(1,118,247)
Assumption changes	-	8,167,150	-
Benefit payments	(10,955,507)	(11,128,133)	(11,108,572)
Refunds	-	-	-
Net change in total pension liability	(47,558)	9,505,881	(992,576)
Beginning total pension liability	153,230,433	153,182,874	162,688,755
Ending total pension liability (a)	\$ 153,182,875	\$ 162,688,755	\$ 161,696,179
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Employer contributions	\$ 1,867,473	\$ 1,451,198	\$ 314,025
Employee contributions	174,214	165,624	166,434
Pension plan net investment income	35,667,991	6,229,392	(330,035)
Benefit payments	(10,955,507)	(11,128,133)	(11,108,572)
Administrative expense	(242,023)	(129,870)	(133,867)
Net change in plan fiduciary			
net position	26,512,148	(3,411,789)	(11,092,015)
Beginning plan fiduciary net position	163,316,531	189,828,679	186,416,890
Ending plan fiduciary net position (b)	\$ 189,828,679	\$ 186,416,890	\$ 175,324,875
Net pension liability (asset) (a)-(b) Plan fiduciary net position as a	\$ (36,645,804)	\$ (23,728,135)	\$ (13,628,696)
percentage of total pension liability (asset)	123.92%	114.58%	108.43%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 4,768,908	\$ 4,902,224	\$ 4,910,089
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll	-768.43%	-484.03%	-277.57%

## Schedule of the Net Pension Liability Multiyear (Prospective Ten Years)

Fiscal Year	Total	Plan	Net	Plan Net Position		<b>Net Pension Liability</b>
Ending	Pension	Net	Pension	as a % of Total	Covered	as a % of
June 30	Liability	Position	Liability	Pension Liability	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2012	\$ 153,304,399	\$ 146,047,162	\$ 7,257,237	95.3%	\$ 5,427,637	133.7%
2013	153,230,433	163,316,531	(10,086,098)	106.6%	5,069,499	-199.0%
2014	153,182,875	189,828,679	(36,645,804)	123.9%	4,768,908	-768.4%
2015	162,688,755	186,416,890	(23,728,135)	114.6%	4,902,224	-484.0%
2016	161,696,179	175,324,875	(13,628,696)	108.4%	4,910,089	-277.6%

### Required Supplementary Information Employee Retirement System

### Schedule of Contributions Multiyear (Prospective Ten Years)

								Actual
Fiscal Year	Actuarially			Co	ontribution			Contribution
Ending	Determined	Actual		Deficiency		Covered		as a % of
June 30	Contribution	Contribution		(Excess)		Payroll		<b>Covered Payroll</b>
2012	\$ 2,157,379	\$	2,195,477	\$	(38,098)	\$	5,427,637	40.4%
2013	1,883,530		1,883,530		-		5,069,499	37.2%
2014	1,845,880		1,867,473		(21,593)		4,768,908	39.2%
2015	1,451,198		1,451,198		-		4,902,224	29.6%
2016	314,025		314,025		-		4,910,089	6.4%

#### **Notes to Schedule of Contributions**

Valuation Date: December 31, 2014

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31st which is 18

months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Aggregate
Amortization method N/A
Remaining amortization period N/A

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation

Salary increases 3.5% to 7.5% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.50%

Retirement age Age-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. First used for the

1973 valuation; Classified, Exempt, Command Officers first used for the 1981 valuation; Non-

Classified/Exempt General members first used for the 1986 valuation.

Mortality RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Employee and Disabled Retiree tables for males and females

projected to 2019 with the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale.

Other information None

## Schedule of Investment Returns Multiyear (Prospective Ten Years)

Fiscal Year	
Ending	Annual
June 30	Return
2012	-1.1%
2013	18.2%
2014	22.2%
2015	3.3%
2016	-0.2%

Fiscal Voor

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan

(Schedule built prospectively upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 67)

## Schedule of Changes in Net Plan Liability and Related Ratios Multiyear (Prospective Ten Years)

Fiscal Year							
Ending							
June 30			2014		2015		2016
Total Pension L	ability						
Service cost		\$	447,479	\$	463,508	\$	464,863
Interest on tot	al pension liability		819,211		1,033,632		1,077,246
Benefit change	es es		1,727,859		-		-
Difference bet	ween expected and						
actual retur	ns		-		270,606		(93,449)
Assumption ch	anges		1,703,002		120,951		424,977
Benefit payme	nts		(1,379,391)		(987,639)		(1,166,059)
Net change in to	otal pension liability		3,318,160		901,058		707,578
Beginning total p	ension liability		13,069,207		16,387,367		17,288,425
Ending total per	nsion liability (a)	\$	16,387,367	\$	17,288,425	\$	17,996,003
Plan Fiduciary N	let Position						
Employer cont		Ś	1,078,500	S	3,078,500	Ś	1,100,632
	et investment income	Ţ	286,663	Ų	100,516	ų	152,770
Benefit payme			(1,379,391)		(987,639)		(1,166,059)
Administrative			(1,377,371)		(19,748)		(1,100,037)
Net change in p	•	_	(12,420)		(17,740)		(14,420)
net position	ian nuuciai y		(26,648)		2,171,629		72,915
•	duciary net position		5,378,140		5,351,492		7,523,121
	iciary net position (b)	\$	5,351,492	\$	7,523,121	\$	7,596,036
ag p.aa.	iolary het pooltien (2)	Ť	0,001,172	Ť	7,020,121	Ť	.,0.0,000
Net pension liab	pility (a)-(b)	\$	11,035,875	\$	9,765,304	\$	10,399,967
Plan fiduciary n	et position as a						
percentage of	total pension liability		32.66%		43.52%		42.21%
Covered employe	ee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A
Net pension liab	oility as a percentage						
of covered emp	loyee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A
•							

## Schedule of the Net Pension Liability Multiyear (Prospective Ten Years)

Fiscal Year	Total	Plan	Net	Plan Net Position		Net Pension Liability
Ending	Pension	Net	Pension	as a % of Total	Covered	as a % of
June 30	Liability	Position	Liability	<b>Pension Liability</b>	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 16,387,367	\$ 5,351,492	\$ 11,035,875	32.7%	N/A	N/A
2015	17,288,425	7,523,121	9,765,304	43.5%	N/A	N/A
2016	17,996,003	7,596,836	10,399,167	42.2%	N/A	N/A

## Schedule of Contributions Multiyear (Prospective Ten Years)

									Actual	
Fiscal Year	P	Actuarially			C	ontribution			Contribution	
Ending	D	etermined	Actual		Deficiency		Cove	ered	as a % of	
June 30	Co	ontribution	Contribution		(Excess)		Payı	roll	<b>Covered Payro</b>	Ш
2014	\$	858,472	\$	1,078,500	\$	(220,028)	N/	Α	N/A	
2015		843,872	3,078,500			(2,234,628)	N/	Α	N/A	
2016		1,100,632		1,100,632		-	N/	Α	N/A	

# Required Supplementary Information Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan

### Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date: December 31, 2014

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31st which is 18

months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Amortization method Level dollar, open

Remaining amortization period 25 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smooted market

Investment rate of return 6.50%

Retirement age Age and experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Mortality RP-2014 Mortality Table projected to 2019 using scale BB.

Benefit changes Amount Per Year

Effective July 1,	of Service
2014	\$642
2015	681
2016	724
2017	769
thereafter	1% per year

### Schedule of Investment Returns Multiyear (*Prospective Ten Years*)

Fiscal Year		
Ending	Annual	
June 30	Return	
2014	4.8%	
2015	1.0%	
2016	1.8%	

#### Required Supplementary Information Other Postemployment Benefits

#### Schedule of Funding Progress Retiree Health Care Trust Fund (amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a) / c)
12/31/2008	\$ 38,094	\$ 91,966	\$ 53,872	41.4%	\$ 31,168	172.8%
12/31/2010	60,360	89,952	29,592	67.1%	25,951	114.0%
12/31/2012	59,131	100,064	40,932	59.1%	19,194	213.2%
12/31/2014	68,440	114,427	45,987	59.8%	19,614	234.5%

<sup>\*</sup> Actuarial valuations on the Retiree Health Care Trust Fund are required on a bi-annual basis

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions Retiree Health Care Trust Fund (amounts in thousands)

Year Ended December 31,	Re	nnual quired ributions	Percentage Contributed
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	\$	3,773 3,855 4,465 4,425 4,793	117.4% 126.9% 100.0% 104.7%

### COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:

Major Streets Fund - Accumulates resources from state funding sources for the maintenance and construction of the City's major streets system.

Local Streets Fund - Accumulates resources from state funding sources for the maintenance and construction of the City's local streets system.

Refuse Fund - Accumulates resources from a dedicated tax millage for sanitation collection and disposal services.

*Transit Center Fund* - Accumulates resources from Amtrak and sponsorships for the operations, maintenance and capital needs of the Transit Center.

*Drug Forfeiture Fund* - Accumulates resources from a federal and state drug forfeiture court rulings which can only be expended on specific supplies and services that support drug enforcement.

*Library Fund* - Accumulates resources from a dedicated tax millage for providing public library services to the community.

Community Development Block Grant - Accumulates resources for the administration of federal funded projects designed to address a wide-range of community needs in low income areas.

#### PERMANENT FUND

Cemetery Perpetual Care - Accumulates resources from plot and burial fees for the perpetual care of cemetery grounds.

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

*Debt Service Funds* - Accumulate resources from a dedicated tax millage for the debt service financing requirements of major voter approved capital projects.

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

*Sylvan Glen Golf Course* - Accumulates resources from user fees to the operation and maintenance of a municipal golf course.

Aquatic Center - Accumulates resources from user fees for the operation and maintenance of the City's municipal water park.

### COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (concluded)

#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Compensated Absences Fund - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for funding employee earned vacation and sick pay benefits.

*Unemployment Compensation Fund* - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for City unemployment insurance premiums and obligations.

Custodial Services Fund - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for the custodial services to city buildings.

*Information Technology Fund* - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for the maintenance and improvements of the City's computer and software requirements.

*Motor Equipment Fund* - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for the maintenance and capital investment of City owned vehicles.

Worker's Compensation Fund - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for insurance premium and City obligations for worker's compensation claims.

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#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2016

				Special	Revenue			
	Major Streets	Local Streets	Refuse	Transit Center	Drug Forfeiture	Library	Community Development Block Grant	Total Special Revenue
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$ 3,041,787	\$ 2,501,141	\$ 1,368,358	\$ (33,034)	\$ 752,939	\$ 1,302,515	\$ (185,486)	\$ 8,748,220
Accounts receivable	-	-	796	59,468	-	199,697	-	259,961
Due from other governments	870,333	260,101	-	-	-	-	187,883	1,318,317
Prepaid expenditures						35,100		35,100
Total assets	\$ 3,912,120	\$ 2,761,242	\$1,369,154	\$ 26,434	\$ 752,939	\$1,537,312	\$ 2,397	\$10,361,598
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 372,443	\$ 2,638	\$ 14,370	\$ 71,156	\$ 2,397	\$ 463,004
Other liabilities			10,752	139		-		10,891
Total liabilities			383,195	2,777	14,370	71,156	2,397	473,895
Fund balance								
Nonspendable	-	-	-	_	_	35,100	_	35,100
Restricted	3,912,120	2,761,242	985,959	23,657	738,569	1,431,056		9,852,603
Total fund balances	3,912,120	2,761,242	985,959	23,657	738,569	1,466,156		9,887,703
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 3,912,120	\$ 2,761,242	\$1,369,154	\$ 26,434	\$ 752,939	\$1,537,312	\$ 2,397	\$10,361,598

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Concluded) June 30, 2016

						Permanent	
			Debt Service			Fund	
							Total
					Total	Cemetery	Nonmajor
	General	Proposal A	Proposal B	Proposal C	Debt	Perpetual	Governmental
	Debt Service	Debt Service	Debt Service	Debt Service	Service	Care	Funds
Assets		- '					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,332,372	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,332,372	\$ 215,922	\$ 10,296,514
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	259,961
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,318,317
Prepaid expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,100
Total assets	\$ 1,332,372	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,332,372	\$ 215,922	\$ 11,909,892
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 463,004
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,891
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	473,895
Fund balance							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	161,800	196,900
Restricted	1,332,372				1,332,372	54,122	11,239,097
Total fund balances	1,332,372	_			1,332,372	215,922	11,435,997
	<b>.</b>				<b>.</b>	<b>.</b> 045 063	4 44 000 555
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,332,372	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,332,372	\$ 215,922	\$ 11,909,892

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Special	Revenue			
							Community	Total
	Major	Local		Transit	Drug		Development	Special
	Streets	Streets	Refuse	Center	Forfeiture	Library	Block Grant	Revenue
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,733,992	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,083,735	\$ -	\$ 7,817,727
Federal grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	239,282	239,282
State grants	4,855,713	1,581,594	-	-	-	224,237	-	6,661,544
Charges for services	-	-	8,630	49,189	-	23,944	-	81,763
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	92,184	107,710	-	199,894
Investment earnings	58,410	48,398	30,676	-	11,230	37,771	-	186,485
Other				9,515		9,824		19,339
Total revenues	4,914,123	1,629,992	4,773,298	58,704	103,414	3,487,221	239,282	15,206,034
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	59,544	-	-	-	59,544
Public safety	-	-	-	-	48,310	-	-	48,310
Sanitation	-	-	4,517,910	-	-	-	-	4,517,910
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,552	112,552
Recreation and culture	-	-	-	-	-	2,729,910	-	2,729,910
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-						
Total expenditures			4,517,910	59,544	48,310	2,729,910	112,552	7,468,226
Revenues over (under)								
expenditures	4,914,123	1,629,992	255,388	(840)	55,104	757,311	126,730	7,737,808
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	-	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	500,000
Transfers out	(4,347,952)	(2,561,201)	-		-	(748,970)	(126,730)	(7,784,853)
Total other financing								
(uses) sources	(4,347,952)	(2,061,201)	-			(748,970)	(126,730)	(7,284,853)
Net change in fund balances	566,171	(431,209)	255,388	(840)	55,104	8,341	-	452,955
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,345,949	3,192,451	730,571	24,497	683,465	1,457,815		9,434,748
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,912,120	\$ 2,761,242	\$ 985,959	\$ 23,657	\$ 738,569	\$ 1,466,156	\$ -	\$ 9,887,703

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Concluded) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

						Permanent	
			Debt Service			Fund	
	General Debt Service	Proposal A Debt Service	Proposal B Debt Service	Proposal C Debt Service	Total Debt Service	Cemetery Perpetual Care	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 3,106,251	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,106,251	\$ -	\$ 10,923,978
Federal grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	239,282
State grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,661,544
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	2,900	84,663
Investment earnings	21,543	-	-	-	21,543	3,354	199,894 211,382
Other	21,545	-	-	-	21,343	3,334	19,339
Total revenues	3,127,794				3,127,794	6,254	18,340,082
Expenditures Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,544
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,310
Sanitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,517,910
Community development Recreation and culture	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,552 2,729,910
Debt service:	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,729,910
Principal	_	730,000	1,130,000	580,000	2,440,000	_	2,440,000
Interest	75,649	184,563	261,250	142,600	664,062	-	664,062
Total expenditures	75,649	914,563	1,391,250	722,600	3,104,062		10,572,288
Revenues over (under) expenditures	3,052,145	(914,563)	(1,391,250)	(722,600)	23,732	6,254	7,767,794
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	<del>-</del>	914,563	1,391,250	722,600	3,028,413	-	3,528,413
Transfers out	(3,028,413)				(3,028,413)		(10,813,266)
Total other financing (uses) sources	(3,028,413)	914,563	1,391,250	722,600			(7,284,853)
Net change in fund balances	23,732	-	-	-	23,732	6,254	482,941
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,308,640				1,308,640	209,668	10,953,056
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,332,372	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 1,332,372	\$ 215,922	\$ 11,435,997

# Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Major Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ctual Over Inder) Final Budget
		buuget		buuget		Actual	buuget
Revenues							
State grants and reimbursements Investment earnings	\$	3,798,400 18,000	\$	3,798,400 18,000	\$	4,855,713 58,410	\$ 1,057,313 40,410
Total revenues		3,816,400		3,816,400		4,914,123	1,097,723
Other financing (uses) Transfers out		(4,514,670)		(4,514,670)		(4,347,952)	(166,718)
Net change in fund balance		(698,270)		(698,270)		566,171	1,264,441
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,345,949		3,345,949		3,345,949	 -
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,647,679	\$	2,647,679	\$	3,912,120	\$ 1,264,441

# Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Local Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues	Dauget	Duaget	riotadi	Duagot
State grants and reimbursements	\$ 1,495,220	\$ 1,495,220	\$ 1,581,594	\$ 86,374
Investment earnings	16,000	16,000	48,398	32,398
Total revenues	1,511,220	1,511,220	1,629,992	118,772
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Transfers out	(3,228,210)	(3,228,210)	(2,561,201)	(667,009)
Total other financing (uses)	(2,728,210)	(2,728,210)	(2,061,201)	(667,009)
Net change in fund balance	(1,216,990)	(1,216,990)	(431,209)	785,781
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,192,451	3,192,451	3,192,451	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,975,461	\$ 1,975,461	\$ 2,761,242	\$ 785,781

# Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Refuse Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		(Un	tual Over der) Final Budget
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	4,741,500	\$	4,741,500	\$	4,733,992	\$	(7,508)
Charges for services		6,500		6,500		8,630		2,130
Investment earnings		20,000		20,000		30,676		10,676
Total revenues		4,768,000		4,768,000		4,773,298		5,298
Expenditures								
Sanitation		4,573,000		4,573,000		4,517,910		(55,090)
Net change in fund balance		195,000		195,000		255,388		60,388
Fund balance, beginning of year		730,571		730,571		730,571		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	925,571	\$	925,571	\$	985,959	\$	60,388

# Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Transit Center For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues							 _
Sponsorships	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,515	\$ 9,515
Charges for services		71,320		71,320		49,189	(22,131)
Total revenues		71,320		71,320		58,704	(12,616)
Expenditures							
General government		71,320		71,320		59,544	 (11,776)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(840)	(840)
Fund balance, beginning of year		24,497		24,497		24,497	 -
Fund balance, end of year	\$	24,497	\$	24,497	\$	23,657	\$ (840)

## Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Drug Forfeiture For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues							
Fines and forfeitures Investment earnings	\$ 130,000	\$	130,000	\$	92,184 11,230	\$	(37,816) 11,230
3.					,		,
Total revenues	130,000		130,000		103,414		(26,586)
Expenditures							
Public safety	102,000		102,000		48,310		(53,690)
Revenues over expenditures	 28,000		28,000		55,104		27,104
Other financing (uses)							
Transfers out	 (50,000)		(50,000)		_		50,000
Net change in fund balance	(22,000)		(22,000)		55,104		77,104
Fund balance, beginning of year	 683,465		683,465		683,465		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 661,465	\$	661,465	\$	738,569	\$	77,104

## Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Library Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original		Final			Actual Over (Under) Final	
		Budget	Budget		Actual	(U	Budget
Revenues		Duagot	Daugot		Hotau		Daagot
Property taxes	\$	3,088,500	\$ 3,088,500	\$	3,083,735	\$	(4,765)
State grants and reimbursements		133,000	133,000		224,237		91,237
Charges for services		22,110	22,110		23,944		1,834
Fines and forfeitures		115,000	115,000		107,710		(7,290)
Investment earnings		-	-		37,771		37,771
Other		168,700	215,700		9,824		(205,876)
Total revenues		3,527,310	3,574,310		3,487,221		(87,089)
Expenditures							
Recreation and culture		2,937,690	2,937,690		2,729,910		(207,780)
Revenues over expenditures		589,620	636,620		757,311		120,691
Other financing (uses)							
Transfers out		(730,000)	(898,900)		(748,970)		(149,930)
Net change in fund balance		(140,380)	(262,280)		8,341		270,621
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,457,815	 1,457,815		1,457,815		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,317,435	\$ 1,195,535	\$	1,466,156	\$	270,621

## Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Community Development Block Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues Federal grants and reimbursements	\$	259,850	\$	259,850	\$	239,282	\$	(20,568)
Expenditures Community development		45,850		45,850		112,552		66,702
Revenues over expenditures		214,000		214,000		126,730		(87,270)
Other financing (uses)  Transfers out for Capital Purchases		214,000		214,000		126,730		(87,270)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance, beginning of year								
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	

## Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2016

	Sylvan Glen	Aatia Camban	Total
Assets	Golf Course	Aquatic Center	Total
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 256,548	\$ 288,291	\$ 544,839
Accounts receivable	24,558	13,919	38,477
Inventories	30,121	-	30,121
Prepaid expenses	33,455	-	33,455
Total current assets	344,682	302,210	646,892
Noncurrent assets:			
Advances to other funds	3,343,230	-	3,343,230
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,894,552	-	1,894,552
Capital assets being depreciated (net)	400,382	1,127,485	1,527,867
Total noncurrent assets	5,638,164	1,127,485	6,765,649
Total assets	5,982,846	1,429,695	7,412,541
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	638	134,869	135,507
Other liabilities	169,223	16,591	185,814
Current portion of capital lease	51,912		51,912
Total current liabilities	221,773	151,460	373,233
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Advances from other funds	-	180,302	180,302
Capital lease	35,454		35,454
Total noncurrent liabilities	35,454	180,302	215,756
Total liabilities	257,227	331,762	588,989
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	2,207,568	1,127,485	3,335,053
Unrestricted (deficit)	3,518,051	(29,552)	3,488,499
Total net position	\$ 5,725,619	\$ 1,097,933	\$ 6,823,552

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Sylvan Glen Golf Course	Aquatic Center	Total
Operating revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 931,430	\$ 710,411	\$ 1,641,841
Rental:			
Golf course	209,887	-	209,887
Restaurant	67,200	-	67,200
Other services	82,850	18,178	101,028
Total operating revenues	1,291,367	728,589	2,019,956
Operating expenses			
Operations	1,017,602	526,753	1,544,355
Depreciation	122,490	172,112	294,602
Total operating expenses	1,140,092	698,865	1,838,957
Operating income	151,275	29,724	180,999
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Investment earnings	1,095	-	1,095
Interest expense	(3,273)	-	(3,273)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	10,551	(4,135)	6,416
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	8,373	(4,135)	4,238
Change in net position	159,648	25,589	185,237
Net position, beginning of year	5,565,971	1,072,344	6,638,315
Net position, end of year	\$ 5,725,619	\$ 1,097,933	\$ 6,823,552

## Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	vivan Glen olf Course	Agua	atic Center	Total
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments for interfund services	\$	1,271,447 (547,832) (467,631) (7,679)	\$	731,611 (267,996) (118,701) (20,226)	\$ 2,003,058 (815,828) (586,332) (27,905)
Net cash provided by operating activities		248,305		324,688	 572,993
Cash flows (used) by noncapital financing activities Advances to other funds		(100,000)		<u>-</u>	(100,000)
Net cash (used) by noncapital financing activities		(100,000)			 (100,000)
Cash flows (used) by capital and related financing activitie Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal on capital lease Interest on capital lease	s	(50,039) 10,551 (50,430) (3,273)		(133,215) (1) - -	(183,254) 10,550 (50,430) (3,273)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(93,191)		(133,216)	 (226,407)
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income		1,095			 1,095
Net increase in cash and investments		56,209		191,472	247,681
Cash and investments, beginning of year		200,339		96,819	 297,158
Cash and investments, end of year	\$	256,548	\$	288,291	\$ 544,839
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities					
Operating income	\$	151,275	\$	29,724	\$ 180,999
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		122,490		172,112	294,602
Accounts receivable		(19,920)		3,022	(16,898)
Inventories		10,557		-	10,557
Prepaid expenses		(4,827)		-	(4,827)
Accounts payable		348		103,239	103,587
Other liabilities		(11,618)		16,591	 4,973
Total adjustments		97,030		294,964	 391,994
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	248,305	\$	324,688	\$ 572,993

### Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2016

	Compensated Absences	Unemployment Compensation	Custodial Services
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 5,252,544	\$ 40,000	\$ 603,245
Accounts receivable	-	-	-
Inventories			
Total current assets	5,252,544	40,000	603,245
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	-	-
Capital assets being depreciated			
net of accumulated depreciation			
Total capital assets, net of			
accumulated depreciation			
Total assets	5,252,544	40,000	603,245
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	-	-	3,245
Compensated absences	2,425,505		
Total current liabilities	2,425,505	-	3,245
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	1,914,345		
Total liabilities	4,339,850		3,245
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	-	-	-
Unrestricted	912,694	40,000	600,000
Total net position	\$ 912,694	\$ 40,000	\$ 600,000

### Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2016

	Information Technology	Motor Equipment	Workers' Compensation	Total
Assets	35	4-1-		
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable Inventories	\$ 802,007	\$ 6,001,820 59,962 409,001	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 14,699,616 59,962 409,001
Total current assets	802,007	6,470,783	2,000,000	15,168,579
Noncurrent assets:  Capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated  net of accumulated depreciation	64,849 373,662	10,248 4,040,676	-	75,097 4,414,338
Total capital assets, net of		, ,		
accumulated depreciation	438,511	4,050,924		4,489,435
Total assets	1,240,518	10,521,707	2,000,000	19,658,014
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable Compensated absences	26,097	213,536	- -	242,878 2,425,505
Total current liabilities	26,097	213,536	-	2,668,383
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	<del>-</del> _	1,914,345
Total liabilities	26,097	213,536		4,582,728
Net position Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	438,511 775,910	4,050,924 6,257,247	2,000,000	4,489,435 10,585,851
Total net position	\$ 1,214,421	\$ 10,308,171	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 15,075,286

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Compensated		Unemployment		Custodial	
	- 1	Absences	Compensation		5	Services
Operating revenues		_				_
Charges for services	\$	4,088,923	\$	-	\$	928,531
Building rental		-		-		-
Equipment rental		-		-		-
Other				2,109		
Total operating revenues		4,088,923		2,109		928,531
Operating expenses						
Cost of services		4,158,182		2,712		936,679
Motor vehicle and garage expenses				•		·
Administration		-		-		-
Operations		-		-		-
Depreciation		-		-		
Total operating expenses		4,158,182		2,712		936,679
Operating income (loss)		(69,259)		(603)		(8,148)
Nonoperating revenues						
Investment earnings		69,259		603		8,148
Gain on sale of capital assets		-				-
Total nonoperating revenues		69,259		603		8,148
Change in net position		-		-		-
Net position, beginning of year		912,694		40,000		600,000
Net position, end of year	\$	912,694	\$	40,000	\$	600,000

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Information	Motor	Workers'	
	Technology	Equipment	Compensation	Total
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,844,770	\$ 125,412	\$ 291,034	\$ 7,278,670
Building rental	-	163,696	-	163,696
Equipment rental	-	3,241,388	-	3,241,388
Other	680	111,011	4,833	118,633
Total operating revenues	1,845,450	3,641,507	295,867	10,802,387
Operating expenses				
Cost of services	1,784,820	-	330,477	7,212,870
Motor vehicle and garage expenses				
Administration	-	562,271	-	562,271
Operations	-	2,207,057	-	2,207,057
Depreciation	117,838	626,741		744,579
Total operating expenses	1,902,658	3,396,069	330,477	10,726,777
Operating income (loss)	(57,208)	245,438	(34,610)	75,610
Nonoperating revenues				
Investment earnings	8,028	93,837	34,610	214,485
Gain on sale of capital assets	0,020	195,942	34,010	195,942
dain on sale of capital assets		173,742		173,742
Total nonoperating revenues	8,028	289,779	34,610	410,427
Change in net position	(49,180)	535,217	-	486,037
Net position, beginning of year	1,263,601	9,772,954	2,000,000	14,589,249
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,214,421	\$ 10,308,171	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 15,075,286

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	mpensated		nemployment		Custodial
Cash flows from operating activities	Absences		compensation	ć	Services
Cash received from interfund services Cash payments to employees	\$ 4,088,923 (3,733,142)	\$	-	\$	928,531 (807,006)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	 -		(3,218)		(131,701)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 355,781	_	(1,109)		(10,176)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	<u>-</u>		-		- -
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities					<u>-</u>
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income	 69,259		603		8,148
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	425,040		(506)		(2,028)
Cash and investments, beginning of year	 4,827,504		40,506		605,273
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 5,252,544	\$	40,000	\$	603,245
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Operating (loss)	\$ (69,259)	\$	(603)	\$	(8,148)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation	-		-		_
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Inventories Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	- - 425,040		(506)		(2,028)
					<u>-</u> _
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 355,781	\$	(1,109)	\$	(10,176)

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Information Technology	Motor Equipment	Workers' Compensation	Total
Cash flows from operating activities  Cash received from interfund services  Cash payments to employees  Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 1,845,450 (1,151,487) (653,034)	\$ 3,641,507 (1,398,178) (1,532,378)	\$ 295,867 - (330,477)	\$ 10,802,387 (7,089,813) (2,650,808)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	40,929	710,951	(34,610)	1,061,766
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(97,599)	(1,253,351) 195,942	-	(1,350,950) 195,942
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(97,599)	(1,057,409)		(1,155,008)
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income	17,776	92,429	34,610	222,825
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(38,894)	(254,029)	-	129,583
Cash and investments, beginning of year	840,901	6,255,849	2,000,000	14,570,033
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 802,007	\$6,001,820	\$2,000,000	\$ 14,699,616
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ (57,208)	\$ 245,438	\$ (34,610)	\$ 75,610
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	117,838	626,741	-	744,579
Inventories Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	- - (19,701)	21,717 - (182,945)	- - -	21,717 (2,534) 222,394
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 40,929	\$ 710,951	\$ (34,610)	\$ 1,061,766

# Combining Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds								
		Employees'		Volunteer	Retiree	Total Pension			
	R	Retirement System		Firefighter	Health Care	and OPEB			
	Pension	Health Care	Total	Incentive Trust	Trust Fund	Trust Funds			
Assets									
Cash	\$ 3,800,475	\$ -	\$ 3,800,475	\$ 2,988,762	\$ 747,194	\$ 7,536,431			
Interest receivable	28,216	-	28,216	-	77,459	105,675			
Investments									
U.S. government securities	3,952,099	-	3,952,099	4,552,083	-	8,504,182			
Municipal securities	-	-	-	55,991	-	55,991			
Corporate bonds	3,136,064	-	3,136,064	-	11,124,211	14,260,275			
Corporate equities	89,875,490	-	89,875,490	-	8,516,516	98,392,006			
Mutual funds	49,054,543	12,351,801	61,406,344	-	25,844,339	87,250,683			
Exchange traded funds	25,604,990		25,604,990		11,115,967	36,720,957			
Total assets	175,451,877	12,351,801	187,803,678	7,596,836	57,425,686	252,826,200			
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	56,455	-	56,455	800	-	57,255			
Accrued liabilities	70,547		70,547			70,547			
Total liabilities	127,002		127,002	800		127,802			
Net position									
Restricted for pension benefits	175,324,875	-	175,324,875	7,596,036	-	182,920,911			
Restricted for postemployment									
healthcare benefits	-	12,351,801	12,351,801		57,425,686	69,777,487			
Total net position	\$175,324,875	\$12,351,801	\$187,676,676	\$ 7,596,036	\$57,425,686	\$252,698,398			

## Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Employees'		Volunteer	Retiree	Total Pension	
	R	etirement Syste	m	Firefighter	Health Care	and OPEB	
	Pension	Health Care	Total	Incentive Trust	Trust Fund	Trust Funds	
Additions							
Contributions							
Employer contributions	\$ 314,025	\$ -	\$ 314,025	\$ 1,100,632	\$ 4,901,764	\$ 6,316,421	
Employee contributions	166,434		166,434			166,434	
Total contributions	480,459	-	480,459	1,100,632	4,901,764	6,482,855	
Investment earnings							
Interest	294,890	72,555	367,445	126,364	423,910	917,719	
Dividends	5,439,820	-	5,439,820	2,085	1,532,495	6,974,400	
Other income	84,967	-	84,967	-	-	84,967	
Net adjustment in fair value	(5,733,980)		(5,733,980)	24,321	(1,847,925)	(7,557,584)	
Total investment earnings	85,697	72,555	158,252	152,770	108,480	419,502	
Less investment expense	415,732	-	415,732		162,473	578,205	
Net investment earnings	(330,035)	72,555	(257,480)	152,770	(53,993)	(158,703)	
Total additions	150,424	72,555	222,979	1,253,402	4,847,771	6,324,152	
Deductions							
Benefits	11,108,572	4,463,557	15,572,129	1,166,059	-	16,738,188	
Administrative expenses	133,867	-	133,867	14,428	24,552	172,847	
Total deductions	11,242,439	4,463,557	15,705,996	1,180,487	24,552	16,911,035	
Change in net position	(11,092,015)	(4,391,002)	(15,483,017)	72,915	4,823,219	(10,586,883)	
Restricted net position, beg. of year for							
Pension benefits	186,416,890	-	186,416,890	7,523,121	-	193,940,011	
Postemployment healthcare benefits		16,742,803	16,742,803		52,602,467	69,345,270	
Total restricted net position,							
beginning of year	186,416,890	16,742,803	203,159,693	7,523,121	52,602,467	263,285,281	
Restricted net position, end of year for							
Pension benefits	175,324,875	-	175,324,875	7,596,036	-	182,920,911	
Postemployment healthcare benefits		12,351,801	12,351,801		57,425,686	69,777,487	
Total restricted net position, end of year	\$175,324,875	\$12,351,801	\$187,676,676	\$ 7,596,036	\$57,425,686	\$252,698,398	

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	В	Balance eginning of Year		Additions	Deductions		Balance End of Year
Assets Cash and investments	\$	4,099,475	<u> </u>	189,983,274	\$ (189,727,829)	\$	4,354,920
Taxes receivable	٠ 	788,538	<del>-</del>	190,437,238	(191,225,776)	ڊ 	4,334,920
Total assets	\$	4,888,013	\$	380,420,512	\$ (380,953,605)	\$	4,354,920
Liabilities Accounts payable Performance deposits	\$	31,220 4,856,793	\$	375,567,885 1,951,599	\$ (375,563,005) (2,489,572)	\$	36,100 4,318,820
Total liabilities	\$	4,888,013	\$	377,519,484	\$ (378,052,577)	\$	4,354,920

### Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Downtown Development Authority

June 30, 2016

	Operating		Adjustments	Statement of Net Position		
Assets Cash and investments Receivables	\$	147,241	\$ -	\$ 147,241		
Taxes receivable		42,910		42,910		
Total assets	\$	190,151		190,151		
Liabilities Interest payable Noncurrent liabilities	\$	-	113,611	113,611		
Due within one year		-	260,000	260,000		
Due after one year		-	14,165,000	14,165,000		
Total liabilities			14,538,611	14,538,611		
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable property taxes Deferred gain on refunding		42,911 -	(42,911) 424,579	- 424,579		
Total deferred inflows of resources		42,911	381,668	424,579		
Fund balance Unassigned		147,240	(147,240)	<u> </u>		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	190,151				
Net position (deficit) Unrestricted			(14,773,039)	(14,773,039)		
Total net position (deficit)			\$ (14,773,039)	\$ (14,773,039)		

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#### Reconciliation

Fund Balances for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities Downtown Development Authority

June 30, 2016

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 147,240

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred inflows in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in fund balance.

Add: deferred inflows 42,911

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Deduct: accrued interest payable	(113,611)
Deduct: deferred gain on refunding	(424,579)
Deduct: debt reimbursement payable - current portion	(260,000)
Deduct: debt reimbursement payable - long-term portion	(14,165,000)

Net position of governmental activities \$ (14,773,039)

### Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Downtown Development Authority

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Operating	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues	Operating	Hajastments	Activities
Property taxes	\$ 1,074,129	\$ (6,086)	\$ 1,068,043
Investment earnings	4,883		4,883
Total revenues	1,079,012	(6,086)	1,072,926
Expenditures/expenses			
Economic development	183,296	-	183,296
Debt service:			
Principal	260,000	(260,000)	-
Interest	691,013	(25,103)	665,910
Total expenditures/expenses	1,134,309	(285,103)	849,206
Net change in fund balances/			
net position	(55,297)	279,017	223,720
Fund balance/net position (deficit),			
beginning of year	202,537	(15,199,296)	(14,996,759)
Fund balance/net position (deficit),			
end of year	\$ 147,240	\$ (14,920,279)	\$ (14,773,039)

#### Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities Downtown Development Authority

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total government
--

\$ (55,297)

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred inflows to the following fiscal year. Deduct: net difference in deferred inflows

(6,086)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Add: principal payments on long-term liabilities

260,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Add: decrease in accrued interest expense

25,103

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 223,720

### Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Local Development Financing Authority June 30, 2016

	Operating		Adjustments		Statement of Net Position		
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	117,466	\$		\$	117,466	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	1,320		-		1,320	
Accrued liabilities		89,735		-	89,735		
Total liabilities		91,055				91,055	
Fund balance Unassigned		26,411		(26,411)		_	
Total liabilities and fund balance	ς .	117,466		(==, :::)			
Total Habilities and fulld balance		117,400					
Net position Unrestricted				26,411		26,411	
				-,		-,	
Total net position			\$	26,411	\$	26,411	

### Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Local Development Financing Authority

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Operating		Adjustments		Statement of Activities	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	178,725	\$	-	\$	178,725
Investment earnings		2,231		-		2,231
Total revenues		180,956		-		180,956
Expenditures/expenses						
Economic development		167,378		-		167,378
Net change in fund balance/net position		13,578		-		13,578
Fund balance/net position, beginning of year		12,833		-		12,833
Fund balance/net position, end of year	\$	26,411	\$		\$	26,411

### Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Brownfield Redevelopment Authority

June 30, 2016

	Operating		Adjustments		Statement of Net Position	
Assets Cash and investments Revolving loans receivable	\$	360,044 412,510	\$		\$	360,044 412,510
Total assets	\$	772,554				772,554
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue - loans receivable	\$	412,510		(412,510)		
Fund balance Unassigned		360,044		(360,044)		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	772,554				
Net Position Unrestricted				772,554		772,554
Total net position			\$	772,554	\$	772,554
Reconciliation: Fund Balance for Governmental Fund to Net Position of Governmental Activities Fund balance - governmental fund					\$	360,044
Amounts reported for governmental activities in statement of net position are different because:					Ф	300,044
The focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing. Some assets will not be available to pay for current period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred inflows in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in fund balance.						412,510
Net position of government activities					\$	772,554

### Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and

### Change in Fund Balance Brownfield Redevelopment Authority

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	(	Operating Adjustmen		justments		tement of ctivities
Revenues Property taxes Investment earnings	\$	94,085 5,533	\$	(67,609)	\$	26,476 5,533
Total revenues		99,618		(67,609)		32,009
Expenditures/expenses Community and economic development		9,708		<u>-</u>		9,708
Net change in fund balance/net position		89,910		(67,609)		22,301
Fund balance/net position, beginning of year		270,134		480,119		750,253
Fund balance/net position, end of year	\$	360,044	\$	412,510	\$	772,554
Reconciliation: Net Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to Change in Net Position of Statement of Activities						
Net change in fund balance - governmental activitie	S				\$	89,910
Amount reported for governmental activities in statement of activities are different because:  Additional tax capture for interest and administrative fees is not recognized until available in government funds, but recognized when earned for the purpose	al					<b>47.40</b> 0
net position in the statement of activities.					ф	(67,609)
Change in net position of governmental activities					<u> </u>	22,301

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STATISTICAL SECTION

### **Statistical Section Table of Contents**

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents		Page
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	139
Revenue Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	145
Debt Capacity	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	149
Demographic and Economic Information	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	155
Operating Information	These schedules contain serve and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	157
Continuing Disclosure	Information contained herein complies with Rule 15c2-12, a federal regulation promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, designed to improve disclosure practices in the municipal bond market.	164

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the relevant year.

CITY OF TROY, MICHIGAN

Net Position by Component										Unaudited
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)										
					Fiscal Year E	Fiscal Year Ended June 30				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities		!	1							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$153,793,099	\$153,793,099 \$157,447,608 34.119.273 34.552.624	\$164,045,115 31.704.901	\$170,829,690 26.293.289	\$1/4,656,911 19.293.248	\$175,292,324 16.096.939	\$179,616,224 18.414.931	\$168,722,287 25.024.969	\$178,865,098 24.785.605	\$194,299,483 19.460.570
Unrestricted	33,414,001	31,970,878	30,192,218	33,877,687	38,429,041	48,526,117	54,304,874	65,673,197	82,121,441	79,865,292
Total governmental activities net position \$\frac{\$221,326,373}{}	\$221,326,373	\$223,971,110	\$225,942,234	\$231,000,666	\$232,379,200	\$239,915,380	\$252,336,029	\$259,420,453	\$285,772,144	\$293,625,345
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets	\$105,920,417	5105.920.417 \$ 107.889.998	\$111.070.571	\$116.929.920	\$117.612.994	\$118.170.260	\$117.311.016	\$118.730.653	\$119.825.109	\$127.611.126
Unrestricted	43,142,406	46,259,322	44,948,474	43,046,756	45,052,579	47,550,528	51,044,950	48,878,034	45,659,008	38,593,816
Total business-type activities net position	\$149,062,823	\$154,149,320	\$156,019,045	\$159,976,676	\$162,665,573	\$165,720,788	\$168,355,966	\$167,608,687	\$165,484,117	\$166,204,942
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$259,713,516 \$265,337,606	\$265,337,606	\$275,115,686	\$287,759,610	\$292,269,905	\$293,462,584	\$296,927,240	\$287,452,940	\$298,690,207	\$321,910,609
Restricted	34,119,273	34,552,624	31,704,901	26,293,289	19,293,248	16,096,939	18,414,931	25,024,969	24,785,605	19,460,570
Unrestricted	76,556,407	78,230,200	75,140,692	76,924,443	83,481,620	96,076,645	105,349,824	114,551,231	127,780,449	118,459,108
Total primary government net position	\$370,389,196	\$370,389,196 \$378,120,430	\$381,961,279	\$390,977,342	\$395,044,773	\$405,636,168	\$420,691,995	\$427,029,140	\$451,256,261	\$459,830,287

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015; however, prior years were not restated.

Changes in Net Position										Unaudited
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)										
					Fiscal Year Er	Fiscal Year Ended June 30				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 12,601,536	\$ 9,719,442	\$ 10,093,396	\$ 10,480,528	\$ 10,057,545	\$ 9,677,191	\$ 8,459,810	\$ 9,875,913	\$ 10,449,379	\$ 11,305,100
Public safety	30,436,286	31,450,783	31,597,944	31,300,208	30,776,101	27,228,933	26,878,737	28,860,117	35,744,673	31,023,545
Public works	20,864,379	16,064,613	15,869,334	15,000,517	14,812,707	13,703,006	13,626,846	15,478,239	17,224,145	16,269,932
Sanitation	4,529,666	3,893,842	3,961,658	3,994,706	4,110,330	4,216,260	4,331,500	4,267,388	4,606,627	4,517,499
Community and economic development	149,357	2,013,127	1,838,697	1,460,081	1,030,929	854,593	1,366,075	16,303,702	1,018,643	955,880
Recreation and culture	15,189,313	14,209,839	14,872,286	12,573,922	9,865,320	8,812,144	9,145,272	9,432,683	10,091,847	10,248,458
Interest on long-term debt	1,618,860	1,572,470	1,440,456	650,484	665,356	1,101,675	1,019,021	1,065,510	1,444,384	1,344,219
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 85,389,397	\$ 78,924,116	\$ 79,673,771	\$ 75,460,446	\$ 71,318,288	\$ 65,593,802	\$ 64,827,261	\$ 85,283,552	\$ 80,579,698	\$ 75,664,633
Business-type activities:										
Water 5 PC 4001	\$ 12 051 079	\$ 12 909 289	\$ 12 704 769	\$ 17 174 579	\$ 12 420 080	\$ 12 004 920	\$ 14 424 20A	¢ 15 /70 500	\$ 15 767 709	¢ 19 509 402
Water	0/6/10/61 ¢		\$ 12,704,700	0/0,4/4,7/0	400,404,004	7 13,704,020	7 14,434,204	000,474,010	00/,/0/,01 ¢	5 10,300,493
Sanitary sewer	9,705,247	9,576,883	9,046,402	9,145,016	10,400,332	11,767,038	12,215,434	12,864,584	12,807,380	12,584,209
Aquatic center	688,236	592,653	597,942	561,343	565,873	566,978	543,834	531,369	583,709	700,430
Sylvan Glen Golf course	1,085,421	1,110,038	1,098,361	1,087,120	1,021,420	1,061,139	1,052,043	1,096,974	1,130,082	1,143,351
Sanctuary Lake Golf course	1,683,553	1,624,625	1,634,836	1,632,244	1,523,616	1,821,384	1,676,239	1,735,921	1,733,846	1,900,990
Total business-type activities expenses	\$ 27,114,435	\$ 26,712,487	\$ 25,082,309	\$ 24,900,301	\$ 25,950,330	\$ 29,121,359	\$ 29,921,754	\$ 31,708,348	\$ 32,022,725	\$ 34,837,473
Total primary government expenses	\$112,503,832	\$105,636,603	\$104,756,080	\$100,360,747	\$ 97,268,618	\$ 94,715,161	\$ 94,749,015	\$116,991,900	\$112,602,423	\$110,502,106
Drogram roughline										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 2.245.026	\$ 2.391.745	\$ 2.277.395	\$ 2.792.387	\$ 3.017.126	\$ 3.039.578	\$ 3.114.515	\$ 3.241.183	\$ 3.783.480	\$ 3.766.949
Public safety	3,059,322	3,132,235	2,579,487	2,606,050	2,912,838	3,219,618	3,545,823	4,076,054	4,691,450	4,451,076
Public works	1,927,982	1,613,717	1,579,964	1,912,056	1,696,240	2,357,325	2,223,031	2,634,542	3,364,953	3,335,490
Sanitation	2,275	3,510	6,993	4,796	4,860	5,700	6,012	6,358	6,590	8,630
Recreation and culture	4,546,308	4,617,520	4,398,056	4,484,145	3,850,470	3,444,462	3,651,142	3,536,383	3,589,925	3,587,481
Operating grants and contributions	932,693	979,113	967,159	1,057,307	1,474,950	912,173	1,196,458	835,352	1,097,166	760,549
Capital grants and contributions	6,552,433		9,963,345	8,590,800	6,895,652	6,723,177	10,435,694	23,832,070	10,447,244	11,466,690
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 19,266,039	\$ 19,608,809	\$ 21,772,399	\$ 21,447,541	\$ 19,852,136	\$ 19,702,033	\$ 24,172,675	\$ 38,161,942	\$ 26,980,808	\$ 27,376,865

(Continued)					Fiscal Year Ended June 30	ided June 30				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Water	\$ 14,652,417	\$ 15,684,590	\$ 13,227,113	\$ 13,968,516	\$ 14,139,274	\$ 15,923,727	\$ 15,965,202	\$ 15,078,684	\$ 14,626,110	\$ 17,465,511
Sanitary sewer	11,291,515	11,612,763	9,750,202	10,372,640	11,917,175	13,177,412	12,978,863	12,451,888	11,900,157	12,470,724
Aquatic center	322,111	438,432	486,671	451,670	503,685	577,757	481,424	532,293	431,141	728,589
Sylvan Glen Golf course	1,125,895	1,137,679	1,178,497	1,128,192	1,024,216	1,290,051	1,173,838	984,908	1,128,968	1,291,367
Sanctuary Lake Golf course	1,052,986	985,503	923,692	68,687	940,775	1,442,755	1,295,277	1,335,433	1,375,137	1,809,386
Operating grants and contributions	•		•			•		•	19,153	•
Capital grants and contributions	1,012,829		1,025,250	299,239	221,561	150,603	528,416	262,237	285,963	1,104,132
Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues	\$ 29,457,753	\$ 30,502,361	\$ 26,591,425	\$ 27,188,944	\$ 28,746,686	\$ 32,562,305	\$ 32,423,020	\$ 30,645,443	\$ 29,766,629	\$ 34,869,709
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities	\$ (66.123.358)	\$ (59.315.307)	\$ (57.901.372)	\$ (54.012.905)	\$ (51.466.152)	\$ (45.891.769)	\$ (40.654.586)	\$ (47.121.610)	\$ (53.598.890)	\$ (48.287.768)
Business-type activities	2,343,318	( m	1,509,116	2,288,643	2,796,356	3,440,946	2,501,266	(1,062,905)	(2,256,096)	32,236
Total primary government net expense	\$ (63,780,040)	\$ (55,525,433)	\$ (56,392,256)	\$ (51,724,262)	\$ (48,669,796)	\$ (42,450,823)	\$ (38,153,320)	\$ (48,184,515)	\$ (55,854,986)	\$ (48,255,532)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	tion									
Governmental activities:	\$ EO 400 212	¢ E4 000 080			375 770 77 375	¢ 44 20E 003			\$ 42,000,470	30 300 405
Property taxes	30,400,210	080,200,16 \$	5 51,041,101	100,5/0,00 \$	\$ 40,00,373	\$ 40,293,903	\$ 40,419,013	\$ 40,739,393	40,493,476	\$ 46,369,163
State-shared revenues	6,635,508	6,633,938	6,313,999	5,615,666	5,615,666	6,136,066	6,279,381	6,435,145	6,541,560	6,535,632
Grants & contrib. not restricted	175,543		103,151	1,207,291	8,652	33,400	50,485	54,535	22,848	24,472
Interest and investment earnings	4,588,419	3,425,379	1,861,698	785,025	537,935	245,077	185,302	424,286	258,208	1,079,714
Miscellaneous	118,565	179,109	131,037	163,134	123,038	121,187	140,452	532,674	523,636	131,968
Transfers	(1,856,960)		704,200	627,160	492,020	596,316	•			
Total governmental activities	\$ 60,149,291	\$ 61,960,044	\$ 60,155,186	\$ 59,071,337	\$ 52,844,686	\$ 53,427,949	\$ 53,075,235	\$ 54,206,033	\$ 54,339,730	\$ 56,140,971
Business-type activities:										
Grants & contrib. not restricted	\$ 215,292	\$ 14,882	\$ 616	\$ 301	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	•	· \$
Interest and investment earnings	2,104,233	1,963,881	1,064,193	487,698	384,561	210,585	133,912	305,126	131,526	681,643
Miscellaneous	•	•	•	4,800	•		•	10,500	•	6,946
Transfers	(643,040)	(682,140)	(704,200)	(627, 160)	(492,020)	(596,316)	•	•	•	•
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,676,485	\$ 1,296,623	\$ 360,609	\$ (134,361)	\$ (107,459)	\$ (385,731)	\$ 133,912	\$ 315,626	\$ 131,526	\$ 688,589
Total primary government	\$ 61,825,776	\$ 63,256,667	\$ 60,515,795	\$ 58,936,976	\$ 52,737,227	\$ 53,042,218	\$ 53,209,147	\$ 54,521,659	\$ 54,471,256	\$ 56,829,560
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	\$ (5,974,067)	\$ 2,644,737	\$ 2,253,814	\$ 5,058,432	\$ 1,378,534	\$ 7,536,180	\$ 12,420,649	\$ 7,084,423	\$ 740,840	\$ 7,853,203
Business-type activities	4,019,803	5,	1,869,725	2,154,282	2,688,897		2,635,178		(2,124,570)	
Total primary government	\$ (1,954,264)	\$ 7,731,234	\$ 4,123,539	\$ 7,212,714	\$ 4,067,431	\$ 10,591,395	\$ 15,055,827	\$ 6,337,144	\$ (1,383,730)	\$ 8,574,028

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

								For Fiscal Ye	For Fiscal Year Ended June 30	ne 30				
		2007	2	2008	. 4	2009	2010	2011	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016
General Fund										Ī				
Non-spendable	s	695,992 \$ 617,505	s	617,505	s	623,544	\$ 447,720 \$	0 \$ 4,034,119	19 \$ 3,884,686	\$ 989,	4,369,038	\$ 4,417,528	\$ 5,287,206 \$	\$ 5,669,290
Restricted		•		•		•		- 1,508,257	_	,514,118	1,525,598	1,534,139	1,538,879	1,563,203
Committed		•		•			3,400,000	3,610,131	_	,517,000	2,771,300	6,622,968	•	
Assigned				•			9,171,895	5 5,953,000	3,655,000	000,	3,148,000	3,162,000	8,075,520	5,312,270
Unassigned		24,169,595		23,015,257	70	20,690,932	10,722,271	1 12,359,648	48 23,340,380	,380	24,946,170	21,856,139	19,716,862	20,062,397
Total general fund	s	\$ 24,865,587 \$ 23,632,762	\$ 23	,632,762	\$ 21	\$ 21,314,476	\$ 23,741,886	6 \$ 27,465,155	55 \$ 33,911,184	,184 \$	36,760,106	\$ 37,592,774	\$ 34,618,467	\$ 32,607,160
										Ī				
All other Governmental Funds							,							
Nonspendable	s	•	s	•	s	•	s	٠	- \$ 158,200	,200 \$	160,579	\$ 224,977	\$ 200,512	\$ 196,900
Restricted		34,119,273		34,552,624	31	31,704,901	8,294,105	5 12,047,688	38 15,938,739	,739	18,472,876	21,023,992	23,781,735	19,510,120
Committed		•		٠		٠	89,400	0 7,245,560	50 2,662,187	,187	3,099,166	3,776,000	803,358	2,720,822
Assigned		•		٠		٠	17,909,784	4	1		•	1	•	
Total all other governmental funds	Ŷ	\$ 34,119,273 \$	\$ 34	34,552,624	\$ 31	31,704,901	\$ 26,293,289	9 \$ 19,293,248	48 \$ 18,759,126		\$ 21,732,621 \$	\$ 25,024,969	\$ 24,785,605	\$ 22,427,842

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)	nting)									
					For Fiscal Year Ended June 30	inded June 30				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues Property taxes	\$ 50.696.911	\$ 51,270,756	\$ 51,092,129	\$ 50,828,551	\$ 46,082,673	\$ 46.450.199	\$ 46.470.104	\$ 46 739 163	\$ 47.032.046	\$ 48.181.711
Licenses and permits										
Intergovernmental - federal	551,965	1,279,824	4,884,314	3,185,364	2,171,633	1,040,037	5,119,153	3,189,800	1,909,795	2,492,626
Intergovernmental - state	11,805,209	11,990,426	11,345,811	10,494,294	10,504,385	11,384,502	11,673,045	12,238,420	14,532,201	14,016,525
Intergovernmental - local	765,823	758,058	465.212	908.398	1,039,709	614.530	786.068	31,209	587.902	1.401.455
Charges for services	8 338 480	8 109 915	7 782 945	8.151.713	7,335,759	7,660,204	7,760,795	8.378.616	9.375.710	9,636,700
Fines and forfeits	1 243 286	1 783 784	1 054 161	1 226 720	1 277 705	1 154 999	907,183	1 396 241	1 118 251	1 183 571
layortmost income	1,243,200	1,403,704	1,034,161	1,220,729	1,77,703	1,134,999	702,103	1,390,241	1,410,334	1,003,071
Investment income	3,942,955	7,782,486	1,592,062	043,0/3	430,899	186,897	154,351	348,623	224,322	805,229
Other Total revenues	2,046,640	80 993 861	81 453 768	79 899 632	72 069 586	72 508 596	77 126 996	2,042,677	3,006,024	83 245 425
	17.000,00	100,000,000	00,,001,10	200,000,0	2,007,000	12,000,000	077,021,77	011,177,07	00,200,10	03,013,00
Expenditures										
General government	9.118.399	9.181.757	9.167.749	8.562.924	8.232.791	7.499.219	7.409.887	6.621.292	6.992.997	7.338.404
Public safety	29,575,908	30,764,667	31,042,277	30,902,648	29,899,440	26,644,367	27,371,783	28,082,145	31,108,472	28,611,021
Roads and Streets	4,754,166	5,600,748	5,687,378	4,844,712	4,799,035	4,159,761	4,257,865	5,675,847	5,638,918	5,372,214
Other Public Works	2,676,716	2,676,845	2,525,114	2.043.464	1,756,490	1,680,731	1,779,928			
Sanitation	4,528,962	3.892,487	3,961,794	3,996,065	4,109,985	4,216,324	4,331,560	4.267.898	4,606,610	4.517.910
Community & Economic Dev.	116,091	115,981	195,216	127,522	148,800	133,712	621,439	18,327,123	3,207,237	3,186,003
Recreation and culture	13,412,739	14,431,267	13.830,413	12.231,424	9,067,491	8,060,815	8.243,322	8,556,099	9,186,959	9,457,699
Capital outlay	11,856,766	12,322,730	17,176,377	17,062,105	14,244,384	11,130,331	13,670,400	13,725,931	19,554,175	24,973,022
Debt service										
Principal	1.917.957	1.968.296	2.225.309	2.304.692	2.496.586	2.536.167	2.626.776	2,691,746	2.832.182	2.922.716
Interest and other charges	1,639,410	1,471,759	1,461,569	1,375,693	1,248,479	1,119,964	1,042,839	1,126,667	1,505,715	1,407,944
Total expenditures	79,597,114	82,426,537	87,273,196	83,451,249	76,003,481	67,181,391	71,355,799	89,074,748	84,633,265	87,786,933
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,286,313	(1,432,676)	(5,819,428)	(3,551,617)	(3,933,895)	5,327,205	5,771,197	(12,280,338)	(3,570,378)	(4,541,508)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Issuance of debt	41.440	3.505.000	181.379	11.321.816	9.110.000	•	•	14.945.000	•	•
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	748,221	47.902	131,205	) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	61.373	•	51.220	273.700	415.717	172.438
Payments to escrow agents		(3,601,840)	'	(11,261,350)	(9.919,004)	•		•	'	. '
Premium on Debt Issuance	•	-		-	947,639	•	•	•	٠	•
Transfers in	13,965,781	12,260,233	11,066,116	10,441,542	9,229,240	8,803,101	8,648,930	13,742,158	15,247,847	18,223,266
Transfers out	(16,972,741)	(11,578,093)	(10,442,591)	(9,934,593)	(8,772,125)	(8,218,400)	(8,648,930)	(13, 292, 158)	(15,306,857)	(18,223,266)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,217,299)	633,202	936,109	567,415	657,123	584,701	51,220	15,668,700	356,707	172,438
Net change in fund balances	\$ (930,986)	\$ (799,474)	\$ (4,883,319)	\$ (2,984,202)	\$ (3,276,772)	\$ 5,911,906	\$ 5,822,417	\$ 3,388,362	\$ (3,213,671)	\$ (4,369,070)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	5.3%	4.9%	5.3%	5.5%	6.1%	6.5%	6.4%	5.1%	%2'9	%6.9

General Governmental Tax Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Unaudited

			Governmental Activities	al Activities		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General	Refuse	Library	Capital	General Debt Service	Total All Property Taxes
2007	\$ 35,679,836	\$ 4,254,241	· •	\$ 8,200,947	\$ 2,561,887	\$ 50,696,911
2008	36,667,821		•	8,385,316	2,653,860	51,270,756
2009	36,487,455	3,564,456	•	8,386,956	2,653,262	51,092,129
2010	36,362,516	3,900,932	•	7,957,902	2,607,201	50,828,551
2011	32,550,858	4,057,573	•	7,137,343	2,321,601	46,067,375
2012	30,424,031	4,168,478	3,037,539	6,645,570	2,020,285	46,295,903
2013	29,612,174		2,962,459	6,481,465	2,917,119	46,419,615
2014	29,591,708	4,647,626	2,982,973	6,526,304	3,010,782	46,759,393
2015	29,844,976	4,595,925	3,004,907	6,574,245	2,973,425	46,993,478
2016	30,673,539	4,733,992	3,083,735	6,771,668	3,106,251	48,369,185

Property Ta	Property Tax Levies and Collection	Collections						Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years	al Years							
			Percentage			Percentage of Total Tax		Percentage of Delinquent
Fiscal	Total	Current	of Current	Delinquent	Total Tax	Collections	Outstanding	Taxes
Year Ended	Тах	Тах	Taxes	Тах	Collections	To Total	Delinquent	To Total
June 30	Levy	Collections	Collected	Collections	To Date	Tax Levy	Taxes	Tax Levy
2007	\$ 48,338,412	\$47,306,612	97.87%	\$ 923,002	\$ 48,229,614	%27.66	\$ 108,773	0.23%
2008	48,667,887	47,589,455	97.78%	1,037,838	48,627,293	99.92%	107,492	0.22%
2009	48,676,220	47,420,544	97.42%	771,027	48,191,571	%00.66	120,221	0.25%
2010	48,273,658	47,388,992	98.17%	766,850	48,155,842	%92.66	116,780	0.24%
2011	43,852,179	42,664,592	97.29%	1,095,386	43,759,978	86.79%	92,200	0.21%
2012	44,257,157	43,064,206	97.30%	1,108,768	44,172,974	99.81%	84,183	0.19%
2013	44,391,807	43,575,998	98.16%	729,657	44,305,655	99.81%	86,153	0.19%
2014	45,071,690	44,160,748	86.76	609,614	44,770,362	99.33%	101,328	0.22%
2015	45,097,245	44,545,996	98.78%	483,614	45,029,610	99.85%	57,632	0.13%
2016	46,462,301	45,764,152	98.50%	615,231	46,379,383	99.82%	82,964	0.18%

Property Tax Rates	Direct and Overlapping Governments	Last Ten Fiscal Years	(Per \$1.000 of Assessed Valuation)
Prog	Dire	Last	(Per

			Total	35.49	47.75	34.89	47.60	34.29	47.67	34.34	47.67	35.43	48.42	36.64	49.21	37.48	49.92	37.08	49.96	37.36	49.99	36.98	49.87
			Art													0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
			Zoo	•				0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
		State	Education	90.9	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	90.9
ernments			SMART	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Overlapping Governments	ntermodiate	School	District	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.36	3.36
Ove	Oakland	Community	College	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58
		Oakland	County	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.55	4.55
	Trov	School	District	9.87	22.13	9.42	22.13	8.72	22.10	8.77	22.10	9.74	22.73	10.16	22.73	10.51	22.95	10.07	22.95	96.6	22.59	69.6	22.58
			Total	9.43	9.43	9.28	9.28	9.28	9.28	9.28	9.28	9.40	9.40	10.19	10.19	10.48	10.48	10.52	10.52	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50
			Library	•										0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70
Troy			Debt	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70
City of Troy			Refuse	0.83	0.83	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.75	0.75	0.87	0.87	0.96	0.96	1.05	1.05	1.09	1.09	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.07
			Capital	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53
			General	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50
	Fieral	Year Ended	June 30	2007 H	2007 NH	2008 H	2008 NH	2009 H	2009 NH	2010 H	2010 NH	2011 H	2011 NH	2012 H	2012 NH	2013 H	2013 NH	2014 H	2014 NH	2015 H	2015 NH	2016 H	2016 NH

H - Homestead NH - Non-Homestead

# Assessed Value and Taxable Value of Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxable Value as a Percentage of Assessed Value	82.24% 86.42% 89.33%	93.51% 97.10% 97.98% 97.79%	95.97% 90.56% 84.78% 80.68%
Assessed Value	\$ 6,608,804,750 6,422,659,810 6,227,094,050	5,838,889,239 4,988,518,313 4,540,412,680 4,410,108,900	4,491,432,340 4,827,541,740 5,313,611,700 5,626,878,870
Total Direct Tax Rate	9.43	9.28 9.4 10.19 10.48	10.52 10.50 10.50
Net Taxable Value	\$ 5,403,643,251 5,537,110,125 5,529,689,825	5,413,830,316 4,656,587,413 4,333,141,674 4,219,077,382	4,246,632,886 4,278,572,152 4,406,309,498 4,540,034,370
Michigan Tax Tribunnels, Board of Reviews and TIFS	(31,392,191) (13,406,312) (32,906,185)	(45,949,620) (187,025,599) (115,608,486) (93,614,668)	(63,630,562) (93,053,718) (98,475,692) TBD
Total Gross Taxable E Value	\$ 5,435,035,442 \$ 5,550,516,437 5,562,596,010	5,459,779,936 4,843,613,012 4,448,750,160 4,312,692,050	4,310,263,448 4,371,625,870 4,504,785,190 4,540,034,370
Personal Property	\$ 479,874,950 464,213,650 457,552,500	448,100,230 407,990,730 384,084,890 395,096,920	414,094,580 425,887,200 437,230,620 381,971,050
Industrial Property	\$ 502,914,670 510,504,920 509,100,180	507,215,340 439,470,690 241,468,720 300,554,800	283,393,700 277,484,950 281,097,400 286,584,670
Commercial Property	\$1,376,175,120 1,388,201,850 1,399,118,520	1,370,377,371 1,207,199,537 1,192,065,320 973,996,760	908,560,198 878,242,440 891,581,610 893,540,330
Residential Property	\$3,076,070,702 3,187,596,017 3,196,824,810	3, 134, 086, 995 2, 788, 952, 055 2, 631, 131, 230 2, 643, 043, 570	2,704,214,970 2,790,011,280 2,894,875,560 2,977,938,320
Fiscal Year Ended	~ ~ ~	6/30/2010 6/30/2011 6/30/2012 6/30/2013	6/30/2014 6/30/2015 6/30/2016 6/30/2017
Levy Date	1 1 1	7/01/2009 7/01/2010 7/01/2011 7/01/2012	7/01/2013 7/01/2014 7/01/2015 7/01/2016
Assessment Date		12/31/2008 12/31/2009 12/31/2010 12/31/2011	12/31/2012 12/31/2013 12/31/2014 12/31/2015

Source: City of Troy Assessing records

Note: The estimated assessed value is calculated using a 12-month sales study updated annually.

Proposal "A", as passed by the citizens of Michigan, took effect in 1994. This Proposal created two new categories for tax and assessment purposes (taxable value and capped value). Assessed value was unchanged by the Proposal, and remains at 50% of the market value of a property.

Taxable value is the amount upon which millage rate (taxes) are now levied. Taxable value is defined as the lesser of assessed value or capped value.

Capped value is calculated by taking the previous year's taxable value, minus any losses in value, multiplied by the inflation rate or 5% (whichever is less) plus any new construction.

This Proposal also mandated that the taxable value and assessed value were to be equal for the year following a transfer of ownership (as defined by the statutes), and then the capping process would begin anew.

The taxable and assessed valuation of taxable property is determined as of December 31st of each year.

## Top Ten Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/2007	:/9 papu	30/2007		Fiscal Year Ended 6/30/2016	rded 6/3	0/2016	
				Percentage of Total City				Percentage of Total City	
		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable	
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value	Taxpayer
Frankel Forbes Cohen	s	64,659,870	-	1.19%	ş	52,400,450	_	1.16%	Frankel Forbes Cohen
Nykel Management		40,726,630	3	0.75%		21,086,680	2	0.47%	755-900 Tower Associates
888 W Big Beaver Associates		33,211,240	2	0.61%		23,040,370	4	0.51%	Urbanical Oakland Mall
Liberty Property L.P.		44,522,510	2	0.82%		25,436,450	33	0.56%	Nykel Management
Detroit Edison		33,492,740	4	0.62%		33,131,780	7	0.74%	Detroit Edison
Kelly Services		32,362,130	9	%09.0		20,345,530	9	0.45%	CC Troy ASSOC
Riggs & Company (Coumbia Centers)		29,623,050	7	0.55%		20,282,110	7	0.45%	Osprey-Troy Officentre LLC
Teachers Insurance		27,812,420	10	0.51%		16,811,060	6	0.37%	Kelly Services
Oakland Mall LLC		29,151,420	∞	0.54%		15,764,770	10	0.35%	Macy's
Standard Federal Bank (Bank of Am.)		27,965,270	6	0.51%		18,046,910	8	0.40%	Bank of America
Total Top Ten	<del>⇔</del>	363,527,280		200	<del>⇔</del>	246,346,110		ŗ	Total Top Ten
lotal % of City 1/v Total City T/V	<del>⇔</del>	\$ 5,435,035,442		0.09%	<b>\$</b>	\$ 4,504,785,190		5.47%	rotal % or City 1/V Total City T/V

\*Underlined & Italic appear in both years.

CITY OF TROY, MICHIGAN

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Unaudited

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		8	0	4	6	0	∞	∞	2
	Debt Per Capita	558	530	544	209	470	428	408	555
		\$							
	Percentage of Personal Income	1.55%	1.47%	1.29%	1.21%	1.14%	1.04%	%66.0	1.35%
	Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 48,880,131	46,633,976	44,290,046	41,370,062	38,083,479	35,147,312	33,781,295	46,228,472
Business-Type Activities	Business Type Activities Bonds and Leases	\$ 11,600,000	11,300,000	11,000,000	10,700,000	10,300,000	9,900,000	11,160,759	10,653,108
Governmental Activities	General Obligation & County Issued Bonds	\$ 37,280,131	35,333,976	33,290,046	30,670,062	27,783,479	25,247,312	22,620,536	35,575,364
	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

514 470

1.25%

42,800,764 39,084,642

10,092,661 9,334,334

32,708,103 29,750,308

2015 2016

CITY OF TROY, MICHIGAN

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Unaudited

Fiscal  Year Ended June 30  2007  \$ 2008  2010  2011  2012  2013  2014	1,700,000 1,790,000 2,045,000 2,300,000 2,335,000 2,420,000 2,480,000 2,480,000	Interest and Fiscal Charges  1,388,255 1,377,508 1,292,143 1,245,789 1,045,189 973,354 1,090,225 1,447,174	Fotal Debt Service  \$ 3,242,756  3,178,255  3,422,508  3,357,143  3,545,789  3,380,189  3,393,354  4,062,174	Total General Governmental Expenditures \$ 67,425,737 69,842,007 69,832,449 66,065,902 61,499,991 55,627,231 57,288,668 75,062,875 64,791,748	Percentage of Debt Service to General Government Expenditures 4.81% 4.55% 4.90% 5.08% 6.08% 6.08% 6.27%
	2,700,000	1,355,075	4,055,075	62,507,401	6.49%

Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.

### Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Unaudited June 30, 2016

Jurisdiction	Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Troy	Amount Applicable to Troy
City of Troy	\$ 29,750,308	100.00%	\$ 29,750,308
Avondale School District Birmingham School District Bloomfield Hills School District Lamphere School District Royal Oak School District Troy School District Warren School District	120,571,600 211,450,000 54,450,000 4,700,000 33,715,000 111,925,000 184,565,000	19.94% 3.69% 2.18% 14.83% 2.29% 100.00% 7.68%	24,041,977 7,802,505 1,187,010 697,010 772,074 111,925,000 14,174,592
Oakland County	403,326,276	8.68%	35,008,721
Oakland Intermediate School District	46,680,000	8.18%	3,818,424
Oakland County Community College	1,605,000	8.74%	140,277
Total overlapping debt	1,172,987,876		199,567,589
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 1,202,738,184		\$ 229,317,897

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan; Detroit, Michigan.

### Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2016

Unaudited

Assessed Valuation at December 31, 2014

\$ 5,313,611,700

			Legal Margin	
		Percentage of		
	Annual	State Equalized		Legal Debt
	Net Debt	Valuation	Amount	Margin
General obligation debt	\$ 36,325,000	10.0%	\$ 531,361,170	\$ 495,036,170
Emergency bonds	-	37.5%	1,992,604,388	1,992,604,388
Special assessment bonds		12.0%	637,633,404	637,633,404
Total debt	\$ 36,325,000		\$ 3,161,598,962	\$ 3,125,273,962

The statutory debt limits of net bonded indebtedness incurred for all public purposes shall not at any one time exceed 10% of the assessed valuation of taxable property in the City (\$5,313,611,700), except that this limit may be exceeded by 3/8ths of 1% in case of fire, flood or other calamity. This limitation does not include bonds issued in anticipation of the payment of special assessments, nor bonds issued pursuant to court order for sewage or garbage disposal systems.

The Michigan State Bond Act provides that the total debt in special assessment bonds, which would require that the City pledge its faith and credit, shall not exceed 12% of the assessed valuation of taxable property of the City, nor shall such bonds be issued in any calendar year in excess of 3% unless voted.

### Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Unaudited

			Fiscal Year		
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Debt Limit	\$ 660,880,475	\$ 642,265,981	\$ 622,709,405	\$ 583,886,924	\$ 498,851,831
Total net debt applicable to limit	(44,130,000)	(42,220,000)	(40,050,000)	(37,460,000)	(34,545,000)
Legal debt margin	\$ 616,750,475	\$ 600,045,981	\$ 582,659,405	\$ 546,426,924	\$ 464,306,831
Total net debt applicable to the l as a percentage of debt limit	imit 6.68%	6.57%	6.43%	6.42%	6.92%
			Fiscal Year		
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Debt Limit	\$ 454,041,268	\$ 441,010,890	\$ 449,143,234	\$ 482,754,174	\$ 531,361,170
Total net debt applicable to limit	(32,010,000)	(30,420,000)	(42,735,000)	(39,670,000)	(36,325,000)
Legal debt margin	\$ 422,031,268	\$ 410,590,890	\$ 406,408,234	\$ 443,084,174	\$ 495,036,170
Total net debt applicable to the l as a percentage of debt limit	imit 7.05%	6.90%	9.51%	8.22%	6.84%

### Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Unaudited

		(	Golf Course Bond	ds	
			Debt Service		
Fiscal Year					
Ended	Collections	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage (1)
2007	\$ 1,057,265	\$ 200,000	\$ 547,307	\$ 747,307	141%
2008	985,813	300,000	539,038	839,038	117%
2009	923,908	300,000	526,950	826,950	112%
2010	974,051	300,000	515,200	815,200	119%
2011	940,775	400,000	501,945	901,945	104%
2012	1,442,755	400,000	485,446	885,446	163%
2013	1,295,277	400,000	419,657	819,657	158%
2014	1,335,433	400,000	328,254	728,254	183%
2015	1,375,137	450,000	298,686	748,686	184%
2016	1,809,386	645,000	289,881	934,881	194%
		- 10,000			
		Michigan <sup>-</sup>	Transportation F	und Bonds	
			Debt Service		
Fiscal Year					
Ended	Collections (1)	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2007	ć 2 F02 402	ć 47F 000	Ć 04.330	ć 257.330	0740/
2007	\$ 2,502,483	\$ 175,000	\$ 81,338	\$ 256,338	976%
2008	2,461,676	175,000	72,588	247,588	994%
2009	2,371,142	175,000	63,838	238,838	993%
2010	2,329,592	175,000	54,913	229,913	1013%
2011	2,363,803	175,000	45,900	220,900	1070%
2012	2,487,834	200,000	36,713	236,713	1051%
2013	2,521,831	225,000	26,013	251,013	1005%
2014	2,759,611	250,000	13,750	263,750	1046%
2015	-	=	-	=	N/A
2016	-	-	-	-	N/A
		Spec	ial Assessment E	Bonds	
			Debt Service		
Fiscal Year					
Ended	Collections	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage (2)
2007	\$ 51,713	\$ 50,000	\$ 1,713	\$ 51,713	100%
2008	-	-	-	-	N/A
2009	-	-	-	-	N/A
2010	-	-	-	-	N/A
2011	-	-	-	-	N/A
2012	-	-	-	-	N/A
2013	-	-	-	-	N/A
2014	-	-	-	-	N/A
2015	-	-	-	-	N/A
2016	-	-	-	-	N/A

<sup>(1)</sup> Fifty percent of state gas and weight taxes can be used for debt payments.

<sup>(2)</sup> Customers may choose to make special assessment payments up-front to avoid paying interest to the City, which creates uneven payment streams over the life of the assessment.

<u>S</u>	
Jemographic Statistics	Years
Sphic	Ten Fiscal \
mogra	t Ten
De C	ast

or Older	Graduate	or Professional	Degree (3)	22	22	22	22	27	27	27	27	27	27
Education Age 25 or Older		Bachelor	Degree(3)	20	20	20	20	22	22	22	22	22	22
Educa		High	School(3)	29	29	29	29	73	73	73	95	95	95
		Unemployment	Rate (%)(2)	8.4	5.6	9.4	11.9	9.5	7.7	7.4	5.9	4.4	3.5
		Personal Income	(millions)	\$ 3,153	3,166	3,423	3,412	3,336	3,381	3,414	3,431	3,433	3,428
	Median	Income Per	Household (1)	\$ 84,330	79,000	83,135	87,269	85,946	86,465	82,685	84,325	85,797	87,269
		Income	Capita (3)	\$36,000	36,000	42,000	42,000	41,200	41,200	41,200	41,209	41,209	41,209
		Average Household	Size (3)	2.69	2.69	2.69	2.69	2.63	2.61	2.61	2.60	2.60	2.59
		Number of	Households(3)	32,596	32,802	33,368	30,723	32,907	32,998	33,063	33,182	33,233	30,703
		Median	Age (3)	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.1	41.8	41.8	41.8	41.8	41.8	41.8
			Population (3)	87,594	87,956	81,490	81,235	80,980	82,071	82,853	83,270	83,319	83,181
	·	Fiscal Year Ended	June 30,	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

Source:

U.S. Census - American Fact Finder
 Oakland County research services
 Southeast Michigan Council of Governments (SEMCOG)

by Industry	Four Years
Principal Employers by Ind	Current and Previous Four Years

		2012			2013			2014			2015			2016	
			Percent			Percent			Percent			Percent			Percent
	Number of		of Total	Number of		of Total									
Industry	Parcels	Rank	<b>Parcels</b>	Parcels	Rank	<b>Parcels</b>									
Industrial, Light Manufacturing	643	-	39.65%	643	_	39.65%	638	-	39.12%	637	-	39.37%	639	-	39.15%
Office	261	7	16.08%	261	7	16.08%	262	7	16.06%	259	7	16.01%	259	7	15.87%
Retail Store (Mall, Plaza, Market, Whse, Discount	nt 150	3	9.24%	150	3	9.24%	154	3	9.44%	155	3	9.58%	155	3	6.50%
Medical Office	85	4	5.24%	85	4	5.24%	84	2	5.15%	85	4	5.25%	85	2	5.21%
Engineering	99	7	4.07%	99	7	4.07%	99	7	4.05%	64	80	3.96%	62	<b>∞</b>	3.80%
Restaurant & Fast Food	99	7	4.07%	99	7	4.07%	99	∞	4.05%	99	7	4.08%	99	7	4.04%
Apartments	29	9	4.13%	29	9	4.13%	29	9	4.11%	89	9	4.20%	89	9	4.17%
Service (Station, Garage, Booth, Convenience)	58	8	3.57%	28	∞	3.57%	58	10	3.56%	22	10	3.52%	57	10	3.49%
Loft (Multi Tenant Industrial)	4	10	2.53%	4	10	2.53%	40	7	2.45%	40	1	2.47%	40	1	2.45%
Bank	30	1	1.85%	30	1	1.85%	32	12	1.96%	32	12	1.98%	32	12	1.96%
Auto Dealership	17	12	1.05%	17	12	1.05%	17	13	1.04%	17	13	1.05%	18	13	1.10%
Warehouse (Storage, Distribution, Transit)	57	6	3.51%	27	6	3.51%	59	6	3.62%	63	6	3.89%	62	6	3.80%
All other	82	2	5.05%	82	2	5.05%	88	4	5.40%	75	2	4.64%	88	4	5.45%
Total commercial/industrial parcels	1,623		100.00%	1,623		100.00%	1,631		100.00%	1,618		100.00%	1,632		100.00%

Source: City Assessor

## Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

				<u>.</u>	Ciscal Voar Endad Tuna 20	od Ilino 20				
					cal Ical Ellu	oc aline ad				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Building Inspection										
Permits issued	1,696	1,588	1,251	1,185	940	1,699	2,006	2,297	2,369	2,404
Plans reviewed	1,059	920	685	719	806	1,842	2,023	2,641	3,051	3,301
Executive Administration										
City Manager's Office										
GFOA awards/submittals	3	æ	æ	8	2	2	3	3	3	e
City Attorney's Office										
District court appearances	6,368	902'9	6,840	6,091	6,492	6,612	7,884	7,871	8,289	8,059
Community Affairs										
New resident packets distributed	950	830	855	910	943	912	803	790	801	940
Press releases sent	450	465	475	482	487	474	479	482	495	200
City Clerk's Office										
Registered voters	54,355	56,774	55,989	56,572	55,301	57,470	58,318	56,630	57,400	57,163
Voter turnout% (November)	<b>93%</b>	24%	%62	22%	22%	27%	74%	27%	21%	21%
Human Resources										
Applications processed	1,117	1,762	1,015	365	110	1,566	778	1,274	1,120	808
Job postings	45	39	37	10	7	30	26	38	45	21
Labor contracts settled	0	_	_	_	9	0	0	3	2	4
Engineering										
Engineering										
Soil erosion inspections	4,001	1,422	1,626	626	863	772	628	812	1,089	640
Machine traffic counts	136	136	146	125	93	89	52	43	25	25
PASER ratings	Not Avail.	9	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.5				

Operating Indicators by Function/Program	ction/Pro	gram							5	Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years										
				Fis	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	led June 30				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Finance										
Accounting/Risk Management										
Payroll checks processed	24,116	27,717	27,346	23,147	22,891	23,091	24,073	24,073	26,497	26,822
Invoices issued	2,200	2,000	3,597	8,354	9,649	10,027	10,033	10,635	10,121	10,119
Liability claims processed	114	143	140	85	84	22	53	103	344	8
Insurance certificates approved	386	379	370	364	331	328	348	365	385	619
Assessing										
Residential appraisals	1,500	1,273	1,439	863	750	200	642	518	362	390
Reinspections	1,000	800	1,000	009	200	200	892	892	1,156	1,400
Purchasing										
Value of goods/services purchased	\$30.4 mil	\$29.6 mil	\$33.8 mil	\$31.7 mil	\$33.3 mil	\$34.2 mil	\$34.6 mil	\$34.0 mil	\$34.5 mil	\$37.8 mil
% of awards without dispute	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
City Treasurer's Office										
Tax bills processed	65,740	66,907	65,798	65,770	65,687	65,900	99,000	66,200	62,685	62,854
Water bills processed	102,000	104,784	104,777	104,807	99,266	101,055	102,272	102,510	102,807	103,118
Fire										
Fire Department responses	1,338	1,154	889	853	1,022	1,090	1,006	1,165	1,077	1,174
Inspections performed	2,210	2,440	2,768	2,543	2,347	2,013	3,154	2,988	2,398	2,815
Other General Government										
Building Operations										
Requests for service	18,900	19,200	18,922	17,280	16,801	12,500	18,550	18,550	16,280	18,150
Planning										
Site plan reviews	14	21	6	41	13	∞	6	17	17	15
Special use requests	22	13	15	6	80	7	12	8	2	9

	- 10 - 15								
			Fis	cal Year End	led June 30				
2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
3,215	1,968	2,894	3,168	2,457	2,262	3,508	3,300	3,976	2,611
561	573	287	622	471	468	466	480	485	485
Not avail.	Not avail.	Not avail.	51,200	50,900	51,000	51,000	46,400	49,656	56,961
		•							!
1,890	2,021	1,944	1,837	1,842	1,865	1,670	1,512	1,419	1,451
520	203	477	396	464	399	206	473	419	350
9,765	9,127	8,178	8,214	7,526	7,385	6,811	6,704	5,283	4,796
3,093	3,002	3,415	2,888	2,745	3,941	3,681	3,168	4,750	3,736
2,585	2,670	2,336	2,167	2,427	2,434	1,958	3,342	3,163	1,937
556	614	564	374	317	386	303	532	468	275
9	9	5	2	3	2	4	4	2	Э
860	1,602	1,258	1,004	1,188	1,149	1,370	1,774	1,747	1,509
2,244	2,147	2,844	2,902	3,379	3,366	4,217	4,434	4,140	2,482
1,610,795	2,100,000	2,100,000	1,785,000	1,307,000	2,100,000	1,300,000	1,630,417	1,250,000	1,151,056
4,072	4,000	3,848	3,507	3,217	2,839	2,037	2,532	2,165	2,443
648	594	604	809	520	266	464	406	487	332
44,637	35,313	32,951	27,412	27,230	29,816	26,655	27,210	28,462	28,068
7,917	10,753	10,620	12,313	6,690	10,689	8,786	9,743	9,174	9,104
	3,215 561 Not avail. 1,890 9,765 3,093 3,093 2,585 556 6 6 4,072 648 44,637 7,917	S, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	2008 20 1,968 573 Not avail. No 2,021 503 9,127 3,002 2,1670 614 6 4,000 2,10 4,000 2,10 4,000 594 594 10,753 11	2008 2009 2010  1,968 2,894 3,166 573 587 627  Not avail. Not avail. 51,200  2,021 1,944 1,837 9,127 8,178 8,21-390 2,670 2,336 2,166 614 564 37-6 614 564 37-7 6 54 37-7 6 2,147 2,844 2,907 2,147 2,844 2,907 2,147 2,844 2,907 2,147 2,844 2,907 4,000 2,100,000 1,785,000 4,000 3,848 3,507 594 604 608 35,313 32,951 27,417 10,753 10,620 12,31	2008 2009 2010  1,968 2,894 3,166 573 587 627  Not avail. Not avail. 51,200  2,021 1,944 1,837 9,127 8,178 8,21-390 2,670 2,336 2,166 614 564 37-6 614 564 37-6 614 564 2,907 2,147 2,844 2,907 2,147 2,844 2,907 2,147 2,844 2,907 2,100,000 2,100,000 1,785,000 2,100,000 3,848 3,507 4,000 3,848 3,507 594 604 608 35,313 32,951 27,417 10,753 10,620 12,31	2008 2009 2010  1,968 2,894 3,166 573 587 627  Not avail. Not avail. 51,200  2,021 1,944 1,837 9,127 8,178 8,21-390 2,670 2,336 2,166 614 564 37-6 614 564 37-7 6 54 37-7 6 2,147 2,844 2,907 2,147 2,844 2,907 2,147 2,844 2,907 2,147 2,844 2,907 4,000 2,100,000 1,785,000 4,000 3,848 3,507 594 604 608 35,313 32,951 27,417 10,753 10,620 12,31	2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         20           1,968         2,894         3,168         2,457         2,262         25           573         587         622         471         468           573         587         622         471         468           Not avail.         51,200         50,900         51,000         5           50,31         477         396         464         399           9,127         8,178         8,214         7,526         7,385           3,002         3,415         2,888         2,745         3,941           2,670         2,336         2,167         2,427         2,434           614         564         374         317         386           6         5         5         3         2           6         5         5         3         3         2           7,147         2,844         2,902         3,379         3,366           2,100,000         2,100,000         1,785,000         1,307,000         2,100,000         1,785,000         2,100,000         2,100,000         2,100,000         2,000         2,000         2,000	1,968   2,009   2010   2011   2012   2013   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5	1,968   2,894   3,168   2,457   2,262   3,508   3,300   3,508   3,405   46,400   49,400   49,127   2,021   1,944   1,837   1,842   1,865   1,670   1,512   1,520   3,415   2,120   2,144   1,837   1,842   1,865   1,670   1,512   1,520   3,415   2,888   2,745   3,941   3,681   3,148   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,434   4,000   2,100,000   1,785,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,000   1,307,010   1,307

Operating Indicators by Function/Program	Last Ten Fiscal Years

Unaudited

Last Ien Fiscal Years										
				Fis	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	ed June 30				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Information Technology Help desk requests	2,062	2,136	2,075	2,392	2,498	2,485	2,333	3,079	3,018	2,811
Golf Course Sylvan Glen rounds of golf	45,032	42,451	43,892	41,719	40,852	47,293	42,655	37,737	42,887	49,988
Sanctuary Lake rounds of golf	23,729	23,664	24,710	24,757	27,236	33,485	30,301	30,283	31,840	43,416
Aquatic Center Admissions	54,519	53,521	48,146	47,738	51,000	54,260	47,940	49,066	36,021	42,481

CITY OF TROY, MICHIGAN

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal Years	

				Fisc	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	ded June 30	0			
Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
<u>Fire</u> Stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
<u>Police</u> Stations	-	<del>-</del>	-	_	<del>-</del>	-	-	<del>-</del>	-	<del>-</del>
<u>Streets</u> Miles of improved Miles of unimproved	437	443	443	44 4	443 4	435	406	406	408	408
<u>Sewers</u> Miles of combination storm/sanitary Miles of sanitary Miles of storm	10 386 542	10 395 543	10 397 545	10 398 545	10 398 545	10 391 589	10 392 625	10 393 631	6 393 529	6 395 519
<u>Street Lights</u> Detroit Edison owned poles City owned poles	564 1,558	582 956	582 956	580 956	562 997	561 1,242	562 539	562 539	562 1,010	562 1,010
<u>Water</u> Annual distribution in million cubic feet Miles of watermains Number of hydrants	614 538 5,782	561 539 5,830	494 540 5,850	449 540 5,854	485 540 5,870	530 537 5,863	539 539 5,897	450 537 5,930	420 542 5,962	450 543 5,979
Parks and Recreation  Number of developed parks  Acres of public parks  Number of tennis courts  Outdoor education center/farm  18-hole golf course  Community center	4, 88 81 1, 2 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	88 18 17 17 17	14 1,000 18 1 2 2	14 1,000 1 1 2 2	41,000 18 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	14 1,000 18 1 2 2	15 1,000 18 1 2 2	15 1,000 18 1 2 2	15 1,000 18 1 2 2	15 1,000 18 1 2 2

Source: City Departments

<b>Building Const</b>	ruction			Unaudited
Last Ten Fiscal	Years			
2007	4 (0)		442.470.472	
2006 - 2007	1,696	permits	113,160,162	estimated value
2007 - 2008	1,588	permits	103,420,413	estimated value
2008 - 2009	1,251	permits	99,128,945	estimated value
2009 - 2010	1,185	permits	56,329,455	estimated value
2010 - 2011	940	permits	81,414,322	estimated value
2011 - 2012	1,699	permits	98,609,054	estimated value
2012 - 2013	2,006	permits	146,556,961	estimated value
2013 - 2014	2,297	permits	165,364,134	estimated value
2014 - 2015	2,369	permits	212,761,431	estimated value
2015 - 2016	2,404	permits	154,161,117	estimated value

Source: SafeBuilt Inc.

CITY OF TROY, MICHIGAN

Full and Part-Time City Government Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years	Gove	rnmen	t Emp	loyees	By Fu	By Function/Program	/Prog	ram											Unaudited	dited
	20	2007	200	2008	2009	6(	2010	0	2011	_	2012	2	2013	~	2014	4	2015	2	2016	9
	Full	Part	Full	Part	Full	Part	Full	Part	Full	Part	Full	Part	Full	Part Time	Full	Part Time	Full	Part	Full	Part
Function/Program	<u>ש</u>																			<u>ש</u>
Building Inspection Building Inspection	21	2	21	2	21	2	17	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Executive Administration City Manager's Office	ro o	0	4.5	0	4.5	0	4.5	0	4 ^	4	١ /	9 .	<b>~</b> 1	ر کا د	١ ٦	<b>~</b> 0	6 1	9	6 \	72
City Attorney's Office City Clerk's Office	<b>∞</b>	7	<b>∞</b> Φ	1	<b></b>	1	യഹ	1	9 %	7	<b>~</b> 4	7	<b>/</b> 4	7	<b>/</b> 4	7 0	<b>/</b> 4	0 m	<b>o</b> 4	0 E
Human Resources Community Affairs	4 ω	- 9	4 κ	- 9	4 κ	- 9	4 -	- 9	7	- 0	7	- 0	<sub>د</sub> 0	- 0	4 0	- 0	4 0	0 0	4 0	- 0
<u>Engineering</u> Engineering	23	9	22	9	21	9	16	2	12	ĸ	10	4	7	æ	7	٣	7	2	7	2
Finance Accounting/Risk Management Assessing Purchasing City Treasurer's Office	. 10.5 8 3 4.5	0 7 7 0	10.5 8 3 4.5	0 1 7 0	10.5 8 3 3.5	0 7 7 0	9.5 8 3 3.5	0 + + 0	4 9 7 %	00	4 0 0 4	8 + + 0	3 7 6 6		3 2 7 6	7	9 9 7 4	7 1 1 7	9 <i>V</i> 2 4	T 0 T 0
<u>Fire</u> Fire	4	2	4	7	13	7	13	2	10	9	<b>£</b>	9	<del></del>	9	=	9	12	9	12	4
<u>Library/Museum</u> Library Museum	17	86	16	86	16	6	15	93	5 0 Cont	5 61 ) 0 Continued	90 :	0	0	71	6 0	82 0	6 0	833	6 0	75

CITY OF TROY, MICHIGAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years																				
	20	2007	20	2008	2009	60	2010	0	2011	1	2012	2	2013	3	2014	4	2015	2	2016	9
	Full	Part Time	Full	Part Time	Full	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time	Full	Part Time	Full	Part Time								
Concluded																				
Other General Government		,	i	•	I	•	1	(	(	•	(	•	(	•	(	(	(	(	(	(
Real Estate & Development	4	-	3.5	0	3.5	0	3.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Building Operations</b>	12	7	12	7	12	7	7	7	9	0	9	3	7	3	7	4	7	က	7	4
Planning	2	0	2	0	2	0	3	0	4	7	4	7	4	7	4	7	4	7	4	m
Police																				
Sworn Police Officers	86	0	4	0	95	0	95	0	94	0	73	0	74	0	69	0	62	0	78	0
Command	34	0	36	0	56	0	27	0	24	0	23	0	22	0	21	0	23	0	23	0
Other	19	4	62	18	89	18	99	18	35	22	4	32	44	35	47	31	47	35	48	56
Parks & Recreation																				
Parks & Recreation	34	212	34	206	32	506	32	181	15	155	12	190	=	182	Ξ	195	12	199	12	198
Public Works	2	ć	5	9	7	ç	2	6		c	L	,	L	c		c		7	č	c
Streets & Drains Division	51.5	2 1	S.1.5	1 ∾	51.5	1 ∾	ر 97 م	<u>∞</u> ₁	24.5	7 (	20.5	= \	20.5	× ×	ر.22 در	· ·	24.5	= \	47	1 ~
water & sewer Division	34	`	کر 4	,	34 4	,	۶ 4	,	<u>ح</u>	>	<u>.</u>	٥		٥	33	0	37	٥	2	,
Fleet Maintenance	18	7	18	7	18	7	18	7	7	7	Ξ	4	4	m	12	9	4	9	12	7
Refuse/Resource Recovery	1.5	-	1.5	-	1.5	_	1.5	_	0.5	0	0.5	0	0.5	0	0.5	0	0.5	0	0	0
Information Technology																				
Information technology	6	0	6	0	6	7	6	7	∞	_	∞	-	∞	-	6	0	10	0	7	0
Golf Course																				
Golf course	2	72	2	71	2	11	2	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aguatic Center																				
Aquatic center	OI	47	01	74	OI	88	01	88	01	20	01	37	01	45	0	42	0	52	0	99
Total Employees	476	533	472	529	467	543	443	496	310	314	294	379	301	378	307	401	327	418	327	410

Source: City Department of Human Resources

### **State Shared Revenues**

Unaudited

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	State Shared Revenue
Lilada Salio Go	Roverido
2007	\$ 6,635,508
2008	6,633,938
2009	6,313,999
2010	5,615,666
2011	5,615,666
2012	6,136,066
2013	6,279,381
2014	6,435,145
2015	6,541,560
2016	6,535,632

### Gas and Weight Taxes Last Ten Fiscal Years

				T
Fiscal Year	Type of	Street	G	as and
Ended June 30	Major Road	Local Road		(Act 5
2007	\$ 3,587,980	\$ 1,416,986	\$	)
2008	3,529,518	1,393,834		
2009	3,396,979	1,345,306		
2010	3,337,309	1,321,874		
2011	3,386,023	1,341,582		
2012	3,572,892	1,402,776		
2013	3,623,451	1,420,210		
2014	3,963,956	1,555,266		
2015	4,278,155	1,499,530		
2016	4,855,713	1,581,594		

Source: City of Troy

### **Labor Agreements**

Unaudited

Name	Expiration Date	Number of Employees Covered
American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees, AFSCME - Public Works Employees	6/30/2021	62
Michigan Association of Police - Clerical, Police Services Aides	6/30/2018	44
Troy Command Officers Association - Command Police Officers	6/30/2019	22
Troy Police Officers Association - Police Officers	6/30/2020	79
Troy Firestaff Officers Association - Fire Career Professionals	6/30/2019	10
Troy Communication Supervisors Association - Civilian Communications Supervisors	6/30/2021	7

Source: City Department of Human Resources

SINGLE AUDIT ACT COMPLIANCE

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Rehmann Loham LLC

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

November 30, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Troy, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Troy, Michigan (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2016, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



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### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	CFDA Number	Passed Through	Pass-through / Grantor Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Forestry Service				
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.675	ARC	N/A	\$ 15,625
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	OAK	172170	239,282
U.S. Department of Justice				0.400
Bulletproof Vest Grant	16.607	Direct		2,102
U.S. Department of Transportation	20.205	ирот	1205716	(0.470
John R Long Lake to Square Lake	20.205	MDOT	128571C	68,470
John R Square Lake to South Blvd. Troy Multi Modal Transit Facility	20.205	MDOT	128571C	60,297 128,767
High-Speed Rail Corridors and Intercity Passenger Rail Service Capital Assistance Grants ARRA - Contract # 2011-0231, Project # 113143,				
Agenda: CAB	20.319	MDOT	20110276	1,612,932
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				1,741,699
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Sylvan Glen Phase II	66.469	Direct		375,000
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Help America Vote Act (HAVA)	93.617	MI	N/A	5,270
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
2014 Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	OAK	EMW-2014-SS-00059	10,048
2015 Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	OAK	EMW-2015-SS-00069	1,674
				11,722
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$2,390,700

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the City of Troy, Michigan (the "City") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the City's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 CFR 200 "Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards", wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

For purposes of charging indirect costs to federal awards, the City has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as permitted by \$200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

### PASS-THROUGH AGENCIES

The County receives certain federal grants as subawards from non-federal entities. Pass-through entities, where applicable, have been identified in the Schedule with an abbreviation, defined as follows:

Pass-through Agency Abbreviation	Pass-through Agency Name
MDOT	Michigan Department of Transportation
OAK	County of Oakland, Michigan
MI	State of Michigan
ARC	Alliance of Rouge Communities

4. RECONCILIATION OF FEDERAL REVENUES REPORTED IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal sources per Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

\$ 2,492,626

Less reimbursements for previous year expenditures subsequently determined eligible for reimbursement from federal sources Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

(101,926) \$ 2,390,700



### Rehmann Robson

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

November 30, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Troy, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Troy, Michigan* (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2016.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC



### Rehmann Robson

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

November 30, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Troy, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of the *City of Troy, Michigan* (the "City") with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Independent Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.



### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe that a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yesXno
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesXnone reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yesXno
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesXnone reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes X no
Identification of major programs:	
<u>CFDA Number</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
20.319	High-Speed Rail Corridors and Intercity Passenger Rail Service Capital Assistance Grants
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X ves no

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

### SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters reported.

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters reported.

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### Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

No matters were reported.

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