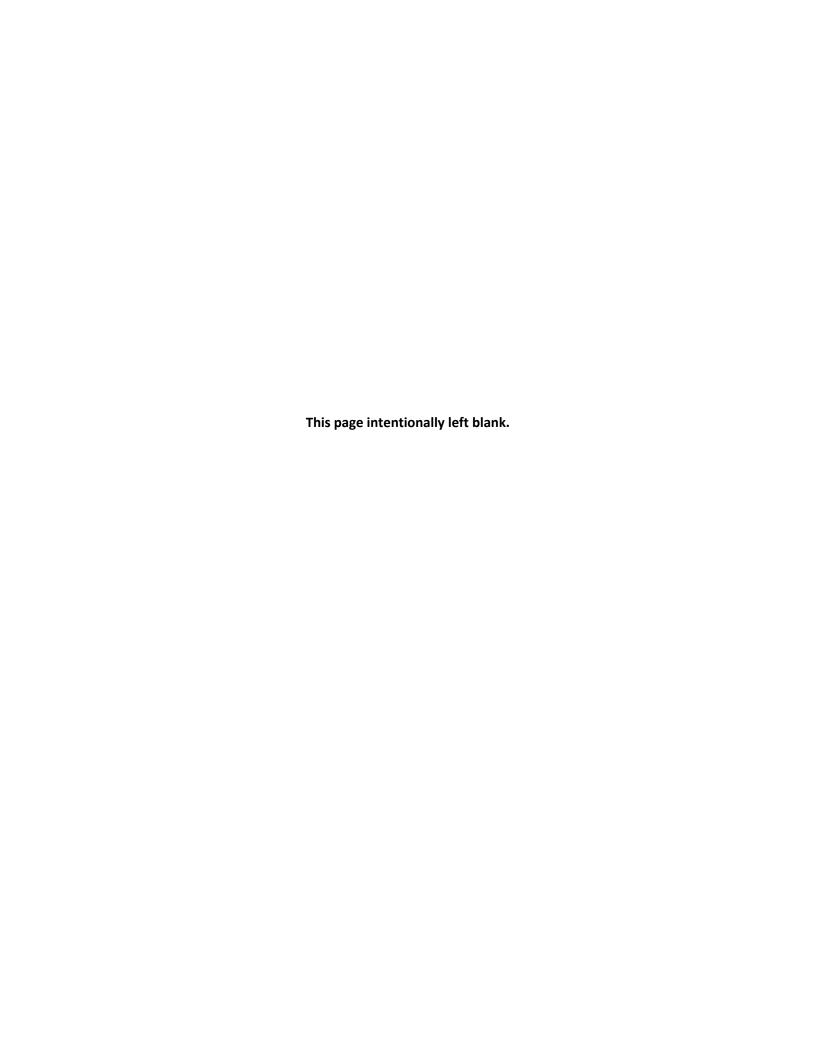
CITY OF TROY, MICHIGAN | 2021/2022

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022









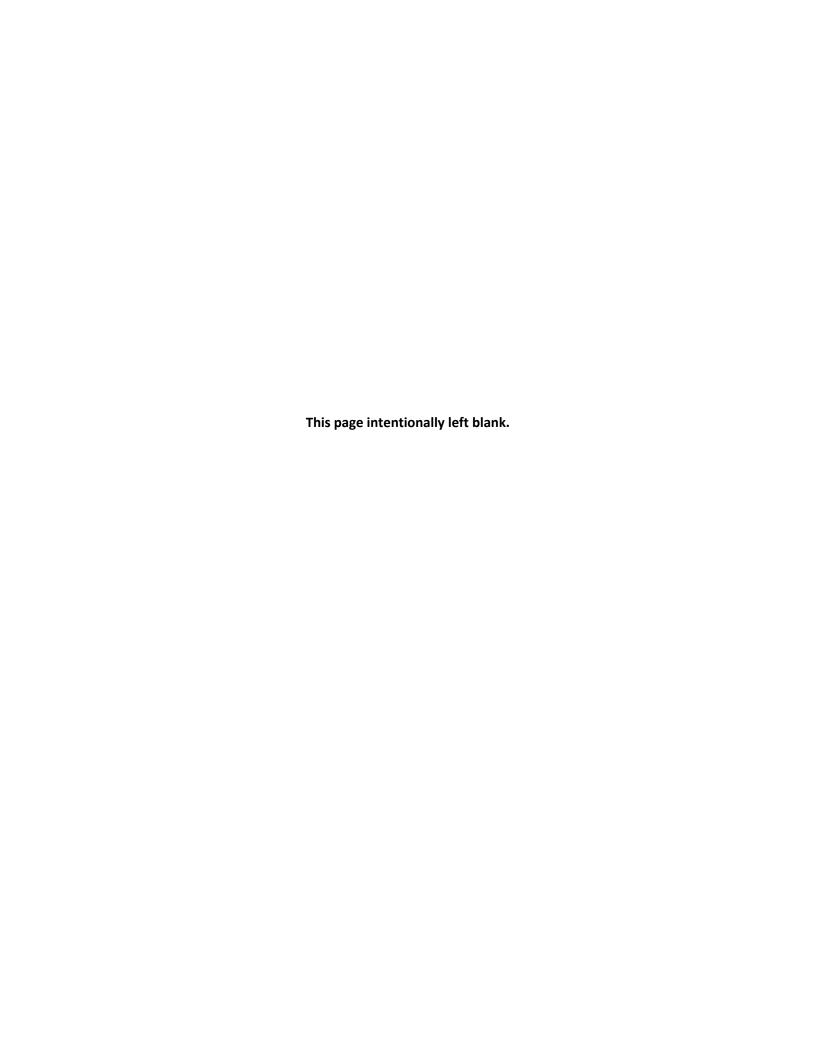
Year Ended June 30, 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

City Council

Mayor Pro Tem
Council Members

Ethan Baker
Rebecca Chamberlain Creanga
Edna Abrahim
Theresa Brooks
Ann Erickson Gault
David Hamilton
Ellen Hodorek

Prepared by:
The Department of Financial Services
City of Troy, Michigan



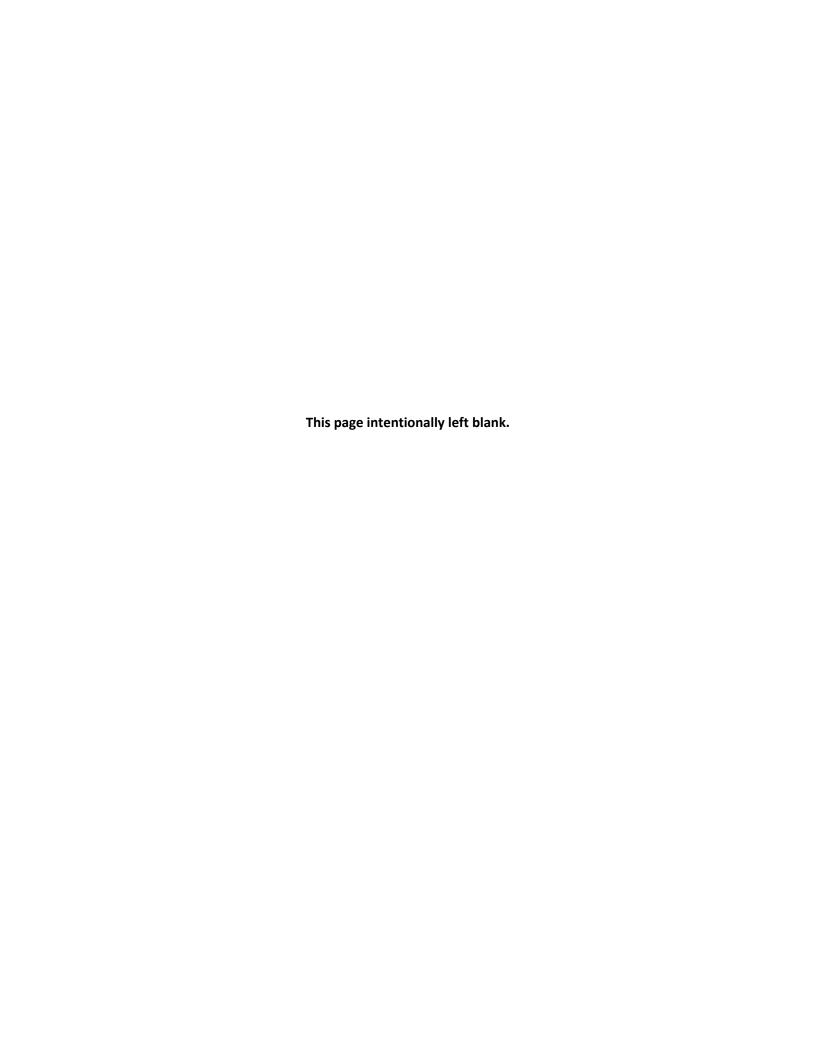
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December 5, 2022

Dear Honorable Mayor and City Council Members:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Troy, Michigan for the year ended June 30, 2022 is hereby submitted. The report represents a comprehensive and detailed picture of our financial transactions during fiscal year 2021/22 and the financial condition of the various funds as of fiscal year end. This report was prepared by a team comprised of executive members, financial staff and department leaders of the City. Troy's staff is responsible for the accuracy of data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures.

A Management's Discussion and Analysis Report (MD&A), as well as entity-wide, full accrual financial statements are included in the front of the financial statement section. The fund statements are presented under the "Major/Nonmajor Fund" concept. Reconciliation between the two presentations is included and the note disclosures have been expanded to provide appropriate information on both the entity-wide and fund financial statements.

The information presented is accurate in all material respects. Financial data presented is designed to provide the reader with information to assist in determining both the long-term fiscal health of the City of Troy and the City of Troy's ability to meet obligations on a short-term basis.

As required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the City of Troy and related component units. The individual component units are included in the City of Troy's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City of Troy.

The financial reporting entity includes all of the primary government (the City of Troy as legally defined). The criteria used in determining the reporting entity are consistent with current GAAP guidelines. Based on these criteria, the various funds of the City are shown in the table of contents and are included in this report. We have addressed all component units.

The City of Troy was incorporated in 1955 and has always operated under the Council-Manager form of government. The Mayor and six members of the City Council are elected to staggered four-year terms.

The City Manager is appointed by a majority vote of the City Council and is responsible for all administrative functions. The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police, fire, water distribution, wastewater collection, street maintenance, public improvements, planning, zoning, recreation and general administration.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The economic condition of the City of Troy remains strong and the City continues to show steady improvement. Because of our efficient budgeting practices and process of obtaining grant funding from the Federal Government, we have been able to maintain our financial stability.

The City reached the low point in taxable value in the 2013 fiscal year at \$4.219 billion after Michigan Tax Tribunal and Board of Review adjustments. Since then, the City has experienced modest annual growth in taxable value averaging 3.4%. The City experienced growth in net taxable value for fiscal 2022 at 4.5% and was comprised of growth in residential properties of 3.3%, and growth in both commercial properties (0.1%) and industrial properties (3.2%). For Michigan cities, Troy ranked fourth for the largest taxable values in the state. However, in this era of competition for business retention and attraction, we need to advance a preferred future in which residents and businesses continue to aspire to locate here.

The City adopts a three year budget that is nationally recognized. Our approach to funding major capital projects is to accumulate funds over a number of years to avoid the issuance of debt. The City has adopted a policy to maintain our unassigned fund balance of the general fund at a minimum 20% to 30% of general fund expenditures. Actual results outside these parameters requires a financial plan proposed by the City Manager.

Business Retention

Troy has embarked on a coordinated local outreach plan with Oakland County and the State of Michigan to retain our local firms. The City does this by providing information on economic development services such as workforce recruitment, financing incentives, business to business matchmaking, and local site selection services. Here are a few of the firms that we have worked together with:

- Witzenmenn
- Global Precision Services
- Vultara
- Excela
- Detroit Engineering Services
- Testing Engineering Consultants
- PNC Bank
- Magna Corporation

These firms represent about 500 jobs with an investment of approximately \$5,000,000 in 2022. The expectation in 2023 is to add an additional 100 jobs and \$1,000,000 of investments.

Small Business

Troy is a desirable community for small business because we offer great city services, quality housing, and a AAA bond rating. The following 11 businesses helped lead the growth of small business during fiscal year 2022:

- 86 Plastic
- Car Fix
- Fyzical Therapy
- SkinWorks Laser and Esthetics
- ASE HR Partners
- Michigan's First Chanel Beauty Boutique
- Books and Folks
- Fisher Insurance
- Imperium Lending
- Mathnasium Learning Center
- Diamonds Direct

These 11 businesses represent an estimated investment of \$2,000,000 dollars and the creation of approximately 120 new jobs.

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority (BRA)

The Harrison Poolside project kicked off in fiscal year 2022 and will continue into fiscal year 2023. This project consists of the construction of 73 new townhomes which is an estimated investment of \$24,000,000.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) The valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgeting Controls

The object of budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council.

Activities of the general and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) are established at the activity level.

General Government Functions

Generally accepted accounting standards require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany these basic financial statements in the form of the MD&A.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Troy's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

Tax Rate Limitations

The City Charter provides tax rate limitations for general operations. In addition, the City of Troy may levy taxes in excess of the Charter limitation for refuse collection, library operations and debt service.

Purpose	Authority	Rate Per \$1,000 of Taxable Value
General operating	City Charter	\$8.10
Refuse collection	Act 298, P.A. of Michigan 1917 as	\$3.00
and disposal	Amended	
	Article IX, Section 56 of Michigan	
	Constitution	
Library operations	Voter approved - 10 years	\$1.10
Debt service*	City Charter	Amount necessary for debt
		payment

^{*}The debt service millage was not levied for fiscal year 2022 as the debt in which it was levied for was paid off in fiscal year 2021.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance for the general fund at year end was \$21.5 million or 37.07% of total general fund expenditures. This is above the general fund unassigned fund balance policy of 20%-30% of annual general fund expenditures.

The City's policy in restoring unassigned general fund balance to target levels includes using surplus unassigned fund balance for one-time purchases. The City maintains a five year capital improvement program. Typically specific projects are identified and funded through transfers from the general fund to the capital projects fund for these projects.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The City Charter and State statutes require an annual audit of all accounts of the City by certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Rehmann Robson LLC, was selected by the City Council. The City received an "unmodified opinion" from Rehmann Robson LLC, which is the best opinion that an organization can receive on its financial statements. It indicates that the auditor's examination has disclosed no conditions that cause them to believe that the financial statements are not fairly stated in all material respects.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the City of Troy, Michigan for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

This was the 25th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a certificate, the ACFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A certificate of achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City has also received the GFOA Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting (PAFR) and the GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the City's three year budget.

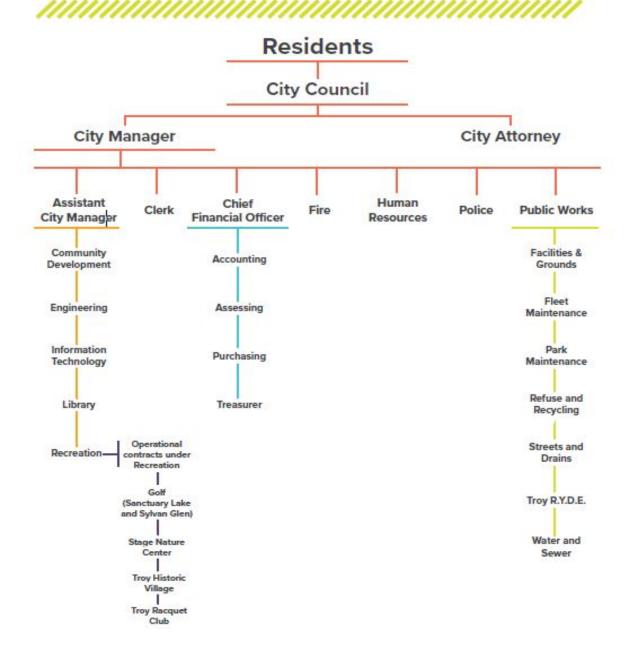
Acknowledgements

The timely preparation of the ACFR was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in preparation of this report.

Mark F. Miller City Manager Robert C. Maleszyk Chief Financial Officer

Fobot C. Malesoyh

Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Troy Michigan

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF TROY, MICHIGAN PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

City Manager Mark Miller

City Attorney Lori Grigg Bluhm

Assistant City Manager Robert Bruner

Chief Financial Officer Robert Maleszyk

Controller **Dee Ann Irby**

City Assessor Kelly Timm

City Clerk Aileen Dickson
City Engineer William Huotari

City Treasurer Renee Hazen

Community Affairs Director Cynthia Stewart

Community Development Director Brent Savidant

Financial Compliance Manager Kyle Vieth

Fire Chief **Peter Hullinger**

Human Resources Director Jeanette Menig

Information Technology Director Alex Bellak

Library Director Emily Dumas

Recreation Director Brian Goul

Police Chief Frank Nastasi

Tonce enter Trank Wastasi

Public Works Director Kurt Bovensiep

Purchasing Manager Emily Frontera

Facilities and Grounds Manager Dennis Trantham

Fleet Operations Manager Brian Varney

Streets and Drains Operations Manager Scott Carruthers

Water and Sewer Operations Manager Paul Trosper

CITY OF TROY, MICHIGAN FUND ORGANIZATION CHART

Governmental Funds

■ General Fund*

Special Revenue Funds

- Major Streets
- Local Streets
- Refuse
- Transit Center
- Drug Forfeiture
- Library
- Community Development Block Grant

Debt Service Fund

- Series 2013 & 2020*
- Capital Projects Fund*

Permanent Fund

■ Cemetery Perpetual Care

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

- Water*
- Sanitary Sewer*
- Sanctuary Lake Golf Course*
- Sylvan Glen Golf Course
- Aquatic Center

Internal Service

- Compensated Absences
- Unemployment Compensation
- Custodial Services
- Information Technology
- Motor Equipment
- Workers' Compensation

Fiduciary Funds

Pension and OPEB Trust

- Employee Retirement System
- Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan
- Retiree Health Care Trust

Custodial Fund

■ Tax Collection

Component Units

- Downtown Development Authority
- Local Development Financing Authority
- Brownfield Redevelopment Authority

^{*}Major funds under GASB No. 34

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPOR

December 5, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Troy, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Troy, Michigan* (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit of inions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- · identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- · conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefit plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued, under separate cover, our report dated December 5, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rehmann Loham LLC

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Troy, Michigan (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

Financial Highlights

	Total net position	\$ 483,318,357
	Change in total net position	(2,146,990)
	Fund balances, governmental funds	62,937,947
٠	Change in fund balances, governmental funds	(2,848,308)
	Unassigned fund balance, general fund	21,544,036
	Change in fund balance, general fund	(53,022)
	Installment debt outstanding	15,404,782
	Change in installment debt	(1,724,509)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) or from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, sanitation, community and economic development, and recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer services, the aquatic center and golf courses.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate entities of the *Downtown Development Authority*, *Local Development Financing Authority* and the *Brownfield Redevelopment Authority* for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Following both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances are reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information for each of the City's individual governmental funds is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service series 2013 & 2020 fund, and capital projects fund, which are considered to be the City's major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparisons statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sanitary sewer, golf courses (Sanctuary Lake and Sylvan Glen), and aquatic center operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for its compensated absences, unemployment compensation, custodial services, information technology, motor equipment, and workers' compensation functions. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the water, sanitary sewer, and Sanctuary Lake golf course funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City as well as the aggregate of the nonmajor enterprise funds.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Required supplementary information includes this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the City's pension and other postemployment benefits plans.

The *combining statements* referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The City's combined net position decreased \$2.2 million over the course of the fiscal year to a total of \$483.3 million. Net position of governmental activities increased \$2.5 million or 0.8%, and business-type activities decreased \$4.7 million or 2.8%. Explanations for those changes are described below under the *governmental activities* and *business-type activities* sections of this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

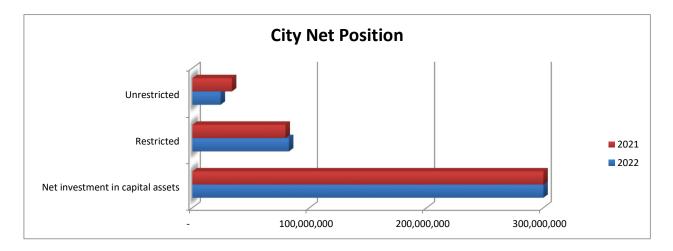
	Net Position									
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	tal				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
Assets										
Current and other assets	\$ 152,534,931	\$ 188,762,127	\$ 24,637,111	\$ 34,850,438	\$ 177,172,042	\$ 223,612,565				
Capital assets, net	233,727,362	230,752,952	148,523,307	147,755,625	382,250,669	378,508,577				
	386,262,293	419,515,079	173,160,418	182,606,063	559,422,711	602,121,142				
Deferred outflows of										
resources	21,359,777	5,427,553	1,171,525	656,377	22,531,302	6,083,930				
Liabilities										
Long-term debt	17,259,039	17,681,694	5,278,891	6,073,573	22,537,930	23,755,267				
Other liabilities	67,968,194	35,485,514	6,114,837	7,901,377	74,083,031	43,386,891				
	85,227,233	53,167,208	11,393,728	13,974,950	96,620,961	67,142,158				
Deferred inflows of										
resources	1,513,224	53,439,014	501,471	2,158,553	2,014,695	55,597,567				
Net position										
Net investment in										
capital assets	233,277,547	230,145,408	143,593,325	142,141,489	376,870,872	372,286,897				
Restricted	80,401,648	77,713,480	1,982,936	1,763,231	82,384,584	79,476,711				
Unrestricted	7,202,418	10,477,522	16,860,483	23,224,217	24,062,901	33,701,739				
Total net position	\$ 320,881,613	\$ 318,336,410	\$ 162,436,744	\$ 167,128,937	\$ 483,318,357	\$ 485,465,347				

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The largest portion of the City's net position (78.0%) reflects its investment in capital assets of \$376.9 million (e.g., land, museum artifacts, construction in progress, infrastructure, land improvements, buildings and improvements, miscellaneous equipment, office equipment, vehicles, library books, leased equipment, and the water and sewer system), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its residents. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position of \$82.4 million (17.0%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$24.1 million (5.0%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its residents and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.



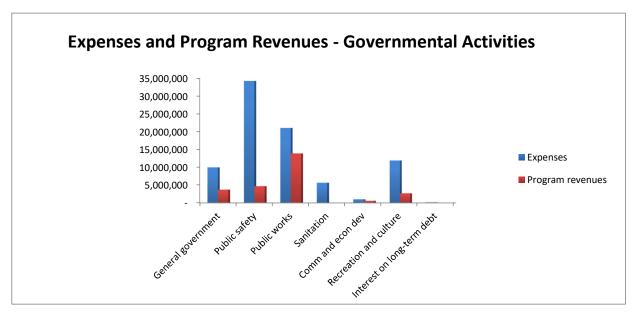
Management's Discussion and Analysis

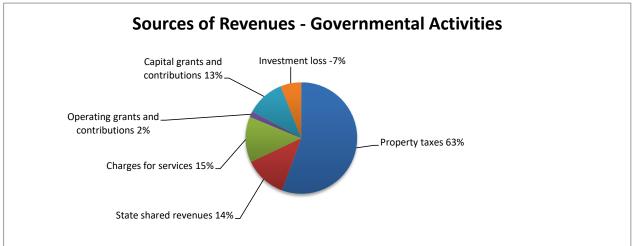
The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide statement of activities and reflects how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year:

	Change in Net Position										
	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities							Total			
	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 13,108,000	\$	12,622,213	\$	36,695,051	\$	38,605,563	\$	49,803,051	\$	51,227,776
Operating grants and											
contributions	1,573,630		6,042,781		-		-		1,573,630		6,042,781
Capital grants and											
contributions	10,951,311		11,003,755		913,952		2,077,664		11,865,263		13,081,419
General revenues											
Property taxes	54,937,941		53,623,652		-		-		54,937,941		53,623,652
State-shared revenues	12,144,090		9,601,689		-		-		12,144,090		9,601,689
Investment loss	(6,244,462)		(526,158)		(1,504,730)		(248,509)		(7,749,192)		(774,667)
Other revenue	231,865		240,261				_		231,865		240,261
Total revenues	 86,702,375		92,608,193		36,104,273		40,434,718		122,806,648		133,042,911
_											
Expenses	0.000.607		7 600 000						0.000.607		7 620 000
General government	9,992,627		7,630,092		-		-		9,992,627		7,630,092
Public safety	34,285,696		23,743,952		-		-		34,285,696		23,743,952
Public works	21,100,594		17,217,363		-		-		21,100,594		17,217,363
Sanitation	5,656,929		5,534,606		-		-		5,656,929		5,534,606
Community and economic											
development	1,009,707		805,526		-		-		1,009,707		805,526
Recreation and culture	11,944,043		8,396,449		-		-		11,944,043		8,396,449
Interest expense	167,576		637,086		-		-		167,576		637,086
Water	-		-		20,927,528		20,639,128		20,927,528		20,639,128
Sanitary sewer	-		-		15,371,118		15,063,368		15,371,118		15,063,368
Aquatic center	-		-		706,923		473,997		706,923		473,997
Golf courses	 				3,790,897		3,461,191		3,790,897		3,461,191
Total expenses	 84,157,172		63,965,074		40,796,466		39,637,684		124,953,638		103,602,758
Change in net position	2,545,203		28,643,119		(4,692,193)		797,034		(2,146,990)		29,440,153
Net position,											
beginning of year	 318,336,410		289,693,291		167,128,937		166,331,903		485,465,347		456,025,194
Net position, end of year	\$ 320,881,613	\$	318,336,410	\$	162,436,744	\$	167,128,937	\$	483,318,357	\$	485,465,347

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Activities. The following chart presents revenues and expenses of governmental activities for the fiscal year:





Total governmental revenue is reported at approximately \$86.7 million, a decrease of \$5.9 million from the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to significant investment losses related to the Pension and OPEB Funds of approximately \$5.7 million, which is consistent with the current economic trends. Additionally, there were reduced federal revenues of approximately \$4.7 million related to the CARES funding recognized as revenue in the prior year. The City has received approximately \$8.2 million in Federal ARPA funds which is currently accounted for as unearned revenue. These funds will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which the allowable grant expenditures are made. These decreases in revenue were partially offset with increased State-shared revenues of approximately \$2.5 million.

Total governmental expenses are reported at \$84.2 million, an increase of \$20.2 million from the prior year. The increase is primarily due to the recognition of investment performance expenses related to the Pension and OPEB Funds. This is consistent with the current economic trends.

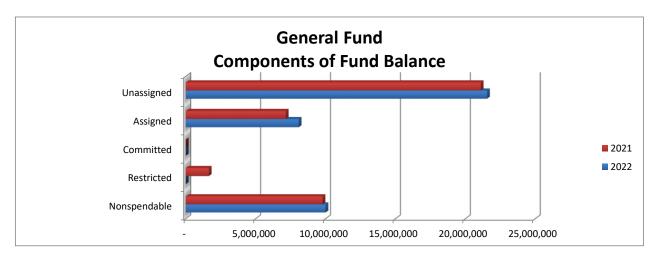
Management's Discussion and Analysis

Business-type Activities. The City's business-type activities consist of water supply, sanitary sewer, aquatic center, and two municipal golf courses. Water and sanitary sewer services, classified as major funds, are provided to City residents through the Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA) and Oakland County Water Resource Commission (OCWRC), respectively. Change in net position for business-type activities decreased by \$4.7 million. This decrease is primarily due to investment losses of approximately \$1.5 million and a reduction in revenues for charges for services of approximately \$1.9 million. The reduction in charges for services is primarily a result of less water and sewage units used.

Financial Analysis of the City's Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City Council or management.

The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$62.9 million, a decrease of \$2.8 million compared to the prior year. Approximately 34.2% of this amount (\$21.5 million) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed*, *or assigned* to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form, 2) legally required to be maintained intact/restricted for particular purposes, 3) committed for particular purposes, or 4) assigned for particular purposes.

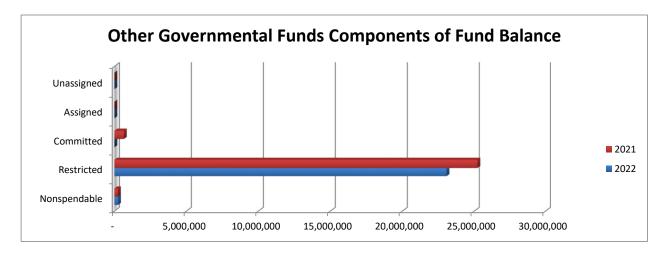


The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$21.5 million, while total general fund balance decreased by \$53 thousand to \$39.6 million. A decrease in general fund fund balance was budgeted at \$4.3 million; however, favorable results for expenditures of \$4.9 million offset slightly by revenue below budget of \$0.7 million resulted in a net actual \$53 thousand decrease in fund balance. The general fund unassigned fund balance has a target limits of 20% to 30% of annual expenditures. As a measure of the general funds liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 37.1% of total general fund expenditures, while total general fund balance represents approximately 68.2% of the same amount.

In the current fiscal year, revenues were less than total expenditures and transfers resulting in a decrease to the total general fund balance of \$53 thousand. The total revenues of \$59.0 million had a decrease of \$3.6 million or 5.8% compared to the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to investment losses and decreased grant revenue.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

General fund expenditures (before transfers) of \$58.1 million increased \$3.1 million or 5.7%. The increase in general fund expenditures was primarily due to increased recreation costs as the City continued to return to pre-pandemic activity. Additionally, public works expenditures increased due to the Red Run Drain maintenance in the current year.



The Series 2013 & 2020 debt service fund, a major fund, was issued by the City to advance refund prior debt issuance of the Troy Downtown Development Authority (TDDA), a discrete component unit of the City. The debt was issued by the City to mitigate the financial impact of debt burden on the TDDA that was facing decreased tax capture from the district due to the 2008 recession and to take advantage of the City's AAA bond rating to receive favorable rates. Restructure of the TDDA district provides funding for debt service payments that are derived through charges from the City to the TDDA for reimbursement purposes. The fund maintains a zero fund balance.

The capital projects fund, a major fund, had an decrease in fund balance of \$3.1 million during the current year for a total of \$12.9 million. Major capital projects included major street improvements of \$4.9 million and local street improvements of \$3.1 million. It should be noted that the general fund contributed \$1.0 million towards the construction of trails and pathways and the library fund contributed \$0.9 million towards renovations and maintenance. The major streets fund contributed \$3.5 million and the local streets fund contributed \$2.0 million.

Financial Analysis of the City's Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The unrestricted net position of the water fund was \$8.8 million and the sanitary sewer fund was \$13.7 million at the end of the current fiscal year. The Sanctuary Lake Golf Course had an unrestricted net deficit of \$9.7 million. The water fund total net position decreased by \$1.8 million while the sanitary sewer fund decreased by \$3.1 million, and the Sanctuary Lake Golf Course decreased by \$0.1 million. This was primarily due to decreased water and sewer usage, which was a result of the wet summer weather.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, City Council amended the budget to take into account events during the year. The most significant amendments in the current year were to increase State-Shared revenue by approximately \$0.9 million and to increase public works expenditures by \$0.5 million for unexpected Red Run Drain costs from Oakland County.

Revenues of \$59.0 million were \$0.7 million less than amended budget amounts. The variance was primarily due to investment performance in the current year which is consistent with current economic trends.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Expenditures of \$58.1 million were \$4.9 million under amended budget amounts. The expenditures by function contributing to a majority of the expenditures under the amended budget include recreation and public safety. Although recreation actual expenditures were greater than the previous year, in the current year, recreation expenditures were \$0.9 million under budget. Public safety expenditures were under budget by \$3.0 million primarily from police personnel service costs which is a result of a tight labor market resulting in vacant budgeted positions.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At June 30, 2022, the City had invested \$382.3 million, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, in a broad range of capital assets (see the table below). Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation/Amortization)								
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Land	\$ 37,462,124	\$ 37,462,124	\$ 6,738,504	\$ 6,738,504	\$ 44,200,628	\$ 44,200,628			
Museum artifacts	2,082,845	2,082,845	-	-	2,082,845	2,082,845			
Construction in progress	4,497,247	1,847,767	11,248,553	13,153,912	15,745,800	15,001,679			
Infrastructure	137,446,250	140,340,083	-	-	137,446,250	140,340,083			
Land improvements	4,708,209	3,638,382	5,091,919	5,352,998	9,800,128	8,991,380			
Buildings and									
improvements	33,070,554	31,170,164	1,018,277	1,311,320	34,088,831	32,481,484			
Miscellaneous equipment	4,536,638	3,847,098	1,188,448	1,204,482	5,725,086	5,051,580			
Office equipment	537,047	269,395	-	-	537,047	269,395			
Vehicles	6,712,916	7,459,755	588,049	672,056	7,300,965	8,131,811			
Library books/audio visual	2,621,965	2,625,780	-	-	2,621,965	2,625,780			
Water and sewer transmission									
and distribution system	-	-	122,649,557	119,322,353	122,649,557	119,322,353			
Leased equipment	51,567	9,559			51,567	9,559			
Total capital assets, net	\$ 233,727,362	\$ 230,752,952	\$ 148,523,307	\$ 147,755,625	\$ 382,250,669	\$ 378,508,577			

Debt Administration. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$15.1 million. Of this amount, \$14.7 million is comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's bonded debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 to the financial statements.

	Long-term Debt							
	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022 2021 2022		2022	2021		
General obligation bonds	\$ 10,105,000	\$ 10,545,000	\$ 4,620,000	\$ 5,605,000	\$ 14,725,000	\$ 16,150,000		
Public drains Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements	397,840	597,985	281,942	381,306	397,840 281,942	597,985 381,306		
Deferred amounts for issuance premiums	-	-	376,949	87,267	376,949	87,267		
Compensated absences Estimated self-insurance	5,331,374	5,126,404	-	-	5,331,374	5,126,404		
claims	1,424,825	1,412,305	-	-	1,424,825	1,412,305		
Total long-term debt	\$ 17,259,039	\$ 17,681,694	\$ 5,278,891	\$ 6,073,573	\$ 22,537,930	\$ 23,755,267		

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Economic Condition and Outlook

The following economic factors currently affect the City and were considered in developing the 2022/2023 through 2024/2025 three year fiscal budget.

- The millage rate for the 2022/2023 fiscal year decreased to 9.8966 mills compared to the 10.0154 mills for the 2021/2022 fiscal year. This is due to a decrease in the Capital and Library millage due to the Headlee millage reduction fraction. The total millage of 9.8966 mills includes general operating millage of 6.5 mills, capital projects of 1.2270 mills, refuse of 1.09 mills, and library operations of 1.0796 mills.
- Total general fund revenues and other sources are expected to generate approximately \$62.2 million. This is an increase of \$3.1 million or 5.3% compared to the fiscal 2021/2022 original budget of \$58.9 million. Property tax revenues which accounts for approximately 61.4% of total general fund revenues is expected to generate \$38.2 million. This is an increase of \$1.9 million or 5.2%.
- · General fund expenditures and other uses are budgeted at \$67.2 million. This is an increase of \$4.1 million or 6.7% compared to fiscal 2021/2022 original budget of \$63.0 million. The increase is primarily due to increases in staffing including 10 additional full-time equivalents in the general fund to provide additional services to our residents.
- The City purchases its water and sanitary sewer services from the Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA) and Oakland County Water Resource Commission (OCWRC), respectively. The 2022/2023 budget recognizes a stabilized sales volume of approximately 470,000 mcf. This is a leveling of sales volume compared to a steady decrease over the last several years. Rates for the systems are developed based on estimated sales volume to cover estimated costs and capital requirements. Water rates were established at \$45.00 per mcf. Sanitary sewer rates increased to \$30.30 per mcf. The City prides itself on having one of the lowest combined water and sewer rates of any Southeastern Michigan community.
- · The City maintains a long and established practice of using a conservative approach in developing its three-year budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the City's financial condition.

If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the administrative offices at City Hall, 500 W. Big Beaver, Troy, MI. 48084. Additional information can be obtained at the City of Troy's web site, www.troymi.gov.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type		Component	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units	
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 90,084,111	\$ 20,444,904	\$ 110,529,015	\$ 4,206,051	
Receivables, net	15,490,317	9,345,291	24,835,608	90,081	
Internal balances	7,416,056	(7,416,056)	-	-	
Other assets	2,887,607	715,706	3,603,313	-	
Net pension asset	36,656,840	1,547,266	38,204,106	-	
Capital assets not being depreciated	44,042,216	17,987,057	62,029,273	-	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	189,685,146	130,536,250	320,221,396		
Total assets	386,262,293	173,160,418	559,422,711	4,296,132	
Deferred outflows of resources					
Deferred charge on refunding	87,559	348,909	436,468	-	
Deferred pension amounts	12,104,947	435,670	12,540,617	-	
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	9,167,271	386,946	9,554,217		
Total deferred outflows of resources	21,359,777	1,171,525	22,531,302		
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	6,503,796	3,585,201	10,088,997	-	
Accrued payroll	2,509,520	-	2,509,520	-	
Accrued liabilities	7,717,426	1,286,120	9,003,546	66,717	
Unearned revenue	8,241,035	-	8,241,035	-	
Leases payable:					
Due within one year	13,487	-	13,487	-	
Due in more than one year	38,488	-	38,488	-	
Long-term debt:					
Due within one year	4,691,406	865,555	5,556,961	485,000	
Due in more than one year	12,567,633	4,413,336	16,980,969	9,620,000	
Net pension liability (due in more than one year)	13,483,864	-	13,483,864	-	
Net other postemployment benefit					
liability (due in more than one year)	29,460,578	1,243,516	30,704,094		
Total liabilities	85,227,233	11,393,728	96,620,961	10,171,717	
Deferred inflows of resources					
Deferred pension amounts	733,525	-	733,525	-	
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	352,104	14,862	366,966	-	
Deferred lease amounts	427,595	486,609	914,204		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,513,224	501,471	2,014,695		
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	233,277,547	143,593,325	376,870,872	-	
Restricted for:					
Debt service	10,011,625	-	10,011,625	-	
Capital projects	12,945,829	-	12,945,829	-	
Highways and streets	6,221,032	-	6,221,032	-	
Sanitation services	1,012,979	-	1,012,979	-	
Library services	1,660,839	-	1,660,839	-	
Other services	1,343,529	-	1,343,529	-	
Perpetual care:					
Nonexpendable	164,000	-	164,000	-	
Expendable	63,366	-	63,366	-	
Pension	46,978,449	1,982,936	48,961,385	-	
Unrestricted (deficit)	7,202,418	16,860,483	24,062,901	(5,875,585)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 320,881,613	\$ 162,436,744	\$ 483,318,357	\$ (5,875,585)	

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Operating	(Capital		Net
			Charges	(Grants and	Gr	ants and		(Expenses)
Functions / Programs	Expenses	fc	or Services	Co	ontributions	Con	tributions		Revenues
Primary government									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 9,992,627	\$	3,445,352	\$	282,403	\$	-	\$	(6,264,872)
Public safety	34,285,696		4,279,158		415,853		-		(29,590,685)
Public works	21,100,594		2,933,503		233,462		10,746,459		(7,187,170)
Sanitation	5,656,929		575		-		-		(5,656,354)
Community and economic									
development	1,009,707		-		390,281		204,852		(414,574)
Recreation and culture	11,944,043		2,449,412		251,631		-		(9,243,000)
Interest on long-term debt	167,576				-		-		(167,576)
Total governmental activities	84,157,172		13,108,000		1,573,630		10,951,311		(58,524,231)
Business-type activities:									
Water	20,927,528		19,088,120		-		615,479		(1,223,929)
Sanitary sewer	15,371,118		12,953,666		-		298,473		(2,118,979)
Sanctuary Lake golf course	2,381,697		2,253,407		-		-		(128,290)
Sylvan Glen golf course	1,409,200		1,614,615		-		-		205,415
Aquatic center	706,923		785,243		-		-		78,320
Total business-type activities	40,796,466		36,695,051				913,952		(3,187,463)
Total primary government	\$ 124,953,638	\$	49,803,051	\$	1,573,630	\$	11,865,263	\$	(61,711,694)
Component units									
Downtown development authority	\$ 636.000	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	(636,000)
Local development financing	,			•		•		•	(,,
authority	194,869		-		-		_		(194,869)
Brownfield redevelopment	,								, , ,
authority	6,282								(6,282)
Total component units	\$ 837,151	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	(837,151)

continued...

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	F			
	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities Total		Component Units	
Changes in net position				
Net (expenses) revenues	\$ (58,524,231)	\$ (3,187,463)	\$ (61,711,694)	\$ (837,151)
General revenues:				
Property taxes	36,373,432	-	36,373,432	-
Property taxes for refuse purposes	5,721,634	-	5,721,634	-
Property taxes for community and				
economic development	-	-	-	1,790,184
Property taxes for library	5,852,034	-	5,852,034	-
Property taxes for capital projects	6,990,841	-	6,990,841	-
State shared revenue, unrestricted	12,144,090	-	12,144,090	-
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs	25,153	-	25,153	-
Unrestricted investment loss	(6,244,462)	(1,504,730)	(7,749,192)	(311,384)
Gain on sale of capital assets	206,712		206,712	
Total general revenues	61,069,434	(1,504,730)	59,564,704	1,478,800
Change in net position	2,545,203	(4,692,193)	(2,146,990)	641,649
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	318,336,410	167,128,937	485,465,347	(6,517,234)
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 320,881,613	\$ 162,436,744	\$ 483,318,357	\$ (5,875,585)

concluded

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		General	Debt Service Series 2013 & 2020		Nonmajor Capital Governmental Projects Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds	
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$	39,121,598	\$	-	\$	24,210,135	\$ 9,470,382	\$	72,802,115
Receivables:									
Accounts receivable, net		1,089,263		-		51,188	169,540		1,309,991
Taxes-delinquent, net		209,654		-		15,237	28,220		253,111
Leases receivable		399,849		-		27,746	-		427,595
Interfund receivable		38,890		-		-	-		38,890
Due from component units		-		10,038,088		-	-		10,038,088
Due from other governments		1,794,920		-		-	1,644,130		3,439,050
Inventories		494,169		-		-	-		494,169
Prepaid items		1,721,613		-		-	92,177		1,813,790
Advances to other funds		7,778,384		-		-	-		7,778,384
Total assets	\$	52,648,340	\$	10,038,088	\$	24,304,306	\$ 11,404,449	Ś	98,395,183
	<u> </u>	32,0 .0,0 .0		10,000,000	_		 11,101,110		30,030,100
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	2,134,829	\$	-	\$	2,764,568	\$ 876,680	\$	5,776,077
Interfund payable		-		-		-	38,890		38,890
Accrued payroll		2,509,520		-		_	-		2,509,520
Other liabilities		7,212,845		-		384,617	23,134		7,620,596
Unearned revenue		59,489		-		8,181,546	, -		8,241,035
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · ·	 		
Total liabilities		11,916,683		-		11,330,731	 938,704		24,186,118
Deferred inflows of resources									
Unavailable revenue - property tax									
and long-term receivables		718,579		10,038,088		57,586	29,270		10,843,523
Deferred lease amounts		399,849		-		27,746			427,595
20.0.104 10400 4.11041115	-	333,0.3			_		 		.27,000
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,118,428		10,038,088		85,332	 29,270		11,271,118
Fund balances									
Nonspendable		9,994,166		_		_	256,177		10,250,343
Restricted		5,554,100		_		12,888,243	10,180,298		23,068,541
Assigned		8,075,027		_		12,000,243	10,100,230		8,075,027
Unassigned		21,544,036		_					21,544,036
Onassigned		Z1,J44,U30					 		£1,J44,U3U
Total fund balances		39,613,229				12,888,243	 10,436,475		62,937,947
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
of resources and fund balances	\$	52,648,340	\$	10,038,088	\$	24,304,306	\$ 11,404,449	\$	98,395,183

Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Fund balances - total governmental funds

62,937,947

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets not being depreciated 43,704,723 Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net 183,238,712

Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current expenditures. Those assets (i.e., receivables) are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds and, therefore, not included in fund balance.

Deferred inflows from DDA debt reimbursements and personal property tax receivables 10,843,523

Certain pension and other postemployment benefit-related amounts, such as

the net pension and other postemployment benefit assets/liabilities and deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

36,656,840 Net pension asset Deferred outflow related to the net pension asset/liability 12,104,947 Net pension liability (13,483,864)Deferred inflow related to the net pension asset/liability (733,525)Deferred outflow related to the net other postemployment benefit liability 9,167,271 Net other postemployment benefit liability (29,460,578) Deferred inflow related to the net other postemployment benefit liability (352,104)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge equipment usage and other services to individual governmental funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Net position of governmental internal service funds. 18,538,593 Portion of internal service funds accumulated operating income attributed

to business-type activities

(362,328)

Gains and losses on refunding are not reported in the governmental funds, whereas they are capitalized and amortized for net position

Deferred charge on refunding 87,559

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Accrued interest payable (26,463)Bonds/notes payable (10,502,840)Leases payable (51,975)Claims incurred but not reported (1,424,825)

Net position of governmental activities 320,881,613

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Debt Service Series 2013 & 2020		Capital Projects	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 36,326,756	\$ -	,	\$ 6,990,841	\$ 11,573,668	\$	54,891,265
Licenses and permits	2,499,549	-		-	-		2,499,549
Intergovernmental:					47.564		.==
Federal sources	116,133	-		9,744	47,564		173,441
State sources	12,244,529	-		116,180	10,717,227		23,077,936
Local sources	440,724	-		345,853	-		786,577
Charges for services	7,492,131	-		134,699	118,849		7,745,679
Fines and forfeitures	715,595	-		-	143,341		858,936
Investment loss	(2,878,639)	-		(1,410,630)	(848,579)		(5,137,848)
Other	 2,056,016	597,288	_	10,800	 114,031		2,778,135
Total revenues	 59,012,794	597,288	_	6,197,487	 21,866,101		87,673,670
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	8,894,071	-		-	117,982		9,012,053
Public safety	35,384,441	-		-	49,590		35,434,031
Public works	2,567,687	-		-	5,279,259		7,846,946
Sanitation	-	-		-	5,656,977		5,656,977
Community and economic							
development	4,171,328	-		-	47,564		4,218,892
Recreation and culture	7,043,262	-		-	3,960,758		11,004,020
Debt service:							
Principal	-	440,000		200,145	-		640,145
Lease principal	5,322	-		-	-		5,322
Interest and fiscal charges	905	157,288		14,104	-		172,297
Capital outlay	 47,739	<u> </u>	_	16,555,845	 		16,603,584
Total expenditures	 58,114,755	597,288	_	16,770,094	 15,112,130		90,594,267
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 898,039		_	(10,572,607)	 6,753,971		(2,920,597)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-		24,550	-		24,550
Lease issuance	47,739	-		- -	-		47,739
Transfers in	1,200	-		7,432,890	1,500,000		8,934,090
Transfers out	 (1,000,000)		_		 (7,934,090)		(8,934,090)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (951,061)		_	7,457,440	 (6,434,090)		72,289
Net change in fund balances	(53,022)	-		(3,115,167)	319,881		(2,848,308)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 39,666,251		_	16,003,410	 10,116,594		65,786,255
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 39,613,229	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 12,888,243	\$ 10,436,475	\$	62,937,947

Loss on sale of capital assets

Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (2,848,308)

(57,101)

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the

statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.	
Acquisition/construction of capital assets	16,599,394
Depreciation/amortization expense	(13,585,917)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(24,550)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather deferred to subsequent fiscal years.

Change in deferred inflows for property taxes	46,676
Change in deferred inflows for accounts receivable	321,931
Change in long-term receivable	(440,000)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term debt in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term debt	640,145
Principal payments on leases payable	5,322
Issuance of leases payable	(47,739)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage to individual governmental funds. The net revenues (expense) attributable to those funds is reported with governmental activities.

Net loss from governmental activities in the internal service funds (1,102,258)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Change in the net pension liability/asset and related deferred amounts	5,278,933
Change in the net OPEB liability and related deferred amounts	(2,226,231)
Change in accrued interest payable	4,721
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(7,295)
Change in accrued claims payable	(12,520)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 2,545,203

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Licenses and permits 2,692,978 2,692,978 2,499,549 (193 Intergovernmental: 10,000 10,000 116,133 106 State sources 8,441,449 9,340,283 12,244,529 2,904 Local sources 343,635 343,635 440,724 97 Charges for services 7,438,396 7,438,396 7,492,131 53 Fines and forfeitures 887,700 887,700 715,595 (172 Investment earnings (loss) 436,000 436,000 (2,878,639) (3,314	7,089 3,735 2,105) 4,639) 3,564)
Licenses and permits 2,692,978 2,692,978 2,499,549 (193 Intergovernmental: Federal sources 10,000 10,000 116,133 106 State sources 8,441,449 9,340,283 12,244,529 2,904 Local sources 343,635 343,635 440,724 97 Charges for services 7,438,396 7,438,396 7,492,131 53 Fines and forfeitures 887,700 887,700 715,595 (172 Investment earnings (loss) 436,000 436,000 (2,878,639) (3,314	3,429) 5,133 4,246 7,089 3,735 2,105) 4,639) 3,564)
Intergovernmental: 10,000 10,000 116,133 106 State sources 8,441,449 9,340,283 12,244,529 2,904 Local sources 343,635 343,635 440,724 97 Charges for services 7,438,396 7,438,396 7,492,131 53 Fines and forfeitures 887,700 887,700 715,595 (172 Investment earnings (loss) 436,000 436,000 (2,878,639) (3,314	5,133 4,246 7,089 3,735 2,105) 4,639) 3,564)
Federal sources 10,000 10,000 116,133 106 State sources 8,441,449 9,340,283 12,244,529 2,904 Local sources 343,635 343,635 440,724 97 Charges for services 7,438,396 7,438,396 7,492,131 53 Fines and forfeitures 887,700 887,700 715,595 (172 Investment earnings (loss) 436,000 436,000 (2,878,639) (3,314	4,246 7,089 3,735 2,105) 4,639) 3,564)
State sources 8,441,449 9,340,283 12,244,529 2,904 Local sources 343,635 343,635 440,724 97 Charges for services 7,438,396 7,438,396 7,492,131 53 Fines and forfeitures 887,700 887,700 715,595 (172 Investment earnings (loss) 436,000 436,000 (2,878,639) (3,314	4,246 7,089 3,735 2,105) 4,639) 3,564)
Local sources 343,635 343,635 440,724 97 Charges for services 7,438,396 7,438,396 7,492,131 53 Fines and forfeitures 887,700 887,700 715,595 (172 Investment earnings (loss) 436,000 436,000 (2,878,639) (3,314)	7,089 3,735 2,105) 4,639) 3,564)
Charges for services 7,438,396 7,438,396 7,492,131 53 Fines and forfeitures 887,700 887,700 715,595 (172 Investment earnings (loss) 436,000 436,000 (2,878,639) (3,314	3,735 2,105) 4,639) 3,564)
Fines and forfeitures 887,700 887,700 715,595 (172 Investment earnings (loss) 436,000 436,000 (2,878,639) (3,314	2,105) 4,639) 3,564) 6,478)
Investment earnings (loss) 436,000 436,000 (2,878,639) (3,314	4,639) 8,564) 6,478)
	3,564) 6,478)
Other 2 314 580 2 314 580 2 056 016 (259	5,478)
2,034,000 2,034,000 (200	
Total revenues 58,850,438 59,749,272 59,012,794 (736)	
Expenditures	
General government:	
	1,401)
	3,916)
Other	8,189)
Total general government 9,527,577 9,677,577 8,894,071 (783	3,506)
Public safety:	
Police 29,159,895 29,159,895 26,997,347 (2,162	
	9,942)
Building inspection	5,782)
Total public safety 38,168,879 38,352,713 35,384,441 (2,968	8,272)
Public works -	
Roads and streets 2,137,070 2,602,070 2,567,687 (34	4,383)
Community and economic development:	
	5,964)
Planning 1,105,620 1,105,620 923,792 (181	1,828)
Total community and economic development 4,449,120 4,449,120 4,171,328 (277	7,792)
Recreation and culture:	
	(269)
	5,519)
Historic village and nature center 430,249 430,249 391,924 (38	3,325)
Total recreation and culture 7,712,375 7,937,375 7,043,262 (894)	4,113)
Debt service:	
	5,322
Interest and fiscal charges - 905	905
Total debt service 6,227 6	5,227
Capital outlay 47,739 47	7,739
Total expenditures 61,995,021 63,018,855 58,114,755 (4,904)	

continued...

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget		Final Budget				Actual ver (Under) nal Budget
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(3,144,583)	\$	(3,269,583)	\$	898,039	\$ 4,167,622
Other financing sources (uses) Lease issuance Transfers in Transfers out		1,200 (1,000,000)		1,200 (1,000,000)		47,739 1,200 (1,000,000)	 (47,739) - -
Total other financing sources (uses)		(998,800)		(998,800)		(951,061)	 (47,739)
Net change in fund balance		(4,143,383)		(4,268,383)		(53,022)	4,215,361
Fund balance, beginning of year		39,666,251		39,666,251		39,666,251	 <u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	35,522,868	\$	35,397,868	\$	39,613,229	\$ 4,215,361

concluded.

Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2022

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Watan		Sanitary	Sanctuary Lake		lonmajor nterprise		T 1	Internal
Assets	Water		Sewer	Golf Course		Funds		Total	Service Funds
Current assets:									
Cash and investments	\$ 5,696,003	\$	12,768,061	\$ 428,954	\$	1,551,886	\$	20,444,904	\$ 17,281,996
Accounts receivable, net:									
Billed	3,174,447		-	1,500		189,396		3,365,343	22,482
Unbilled Due from other funds	3,096,255		2,084,812	-		20.721		5,181,067	-
Inventories	485,018		22,692	56,381		39,721 44,960		39,721 609,051	- 443,791
Prepaid items	935		22,032	59,362		46,358		106,655	135,857
Total current assets	12,452,658		14,875,565	546,197		1,872,321	_	29,746,741	17,884,126
Noncurrent assets:									
Contracts receivable	12,018		300,254	-		-		312,272	-
Leases receivable	-		-	=		486,609		486,609	-
Advances to other funds	-		-	-		2,844,230		2,844,230	-
Net pension asset	1,287,478		259,788	-		-		1,547,266	-
Capital assets not being depreciated	3,271,054		10,607,988	2,213,463		1,894,552		17,987,057	337,493
Capital assets being depreciated, net	85,751,745		37,300,937	5,365,959		2,117,609		130,536,250	6,446,434
Total noncurrent assets	90,322,295		48,468,967	7,579,422		7,343,000	_	153,713,684	6,783,927
Total assets	102,774,953		63,344,532	8,125,619		9,215,321		183,460,425	24,668,053
Deferred outflows of resources									
Deferred charge on refunding	-		-	348,909		-		348,909	-
Deferred pension amounts	362,520		73,150	-		-		435,670	-
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	321,977		64,969			-		386,946	
Total deferred outflows of resources	684,497		138,119	348,909		-		1,171,525	
Liabilities									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	2,535,142		1,014,129	1,020		34,910		3,585,201	727,719
Due to other funds Accrued liabilities	414,958		314,879	39,721 275,275		281,008		39,721 1,286,120	70,367
Compensated absences	414,936		314,879	2/3,2/3		201,000		1,280,120	3,254,176
Bonds/notes payable	-		_	814,190		51,365		865,555	-
Total current liabilities	2,950,100		1,329,008	1,130,206		367,283	_	5,776,597	4,052,262
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Compensated absences	-		-	-		-		-	2,077,198
Advances from other funds	-		-	9,942,312		680,302		10,622,614	-
Net other postemployment benefit liability	1,034,728		208,788	=		-		1,243,516	-
Bonds/notes payable				4,323,730		89,606		4,413,336	
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,034,728		208,788	14,266,042		769,908	_	16,279,466	2,077,198
Total liabilities	3,984,828		1,537,796	15,396,248		1,137,191		22,056,063	6,129,460
Deferred inflows of resources									
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	12,367		2,495	-		-		14,862	-
Deferred lease amounts			-			486,609		486,609	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,367		2,495			486,609		501,471	
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	89,022,799		47,908,925	2,790,411		3,871,190		143,593,325	6,783,927
Restricted for pension	1,649,998		332,938			-,,		1,982,936	-,,
Unrestricted (deficit)	8,789,458		13,700,497	(9,712,131)		3,720,331		16,498,155	11,754,666
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 99,462,255	\$	61,942,360	\$ (6,921,720)	\$	7,591,521		162,074,416	\$ 18,538,593
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fu	nd activities related	to ent	erprise funds					362,328	
Net position of business type activities							\$	162,436,744	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Rucinacc-ty	pe Activities - Ente	rnrica Eunds		Governmental Activities
		Dusilless-ty	pe Activities - Ente	Nonmajor		Activities
		Sanitary	Sanctuary Lake	Enterprise		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Golf Course	Funds	Total	Service Funds
Operating revenues	ć 40.353.600	ć 12.052.666	ć 2.252.620	ć 2.022.527	ć 25.402.542	ć 0.635.754
Charges for services Rental:	\$ 18,253,680	\$ 12,953,666	\$ 2,252,639	\$ 2,033,527	\$ 35,493,512	\$ 9,635,754
Golf course	_	_	768	272,313	273,081	_
Restaurant	_	_	-	73,120	73,120	_
Hydrant	5,450	-	-		5,450	_
Building	-	-	-	-	-	285,981
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	4,296,192
Tap and connections fees	398,214	-	-	-	398,214	-
Penalties	417,413	-	-	-	417,413	-
Other services	13,363	-	-	20,898	34,261	-
Other services to City funds						403,738
Total operating revenues	19,088,120	12,953,666	2,253,407	2,399,858	36,695,051	14,621,665
Operating expenses Cost of sales and services	12 011 002	11 507 752			25 210 725	10 077 590
General and administrative	13,811,983 946,713	11,507,752 899,888	-	-	25,319,735 1,846,601	10,077,580 716,370
Operations	2,972,998	1,136,585	1,782,656	1,708,694	7,600,933	2,842,466
Depreciation	3,210,231	1,833,430	359,281	400,544	5,803,486	1,179,252
2 cp. cold.io	3,213,231	2,000,100			3,000,000	2,273,232
Total operating expenses	20,941,925	15,377,655	2,141,937	2,109,238	40,570,755	14,815,668
Operating income (loss)	(1,853,805)	(2,423,989)	111,470	290,620	(3,875,704)	(194,003)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Investment loss	(520,534)	(947,380)	_	(36,816)	(1,504,730)	(1,106,614)
Interest expense	-	-	(243,433)	(5,867)	(249,300)	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	221,948
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(520,534)	(947,380)	(243,433)	(42,683)	(1,754,030)	(884,666)
Income (loss) before contributions	(2,374,339)	(3,371,369)	(131,963)	247,937	(5,629,734)	(1,078,669)
Developer and capital grant contributions	615,479	298,473			913,952	
Change in net position	(1,758,860)	(3,072,896)	(131,963)	247,937	(4,715,782)	(1,078,669)
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	101,221,115	65,015,256	(6,789,757)	7,343,584		19,617,262
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 99,462,255	\$ 61,942,360	\$ (6,921,720)	\$ 7,591,521		\$ 18,538,593
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of inte	ernal service fund a	ctivities related to	enterprise funds		23,589	
Change in net position of business-type activi	ties				\$ (4,692,193)	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Rusiness-tv	no Ar	ctivities - Enter	nrico	Funds				vernmental Activities
			Business-typ	pe At	ctivities - Liitei		Nonmajor				Activities
			Sanitary	Sai	nctuary Lake		Enterprise				Internal
	Water		Sewer	G	olf Course		Funds		Total	Se	rvice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities											
Cash received from customers and others Cash received from interfund services	\$ 18,505,75	50 !	\$ 12,927,223	\$	2,253,407	\$	2,393,879	\$	36,080,259	\$	14,665,816
Cash payments to employees	(3,818,43	34)	(952,566)		(847,261)		(669,927)		(6,288,188)		(9,279,621)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(14,389,06		(14,048,552)		(790,626)		(1,050,944)		(30,279,189)		(4,111,583)
Cash payments for interfund services	(536,13	13)	(540,962)		(47,955)		(44,121)		(1,169,151)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(237,86	54)	(2,614,857)		567,565		628,887		(1,656,269)		1,274,612
Cash flows from capital and related											
financing activities											
Purchase of capital assets	(2,032,47	76)	(3,454,651)		(82,569)		(87,520)		(5,657,216)		(1,236,493)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	-		-		-		-		236,605
Principal paid on notes		-	-		(49,682)		(49,682)		(99,364)		-
Principal paid on bonds Bond and financed purchase interest payments		-	-		(685,000) (143,223)		(5,867)		(685,000) (149,090)		-
bond and imanced parenase interest payments					(143,223)		(3,807)		(143,030)		
Net cash used in capital and related											
financing activities	(2,032,47	76)	(3,454,651)		(960,474)		(143,069)		(6,590,670)		(999,888)
Cash flows from investing activities	/500.51		(0.47.000)				(25.045)		(4.504.700)		(4.405.544)
Investment loss	(520,53	34)	(947,380)			-	(36,816)	_	(1,504,730)		(1,106,614)
Net change in cash and investments	(2,790,87	74)	(7,016,888)		(392,909)		449,002		(9,751,669)		(831,890)
Cash and investments, beginning of year	8,486,87	77	19,784,949		821,863		1,102,884		30,196,573		18,113,886
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 5,696,00)3 !	\$ 12,768,061	\$	428,954	\$	1,551,886	\$	20,444,904	\$	17,281,996
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)											
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities											
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,853,80)5) :	\$ (2,423,989)	\$	111,470	\$	290,620	\$	(3,875,704)	\$	(194,003)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)											
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation	3,210,23	R1	1,833,430		359,281		400,544		5,803,486		1,179,252
Changes in assets and liabilities:	3,213,23	-	1,000,100		555,252		.00,5		3,003, 100		2,2,3,232
Accounts receivable	(587,93	38)	(65,099)		-		30,599		(622,438)		44,151
Leases receivable		-	-		-		(486,609)		(486,609)		-
Due from other funds		-			-		(36,578)		(36,578)		-
Inventories	(74,52	•	7,982		(20,638)		(10,386)		(97,568)		(133,466)
Prepaid items Contracts receivable	(9: 5,5(35) se	38,656		(15,620)		(9,200)		(25,755) 44,224		(135,857)
Net pension asset	1,392,42		280,965		-		_		1,673,393		-
Deferred outflows of resources related	, ,								,,		
to the net pension asset	(362,52	20)	(73,150)		-		-		(435,670)		-
Deferred outflows of resources related to the											
net other postemployment benefit liability	(158,10		(31,903)		- (1.7(2)		- (140.020)		(190,006)		-
Accounts payable Due to other funds	757,09	-	(1,988,344)		(1,762) 36,578		(148,020)		(1,381,031) 36,578		265,532
Accrued liabilities	(1,588,92	29)	3,620		98,256		111,308		(1,375,745)		44,033
Compensated absences	. , ,	-	-		-		-		-		204,970
Net other postemployment benefit liability	807,33	32	162,904		-		-		970,236		-
Deferred inflows of resources related	/1 212 7	24)	(244.704)						(1 457 430)		
to the net pension asset Deferred inflows of resources related to the	(1,212,72	-4)	(244,704)		-		-		(1,457,428)		-
net other postemployment benefit liability	(571,03	38)	(115,225)		-		-		(686,263)		_
Deferred inflows related to leases		<u>-</u>	-				486,609		486,609		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (237,86	54) :	\$ (2,614,857)	\$	567,565	\$	628,887	\$	(1,656,269)	\$	1,274,612
Noncash investing, capital, and		_	_		_		_		_		_
financing activities											
Contributions of capital assets	\$ 615,47	79 :	\$ 298,473	\$	-	\$	-	\$	913,952	\$	=

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trusts	Tax Collection Custodial Fund
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,959,620	\$ -
Investments:		
U.S. government securities and agencies	10,381,417	-
Asset backed securities	247,120	-
Corporate bonds	27,850,994	-
Corporate equities	83,718,237	-
Mutual funds	91,023,278	-
Exchange traded funds	92,519,171	-
Real estate	5,700,000	-
Interest receivable	257,145	
Total assets	314,656,982	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	65,382	-
Accrued liabilities	96,072	
Total liabilities	161,454	
Net position		
Restricted for pension benefits	214,086,076	-
Restricted for postemployment healthcare benefits	100,409,452	
Total net position	\$ 314,495,528	\$ -

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trusts	Tax Collection Custodial Fund
Additions		
Contributions:	4	
Employer contributions	\$ 5,651,383	\$ -
Employee contributions	116,939	-
On-behalf contributions	167,526	
Total contributions	5,935,848	
Investment earnings:		
Interest	1,338,131	-
Dividends	10,688,567	-
Other income	39,296	-
Net adjustment in fair value of investments	(63,136,541)	-
Less: investment expense	(935,135)	
Net investment loss	(52,005,682)	
Taxes collected for other governments		219,903,097
Total additions	(46,069,834)	219,903,097
Deductions		
Benefits	19,277,576	-
Administrative expenses	213,886	-
Payments of taxes to other governments		219,903,097
Total deductions	19,491,462	219,903,097
Net change in net position	(65,561,296)	-
Net position, beginning of year	380,056,824	
Net position, end of year	\$ 314,495,528	\$ -

Combining Statement of Net Position

Discretely Presented Component Units June 30, 2022

		Downtown	D	Local evelopment	D	rownfield	
	Development		Financing		Redevelopment		
		Authority		Authority		Authority	Total
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	3,230,855	\$	55,949	\$	919,247	\$ 4,206,051
Taxes receivable		87,739		1,355		987	 90,081
Total assets		3,318,594		57,304		920,234	 4,296,132
I to letter o							
Liabilities							
Interest payable		24,149		-		-	24,149
Accrued liabilities		42,568		-		-	42,568
Long-term debt:							
Due within one year		485,000		-		-	485,000
Due in more than one year		9,620,000					9,620,000
Total liabilities		10,171,717					 10,171,717
Net position							
Unrestricted (deficit)	\$	(6,853,123)	\$	57,304	\$	920,234	\$ (5,875,585)

Combining Statement of Activities

Discretely Presented Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		owntown evelopment	D	Local Development Financing	Brownfield Redevelopment		
	4	Authority		Authority		Authority	Total
Revenues							
General:							
Property taxes	\$	1,482,264	\$	146,517	\$	161,403	\$ 1,790,184
Investment loss		(245,817)		(7,115)		(58,452)	 (311,384)
Total revenues		1,236,447		139,402		102,951	1,478,800
Expenses Community and economic							
development		628,670		194,869		6,282	829,821
Interest		7,330		<u>-</u>			 7,330
Total expenses		636,000		194,869		6,282	837,151
Change in net position		600,447		(55,467)		96,669	641,649
Net position (deficit), beginning of year		(7,453,570)		112,771		823,565	(6,517,234)
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$	(6,853,123)	\$	57,304	\$	920,234	\$ (5,875,585)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Troy, Michigan (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Description of government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1955, and was formerly known as Troy Township since it was organized in 1821. The City is governed by an elected mayor and six-member council.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

Component Units

Discretely presented component units are legally separate entities, but are not in substance part of the government operation. The City has three component units, the Downtown Development Authority, Brownfield Redevelopment Authority and the Local Development Financing Authority, which meet the criteria for discretely presented component units. The Authorities are also reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. Financial statements for each of the individual component units are included in the supplemental information section as listed in the table of contents of this report. Separately issued audited financial statements are not available.

The purpose of the *Downtown Development Authority* is to issue bonds and use tax increment financing in the accomplishment of specific Downtown Development improvements to City-owned facilities and infrastructure, which are contained in the locally adopted development plan. The Downtown Development Authority may participate in projects for private development as long as it is for a public purpose. The Authority's governing body, which consists of thirteen individuals, is selected by the City Council. In addition, the City Council sets the annual budget.

The purpose of the *Brownfield Redevelopment Authority* is to provide assistance for the redevelopment of abandoned, idled, or under-utilized industrial or commercial properties, which are complicated by real or perceived environmental contamination. The Authority's governing body, which consists of seven individuals, is selected by the City Council. In addition, the City Council sets the annual budget for the Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements

The Local Development Financing Authority is a multi-jurisdictional authority that was established to encourage local development in order to prevent conditions of unemployment and to promote economic growth. The Authority's governing body, which consists of five individuals, is selected by the City Council. In addition, the City Council sets the annual budget.

Fiduciary Component Units

The City of Troy Employee Retirement System (TERS) is a single-employer defined benefit retirement plan which provides retirement benefits based on credited service time and average compensation with death and disability benefits, and under some circumstances, payments to dependents. Pursuant to Chapter 10 of the Troy City Code, the Board of Trustees approves employee retirement requests, oversees retirement health care coverage, and manages pension investments. The Board consists of eight members including the City Manager and Assistant City Manager/Finance and a non-voting retiree from the Defined Benefit Plan. Six members serve for three-year terms, three of which are appointed by City Council and three are appointed by the membership. As the City has voting majority on the Board of Trustees and TERS is administered by the City; accordingly, it is included as a fiduciary component unit in the City's financial statements. Plan amendments are under the authority of City Ordinances. Changes in required contributions are subject to collective bargaining agreements and approval by the City Council.

The *Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan* (VFIP) is a noncontributory incentive plan and trust established by resolution of the City Council covering its volunteer firefighters. The single-employer plan benefits are determined based on annual contribution amounts for each year of incentive service. The City Council approved the revised City of Troy Incentive Plan for Volunteer Firefighters and established the City of Troy Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan Board on April 4, 2016. The Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan Board serves as general administration, management and responsibility for the proper operation of the Trust, consistent with applicable state and federal laws and regulations. The Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan Board consists of seven members including the City Manager, the City Financial Services Director, two active volunteer firefighters and one retiree representative (appointed by the Volunteer Incentive Committee), one member of the Troy City Council (appointed by City Council), and one citizen of the City of Troy (appointed by the Mayor). Each member serves a three-year term. As the City has voting majority on the Board and VFIP is administered by the City; accordingly, it is included as a fiduciary component unit in the City's financial statements. Plan amendments are under the authority of City Ordinances. Changes in required contributions are subject to collective bargaining agreements and approval by the City Council.

The City of Troy Retiree Healthcare Trust (TRHCT), under authorization of the Public Employee Health Care Act, Public Act 149 of 1999 (MCL 38.1211 et seq.) and constituting a governmental trust pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, administers the City's employee retiree healthcare plan covering all full-time general and public safety employees of the City. The single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan provides retirement healthcare based on credited service time with death and disability benefits, and under some circumstances, payments for dependents. Eligible participants include any retirees who receive pension benefits under one of the City's pension plans. Pursuant to the Retiree Healthcare Plan & Trust, the Board of Trustees shall consist of eight trustees which shall be the same elected and appointed individuals that serve on the City of Troy Employees Retirement System Board of Trustees. The general administration, management and responsibility for the proper operation of the Trust and for making effective and construing the provisions of the Trust shall be vested in the Board of Trustees. The term of the appointed and elected Trustees are identical to and coincide respectively with the term of each Trustee serving as a trustee of the City of Troy Employees Retirement System Board of Trustees. As the City has voting majority on the Board of Trustees and TRHCT is administered by the City; accordingly, it is included as a fiduciary component unit in the City's financial statements. Association provisions are established and may be amended by the City Council, subject to the City's various collective bargaining agreements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are prepared using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 33.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. The statements include all funds of the primary government and its component units, except for its fiduciary funds. Those funds are reported in the statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are presented to distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. These activities are reported in governmental and internal service funds. Business-type activities are financed by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. These activities are reported in the City's enterprise funds.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Notes to Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

The City reports the following major and nonmajor governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund. The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Series 2013 & 2020 Fund. This fund is used to account for proceeds received by the City from the Troy Downtown Development Authority (TDDA). The proceeds are to reimburse the City for principal and interest payments on City issued debt to refinance debt originally issued by the TDDA.

Capital Projects Fund. The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Permanent Funds. Permanent funds are used to account for the resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for the benefit of the government or its residents. The City has one permanent fund for cemetery perpetual care.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds, Aquatic Center, golf course funds and the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and service, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Proprietary funds focus on limitations on the use of net position, rather than on the source of those assets.

Notes to Financial Statements

The following proprietary funds are reported:

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for City operations which are similar to those often found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund. The water fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water supply system, capital additions and improvements.

Sanitary Sewer Fund. The sanitary sewer fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewage disposal system, capital additions and improvements.

Sanctuary Lake Golf Course Fund. The Sanctuary Lake golf course fund accounts for the operations of the new 18-hole links style course with practice facility.

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City or other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Custodial Fund

The custodial fund is used to account for assets held by the City as an fiduciary for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governments. They primarily hold tax remittances due to schools and other governmental units.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the *full accrual* basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

All governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available.

Notes to Financial Statements

Revenues are generally considered available when they are received in cash (unless legally restricted to some future period) or when earned and expected to be collected soon enough after year end to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The exception to this is state shared revenues and expenditure driven grants in which revenues are recognized if received within 90 days and one year of the end of the fiscal period, respectively. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include reimbursement grants, state shared revenues and charges for services.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred provided the liability normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The major exception to this general rule is principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Certain indirect expenditures are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus. This means that generally only current assets and current liabilities are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financial uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

All proprietary funds, pension and retiree healthcare trust funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "economic resources" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their statements of net position. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Unbilled water and sewer fund utility service receivables are recorded at year-end.

Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balances

Cash and Investments

The City maintains an investment pool for all City funds. Each fund's portion of the investment pool along with any individual fund investments are displayed on the statements of net position or balance sheet as cash and investments.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity date of three months or less at the date acquired by the City.

Investments are stated at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements

Statutory Authority

State statutes authorize the City to make limited investments of non-pension surplus funds authorized by Michigan Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended), and may invest in the following:

- a. Bonds, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. Not more than fifty percent of any fund may be invested in commercial paper at any time.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20, as amended.

The investment policy adopted by the Troy City Council, in accordance with Public Act 201 of 1943, as amended, authorizes investments in all of the investment vehicles noted above with the provision that authorized depositories shall be designated by the Troy City Council.

The pension and retiree healthcare trust funds are authorized by Michigan Public Acts 314 of 1965, Public Act 485 of 1996 and Public Act 149 of 1999 to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, real estate leased to public agencies, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, mortgages, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

Leases

Lessee. The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Notes to Financial Statements

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price (if applicable) that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lessor. The City is a lessor for a noncancellable leases of related to communication towers, a tennis practice facility, Flynn Park, and leased space for a public safety gun range. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide, proprietary fund and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for prepaid lease payments received at lease inception. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts. The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is stated at cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis which approximates market value. Inventories in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when the inventory item is consumed. Inventories are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance designation which indicates that such amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources".

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 (\$5,000 for federally funded projects) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation and infrastructure acquired prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 1980 is not reported in capital assets.

Capital assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50 years
Water and sewer transmission and distribution system	50 years
Service connections	20 years
Infrastructure	20 - 25 years
Land improvements	10 years
Building improvements	20 years
Golf course equipment	3 - 10 years
Furniture and fixtures	3 - 10 years
Vehicles and miscellaneous equipment	2 - 20 years

Accrued Vacation and Other Compensated Absences

The City maintains an internal service fund to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, vacation, compensatory time, holiday and sick pay. These amounts along with the associated benefit costs are fully accrued in the compensated absences fund. Departments are charged by the internal service fund when the benefits are earned and a liability incurred.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of bond premium or discount.

Notes to Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts and issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources for the deferred charge on refundings. A deferred refunding charge results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City also reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities. A deferred pension or OPEB inflow results when there is a change in total pension or OPEB liability due to benefit changes, differences between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, or differences between expected and actual investment returns. The amount is deferred and amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all employees. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from delinquent personal property taxes and long-term receivables, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also reports a deferred inflow related to leases receivable.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as *restricted - net position* and *unrestricted - net position* in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider *restricted - net position* to have been depleted <u>before</u> *unrestricted - net position* is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (i.e. committed, assigned and unassigned). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Notes to Financial Statements

Fund Balance Policies

Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e. inventory or prepaid expenditures) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e. corpus of permanent funds). Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. A formal resolution of the City Council is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The City reports assigned fund balance for amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Manager is authorized to assign fund balance under the current fund balance policy adopted by resolution by City Council. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports unassigned fund balance.

The City has established a policy to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance for the general fund at a level of 20% to 30% of annual expenditures. This is to provide stability and flexibility to respond to unexpected adversity and/or opportunities. The use of fund balance is appropriate as part of a financial plan and one-time expenditures. If unassigned fund balance falls below or grows above the established policy range, the City Manager will present a financial plan, typically as part of the fiscal budgeting process, to address the deficiency or surplus of unassigned fund balance.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset/liability, net other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefit plans, and pension and other postemployment benefit expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements

2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of the State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 (the Uniform Budgeting Act). The following is a summary of the requirements of this Act according to the State Treasurer's "Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan" dated April 1984:

- 1. Budgets must be adopted for the general fund and special revenue funds.
- 2. The budgets must be balanced.
- 3. The budgets must be amended when necessary.
- 4. Public hearings must be held before budget adoptions.
- 5. Expenditures cannot exceed budget appropriations.
- 6. Expenditures must be authorized by a budget before being incurred.

The City adopts its budget by activity level, which is in accordance with the State's legal requirement and is the level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- On or before the third Monday in April, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing on the budget is held before its final adoption.
- 3. As provided for by the City Charter, on or before the third Monday in May, the budget is legally adopted and by resolution designates the sum to be raised by taxation.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within budgetary functions; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditure of any budgetary function must be approved by the City Council.

Budget amounts of the revenues and expenditures presented for the governmental funds are a summarization of the budgeted amounts as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations that were adopted, for the general and special revenue funds. Budget appropriations lapse at year end. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. Budgets have been prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Notes to Financial Statements

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City incurred expenditures in certain funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over Final Budget
General fund			
Debt service:			
Lease principal	\$ -	\$ 5,322	\$ 5,322
Interest and fiscal charges	-	905	905
Capital outlay	-	47,739	47,739

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

State Construction Code Act

The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus or shortfall generated since January 1, 2000 is as follows:

Cumulative shortfall at July 1, 2021	\$ (4,160,419)
Current year building permit revenue	2,499,547
Related expenses:	
Direct costs	3,367,424
Estimated indirect costs (8.50%)	286,231
Total construction code expenses	3,653,655
Net deficit for the year ended June 30, 2022	 (1,154,108)
Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2022	\$ (5,314,527)

Notes to Financial Statements

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposit and Investment Balances

The following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances segregated by cash and cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, 2022:

	(Primary Government	C	omponent Units	Totals
Statement of net position					
Cash and investments	\$	110,529,015	\$	4,206,051	\$ 114,735,066
Statement of fiduciary net position					
Pension and OPEB trust funds:					
Cash and cash equivalents		2,959,620		-	2,959,620
Investments		311,440,217		-	 311,440,217
Total	\$	424,928,852	\$	4,206,051	\$ 429,134,903
Deposits and investments					
Bank deposits:					
Checking / savings accounts					\$ 39,383,056
Certificates of deposit (due in less than 1 year)					13,628,420
Investment in securities and mutual funds:					
Pooled investments					64,667,265
Pension and OPEB investments					311,440,217
Cash on hand					 15,945
Total					\$ 429,134,903

Deposit and Investment Risk

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the City's investment policy does not directly address a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, \$37,992,788 of the City's bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and cash) of \$53,064,645 were exposed to custodial credit risk because they were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Notes to Financial Statements

Investments

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of fixed income investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

At year end, the weighted average maturities of fixed income security investments are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity
Pooled investments		
U.S. Government or agency bond/note	\$ 3,933,582	2.3 years
Asset backed securities	47,973,788	10.0 years
Municipal bonds	10,939,313	8.1 years
Pension and OPEB investments		
U.S. Government or agency bond/note	10,381,417	15.1 years
Asset backed securities	247,120	23.3 years
Corporate bonds	27,850,994	6.3 years
Exchange traded funds - fixed income	9,515,472	7.4 years
Mutual Funds - fixed income	39,006,713	7.2 years

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools. The City investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. As of year-end, the credit quality ratings of fixed income securities are as follows:

	İr	Pooled ovestments		ension and OPEB ovestments	Total
			•		. Otal
AAA	\$	49,017,910	\$	15,426,277	\$ 64,444,187
AA to AA-		8,319,007		21,621,526	29,940,533
A to A-		5,509,766		10,844,122	16,353,888
BBB to BBB-		-		35,923,333	35,923,333
BB to BB-		-		508,263	508,263
B to B-		-		836,309	836,309
CCC or below		-		140,126	140,126
Not rated				1,701,760	1,701,760
Total	\$	62,846,683	\$	87,001,716	\$ 149,848,399

Notes to Financial Statements

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. At year end none of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk due to one of the following:

- · Investments were part of an insured pool
- · Investments were book-entry only in the name of the City and were fully insured
- · Investments were part of a mutual fund
- · Investments were held by an agent in the City's name

Concentration of Credit Risk. In compliance with State law, the City's investment policy limits investments to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Through its investment policy, the City places a five percent limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs - other than quoted prices - included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include: a) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; b) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and c) inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as: (1) interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals; (2) implied volatilities and (3) credit spreads. Finally, Level 3 inputs are unobservable and are based on estimates and assumptions. These levels are determined by the City's investment managers. These are determined at the fund level based on a review of the investment's class, structure, and what kind of securities are held in funds. The investment managers will request the information from the fund manager if necessary. The City had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022.

	Level 1		112					
	Level 1			Level 2		Level 3		Total
U.S. government obligations State and municipal bonds Corporate bonds and fixed income	\$	7,024,773 -	\$	7,290,226 10,939,313	\$	-	\$	14,314,999 10,939,313
commingled funds Common stocks and equity		71,766,002		4,607,177		-		76,373,179
mutual funds		218,738,501		-		-		218,738,501
Asset backed securities		247,120		47,973,788		-		48,220,908
Real estate		-		5,700,000		-		5,700,000
Total investments at fair value	\$	297,776,396	\$	76,510,504	\$	-	\$	374,286,900
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) Local government investment pool								
Total investments							\$	376,107,482

Notes to Financial Statements

Fund Investments - Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share.

The City holds shares in Michigan CLASS whereby the fair value of the investment is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient.

At year end, the net asset value of the City's investment in Michigan CLASS was \$1,820,582. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments, specific redemption frequency or redemption notice period required. The Michigan CLASS investment pool invests in U.S. treasury obligations, federal agency obligations of the U.S. government, high-grade commercial paper (rated 'A-1' or better) collateralized bank deposits, repurchase agreements (collateralized at 102% by Treasuries and agencies), and approved money-market funds. The program seeks to provide safety, liquidity, convenience, and competitive rates of return, and is designed to meet the needs of Michigan public sector investors. It purchases securities that are legally permissible under state statutes and are available for investment by Michigan counties, cities, townships, school districts, authorities and other public agencies.

Fund Investments - Mutual Funds and Separately Managed Accounts (SMAs)

An open-ended mutual fund, a registered investment company, produces a daily NAV that is validated with a sufficient level of observable activity (i.e., purchases and sales at NAV) to support classification of the fair value measurement as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. In this case, the NAV represents the exit value of the security at the measurement date.

The primary rationale to support the classification of Mutual Funds as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy are: 1) the investments in the funds are required to be measured at fair value (SEC regulated), 2) the NAV is unadjusted and is in all cases the transaction price for purchases and sales (the NAV represents the exit value of the security at the measurement date), 3) there are no restrictions on redemptions and 4) the NAV is made publicly available daily.

The City's investment consultants also typically view SMAs as being reasonably considered Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The Fund Investment provides look-through capability to the underlying holdings, which can then be valued at fair market prices with strong liquidity.

Fund Investments - Commingled Funds and Trusts

Commingled Funds and Common Trust Funds do not all meet these criteria listed above for mutual funds. A fund administrator typically does not have the transparency into valuation methodology and valuation frequency of each of these pooled investment vehicles to make an accurate appraisal of whether the NAV does represent the exit value of the fund at each measurement date.

For this reason, the City's investment consultant takes a conservative approach with the default position being to consider these investments as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements

The net asset value (NAV) of an open-ended fund, whether a registered investment company fund, such as a mutual fund, or certain alternative investment funds, such as a hedge fund, serves as the basis for subscription and redemption transactions for investors in such funds. For investments in funds for which the underlying assets and liabilities are required to be measured at fair value, and where NAV is available, the NAV is generally the most appropriate starting point when determining the fair value measurement for an interest in such fund. However, when valuing such an investment, the holder must estimate the fair value of the interest held, which at times may be different from a value based solely on the NAV of the fund. The holder should also consider various factors including, but not limited to, the attributes of the interest held, including any restrictions or illiquidity on the disposition of the interest, and the holder's requirements to understand and accept the valuations provided by the fund (or modify them if appropriate), to determine the fair value of the interest itself. Depending on the facts and circumstances, the NAV may need to be adjusted depending upon the rights and obligations of the ownership interest and/or other factors. Furthermore, any adjustments to NAV based on unobservable inputs may result in the fair value measurement being categorized as a Level 3 measurement, if those inputs are significant to the overall fair value measurement.

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables, which include amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities			usiness-type Activities	Component Units	
Billed accounts receivable Allowance for billed accounts receivable Unbilled accounts receivable Delinquent personal property taxes Allowance for delinquent personal property taxes Contracts receivable Leases receivable Due from Downtown Development Authority Due from other governments	\$	1,431,256 (98,783) - 266,577 (13,466) - 427,595 10,038,088 3,439,050	\$	3,387,099 (21,756) 5,181,067 - - 312,272 486,609	\$	- - 99,508 (9,427) - - -
Due nom other governments	\$	15,490,317	\$	9,345,291	\$	90,081
Amount not expected to be collected within one year	\$	10,047,595	\$	798,881	\$	-

Notes to Financial Statements

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital asset activity of the primary government's governmental and business-type activities is as follows:

	Beginning Balance*	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciate	ed:				
Land	\$ 37,462,124	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,462,124
Museum artifacts	2,082,845	-	· -	-	2,082,845
Construction in progress	1,847,767	4,222,269	(24,520)	(1,548,269)	4,497,247
	41,392,736	4,222,269	(24,520)	(1,548,269)	44,042,216
Capital assets, being depreciated/a	mortized:				
Infrastructure:					
Major/county/local roads	279,144,345	6,715,677	-	300,000	286,160,022
Local donated roads	33,551,524	-	-	-	33,551,524
Sidewalks	35,975,138	321,210	-	-	36,296,348
Drains	11,271,874	-	-	-	11,271,874
Land improvements	12,143,965	1,043,291	(8,468)	332,196	13,510,984
Buildings and					
improvements	103,086,605	3,338,618	(17,153,114)	81,896	89,354,005
Miscellaneous equipment	9,901,667	772,232	(178,840)	600,036	11,095,095
Office equipment	3,115,729	163,193	(100,253)	234,141	3,412,810
Vehicles	22,115,397	625,347	(1,934,959)	-	20,805,785
Library books/audio visual	6,599,712	586,312	(432,015)	-	6,754,009
Leased equipment	9,559	47,738	-	-	57,297
	516,915,515	13,613,618	(19,807,649)	1,548,269	512,269,753
Less accumulated depreciation/am	ortization for:				
Infrastructure:					
Major/county/local roads	(154,972,084)	(9,184,534)	-	-	(164,156,618)
Local donated roads	(31,901,403)	(330,313)	-	-	(32,231,716)
Sidewalks	(30,864,572)	(477,936)	-	-	(31,342,508)
Drains	(1,864,739)	(237,937)	-	-	(2,102,676)
Land improvements	(8,505,583)	(305,658)	8,466	-	(8,802,775)
Buildings and					
improvements	(71,916,441)	(1,464,239)	17,097,229	-	(56,283,451)
Miscellaneous equipment	(6,054,569)	(681,483)	177,595	-	(6,558,457)
Office equipment	(2,846,334)	(129,682)	100,253	-	(2,875,763)
Vehicles	(14,655,642)	(1,357,530)	1,920,303	-	(14,092,869)
Library books/audio visual	(3,973,932)	(590,127)	432,015	-	(4,132,044)
Leased equipment	-	(5,730)	-	-	(5,730)
	(327,555,299)	(14,765,169)	19,735,861		(322,584,607)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated/amortized, net	189,360,216	(1,151,551)	(71,788)	1,548,269	189,685,146
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 230,752,952	\$ 3,070,718	\$ (96,308)	\$ -	\$ 233,727,362

Notes to Financial Statements

* The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in the current year. In accordance with this Statement, leased assets have been added to the beginning balances shown above and a corresponding lease payable has been recorded for the same amount.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities					
Capital assets, not being depred					
Land	\$ 6,738,504	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,738,504
Construction in progress	13,153,912	5,731,996		(7,637,355)	11,248,553
,	19,892,416	5,731,996		(7,637,355)	17,987,057
Capital assets, being depreciate Water and sewer transmission and distribution system Service connections Land improvements Buildings and improvements Miscellaneous equipment Vehicles Furniture, fixtures and other		669,083 - - 170,089 - 839,172	(18,162) - - (18,162)	7,637,355 - - - - - - - - - - - -	230,497,097 750,121 9,728,677 8,007,052 2,944,186 1,147,768 24,500 253,099,401
	244,641,036	839,172	(18,162)	/,637,355	253,099,401
Less accumulated depreciation Water and sewer transmission and distribution system	n (102,868,306)	(4,979,234)	-	-	(107,847,540)
Service connections	(750,121)	-	-	-	(750,121)
Land improvements Buildings and	(4,375,679)	(261,079)	-	-	(4,636,758)
improvements	(6,713,894)	(293,043)	18,162	-	(6,988,775)
Miscellaneous equipment	(1,569,615)	(186,123)	-	-	(1,755,738)
Vehicles	(475,712)	(84,007)	-	-	(559,719)
Furniture, fixtures and	()				()
other	(24,500)	- (F 002 406)	- 40.463		(24,500)
	(116,777,827)	(5,803,486)	18,162		(122,563,151)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	127,863,209	(4,964,314)	-	7,637,355	130,536,250
Business-type activities	ć 447.7FF.625	ć 767.600	<u>^</u>	Å	ć 440 F22 227
capital assets, net	\$ 147,755,625	\$ 767,682	\$ -	-	\$ 148,523,307

Notes to Financial Statements

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Depreciation/amortization of governmental activities by function	
General government	\$ 1,268,413
Public safety	748,171
Public works	10,432,539
Community and economic development	83,903
Recreation and culture	1,052,891
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	1,179,252
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 14,765,169
Depreciation of business-type activities by function	
Water	\$ 3,210,231
Sanitary Sewer	1,833,430
Sanctuary Lake Golf Course	359,281
Nonmajor enterprise funds	 400,544
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 5,803,486

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

The amounts of interfund receivables and payables are as follows as of June 30, 2022:

	 Other nds	Due from Other Funds		
Sanctuary Lake golf course Nonmajor enterprise funds	\$ 39,721 -	\$	- 39,721	
Total	\$ 39,721	\$	39,721	

The amounts of interfund advances are as follows as of June 30, 2022:

	 dvanced to ther Funds	Advanced from Other Funds		
General fund Enterprise funds:	\$ 7,778,384	\$	-	
Sanctuary Lake golf course Nonmajor enterprise funds	- 2,844,230		9,942,312 680,302	
Total	\$ 10,622,614	\$	10,622,614	

Notes to Financial Statements

Advances represent cash flow assistance from mainly the general fund and Sylvan Glen golf course to meet operating and/or debt service requirements of the sanctuary lake golf course and aquatic center. The advances to the Sanctuary Lake golf course and the aquatic center are not expected to be reduced in the subsequent year.

Interfund transfers reported in the fund statements are as follows as of June 30, 2022:

		Transfers In										
Transfers out	Ger	neral Fund	Capital Projects			Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Totals					
General fund Nonmajor governmenta	\$ al	-	\$	1,000,000	\$	-	\$	1,000,000				
funds		1,200		6,432,890		1,500,000		7,934,090				
Total	\$	1,200	\$	7,432,890	\$	1,500,000	\$	8,934,090				

General Fund

Transfers to the capital projects fund of \$1.0 million are for the construction of major streets.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

The capital projects fund is responsible for all governmental activity type capital projects with the exception of internal service funds. Funding sources include major streets fund and local streets fund transfers to the capital projects fund in the amounts of \$3,500,000 and \$2,000,000, respectively, representing partial funding for capital street improvements. In addition, the library fund transferred \$932,890 to the capital projects fund for library capital purchases including collections. The major streets fund transfer to the local streets fund of \$1,500,000 represents allowable redirection of state funding. The cemetery perpetual care fund transferred \$1,200 to the general fund for administration charges.

Notes to Financial Statements

8. LEASES

Lessee - The City is involved in four agreements as a lessee that qualify as long-term lease agreements. Below is a summary of the nature of these agreements. These agreements qualify as intangible, right-to-use assets and not financed purchases, as the City will not own the asset at the end of the contract term and the noncancelable term of the agreement surpasses one year.

Remaining Term of Agreements

Asset Type

Leased equipment 3 - 4 years

The assets acquired through leases in governmental activities are summarized as follows:

Leased equipment\$ 57,297Less accumulated amortization(5,730)Net book value\$ 51,567

The net present value of future minimum payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest				
2023	\$ 13,487	\$ 2,362				
2024	14,178	1,670				
2025	14,907	642				
2026	9,403	218				
Total	\$ 51,975	\$ 4,892				

Lease liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance *		Additions		Deductions		nding lance	Due Within One Year	
Leases payable	\$	9,558	\$	47,739	\$	(5,322)	\$ 51,975	\$	13,487

^{*} The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in the current year. In accordance with this Statement, leases payable have been added to the beginning balances shown above and a corresponding lease asset has been recorded for the same amount.

Notes to Financial Statements

Lessor - The City is involved in seven agreements as a lessor that qualify as long-term lease agreements. Below is a summary of these agreements. These agreements qualify as long-term lease agreements as the City will not surrender control of the asset at the end of the term and the noncancelable term of the agreement surpasses one year. Total lease revenue for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$197,379.

Asset Type Land Buildings	5 years 3 - 6 years								
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance					
Leases receivable	\$ 1,111,583	3 \$ -	\$ (197,379)	\$ 914,204					

Notes to Financial Statements

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions		Ending Balance		Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities General obligation bonds	Ś	10,545,000	\$ _	\$ (440,000)	Ś	10,105,000	Ś	485,000
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements		597,985	 	 (200,145)		397,840		162,036
Total installment debt		11,142,985	-	(640,145)		10,502,840		647,036
Accrued compensated absences Estimated self-insurance		5,126,404	5,624,144	(5,419,174)		5,331,374		3,254,176
claims		1,412,305	 11,597,157	 (11,584,637)		1,424,825		790,194
Total governmental activities debt	\$	17,681,694	\$ 17,221,301	\$ (17,643,956)	\$	17,259,039	\$	4,691,406
Business-type activities General obligation bonds Notes from direct borrowings Deferred amounts	\$	5,605,000 381,306	\$ 4,620,000	\$ (5,605,000) (99,364)	\$	4,620,000 281,942	\$	700,000 102,730
for issuance premiums		87,267	439,774	(150,092)		376,949		62,825
Total business-type activities	\$	6,073,573	\$ 5,059,774	\$ (5,854,456)	\$	5,278,891	\$	865,555
Total primary government	\$	23,755,267	\$ 22,281,075	\$ (23,498,412)	\$	22,537,930	\$	5,556,961

Compensated absences are liquidated through the internal service fund and incurred but not reported insurance claims are generally liquidated through the general fund.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$715.6 million, which significantly exceeds the City's outstanding general obligation debt subject to limitation of \$14.7 million.

Notes to Financial Statements

Debt issues outstanding are as follows:

	Maturity Date	0.	riginal Issue	Interest Rate		Amount outstanding
Primary Government	Maturity Date	Oi	igiliai issue	interest Rate	U	utstanding
Governmental activities						
General obligation bonds:						
Series 2013 & 2020 - DDA Refunding	2034	\$	10,105,000	0.32-2.17%	\$	10,105,000
Notes from direct borrowings and	2034	ڔ	10,103,000	0.32-2.17/0	ڔ	10,103,000
direct placements:						
GWK Series 2001C	2024		2 102 692	2.500/		200 021
			2,102,682	2.50%		260,021
GWK Series 2001D	2024		81,089	2.50%		6,845
GWK Series 2005	2026		41,440	1.63%		8,942
GWK Series 2007G	2028		46,242	1.63%		15,049
GWK Series 2008H	2029		196,953	2.50%		78,589
GWK Series 2016	2024		190,572	2.33%		28,394
Total governmental activities			12,763,978			10,502,840
Business-type activities						
General obligation bonds -						
Golf course series 2022	2028		4,620,000	3.0-4.0%		4,620,000
Notes from direct borrowings and						
direct placements:						
Sanctuary Lake notes payable	2025		301,909			140,971
Sylvan Glen notes payable	2025		301,909			140,971
Total business-type activities			5,223,818			4,901,942
Total primary government		\$	17,987,796		\$	15,404,782

The annual debt requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Primary Government							
	Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	
Year Ended								
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$ 485,000	\$	144,895	\$	700,000	\$	166,300	
2024	560,000		142,857		695,000		138,400	
2025	680,000		139,107		785,000		111,050	
2026	805,000		133,284		775,000		82,100	
2027	840,000		125,135		810,000		50,400	
2028-2032	5,020,000		401,962		855,000		17,100	
2033-2034	 1,715,000		36,338		-			
	\$ 10,105,000	\$	1,123,578	\$	4,620,000	\$	565,350	

Notes to Financial Statements

The annual debt requirements to maturity for the notes from direct borrowings and direct placements outstanding as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Primary Government							
	Government	tal A	Activities		Business-typ	oe A	ctivities	
Year Ended								
June 30,	Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest	
2023	\$ 162,036	\$	9,257	\$	102,730	\$	7,534	
2024	164,407		5,320		106,210		4,054	
2025	16,111		1,320		73,002		508	
2026	16,477		960		-		-	
2027	14,551		590		-		-	
2028-2029	24,258		250		_		_	
	\$ 397,840	\$	17,697	\$	281,942	\$	12,096	

It is the intent of the City that all payments relating to primary government obligations will be made from revenues generated from operations of the respective funds. The City has pledged its full faith and credit for the debt if revenues are insufficient to meet the obligations of all general obligation bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements

Component Units

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions of the City's component units for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions	Ending Balance	ı	Due Within One Year
Downtown Development Autho	rity							
Obligated tax captures -								
City G.O. bonds								
Series 2013 & 2020	\$	10,545,000	\$ -	Ş	(440,000)	\$ 10,105,000	\$	485,000

The Troy Downtown Development Authority (TDDA) has pledged future tax captures to reimburse the City for principal and interest payments for debt issued by the City in the Series 2013 & 2020 general obligation bonds to refinance TDDA general obligation debt.

Component unit debt issues outstanding are as follows:

	Maturity Date	Original Issue	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding
Downtown development authority				
Obligated tax capture:				
City issued Series 2020 DDA refinancing debt	2034	\$ 10,105,000	0.32-2.17%	\$ 10,105,000

The annual debt requirements to maturity for all component unit long-term obligations as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Component Unit - Downtown Development Authority						
Year Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest			
2023	\$	485,000	\$	144,895			
2024		560,000		142,857			
2025		680,000		139,107			
2026		805,000		133,284			
2027		840,000		125,135			
2028-2032		5,020,000		401,962			
2033-2034		1,715,000		36,338			
		_					
	\$	10,105,000	\$	1,123,578			

Notes to Financial Statements

Advance Refunding and Defeased Debt

During the current fiscal year, the City issued Series 2022 general obligation bonds in the amount of \$4,620,000 to refund debt outstanding for the 2013 bonds in the amount of \$4,920,000. As a result, the refunded bonds, which were subsequently called and paid off, are considered to be defeased, and the liability has been removed from long-term debt. The refunding resulted in a cash savings of \$164,352 and an economic gain of \$160,077.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City has entered into a public entity risk pool with other Michigan units of government as an individual member for its general liability, property damage insurance including auto and public officials liability and contractors equipment. The City's maximum deductible for property coverage is \$1,000 per occurrence. The liability maximum self-insured retention is \$500,000 per occurrence with an aggregate stop loss of \$1,000,000 per policy year for both property and liability.

The City accounts for transactions related to these risks in accordance with GASB No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues,* which states that a liability for claims must be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

No settlements have exceeded insurance coverage during the last three years. The City has made no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year. The City has received no indication that any significant losses exist at June 30, 2022.

The following are the changes in incurred but not reported (IBNR) estimates:

Year Ended June 30,	Beginning Balance	Additions	ı	Deductions	Ending Balance
2020	\$ 1,418,073	\$ 9,797,335	\$	(10,033,378)	\$ 1,182,030
2021	1,182,030	9,412,368		(9,182,093)	1,412,305
2022	1,412,305	11,597,157		(11,584,637)	1,424,825

The City has also entered into a public entity risk pool with other Michigan units of government for its workers compensation insurance.

Notes to Financial Statements

11. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The City is a defendant to various claims, legal actions and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business. The City denies the allegations and plans a vigorous defense. In the opinion of legal counsel, all such matters as indicated above are adequately covered by insurance, or if not so covered, are without merit or of such kind, or involve such amounts that an unfavorable disposition would not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

Tax Appeals to the Michigan Tax Tribunal

The City has outstanding property tax assessment appeals totaling approximately \$40,000,000 in contended taxable values to the Michigan Tax Tribunal. If the City is not successful with a portion of these appeals, the City's share of the tax to be refunded would be the levied millage rate (approximately \$10 per thousand of taxable value) plus interest. Due to historical losses, the assessor has estimated that approximately 26% of the contested value may be refunded to that effect. As a result, the City has recorded a total liability of \$105,000 in the general, capital, refuse, and library funds as of June 30, 2022.

12. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting and are levied, and become a lien on July 1st on the taxable valuation of the property located within its boundaries as of the preceding December 31st. Taxable value is determined by the prior year's taxable value plus 5% or the Consumer Price Index whichever is less, starting with the 1994 state equalized value as the base taxable value. Assessed values are equalized by the State, to closely approximate fifty percent of estimated current market value. The final taxable value of real and personal property subject to property tax within the City for the fiscal 2021-2022 levy was \$5,371,725,575. The City's operating tax rate was 6.50 mills for the same year with additional mills of 1.09 for refuse removal and disposal, 1.0942 for library operations, and 1.3312 for capital preservation and improvements.

In addition to collecting their own taxes, the City also acts as collection agent for all overlapping governments and school districts within its boundaries, which includes seven school districts, two intermediate school districts, a community college, and Oakland County.

City taxes are received in one installment, collectible from July 1st to September 1st. Any real property taxes not paid by March 1st, following the due date, are reimbursed by the County. The County Treasurer takes over collection responsibility at that date, as well as delinquent personal property taxes.

The City is occasionally ordered by the Michigan Tax Tribunal to refund taxes already collected and recorded into revenue. It is, therefore, the City's policy to compensate for doubtful accounts, as well as refunds of taxes already collected through use of an allowance for doubtful taxes receivable and as assigned general fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements

13. TAX ABATEMENT

The City provides tax abatements under four programs: The Industrial Facility Tax - Full Rate Program, the Industrial Facility Tax Half Rate Program, the Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Program and the Brownfield Redevelopment Program.

The Industrial Facility Tax - Full Rate Program provides tax abatements on real property to encourage investment in industrial property that is otherwise obsolete and/or requires rehabilitation. The Program is established under Michigan P.A. 198 of 1974 empowering local governments to establish such programs and/or districts. The Program qualifications are further defined under City Council Resolution 2002-05-273. The abatements equal 100 percent of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in taxable value as a result of the improvements, are administered as a reduction in the tax bill, and can last for up to 12 years after completion of the project. Abatements are obtained through application by the property owner prior to commencing the improvements and require subsequent provision by the owner of proof that the improvements have been made. There are no provisions for recapturing abated taxes. No other commitments were made by the City as part of those agreements.

The Industrial Facility Tax - Half Rate Program is much like the Full-Rate Program discussed above. It is intended to reduce economic obsolescence, provide homogenous industrial areas and increase employment opportunities. The Program is established under Michigan P.A. 198 of 1974. The Program qualifications are further defined under City Council Resolution 2010-08-173. The abatements equal 50% of the millage applied to 100% of the taxable value of the real and personal property, are administered as a reduction in the tax bill, and can last for up to six years. Abatements are obtained through application by the property owner or leasee and require subsequent provision by the applicant of proof that the qualifications have been met. There are no provisions for recapturing abated taxes. No other commitments were made by the City as part of those agreements.

The Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Program is designed to provide tax abatements for owners of multi-family residential units that provide housing to low income residents. There are only two such properties that qualify for the Program in the City and is established by local ordinances. The Program qualifications include providing a percentage of low income housing units in the development and the property owner must have an outstanding mortgage. The abatements are obtained through an application process by the property owner prior to leasing to prospective tenants. The payments in lieu of taxes are calculated on a formula that takes into account the Potential Gross Income of the property less vacancies and applies a rate as determined by the State of Michigan.

Notes to Financial Statements

The Brownfield Redevelopment Program is designed to implement Brownfield Plans, create Brownfield Redevelopment Zones, promote revitalization, and the redevelopment and reuse of distressed properties within the City using a tax abatement incentive. The program is established under the Brownfield Redevelopment Financing Act, Act 381 of 1996. Tax abatements are equal to 100% of the tax revenues captured on the taxable value and are administered as refunds to eligible participants. Refunds are further limited to the total approved and expended redevelopment costs by the taxpayer as authorized under the Act.

Tax Abatement Program	Amount of Taxes Abated During Fiscal Year			
Industrial Facility Tax - Half Rate Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Brownfield Redevelopment	\$	24,787 69,208 70,773		
Total Tax Abatements	\$	164,768		

14. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Employee Retirement System

Plan Administration. The City of Troy Employee Retirement System (TERS), under the authorization of the City Code chapter 10, administers the City's employee pension plan covering all full-time general and public safety employees of the City. The single-employer defined benefit plan provides retirement benefits based on credited service time and average compensation with death and disability benefits, and under some circumstances, payments to dependents. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Plan.

Management of the pension plan is vested in the TERS Board, which consists of seven voting members and one non-voting ex-officio member. Two of the voting members are designated by their position which includes the City Manager and City Director of Financial Services. Three of the voting members are elected by plan members. One voting member of City Council as selected by the Council and one voting citizen, who is an elector of the City and who is not a member of the system and who is not a member of City Council, as appointed by City Council. Of the five employee members, two must be members of the defined benefit plan.

Plan Membership. At December 31, 2021, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	333
Vested terminated employees	5
Active employees	30
Total membership	368

The defined benefit pension plan is closed to new members.

Notes to Financial Statements

General plan members. Retirement benefits are calculated as 2.25% of the average of the member's best 3-year eligible wages over the last ten years times the member's years, and fractions thereof, of service. Members between the ages of 50 and 62 will receive an additional benefit equal to the amount if the calculation used a multiplier .25% greater. A member who has 27 or more years of service may retire on or after attainment of age 50. A member who has 25 years of service may retire on or after attainment of age 55. Members of the Troy Fire Staff Officers Association may retire at any age with 25 years of service.

General plan members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service (AFSCME and MAP members 5 years of service) and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately and shall not be less than the amount it would be if they had attained 10 years of credited service.

General plan member surviving spouses and dependent children are eligible for non-duty death benefits if the member has 10 or more years of credited service. Benefits are calculated as if the member retired the preceding day of death using the pension calculation above. Duty death benefits are calculated in the same manner as non-duty death benefits with the exception that pension benefits cannot be less than 25% of the members final average compensation. Duty death benefits for members of the Troy Fire Staff Officers Association cannot be less than 50% of the members final average compensation.

Public safety members which includes Troy Police Officers Association and Troy Command Officers Association. Retirement benefits are calculated as 2.8% for the first 25 years and 1% per year thereafter of the average of the member's best 3-year eligible wages over the last ten years times the member's years, and fractions thereof, of service. The pension benefit is capped at 75% of final average compensation. A member may retire at any age with 25 or more years of service.

Public safety members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Non-duty disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately and shall not be less than the amount it would be if they had attained 10 years of credited service. Duty disability benefits shall not be less than two-thirds of final average compensation during the period they are in receipt of worker's compensation.

Public safety members' surviving spouses and dependent children are eligible for non-duty death benefits if the member has 10 or more years of credited service. Benefits are calculated as if the member retired the preceding day of death using the pension calculation above. Duty death benefits are calculated in the same manner as non-duty death benefits with the exception that pension benefits cannot be less than 50% of the members final average compensation.

Contributions. Employee contributions for classified and exempt employees is 5% of eligible wages. Members of collective bargaining groups contribution are directed by contract. The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the active member contribution rate was between 1.5% and 4.5% of their annual covered salary, depending on bargaining unit, and the City's average contribution rate was 0.0% of annual eligible wages.

Notes to Financial Statements

Investment allocation policy. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the TERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Long-term expected rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Global equities (Domestic 40% and International 19%)	59.00%	5.70%	3.37%
Fixed income	29.00%	1.20%	0.35%
Real estate	7.00%	6.00%	0.42%
Cash	5.00%	1.00%	0.05%
	100.00%		4.19%
Inflation expectation			2.50%
Risk adjustments			-0.19%
Investment rate of return			6.50%

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was -12.34%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The long-term rate of return is estimated at 6.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in the net pension asset. The components of the change in the net pension asset are summarized as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		N	let Pension Asset (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	163,266,429	\$	242,788,875	\$	(79,522,446)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		713,220		-		713,220
Interest		10,248,059		-		10,248,059
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		(60,178)		-		(60,178)
Employee contributions		-		116,939		(116,939)
Net investment loss		-		(30,347,862)		30,347,862
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(12,100,440)		(12,100,440)		-
Administrative expense		-		(186,316)		186,316
Net changes		(1,199,339)		(42,517,679)		41,318,340
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	162,067,090	\$	200,271,196	\$	(38,204,106)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. The plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability was 123.6% at June 30, 2022.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 with a measurement and reporting date of June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases (including inflation)	3.5% to 7.5%
Investment rate of return	6.5%
Mortality rates	PubG-2010 amount-weighted
Actuarial experience study	2001-2006

Actuarial assumption changes. There were no assumption changes since the last measurement period.

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.5% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on investments of 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Retirement System's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension asset, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.5%, as well as what the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	1	% Decrease (5.5%)	 rent Discount Rate (6.5%)	1	l% Increase (7.5%)
n asset	\$	(22 190 345)	\$ (38 204 106)	\$	(52 000 554)

City's TERS net pension asset

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$(5,424,809). At June 30, 2022, the City reported pension-related deferred outflows of resources from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	Ġ	10,757,279
earnings on pension plan investments	<u>ب</u>	10,737,273

Amounts reported as pension-related deferred outflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount					
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$	513,540 1,082,221 14,793				
Total	\$	9,146,725				

Notes to Financial Statements

Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan (VFIP)

The City of Troy has a noncontributory incentive plan and trust established by resolution of the City Council covering its volunteer firefighters. The single-employer plan benefits are determined based on annual contribution amounts for each year of incentive service. The normal cost and amortization payment for the year ended June 30, 2022 was determined using an individual entry age funding method.

Management of the plan is vested with the Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan Board, which consists of seven voting members. Two of the voting members are designated by their position which includes the City Manager and the City Director of Financial Services. Three of the voting members are elected by plan members. One voting member of City Council as selected by the Council and one voting citizen, who is an elector of the city and who is not a member of the system and who is not a member of City Council as appointed by the Mayor.

Plan Membership. At December 31, 2021, volunteer firefighter incentive plan membership consisted of the following:

Volunteers and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	114
Inactive, nonretired members	23
Members on leave of absence	3
Active volunteers	140
Total membership	280

Benefits provided. At July 1, 2021, the benefit payment was \$830 per year for incentive service. Participants are eligible for payments at age 55 with ten or more years of volunteer service, age 50 with 25 years of volunteer service or any age with 30 years or more of volunteer service.

The City Council has established by resolution increases to the benefit payment amount per year as follows:

Fiscal Year Beginning July 1,	Benefit Amount Per Year of Service				
2015	\$	681			
2016		724			
2017		769			
2018		785			
2019		804			
2020		819			
2021		830			

Contributions. The City makes contributions to the plan through actuarially determined and recommended amounts by an independent actuary. Funding is established through City Council resolution during the budget process. The City's contribution to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$1,759,708 and the actuarially determined contribution was \$1,759,708. The volunteer firefighters are not paid any remuneration for their service.

Notes to Financial Statements

Investment allocation policy. The VFIP plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is currently established by city management until the formal VFIP Board is established. The plan may be amended by the VFIP Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the VFIP Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Global equities (Domestic 40% and International 19%) Fixed income Real estate Cash	62.00% 26.00% 7.00% 5.00%	5.70% 1.20% 6.00% 1.00%	3.54% 0.31% 0.42% 0.05%
	100.00%		4.32%
Inflation expectation			2.18%
Investment rate of return			6.50%

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on volunteer firefighter incentive plan investments, net of investment expenses, was -11.64%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The long-term estimated rate of return is 6.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in the net pension liability. The components of the change in the net pension liability are summarized as follows:

	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	25,831,151	\$	14,956,342	\$	10,874,809
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		686,005		-		686,005
Interest		1,667,518 -				1,667,518
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		154,125		-		154,125
Employer contributions		-		1,759,708		(1,759,708)
Net investment loss		-		(1,846,100)		1,846,100
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(1,040,055)		(1,040,055)		-
Administrative expense		-		(15,015)		15,015
Net changes		1,467,593		(1,141,462)		2,609,055
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	27,298,744	\$	13,814,880	\$	13,483,864

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. The plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability was 50.6% at June 30, 2022.

Actuarial assumptions. The total plan liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 with a measurement and reporting date of June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Remaining amortization period	25 years
Inflation	N/A
Investment rate of return	6.5%
Mortality rates	PubG-2010 amount-weighted

Actuarial assumption changes. There were no assumption changes since the last measurement period.

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on investments of 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2072. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through the year 2072.

Notes to Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	1% Decrease (5.50%)		 rent Discount ate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)		
City's net VFIP plan liability	\$	17,880,960	\$ 13,483,864	\$	9,909,088	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,685,879. At June 30, 2022, the City reported pension-related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	 erred Inflows Resources	(et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	\$	306,153	\$ 403,986	\$	(97,833)
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		283,799	329,539		(45,740)
earnings on pension plan investments		1,193,386	 		1,193,386
Total	\$	1,783,338	\$ 733,525	\$	1,049,813

Amounts reported as pension-related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2023	\$ 277,295
2024	230,593
2025	102,328
2026	521,135
2027	(76,334)
Thereafter	 (5,204)
	_
Total	\$ 1,049,813

Notes to Financial Statements

Summary of Pension Plans

	Employee Retirement System		Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan		Total
Net pension asset (NPA)	\$	38,204,106	\$	-	\$ 38,204,106
Net pension liability (NPL)		-		13,483,864	13,483,864
Deferred outflows related to the NPA/NPL		10,757,279		1,783,338	12,540,617
Deferred inflows related to the NPA/NPL		-		733,525	733,525
Pension expense		(5,424,809)		1,685,879	(3,738,930)

For governmental activities, the net pension liability (asset) for both the employee retirement system and the volunteer firefighter incentive plan are generally liquidated by the general fund.

15. RETIREE HEALTHCARE TRUST (OPEB) PLAN

Plan Description

Plan Administration. The City of Troy Retiree Healthcare Trust (TRHCT), under authorization of the Public Employee Health Care Act, Public Act 149 of 1999 (MCL 38.1211 et seq.) and constituting a governmental trust pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, administers the City's employee retiree healthcare plan covering all full-time general and public safety employees of the City. The single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan provides retirement healthcare based on credited service time with death and disability benefits, and under some circumstances, payments for dependents. The plan does not issue separate stand alone financial statements and administrative costs are paid by the plan through employer contributions.

Management of the OPEB plan is vested in the TRHCT Board, which consists of seven voting members and one non-voting ex-officio member. Two of the voting members are designated by their position which includes the City Manager and City Director of Financial Services. Three of the voting members are elected by plan members. One voting member of City Council as selected by the Council and one voting citizen, who is an elector of the City and who is not a member of the system and who is not a member of City Council as appointed by the Mayor. Of the five employee members, two must be members of the defined benefit plan.

Plan Membership. At December 31, 2020, plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	355
Active employees	170
Total membership	525

The defined benefit OPEB plan is closed to new members.

Notes to Financial Statements

Benefits Provided. The City provides certain healthcare benefits in accordance with the bargaining group agreements and other requirements as established at the time of retirement. Most bargaining group agreements vested 4% of retiree healthcare insurance premiums per year of active service with a maximum vesting percentage of 100% until June 30, 2013. Subsequently, the agreements establish a 3% vesting of retiree healthcare insurance premiums per year of active service with a maximum vesting percentage of 90%. The exception to these agreements are with the Troy Police Officers Association (TPOA) and classified/exempt groups. These groups remain at 4% vesting of retiree healthcare insurance premiums per year of active service with a maximum vesting percentage of 100%. All groups have an age and years of service requirement before benefits will be provided. These age and service requirements are the same as established in the defined benefit pension plan (TERS).

Spouses of living retirees are eligible for retiree healthcare coverage through the City. Only the spouse named at the time of retirement is eligible. Surviving spouses of deceased retirees are eligible for retiree healthcare coverage through the City if the surviving spouse is receiving a survivor's defined benefit pension or is the spouse of a defined contribution member. The surviving spouse's benefit amount is equal to a retiree's one person coverage.

Members and spouse have the option to enroll in Medicare Part B, unless required by their insurance carrier. Premium for Medicare Part B, if elected, is the responsibility of the retiree or spouse.

Members retiring under deferred retirement conditions are not eligible for retiree healthcare through the City. The plan provides duty disability benefits with no age or service requirements and benefits commence immediately. Non-duty disability are provided to members with five years of service (ten years for Classified/Exempt and MAP employees) and benefits commence immediately.

The plan provides duty death benefits with no age or service requirements and benefits commence immediately. The plan also provides non-duty death benefits for members with ten or more years of service. These benefits also commence immediately.

Contributions. There are no required employee contributions to the plan. Employer contributions are established based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability over a twenty five year period. The City is not required to contribute the actuarially determined rate but has an established and long history of making the contribution. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's average contribution rate was 22.99% of eligible wages.

Notes to Financial Statements

Investments

Investment allocation policy. The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TRHCT Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the TRHCT Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The OPEB plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Long-term expected rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Global equities (Domestic 40% and International 19%)	59.00%	5.70%	3.37%
Fixed income	29.00%	1.20%	0.35%
Real estate	7.00%	6.00%	0.42%
Cash	5.00%	1.00%	0.05%
	100.00%		4.19%
Inflation expectation			2.50%
Risk adjustments			-0.19%
Investment rate of return			6.50%

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, was -16.20%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The long-term rate of return is estimated at 6.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in the net OPEB liability. The components of the change in the net OPEB liability are summarized as follows:

	Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		Liability Net Posi		Liability Net Position			Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	129,059,263	\$	122,311,607	\$	6,747,656		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		932,797		-		932,797		
Interest		8,219,713		-	- 8			
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		(961,146)		-		(961,146)		
Employer contributions		-		3,891,675		(3,891,675)		
On-behalf contributions		-		167,526		(167,526)		
Net investment loss		-		(19,811,720)		19,811,720		
Benefit payments		(6,137,081)		(6,137,081)		-		
Administrative and other changes		-		(12,555)		12,555		
Net changes		2,054,283		(21,902,155)		23,956,438		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	131,113,546	\$	100,409,452	\$	30,704,094		

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. The plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability was 76.6% at June 30, 2022.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB plan liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 with a measurement and reporting date of June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.5% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.5%, net of expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates 7.5% gradually decreasing to ultimate 3.50%

Mortality rates PubG-2010 amount-weighted

Actuarial assumption changes. There were no assumption changes since the last measurement period.

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.50% was used to measure the total OPEB plan liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on investments of 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	19	1% Decrease (5.5%)		rent Discount Rate (6.5%)	1	1% Increase (7.5%)		
City's net OPEB liability	\$	49,211,910	\$	30,704,094	\$	19,153,237		

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates of 7.5 percent decreasing to 3.5 percent, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (6.5 percent decreasing to 2.5 percent) or 1% higher (8.5 percent decreasing to 4.5 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

% Decrease % decreasing to 2.5%)	Current (7.5% decreasing to 3.5%)		1% Increase 5% decreasing to 4.5%)
\$ 18,024,432	\$	30,704,094	\$ 50,545,559

City's net OPEB liability

OPEB Expense Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$6,216,229. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of desources	 rred Inflows Resources	(let Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	-	\$ 366,966	\$	(366,966)
earnings on pension plan investments		9,554,217	 -		9,554,217
Total	\$	9,554,217	\$ 366,966	\$	9,187,251

Notes to Financial Statements

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ 901,466 1,546,893 1,200,085 5,538,807
Total	\$ 9,187,251

For governmental activities, the net OPEB liability for the retiree healthcare trust plan is generally liquidated by the general fund.

16. COMBINING FINANCIAL INFORMATION - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUNDS

Statements of Fiduciary Net Position

	Employee Retirement		Volunteer Firefighter		Retiree Healthcare Trust		
		System	In	centive Plan		Fund	Total
Assets							
Cash	\$	2,717,599	\$	1,343,996	\$	(1,101,975)	\$ 2,959,620
Investments, at fair value:							
U.S. government							
securities and agencies		8,469,411		755,824		1,156,182	10,381,417
Asset backed securities		162,956		-		84,164	247,120
Corporate bonds		15,250,820		151,877		12,448,297	27,850,994
Corporate equities		52,911,299		5,093,573		25,713,365	83,718,237
Mutual funds		51,698,583		2,140,297		37,184,398	91,023,278
Exchange traded funds		63,975,716		3,642,105		24,901,350	92,519,171
Real estate		5,000,000		700,000		-	5,700,000
Interest receivable		133,902		-		123,243	 257,145
Total assets		200,320,286		13,827,672		100,509,024	 314,656,982
Liabilities							
Accounts payable		49,090		12,792		3,500	65,382
Accrued liabilities				-		96,072	 96,072
Total liabilities		49,090		12,792		99,572	161,454
Net position							
Restricted for:							
Pension benefits		200,271,196		13,814,880		-	214,086,076
Retiree healthcare benefits		-		-		100,409,452	 100,409,452
Total net position	\$	200,271,196	\$	13,814,880	\$	100,409,452	\$ 314,495,528

Notes to Financial Statements

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	Employee Retirement	Volunteer Firefighter	Retiree Healthcare Trust	
	System	Incentive Plan	Fund	Total
Additions				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$ -	\$ 1,759,708	\$ 3,891,675	\$ 5,651,383
Plan members	116,939	-	-	116,939
On-behalf		-	167,526	167,526
Total contributions	116,939	1,759,708	4,059,201	5,935,848
Investment earnings (loss):				
Interest	562,594	49,812	725,725	1,338,131
Dividends	6,556,982	306,044	3,825,541	10,688,567
Other income	39,296	-	-	39,296
Net adjustment in fair				
value of investments	(37,033,562)	(2,144,762)	(23,958,217)	(63,136,541)
Investment expense	(473,172)	(57,194)	(404,769)	(935,135)
Net investment loss	(30,347,862)	(1,846,100)	(19,811,720)	(52,005,682)
Total additions	(30,230,923)	(86,392)	(15,752,519)	(46,069,834)
Deductions				
Benefits - pension	12,100,440	1,040,055	-	13,140,495
Benefits - retiree healthcare	-	-	6,137,081	6,137,081
Administrative expenses	186,316	15,015	12,555	213,886
Total deductions	12,286,756	1,055,070	6,149,636	19,491,462
Change in net position	(42,517,679)	(1,141,462)	(21,902,155)	(65,561,296)
Restricted net position, beginning				
Pension benefits	242,788,875	14,956,342	-	257,745,217
Retiree healthcare benefits	-	-	122,311,607	122,311,607
Total restricted net position, beginning	242,788,875	14,956,342	122,311,607	380,056,824
Restricted net position, ending				
Pension benefits	200,271,196	13,814,880	-	214,086,076
Retiree healthcare benefits	. ,	-	100,409,452	100,409,452
Total restricted net position, ending	\$ 200,271,196	\$ 13,814,880	\$ 100,409,452	\$ 314,495,528

Notes to Financial Statements

17. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City maintains a defined contribution plan (DCP) administered by the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation (ICMARC), which qualifies under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). Classified, Exempt and Fire Staff Officers in the City's Employees Retirement System were given the option to transfer to the DCP by December 31, 1997. Employees who elected to transfer to the DCP had their individually actuarially determined earned retirement benefits in the Employees Retirement System determined as of the date of election to transfer to the DCP. In 1998, the City afforded the option to AFSCME members of the Employees Retirement System to elect a transfer to the DCP, of which 41 employees elected such transfer. In 1999, the City afforded the option to MAP members of the Employees Retirement System to elect a transfer to the DCP, of which 29 employees elected such transfer. In 2000, the City afforded the option to TCOA members of the Employees Retirement System to elect a transfer to the DCP, of which 20 employees elected such transfer. In 2002, the City afforded the option to TPOA members of the Employees Retirement System to elect a transfer to the DCP of which 19 employees elected such transfer. The DCP is also in effect for all new full-time employees. Total membership in the DCP as of June 30, 2022 was 364.

The DCP maintains a schedule of vesting as follows: participants who transferred from the Employees Retirement System are fully vested. For new hires the following schedule applies: 50% vested after 3 years, 75% vested after 4 years and 100% vested after 5 years. Employees contribute 3 to 6 percent of their salary, while the employer contributes 8 to 13 percent. All employees are able to contribute up to 10 percent of their salary on a voluntary after-tax basis. All contributions are remitted to a third-party plan administrator.

The DCP was established by City Council resolution and any amendments to the plan would require City Council approval.

The City's payroll for employees covered by the DCP for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$24,301,546. The required contributions, which matched those actually made, were \$1,204,300 by employees and \$2,718,976 by the City, representing 5.0 percent and 11.2 percent of covered payroll, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

18. FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies fund balances based primarily on the extent to which it is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Detailed information on fund balances of governmental funds is as follows:

	Ge	General Fund		Capital Projects I Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable								
Inventories	\$	494,169	\$	_	\$	_	\$	494,169
Prepaid items	Ψ	1,721,613	Υ	_	Ψ	92,177	Ψ	1,813,790
Permanent fund corpus		-		-		164,000		164,000
Advance to Sanctuary Lake golf course		7,098,082		-		-		7,098,082
Advance to Aquatic Center		680,302		-		-		680,302
Total nonspendable		9,994,166		-		256,177		10,250,343
Restricted								
Special revenue funding source								
restrictions:								
Public safety		-		-		1,342,586		1,342,586
Highways and streets		-		-		6,221,032		6,221,032
Sanitation		-		-		1,000,503		1,000,503
Library		-		-		1,551,868		1,551,868
Other		-		-		943		943
Cemetery perpetual care		-		-		63,366		63,366
Capital improvements		-		12,530,303		-		12,530,303
Federal transportation				357,940				357,940
Total restricted				12,888,243		10,180,298		23,068,541
Assigned								
Insurance claims		3,000,000		-		-		3,000,000
Tax appeals		70,000		-		-		70,000
Subsequent years budget		5,005,027		-		-		5,005,027
Total assigned		8,075,027				-		8,075,027
Unassigned		21,544,036		-				21,544,036
Total fund balances	\$	39,613,229	\$	12,888,243	\$	10,436,475	\$	62,937,947

Notes to Financial Statements

19. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Following is a summary of net investment in capital assets, as presented in the government-wide statement of net position:

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities
Capital assets:				
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	44,042,216	\$	17,987,057
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net		189,685,146		130,536,250
		233,727,362		148,523,307
Long-term debt related to capital assets:				
General obligation bonds		10,105,000		4,620,000
Notes from direct borrowings and				
direct placements		397,840		281,942
Less: debt not related to capital assets		(10,105,000)		-
Deferred amounts				
for issuance premiums		-		376,949
Deferred charge on refunding		(87,559)		(348,909)
Add: leases payable		51,975		-
Net long-term debt related to capital assets		449,815		4,929,982
Net investment in capital assets	\$	233,277,547	\$	143,593,325

20. DEFICIT NET POSITION

The Sanctuary Lake golf course fund has a net position deficit of \$6,921,720 at June 30, 2022.

The Sanctuary Lake golf course completed its seventeenth year of operations with operating income of \$111,470 including depreciation expense of \$359,281. Nonoperating activity included interest expense of \$243,433. This resulted in an decrease change in net position of \$131,963. This compares to an increase change in net position of \$103,478 last fiscal year. Cash flows from operations were positive in the amount of \$567,565. As such, the deficit is a result of operating income insufficient to meet the debt funding requirements. The fund has incurred advances from primarily the general fund and Sylvan Glen golf course fund to meet its cash debt financing requirements.

The City turned over operations and management of both the Sanctuary Lake and Sylvan Glen golf courses on June 15, 2010 to Billy Casper Golf with a strategic plan of eliminating the deficit in the next few years.

The Downtown Development Authority (component unit) reported a net position deficit of \$6,853,123 compared to \$7,453,570 last fiscal year. This deficit is attributable to recognizing outstanding long-term debt to be financed with future tax increment revenues from the district.

Notes to Financial Statements

21. BUDGET STABILIZATION FUND

The City has established a budget stabilization fund by adopting a City ordinance in accordance with PA 30 of 1978 - MCL 144.441. The City Council may appropriate all or part of a surplus in the general fund to the Budget Stabilization Fund. The amount in the Budget Stabilization Fund shall not exceed 15% of the City's most recent general fund budget as originally adopted or 15% of the average of the City's five most recent general fund budgets, as amended, whichever is less. Appropriations from the Budget Stabilization Fund may be used to cover any general fund deficit, prevent a reduction in the level of services when revenues are not being collected in a sufficient manner or when the subsequent year budget indicates a shortfall, and to cover expenses arising from a natural disaster unless federal or state funds are received to offset the appropriation. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement number 54, the Budget Stabilization Fund has been included as part of the general fund for reporting purposes. Any residual fund balance is reported as unassigned in the general fund.

22. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2022, the City had \$4,105,907 in construction commitments outstanding for various projects including street improvements, water system improvements and sanitary sewer improvements. The commitments will be satisfied using grant funding, millage proceeds and fund balance.

23. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) to be a global pandemic. While the pandemic has resulted in an increase in the demands on the City for providing emergency services to its citizens, the Federal Government has also provided significant resources to help mitigate the impacts of COVID-19. Over the past two years, the City has been awarded funds from various sources to respond to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic including approximately \$8.2 million received through the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund has been reported as unearned revenue and is available to spend in future years. At this time, management does not believe that any ongoing negative financial impact related to the pandemic, if any, would be material to the City.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Employee Retirement System
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Asset and Related Ratios

		,	Year Ended June 30	ı	
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 713,220	\$ 832,121	\$ 892,618	\$ 919,922	\$ 915,316
Interest	10,248,059	10,081,514	10,166,772	10,145,675	10,153,512
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and	(60.178)	1 1 4 4 5 6 1	(027.202)	1 245 020	176 027
actual experience	(60,178)	1,144,561	(827,202)	1,345,828	176,027
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds	-	2,445,899	-	(701,730)	-
	(12 100 440)	(11 672 00E)	(11 360 000)	/11 202 O2E\	(11 353 000)
of employee contributions	(12,100,440)	(11,672,985)	(11,360,090)	(11,382,935)	(11,352,909)
Net change in total pension liability	(1,199,339)	2,831,110	(1,127,902)	326,760	(108,054)
Total pension liability,					
beginning of year	163,266,429	160,435,319	161,563,221	161,236,461	161,344,515
0 1 7 1					
Total pension liability, end of year	162,067,090	163,266,429	160,435,319	161,563,221	161,236,461
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Employee contributions	116,939	157,698	157,335	164,311	159,830
Net investment income (loss)	(30,347,862)	58,046,577	7,323,662	15,253,371	19,495,709
Benefit payments, including refunds					-
of employee contributions	(12,100,440)	(11,672,985)	(11,360,090)	(11,382,935)	(11,352,909)
Administrative expense	(186,316)	(136,183)	(220,079)	(147,374)	(137,054)
Net change in plan fiduciary					
net position	(42,517,679)	46,395,107	(4,099,172)	3,887,373	8,165,576
Plan fiduciary net position,					
beginning of year	242,788,875	196,393,768	200,492,940	196,605,567	188,439,991
Dian fiducians not notition					
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	200 271 100	242 700 075	100 202 700	200 402 040	100 000 007
end or year	200,271,196	242,788,875	196,393,768	200,492,940	196,605,567
City's net pension asset	\$ (38,204,106)	\$ (79,522,446)	\$ (35,958,449)	\$ (38,929,719)	\$ (35,369,106)
,	+ (55/251/255/	+ (::)==/:::/	+ (55)555) 1.15	+ (55/525/125/	+ (00)000)=00)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of total pension liability	123.57%	148.71%	122.41%	124.10%	121.94%
Covered payroll	\$ 3,461,432	\$ 4,429,886	\$ 4,714,838	\$ 4,695,195	\$ 4,428,407
City's net pension asset as a percentage					
of covered payroll	-1103.71%	-1795.14%	-762.67%	-829.14%	-798.69%

Notes:

GASB 67 was implemented in fiscal year 2014. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

2019 actuarial assumption changes. The assumption changes from the prior year include a decrease in the long-term municipal bond rate.

2021 actuarial assumption changes. The assumption changes from the prior year include updating the mortality tables.

	Year Ended June 30,								
	2017		2016		2015		2014		
\$	951,388	\$	993,515	\$	966,066	\$	985,140		
	10,180,968		10,251,205		9,626,619		9,635,941		
	-		(10,477)		-		-		
	(238,774)		(1,118,247)		1,874,178		286,868		
	-		-		8,167,150		-		
	(11,245,246)		(11,108,572)		(11,128,133)		(10,955,507)		
	(351,664)		(992,576)		9,505,880		(47,558)		
	161,696,179		162,688,755		153,182,875		153,230,433		
	161,344,515		161,696,179		162,688,755		153,182,875		
	101,544,515		101,030,173		102,000,733		133,162,673		
	658,557		314,025		1,451,198		1,867,473		
	163,907		166,434		165,624		174,214		
	23,674,177		(330,035)		6,229,392		35,667,991		
	(11,245,246)		(11,108,572)		(11,128,133)		(10,955,507)		
	(136,279)		(133,867)		(129,870)		(242,023)		
	13,115,116		(11,092,015)		(3,411,789)		26,512,148		
	175,324,875		186,416,890		189,828,679		163,316,531		
	188,439,991		175,324,875		186,416,890		189,828,679		
\$	(27,095,476)	\$	(13,628,696)	\$	(23,728,135)	\$	(36,645,804)		
	116.79%		108.43%		114.58%		123.92%		
\$	4,532,372	\$	4,910,089	\$	4,902,224	\$	4,768,908		
ڔ	7,332,372	ڔ	7,510,005	ڔ	7,302,224	ڔ	- ,,,,,,,,,,		
	-597.82%		-277.57%		-484.03%		-768.43%		

Required Supplementary Information Employee Retirement System

Schedule of Net Pension Asset

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Total Pension Liability	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Asset	Plan Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability	Covered Payroll	Net Pension Asset as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2013	\$ 153,230,433	\$ 163,316,531	\$ (10,086,098)	106.6%	\$ 5,069,499	-199.0%
2014	153,182,875	189,828,679	(36,645,804)	123.9%	4,768,908	-768.4%
2015	162,688,755	186,416,890	(23,728,135)	114.6%	4,902,224	-484.0%
2016	161,696,179	175,324,875	(13,628,696)	108.4%	4,910,089	-277.6%
2017	161,344,515	188,439,991	(27,095,476)	116.8%	4,532,372	-597.8%
2018	161,236,461	196,605,567	(35,369,106)	121.9%	4,428,407	-798.7%
2019	161,563,221	200,492,940	(38,929,719)	124.1%	4,695,195	-829.1%
2020	160,435,319	196,393,768	(35,958,449)	122.4%	4,714,838	-762.7%
2021	163,266,429	242,788,875	(79,522,446)	148.7%	4,429,886	-1795.1%
2022	162,067,090	200,271,196	(38,204,106)	123.6%	3,461,432	-1103.7%

Required Supplementary Information

Employee Retirement System Schedule of Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	D	actuarially etermined ontribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll		Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2013	\$	1,883,530	\$	1,883,530	\$	-	\$	5,069,499	37.2%
2014		1,845,880		1,867,473		(21,593)		4,768,908	39.2%
2015		1,451,198		1,451,198		-		4,902,224	29.6%
2016		314,025		314,025		-		4,910,089	6.4%
2017		658,557		658,557		-		4,532,372	14.5%
2018		-		-		-		4,428,407	0.0%
2019		-		-		-		4,695,195	0.0%
2020		-		-		-		4,714,838	0.0%
2021		-		-		-		4,429,886	0.0%
2022		-		-		-		3,461,432	0.0%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date: December 31, 2019

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31st which is 18

months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Aggregate
Amortization method N/A
Remaining amortization period N/A

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.5%; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation

Salary increases 3.5% to 7.5% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.50%

Retirement age Age-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. First used for the

1973 valuation; Classified, Exempt, Command Officers first used for the 1981 valuation; Non-

Classified/Exempt General members first used for the 1986 valuation.

Mortality RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Employee and Disabled Retiree tables for males and females with

fully generational projection with the MP-2018 mortality improvement scale.

Other information None

Required Supplementary Information

Employee Retirement System Schedule of Investment Returns

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Annual Return (1)
2013	18.20%
2014	22.20%
2015	3.29%
2016	-0.23%
2017	13.79%
2018	10.56%
2019	8.12%
2020	3.86%
2021	30.32%
2022	-12.34%

⁽¹⁾ Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

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Required Supplementary Information

Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

					Year	Ended June 30,	,			
	2022			2021		2020		2019		2018
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$ 686	,005	\$	734,992	\$	570,840	\$	545,049	\$	549,611
Interest	1,667	,518	·	1,588,789	·	1,336,338	·	1,272,457	·	1,191,740
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		2,924,680		-		-
Differences between expected and										
actual experience	154	,125		(507,609)		34,319		(64,876)		353,853
Changes of assumptions		-		(369,007)		299,159		155,633		(27,953)
Benefit payments	(1,040			(1,014,979)		(919,149)		(854,863)		(803,388)
Net change in total pension liability	1,467	,593		432,186		4,246,187		1,053,400		1,263,863
Total pension liability, beginning of year	25,831	,151		25,398,965		21,152,778		20,099,378		18,835,515
Total pension liability, end of year	27,298	3,744		25,831,151		25,398,965		21,152,778		20,099,378
Plan fiduciary net position										
Employer contributions	1,759	.708		1,734,594		1,260,920		1,285,300		1,712,500
Net investment income (loss)	(1,846	•		3,027,047		70,581		518,466		628,552
Benefit payments	(1,040			(1,014,979)		(919,149)		(854,863)		(803,388)
Administrative expense	(15	,015)		(14,495)		(18,165)		(12,180)		(13,227)
Net change in plan fiduciary										
net position	(1,141	,462)		3,732,167		394,187		936,723		1,524,437
Plan fiduciary net position,										
beginning of year	14,956	,342		11,224,175		10,829,988		9,893,265		8,368,828
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	13,814	,880		14,956,342		11,224,175		10,829,988		9,893,265
City's net pension liability	\$ 13,483	,864	\$	10,874,809	\$	14,174,790	\$	10,322,790	\$	10,206,113
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta	ge									
of total pension liability	50	0.61%		57.90%		44.19%		51.20%		49.22%
Covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
City's net pension liability as a percentag of covered payroll	e	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes:

GASB 67 was implemented in fiscal year 2014. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

2019 actuarial assumption changes. The assumption changes from the prior year include a decrease in the discount rate.

2020 actuarial assumption changes. The assumption changes from the prior year include a decrease in the discount rate.

2021 actuarial assumption changes. The assumption changes from the prior year include updating the mortality tables and an increase in the discount rate.

	Year Ende	d Jur	ne 30,	
2017	2016		2015	2014
\$ 512,549	\$ 464,863	\$	463,508	\$ 447,479
1,124,731	1,077,246		1,033,632	819,211
-	-		-	1,727,859
126,281	(93,449)		270,606	-
(238,964)	424,977		120,951	1,703,002
(685,085)	(1,166,059)		(987,639)	(1,379,391)
839,512	707,578		901,058	3,318,160
 17,996,003	 17,288,425		16,387,367	 13,069,207
18,835,515	17,996,003		17,288,425	16,387,367
1,113,496	1,100,632		3,078,500	1,078,500
399,329	152,770		100,516	286,663
(685,085)	(1,166,059)		(987,639)	(1,379,391)
(54,948)	(14,428)		(19,748)	(12,420)
772,792	72,915		2,171,629	(26,648)
 7,596,036	 7,523,121		5,351,492	 5,378,140
 8,368,828	7,596,036		7,523,121	5,351,492
\$ 10,466,687	\$ 10,399,967	\$	9,765,304	\$ 11,035,875
44.43%	42.21%		43.52%	32.66%
N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A

Required Supplementary Information

Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan Schedule of Net Pension Liability

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	T	otal Pension Liability	Plan Net Position	ľ	Net Pension Liability	Plan Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability	Covered Payroll	Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2013	\$	13,069,207	\$ 5,378,140	\$	7,691,067	41.2%	N/A	N/A
2014	·	16,387,367	5,351,492		11,035,875	32.7%	N/A	N/A
2015		17,288,425	7,523,121		9,765,304	43.5%	N/A	N/A
2016		17,996,003	7,596,036		10,399,967	42.2%	N/A	N/A
2017		18,835,515	8,368,828		10,466,687	44.4%	N/A	N/A
2018		20,099,378	9,893,265		10,206,113	49.2%	N/A	N/A
2019		21,152,778	10,829,988		10,322,790	51.2%	N/A	N/A
2020		25,398,965	11,224,175		14,174,790	44.2%	N/A	N/A
2021		25,831,151	14,956,342		10,874,809	57.9%	N/A	N/A
2022		27,298,744	13,814,880		13,483,864	50.6%	N/A	N/A

Required Supplementary Information

Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan Schedule of Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2013	\$ 868,074	\$ 868,074	\$ -	N/A	N/A
2014	858,472	1,078,500	(220,028)	N/A	N/A
2015	843,872	3,078,500	(2,234,628)	N/A	N/A
2016	1,100,632	1,100,632	-	N/A	N/A
2017	1,113,496	1,113,496	-	N/A	N/A
2018	1,112,471	1,712,500	(600,029)	N/A	N/A
2019	1,285,259	1,285,300	(41)	N/A	N/A
2020	1,260,916	1,260,920	(4)	N/A	N/A
2021	1,319,272	1,734,594	(415,322)	N/A	N/A
2022	1,759,708	1,759,708	-	N/A	N/A

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date: December 31, 2019

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31st which is 18

months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry-Age Normal

Amortization method Level dollar, open

Remaining amortization period 25 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Investment rate of return 6.50%

Retirement age Age and experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Mortality RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Employee, and Disabled Retiree Mortality tables for males and

females with fully generational projection with the MP-2018 mortality improvement scale. Before the 2018 valuation, RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females projected 5 years to 2019, with MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale. Before the 2015 valuation, the RP-2000 Mortal ity Table for males and females projected to 2017 using

Projection Scale BB. Before the 2013 valuation, the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table.

Benefit changes

 t Per Year ervice
\$ 642
681
724
769
785
804
819
830
of S

Required Supplementary Information

Volunteer Firefighter Incentive Plan Schedule of Investment Returns

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Annual Return (1)
2014	4.79%
2015	1.04%
2016	1.79%
2017	4.14%
2018	6.42%
2019	5.54%
2020	0.98%
2021	27.19%
2022	-11.64%

⁽¹⁾ Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

GASB 67 was implemented in fiscal year 2014. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

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Required Supplementary Information

Other Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Healthcare Schedule of Changes in Net Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability and Related Ratios

		Year	Ended June 30,	
	2022		2021	2020
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 932,797	\$	746,215	\$ 785,891
Interest	8,219,713		7,293,289	7,611,207
Changes in benefit terms	-		1,038,759	-
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	(961,146)		9,872,511	(1,033,980)
Changes of assumptions	-		931,956	(6,841,243)
Benefit payments	(6,137,081)		(5,309,605)	(5,476,571)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,054,283		14,573,125	(4,954,696)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	 129,059,263		114,486,138	 119,440,834
Total OPEB liability, end of year	131,113,546		129,059,263	 114,486,138
Plan fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions	3,891,675		5,061,539	5,914,107
On-behalf contributions	167,526		147,156	164,491
Net investment income (loss)	(19,811,720)		27,834,920	4,130,941
Benefit payments	(6,137,081)		(5,309,605)	(5,476,571)
Administrative and other changes	(12,555)		(56,032)	(32,654)
Net change in plan fiduciary	 (==/==/		(00)00=7	 (======================================
net position	(21,902,155)		27,677,978	4,700,314
Plan fiduciary net position,				
beginning of year	 122,311,607		94,633,629	 89,933,315
Plan fiduciary net position,				
end of year	 100,409,452		122,311,607	 94,633,629
City's net OPEB liability	\$ 30,704,094	\$	6,747,656	\$ 19,852,509
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of total OPEB liability	76.58%		94.77%	82.66%
Covered payroll	\$ 16,924,155	\$	16,924,155	\$ 16,962,271
City's net OPEB liability as a percentage	104 4201		20.070/	447.040/
of covered payroll	181.42%		39.87%	117.04%

Note: GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2017. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

2019 actuarial assumption changes. The assumption change from the prior year is an increase in the remaining amortization period from 22 years to 25 years.

2020 actuarial assumption changes. The assumption changes from the prior year include a decrease in the municipal bond rate and decrease in the expected remaining service lives.

2021 actuarial assumption changes. The assumption changes from the prior year include updating the mortality tables, coverage election assumptions were updated based on recent experience, and a decrease in the health care trend assumptions.

	Yeaı	Ended June 30,	
2019		2018	2017
\$ 838,659 8,918,237	\$	1,166,226 8,761,601	\$ 1,285,223 8,476,587
(22,311,315)		(1,499,301)	-
(1,719,651) (6,138,831)		(5,571,068)	(5,063,891)
 (20,412,901)		2,857,458	 4,697,919
 139,853,735		136,996,277	 132,298,358
119,440,834		139,853,735	136,996,277
6,000,551		4,812,375	4,668,805
136,413		149,655	36,244
6,829,397		6,403,187	7,980,021
(6,138,831)		(5,571,068)	(5,063,891)
 (43,298)		(39,518)	 (4,214)
6,784,232		5,754,631	7,616,965
 83,149,083		77,394,452	 69,777,487
89,933,315		83,149,083	 77,394,452
\$ 29,507,519	\$	56,704,652	\$ 59,601,825
 75.30%		59.45%	 56.49%
\$ 16,962,271	\$	17,101,107	\$ 17,101,107
173.96%		331.58%	348.53%

Required Supplementary Information

Other Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Healthcare Schedule of Net OPEB Liability

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tota	al OPEB Liability	Plai	n Net Position	Net OPEB Liability	Plan Net Position as Percentage of Total OPEB Liability		Covered Payroll	Net OPEB Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2046		422 200 250	<u>,</u>	60 777 407	62 520 074	F2 740	, ,	10.614.000	240.76%
2016	\$	132,298,358	\$	69,777,487	\$ 62,520,871	52.74%	6 \$	19,614,000	318.76%
2017		136,996,277		77,394,452	59,601,825	56.49%	ó	17,101,107	348.53%
2018		139,853,735		83,149,083	56,704,652	59.45%	ó	17,101,107	331.58%
2019		119,440,834		89,933,315	29,507,519	75.30%	ó	16,962,271	173.96%
2020		114,486,138		94,633,629	19,852,509	82.66%	ó	16,962,271	117.04%
2021		129,059,263		122,311,607	6,747,656	94.77%	ó	16,924,155	39.87%
2022		131,113,546		100,409,452	30,704,094	76.58%	ó	16,924,155	181.42%

Note: GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2017. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

Required Supplementary Information

Other Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Healthcare Schedule of Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Rel A	atributions in lation to the Actuarially etermined ontribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2016	\$ 4,793,327	\$	4,793,327	\$ -	\$ 19,614,000	24.44%
2017	4,668,805		4,668,805	-	17,101,107	27.30%
2018	4,654,492		4,812,375	(157,883)	17,101,107	28.14%
2019	5,646,672		6,000,551	(353,879)	16,962,271	35.38%
2020	5,579,325		5,914,107	(334,782)	16,962,271	34.87%
2021	3,231,801		5,061,539	(1,829,738)	16,924,155	29.91%
2022	3,180,761		3,891,675	(710,914)	16,924,155	22.99%

Note: GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2017. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date: December 31, 2019

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31st which is 18 months

prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level Dollar, Closed

22 years for FY beginning July 1, 2020 Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method Market Value Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 3.50-8.00% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.50%, net OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to type of eligibility condition

Post Retirement: RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Employee and Disabled Retiree tables for males and Mortality

females projection with the MP-2018 mortality improvement scale. The provision for future

mortality improvement is the fully generational projection table MP-2018 beginning in 2006.

Disabled Retirement: The RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table projected using fully

generational projection with the MP-2018 mortality improvement scale. The provision for future mortality improvement is the fully generational projection table MP-2018 beginning in 2006.

Pre Retirement: The RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table for males and females using fully generational projection with the MP-2018 mortality improvement scale. The provision for future

mortality improvement is the fully generational projection table MP-2018 beginning in 2006. Trend starting at 8.25% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.50%

Health care trend rates Aging factors

The tables used in developing the retiree premium are based on a recent Society of Actuaries

study of health costs.

Expenses Investment and administrative expenses are net of the investment returns.

Other information None

Required Supplementary Information

Other Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Healthcare Schedule of Investment Returns

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Annual Return (1)
2017	11.53%
2018	8.53%
2019	8.39%
2020	4.69%
2021	29.55%
2022	-16.20%

⁽¹⁾ Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

Note: GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2017. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Major Streets Fund - Accumulates resources from state funding sources for the maintenance and construction of the City's major streets system.

Local Streets Fund - Accumulates resources from state funding sources for the maintenance and construction of the City's local streets system.

Refuse Fund - Accumulates resources from a dedicated tax millage for sanitation collection and disposal services.

Transit Center Fund - Accumulates resources from Amtrak and sponsorships for the operations, maintenance and capital needs of the Transit Center.

Drug Forfeiture Fund - Accumulates resources from a federal and state drug forfeiture court rulings which can only be expended on specific supplies and services that support drug enforcement.

Library Fund - Accumulates resources from a dedicated tax millage for providing public library services to the community.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - Accumulates resources for the administration of federal funded projects designed to address a wide-range of community needs in low income areas.

PERMANENT FUND

Cemetery Perpetual Care - Accumulates resources from plot and burial fees for the perpetual care of cemetery grounds.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Sylvan Glen Golf Course - Accumulates resources from user fees to the operation and maintenance of a municipal golf course.

Aquatic Center - Accumulates resources from user fees for the operation and maintenance of the City's municipal water park.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (concluded)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Compensated Absences Fund - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for funding employee earned vacation and sick pay benefits.

Unemployment Compensation Fund - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for City unemployment insurance premiums and obligations.

Custodial Services Fund - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for the custodial services to city buildings.

Information Technology Fund - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for the maintenance and improvements of the City's computer and software requirements.

Motor Equipment Fund - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for the maintenance and capital investment of City owned vehicles.

Workers' Compensation Fund - Accumulates resources from interdepartmental charges for insurance premium and City obligations for worker's compensation claims.

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Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

						Special	Reve	nue				
		Major Streets	Local Streets			Refuse		Transit Center		Drug Forfeiture		Library
Assets												
Cash and investments	\$	1,883,537	\$	3,052,794	\$	1,469,479	\$	-	\$	1,356,642	\$	1,480,564
Accounts receivable		-		-		2,779		34,358		-		132,403
Taxes receivable		-		-		12,476		-		-		15,744
Due from other governments		1,167,005		457,589		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		<u>-</u> _				92,177
Total assets	\$	3,050,542	\$	3,510,383	\$	1,484,734	\$	34,358	\$	1,356,642	\$	1,720,888
Liabilities												
Interfund payable	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	22,925	\$	_	\$	
Accounts payable	Ą	282,704	Ş	57,189	Ş	460,310	Ş	10,490	Ş	14,056	Ş	48,360
Other liabilities		282,704		37,169		11,445		10,490		14,030		11,689
Other habilities						11,443						11,005
Total liabilities		282,704		57,189	_	471,755		33,415		14,056		60,049
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue - property tax												
and long-term receivables		-		-		12,476		-		-		16,794
Fund balances												
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_		92,177
Restricted		2,767,838		3,453,194		1,000,503		943		1,342,586		1,551,868
				0,100,201								_,
Total fund balances		2,767,838		3,453,194		1,000,503		943		1,342,586		1,644,045
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and												
fund balances	\$	3,050,542	\$	3,510,383	\$	1,484,734	\$	34,358	\$	1,356,642	\$	1,720,888

Specia	al Revenue	Permanent Fund	
Dev	nmunity elopment ck Grant	Cemetery Perpetual Care	tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	- - - 19,536 -	\$ 227,366 - - - -	\$ 9,470,382 169,540 28,220 1,644,130 92,177
\$	19,536	\$ 227,366	\$ 11,404,449
\$	15,965 3,571 - 19,536	\$ - - - -	\$ 38,890 876,680 23,134 938,704
	- - -	 164,000 63,366 227,366	 256,177 10,180,298 10,436,475
\$	19,536	\$ 227,366	\$ 11,404,449

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Special	Revenue		
	Major Streets	Local Streets	Refuse	Transit Center	Drug Forfeiture	Library
Revenues		•	6 5 724 624	A	\$ -	ć 5.052.024
Property taxes Intergovernmental:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,721,634	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,852,034
Federal sources State sources	- 7,459,460	- 2,931,402	93,902	-	-	232,463
Charges for services	7,439,460	2,931,402	93,902 575	108,223	-	5,701
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	136,533	6,808
Investment loss	(136,614)	(202,915)	(210,376)	-	(84,655)	(199,381)
Other						114,031
Total revenues	7,322,846	2,728,487	5,605,735	108,223	51,878	6,011,656
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	117,982	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	49,590	-
Public works Sanitation	2,850,594	2,428,665	-	-	-	-
Community and economic	-	-	5,656,977	-	-	-
development	_	_	_	_	_	_
Recreation and culture				-		3,960,758
Total expenditures	2,850,594	2,428,665	5,656,977	117,982	49,590	3,960,758
Revenues over (under)						
expenditures	4,472,252	299,822	(51,242)	(9,759)	2,288	2,050,898
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	1,500,000	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(5,000,000)	(2,000,000)	-	-	-	(932,890)
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	(5,000,000)	(500,000)		-		(932,890)
Net change in fund balances	(527,748)	(200,178)	(51,242)	(9,759)	2,288	1,118,008
Fund balances,						
beginning of year	3,295,586	3,653,372	1,051,745	10,702	1,340,298	526,037
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,767,838	\$ 3,453,194	\$ 1,000,503	\$ 943	\$ 1,342,586	\$ 1,644,045

Special Revenue	Permanent Fund	
Community Development Block Grant	Cemetery Perpetual Care	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,573,668
47,564	-	47,564
-	-	10,717,227
-	4,350	118,849
-	-	143,341
-	(14,638)	(848,579)
		114,031
47,564	(10,288)	21,866,101
-	-	117,982
-	-	49,590
-	-	5,279,259
-	-	5,656,977
47,564	-	47,564
		3,960,758
47,564		15,112,130
	(10,288)	6,753,971
		1,500,000
-	(1,200)	(7,934,090)
	(1,200)	(7,554,050)
	(1,200)	(6,434,090)
-	(11,488)	319,881
	238,854	10,116,594
\$ -	\$ 227,366	\$ 10,436,475

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Major Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	ctual Over Inder) Final Budget
Revenues					
Intergovernmental -					
State sources	\$ 6,948,200	\$ 6,948,200	\$	7,459,460	\$ 511,260
Investment earnings (loss)	 35,000	 35,000		(136,614)	(171,614)
Total revenues	6,983,200	6,983,200		7,322,846	339,646
Expenditures					
Current -					
Public works	 3,343,064	3,343,064		2,850,594	(492,470)
Revenues over expenditures	3,640,136	3,640,136		4,472,252	832,116
Other financing uses					
Transfers out	 (5,000,000)	 (5,000,000)		(5,000,000)	 -
Net change in fund balance	(1,359,864)	(1,359,864)		(527,748)	832,116
Fund balance, beginning of year	 3,295,586	3,295,586		3,295,586	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,935,722	\$ 1,935,722	\$	2,767,838	\$ 832,116

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Local Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental -							
State sources	\$ 2,742,000	\$	2,742,000	\$	2,931,402	\$	189,402
Investment earnings (loss)	 32,000		32,000		(202,915)		(234,915)
Total revenues	2,774,000		2,774,000		2,728,487		(45,513)
Expenditures Current -							
Public works	 3,183,577		3,183,577		2,428,665		(754,912)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (409,577)		(409,577)		299,822		709,399
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	1,500,000		1,500,000		1,500,000		_
Transfers out	(2,000,000)		(2,000,000)		(2,000,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(500,000)		(500,000)		(500,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(909,577)		(909,577)		(200,178)		709,399
Fund balance, beginning of year	 3,653,372		3,653,372		3,653,372		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,743,795	\$	2,743,795	\$	3,453,194	\$	709,399

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Refuse Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Final Budget Actual		ctual Over Inder) Final Budget		
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	5,717,000	\$ 5,717,000	\$ 5,721,634	\$ 4,634
Intergovernmental -					
State sources		30,000	30,000	93,902	63,902
Charges for services		500	500	575	75
Investment earnings (loss)		10,000	10,000	 (210,376)	(220,376)
Total revenues		5,757,500	5,757,500	5,605,735	(151,765)
Expenditures					
Current -					
Sanitation		5,747,460	5,747,460	 5,656,977	 (90,483)
Net change in fund balance		10,040	10,040	(51,242)	(61,282)
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,051,745	1,051,745	1,051,745	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,061,785	\$ 1,061,785	\$ 1,000,503	\$ (61,282)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Transit Center Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 117,180	\$ 117,180	\$ 108,223	\$	(8,957)
Expenditures Current -					
General government	 117,180	 122,180	 117,982		(4,198)
Net change in fund balance	-	(5,000)	(9,759)		(4,759)
Fund balance, beginning of year	10,702	10,702	10,702		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 10,702	\$ 5,702	\$ 943	\$	(4,759)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Drug Forfeiture Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues						
Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental -	\$ 116,000	\$ 116,000	\$	136,533	\$ 20,533	
Federal sources	15,000	15,000		-	(15,000)	
Investment earnings (loss)	10,000	10,000		(84,655)	(94,655)	
Total revenues	141,000	141,000		51,878	(89,122)	
Expenditures						
Current -						
Public safety	144,040	144,040		49,590	(94,450)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,040)	(3,040)		2,288	5,328	
Other financing uses						
Transfers out	(800,000)	 (800,000)			 (800,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(803,040)	(803,040)		2,288	805,328	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 1,340,298	 1,340,298		1,340,298	 	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 537,258	\$ 537,258	\$	1,342,586	\$ 805,328	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Library Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over Under) Final Budget
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 5,800,000	\$ 5,800,000	\$ 5,852,034	\$ 52,034
Intergovernmental -				
State sources	184,000	184,000	232,463	48,463
Charges for services	8,900	8,900	5,701	(3,199)
Fines and forfeitures	25,000	25,000	6,808	(18,192)
Investment earnings (loss)	2,000	2,000	(199,381)	(201,381)
Other	 8,000	8,000	 114,031	 106,031
Total revenues	6,027,900	6,027,900	6,011,656	(16,244)
Expenditures Current -				
Recreation and culture	 4,394,898	4,394,898	3,960,758	 (434,140)
Revenues over expenditures	1,633,002	1,633,002	2,050,898	417,896
Other financing uses				
Transfers out	 (1,433,000)	 (1,433,000)	 (932,890)	 (500,110)
Net change in fund balance	200,002	200,002	1,118,008	918,006
Fund balance, beginning of year	 526,037	526,037	526,037	 <u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 726,039	\$ 726,039	\$ 1,644,045	\$ 918,006

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Actual Over Under) Final Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental - Federal sources	\$ 170,000	\$ 180,000	\$	47,564	\$ (132,436)
Expenditures Current - Community and economic					
development	45,000	55,000		47,564	 (7,436)
Revenues over expenditures	125,000	125,000		-	(125,000)
Other financing uses Transfers out	 (125,000)	 (125,000)			(125,000)
Net change in fund balance	-	-		-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year		 			 <u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	\$ _	\$		\$ _

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

June 30, 2022

903,915 148,391 39,721 44,960 46,147 1,183,134	\$ 647,971 41,005 - 211	\$ 1,551,886 189,396 39,721 44,960
148,391 39,721 44,960 46,147	41,005 - -	189,396 39,721
148,391 39,721 44,960 46,147	41,005 - -	189,396 39,721
148,391 39,721 44,960 46,147	41,005 - -	189,396 39,721
39,721 44,960 46,147	- -	39,721
44,960 46,147	- - 211	
46,147	211	44.960
	211	,
1,183,134		46,358
	689,187	1,872,321
486,609	-	486,609
2,844,230	-	2,844,230
1,894,552	-	1,894,552
1,734,729	382,880	2,117,609
6,960,120	382,880	7,343,000
8,143,254	1,072,067	9,215,321
920	33,990	34,910
278,490	2,518	281,008
	, -	51,365
330,775	36,508	367,283
-	680.302	680,302
89.606	-	89,606
89,606	680,302	769,908
420,381	716,810	1,137,191
486,609		486,609
2 400 210	202.000	2 071 100
3,488,310 3,747,954	382,880 (27,623)	3,871,190 3,720,331
7,236,264	\$ 355,257	\$ 7,591,521
	486,609 2,844,230 1,894,552 1,734,729 6,960,120 8,143,254 920 278,490 51,365 330,775 89,606 89,606 420,381 486,609 3,488,310 3,747,954	46,147 211 1,183,134 689,187 486,609 - 2,844,230 - 1,894,552 - 1,734,729 382,880 6,960,120 382,880 8,143,254 1,072,067 920 33,990 278,490 2,518 51,365 - 330,775 36,508 - 680,302 89,606 - 89,606 680,302 420,381 716,810 486,609 - 3,488,310 382,880 3,747,954 (27,623)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Sylvan Glen Golf				
		Course	Aqua	atic Center	Total
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$	1,269,182	\$	764,345	\$ 2,033,527
Rental:					
Golf course		272,313		-	272,313
Restaurant		73,120		-	73,120
Other services				20,898	 20,898
Total operating revenues		1,614,615		785,243	2,399,858
,				, 55,2 .5	
Operating expenses					
Operations		1,199,573		509,121	1,708,694
Depreciation		207,564		192,980	400,544
Total operating expenses		1,407,137		702,101	 2,109,238
Operating income		207,478		83,142	 290,620
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Investment loss		_		(36,816)	(36,816)
Interest expense		(5,867)		-	(5,867)
The second secon		(0,001)			 (0,000)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(5,867)		(36,816)	 (42,683)
Change in net position		201,611		46,326	247,937
Net position, beginning of year		7,034,653		308,931	7,343,584
Net position, end of year	\$	7,236,264	\$	355,257	\$ 7,591,521

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Sylv	an Glen Golf	A	estis Comton		Tatal
Cook flows from an amending patinities		Course	Aqı	iatic Center		Total
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers and others	\$	1,633,646	\$	760,233	\$	2 202 970
	Ą		Ş		Ş	2,393,879 (669,927)
Cash payments to employees		(441,116)		(228,811)		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(714,540)		(336,404)		(1,050,944)
Cash payments for interfund services		(10,936)		(33,185)		(44,121)
Net cash provided by operating activities		467,054		161,833		628,887
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Purchase of capital assets		-		(87,520)		(87,520)
Principal on financed purchase		(49,682)		-		(49,682)
Interest on financed purchase		(5,867)				(5,867)
Net cash used in capital and related						
financing activities		(55,549)		(87,520)		(143,069)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Investment loss				(36,816)		(36,816)
Net change in cash and investments		411,505		37,497		449,002
Cash and investments, beginning of year		492,410		610,474		1,102,884
Cash and investments, end of year	\$	903,915	\$	647,971	\$	1,551,886
Reconciliation of operating income to net						
cash provided by operating activities						
Operating income	\$	207,478	\$	83,142	\$	290,620
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		207,564		192,980		400,544
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		55,609		(25,010)		30,599
Leases receivable		(486,609)		-		(486,609)
Due from other funds		(36,578)		-		(36,578)
Inventories		(10,386)		-		(10,386)
Prepaid items		(8,989)		(211)		(9,200)
Accounts payable		(59,926)		(88,094)		(148,020)
Accrued liabilities		112,282		(974)		111,308
Deferred lease amounts		486,609				486,609
Total adjustments		259,576		78,691		338,267
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	467,054	\$	161,833	\$	628,887

Combining Statement of Net Position

Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022

		mpensated Absences	ployment pensation	1	Custodial Services
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	5,438,479	\$ 36,533	\$	1,405,577
Accounts receivable		-	=		=
Inventories		-	=		=
Prepaid items			-		<u> </u>
Total current assets		5,438,479	 36,533		1,405,577
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets not being depreciated		-	-		-
Capital assets being depreciated, net		-			_
Total noncurrent assets			 		
Total assets		5,438,479	36,533		1,405,577
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		=	438		20,800
Accrued liabilities		-	-		-
Compensated absences		3,254,176			
Total current liabilities		3,254,176	438		20,800
Noncurrent liabilities -					
Compensated absences		2,077,198	 		
Total liabilities		5,331,374	438		20,800
Net position					
Investment in capital assets		-	-		_
Unrestricted	-	107,105	 36,095		1,384,777
Total net position	\$	107,105	\$ 36,095	\$	1,384,777

formation echnology	E	Motor Equipment	Workers' mpensation	Total	
\$ 1,688,323	\$	7,260,337	\$	1,452,747	\$ 17,281,996
14,754		7,728		-	22,482
-		443,791		-	443,791
24,361				111,496	135,857
1,727,438		7,711,856		1,564,243	17,884,126
		337,493			337,493
384,430		6,062,004		_	6,446,434
 384,430		6,399,497			 6,783,927
 301,130		0,333,437			 0,703,327
2,111,868		14,111,353		1,564,243	24,668,053
				· · ·	· · · · · ·
78,521		627,960		-	727,719
-		70,367		-	70,367
 					 3,254,176
78,521		698,327		-	4,052,262
_		_		_	2,077,198
78,521		698,327		-	 6,129,460
204 420		6 200 407			6 702 027
384,430 1 648 917		6,399,497 7,013,529		- 1 564 242	6,783,927
 1,648,917		7,013,529		1,564,243	 11,754,666
\$ 2,033,347	\$	13,413,026	\$	1,564,243	\$ 18,538,593

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Compensated Absences		Unemployment Compensation	Custodial Services
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$	5,014,960	\$ -	\$ 1,547,860
Rental:				
Building		-	-	-
Equipment		-	-	-
Other services to City funds			3,389	
Total operating revenues		5,014,960	3,389	 1,547,860
Operating expenses				
Cost of sales and services		5,624,145	5,469	1,392,090
General and administrative		-	-	_
Operations		-	-	-
Depreciation				
Total operating expenses		5,624,145	5,469	1,392,090
Operating income (loss)		(609,185)	(2,080)	 155,770
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment loss		(349,292)	(2,322)	(88,406)
Gain on sale of capital assets				
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		(349,292)	(2,322)	(88,406)
Change in net position		(958,477)	(4,402)	67,364
Net position, beginning of year		1,065,582	40,497	 1,317,413
Net position, end of year	\$	107,105	\$ 36,095	\$ 1,384,777

formation echnology	ı	Motor Equipment	Workers' mpensation	Total
\$ 2,342,368	\$	13,596	\$ 716,970	\$ 9,635,754
-		285,981	-	285,981
-		4,296,192	-	4,296,192
 		399,080	 1,269	 403,738
 2,342,368		4,994,849	 718,239	 14,621,665
1,983,480		_	1,072,396	10,077,580
1,983,480		716,370	1,072,330	716,370
_		2,842,466	_	2,842,466
81,903		1,097,349	_	1,179,252
 52,555				, -, -
2,065,383		4,656,185	1,072,396	14,815,668
 276,985		338,664	 (354,157)	 (194,003)
(104,835)		(456,785)	(104,974)	(1,106,614)
 		221,948	 	 221,948
(404.035)		(224.027)	(404.074)	(004.666)
(104,835)		(234,837)	 (104,974)	 (884,666)
172,150		103,827	(459,131)	(1,078,669)
1/2,130		103,627	(433,131)	(1,076,009)
 1,861,197		13,309,199	 2,023,374	 19,617,262
\$ 2,033,347	\$	13,413,026	\$ 1,564,243	\$ 18,538,593

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		empensated Absences		ployment ensation		Custodial Services
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from interfund services Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$	5,014,960 (5,419,175) -	\$	3,389 - (5,353)	\$	1,547,860 (1,042,231) (331,667)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(404,215)		(1,964)		173,962
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets				- -		<u>-</u>
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities						<u> </u>
Cash flows from investing activities Investment loss		(349,292)		(2,322)		(88,406)
Net change in cash and investments		(753,507)		(4,286)		85,556
Cash and investments, beginning of year		6,191,986		40,819		1,320,021
Cash and investments, end of year	\$	5,438,479	\$	36,533	\$	1,405,577
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(609,185)	\$	(2,080)	\$	155,770
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		-		-		-
Accounts receivable Inventories		- -		-		-
Prepaid items Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences		- - - 204,970		116 -		18,192 - -
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u> </u>		ċ	(1.064)	<u> </u>	172 062
iver cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(404,215)	\$	(1,964)	\$	173,962

nformation Technology	E	Motor quipment	Workers' mpensation	Total
\$ 2,339,258 (1,283,902) (805,904)	\$	5,042,110 (1,534,313) (1,784,767)	\$ 718,239 - (1,183,892)	\$ 14,665,816 (9,279,621) (4,111,583)
 249,452		1,723,030	 (465,653)	 1,274,612
(134,632)		(1,101,861) 236,605	 - -	 (1,236,493) 236,605
 (134,632)		(865,256)		(999,888)
(104,835)		(456,785)	(104,974)	(1,106,614)
9,985		400,989	(570,627)	(831,890)
 1,678,338		6,859,348	2,023,374	18,113,886
\$ 1,688,323	\$	7,260,337	\$ 1,452,747	\$ 17,281,996
\$ 276,985	\$	338,664	\$ (354,157)	\$ (194,003)
81,903		1,097,349	-	1,179,252
(3,110) - (24,361)		47,261 (133,466)	- - (111,496)	44,151 (133,466) (135,857)
(55,631) (26,334)		302,855 70,367		265,532 44,033
 (20,534)		-	 	 204,970
\$ 249,452	\$	1,723,030	\$ (465,653)	\$ 1,274,612

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet

Downtown Development Authority June 30, 2022

	C	Operating	Adjustments		atement of et Position
Assets Cash and investments Receivables -	\$	3,230,855	\$	-	\$ 3,230,855
Taxes receivable		87,739			 87,739
Total assets	\$	3,318,594			3,318,594
Liabilities					
Interest payable		-		24,149	24,149
Accrued liabilities		42,568		-	42,568
Long-term debt:				405.000	495 000
Due within one year Due in more than one year		-		485,000 9,620,000	485,000 9,620,000
bue in more than one year				3,020,000	 3,020,000
Total liabilities		42,568	1	0,129,149	10,171,717
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable property taxes		87,739		(87,739)	
Fund balance					
Unassigned		3,188,287	(3,188,287)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	3,318,594			
Net position Unrestricted (deficit)			\$ (6,853,123)	\$ (6,853,123)

Reconciliation

Fund Balance for Governmental Fund to Net Position of Governmental Activities Downtown Development Authority June 30, 2022

Fund balance - total governmental fund

\$ 3,188,287

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred inflows in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in fund balance. Deferred inflows from unavailable property tax receivables

87,739

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Accrued interest payable (24,149)
Debt reimbursement payable (10,105,000)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ (6,853,123)

Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues,

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Downtown Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	C	Operating	Adjustments		St	tatement of Activities
Revenues						
General:						
Property taxes	\$	1,452,370	\$	29,894	\$	1,482,264
Investment loss		(245,817)				(245,817)
Tatal rayanyas		1 200 552		20.004		1 226 447
Total revenues	-	1,206,553		29,894		1,236,447
Expenditures/expenses						
Community and economic development		628,670		-		628,670
Debt service:						
Principal		440,000		(440,000)		-
Interest		11,125		(3,795)		7,330
Total expenditures/expenses		1,079,795		(443,795)		636,000
Net change in fund balances/						
net position		126,758		473,689		600,447
Fund balance/net position (deficit),						
beginning of year		3,061,529		(10,515,099)		(7,453,570)
Ford belong to the entire (deficit)						
Fund balance/net position (deficit), end of year	¢	3,188,287	\$	(10,041,410)	\$	(6,853,123)
	٧	3,100,207	-	(±0,0+1,+10)	-	(0,000,120)

Reco

Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities Downtown Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balance - total governmental fund

\$ 126,758

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred inflows to the following fiscal year. Net difference in deferred inflows

29,894

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term debt in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term debt

440,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Change in accrued interest expense

3,795

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 600,447

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet

Local Development Financing Authority June 30, 2022

	Operating		Adjustments		 ement of Position
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$	55,949	\$	-	\$ 55,949
Taxes receivable		1,355			1,355
Total assets	\$	57,304			 57,304
Fund balance Unassigned	\$	57,304	(5	7,304)	
Net position Unrestricted			\$ 5	7,304	\$ 57,304

Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues,

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Local Development Financing Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	C	Operating	Adjustments	 atement of Activities
Revenues				
General:				
Property taxes	\$	146,517	\$ -	\$ 146,517
Investment loss		(7,115)		(7,115)
Total revenues		139,402	-	139,402
Expenditures/expenses Community and economic development		194,869		194,869
Net change in fund balance/net position		(55,467)	-	(55,467)
Fund balance/net position, beginning of year		112,771		112,771
Fund balance/net position, end of year	\$	57,304	\$ -	\$ 57,304

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority June 30, 2022

	Operating		Adjustments		 tement of t Position
Assets Cash and investments Receivables -	\$	919,247	\$	-	\$ 919,247
Taxes receivable		987			 987
Total assets	\$	920,234			 920,234
Fund balance Unassigned	\$	920,234	\$	(920,234)	\$
Net position Unrestricted			\$	920,234	\$ 920,234

Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues,

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Brownfield Redevelopment Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	C	Operating	Adjustments		 atement of Activities
Revenues General:					
Property taxes Investment loss	\$	220,543 (58,452)	\$	(59,140) -	\$ 161,403 (58,452)
Total revenues		162,091		(59,140)	102,951
Expenditures/expenses Community and economic development		6,282		<u>-</u>	6,282
Net change in fund balance/net position		155,809		(59,140)	96,669
Fund balance/net position, beginning of year		764,425		59,140	 823,565
Fund balance/net position, end of year	\$	920,234	\$	-	\$ 920,234

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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Statistical Section Table of Contents

This part of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

		<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	152
Revenue Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	164
Debt Capacity	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	172
Demographic and Economic Information	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	182
Operating Information	These schedules contain serve and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	186
Continuing Disclosure	Information contained herein complies with Rule 15c2-12, a federal regulation promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, designed to improve disclosure practices in the municipal bond market.	198

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2013	2014		2015	2016
Governmental activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	179,616,224	\$ 168,722,287	\$	178,865,098	\$ 194,299,483
Restricted		18,414,931	25,024,969		24,785,605	19,460,570
Unrestricted		54,304,874	 65,673,197		82,121,441	 79,865,292
Total governmental activities	\$	252,336,029	\$ 259,420,453	\$	285,772,144	\$ 293,625,345
						_
Business-type activities						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	117,311,016	\$ 118,730,653	\$	119,825,109	\$ 127,611,126
Unrestricted		51,044,950	 48,878,034		45,659,008	 38,593,816
Total business-type activities	\$	168,355,966	\$ 167,608,687	\$	165,484,117	\$ 166,204,942
Primary government						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	296,927,240	\$ 287,452,940	\$	298,690,207	\$ 321,910,609
Restricted		18,414,931	25,024,969		24,785,605	19,460,570
Unrestricted		105,349,824	 114,551,231		127,780,449	 118,459,108
Total primary government	Ş	420,691,995	\$ 427,029,140	Ş	451,256,261	\$ 459,830,287

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015; however, prior years were not restated.

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2017; however, prior years were not restated.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 202,939,709	\$ 209,330,214	\$ 211,012,892	\$ 211,643,485	\$ 230,145,408	\$ 233,277,547
19,429,092	17,995,682	49,675,789	71,427,127	77,713,480	80,401,648
 13,264,407	17,351,506	5,617,794	6,622,679	10,477,522	7,202,418
\$ 235,633,208	\$ 244,677,402	\$ 266,306,475	\$ 289,693,291	\$ 318,336,410	\$ 320,881,613
\$ 129,220,049	\$ 128,565,431	\$ 128,316,680	\$ 132,389,502	\$ 142,141,489	\$ 143,593,325
-	-	1,194,908	1,334,545	1,763,231	1,982,936
 39,342,785	39,035,755	38,588,206	 32,607,856	 23,224,217	16,860,483
\$ 168,562,834	\$ 167,601,186	\$ 168,099,794	\$ 166,331,903	\$ 167,128,937	\$ 162,436,744
\$ 332,159,758	\$ 337,895,645	\$ 339,329,572	\$ 344,032,987	\$ 372,286,897	\$ 376,870,872
19,429,092	17,995,682	50,870,697	72,761,672	79,476,711	82,384,584
 52,607,192	56,387,261	44,206,000	39,230,535	33,701,739	24,062,901
\$ 404,196,042	\$ 412,278,588	\$ 434,406,269	\$ 456,025,194	\$ 485,465,347	\$ 483,318,357

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2013		2014		2015		2016
Evnoncos		2013		2014		2015		2016
Expenses Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	8,459,810	\$	9,875,913	\$	10,449,379	\$	11,305,100
Public safety	ب	26,878,737	Ţ	28,860,117	ڔ	35,744,673	Ţ	31,023,545
Public works		13,626,846		15,478,239		17,224,145		16,269,932
Sanitation		4,331,500		4,267,388		4,606,627		4,517,499
Community and economic development		1,366,075		16,303,702		1,018,643		955,880
Recreation and culture		9,145,272		9,432,683		10,091,847		10,248,458
Interest on long-term debt		1,019,021		1,065,510		1,444,384		1,344,219
Total governmental activities		64,827,261		85,283,552		80,579,698		75,664,633
Total governmental activities		04,827,201		63,263,332		80,373,038		73,004,033
Business-type activities:								
Water		14,434,204		15,479,500		15,767,708		18,508,493
Sanitary Sewer		12,215,434		12,864,584		12,807,380		12,584,209
Sanctuary Lake golf course		1,676,239		1,735,921		1,733,846		1,900,990
Sylvan Glen golf course		1,052,043		1,096,974		1,130,082		1,143,351
Aquatic center		543,834		531,369		583,709		700,430
Total business-type activities		29,921,754		31,708,348		32,022,725		34,837,473
Total primary government expenses		94,749,015		116,991,900		112,602,423		110,502,106
Program revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government		3,114,515		3,241,183		3,783,480		3,766,949
Public safety		3,545,823		4,076,054		4,691,450		4,451,076
Public works		2,223,031		2,634,542		3,364,953		3,335,490
Sanitation		6,012		6,358		6,590		8,630
Recreation and culture		3,651,142		3,536,383		3,589,925		3,587,481
Operating grants and contributions		1,196,458		835,352		1,097,166		760,549
Capital grants and contributions		10,435,694		23,832,070		10,447,244		11,466,690
Total governmental activities		24,172,675		38,161,942		26,980,808		27,376,865

2017	2018	2019		2019		2020	0 2021		2022
\$ 10,925,546	\$ 10,527,094	\$	9,161,093	\$ 6,511,152	\$	7,630,092	\$ 9,992,627		
29,403,916	29,357,164		23,995,136	23,297,176		23,743,952	34,285,696		
16,553,537	18,123,198		17,532,358	17,216,100		17,217,363	21,100,594		
4,889,569	5,007,584		5,250,265	5,358,719		5,534,606	5,656,929		
794,535	851,314		305,789	275,784		805,526	1,009,707		
10,442,184	11,320,591		11,114,884	9,982,617		8,396,449	11,944,043		
 1,206,243	 1,095,894		975,567	843,586		637,086	167,576		
74,215,530	76,282,839		68,335,092	63,485,134		63,965,074	84,157,172		
18,992,183	20,809,872		20,163,346	10 014 041		20,639,128	20 027 520		
12,401,390	14,441,047		14,545,633	19,914,841 14,590,131		15,063,368	20,927,528 15,371,118		
1,917,677	1,930,551		1,960,575	1,908,982		2,202,815	2,381,697		
1,917,677	1,930,551		1,960,575	1,206,036		1,258,376	1,409,200		
717,905	655,821		699,130	515,238		473,997	706,923		
 35,143,773	 38,919,835		38,480,625	 38,135,228		39,637,684	 40,796,466		
 33,143,773	 36,313,633		38,480,023	 30,133,220		33,037,084	 40,730,400		
 109,359,303	115,202,674		106,815,717	 101,620,362		103,602,758	124,953,638		
3,983,385	3,862,669		3,953,495	3,792,227		4,115,452	3,445,352		
4,612,475	4,975,806		5,243,086	4,370,991		4,563,533	4,279,158		
2,916,921	3,082,359		2,046,635	2,077,937		2,888,371	2,933,503		
8,199	25,923		1,118	940		422	575		
3,683,297	3,698,180		3,756,819	2,183,119		1,054,435	2,449,412		
951,275	1,134,640		810,436	964,952		6,042,781	1,573,630		
9,304,781	10,501,834		11,438,685	9,903,857		11,003,755	10,951,311		
25,460,333	27,281,411		27,250,274	23,294,023		29,668,749	25,632,941		

continued...

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Water	\$ 15,965,202	\$ 15,078,684	\$ 14,626,110	\$ 17,465,511
Sanitary Sewer	12,978,863	12,451,888	11,900,157	12,470,724
Sanctuary Lake golf course	1,295,277	1,335,433	1,375,137	1,809,386
Sylvan Glen golf course	1,173,838	984,908	1,128,968	1,291,367
Aquatic center	481,424	532,293	431,141	728,589
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	19,153	-
Capital grants and contributions	 528,416	 262,237	285,963	 1,104,132
Total business-type activities	 32,423,020	 30,645,443	 29,766,629	 34,869,709
Total primary government program revenues	56,595,695	68,807,385	56,747,437	 62,246,574
Net (expense)/revenue				
Governmental activities	(40,654,586)	(47,121,610)	(53,598,890)	(48,287,768)
Business-type activities	 2,501,266	 (1,062,905)	 (2,256,096)	 32,236
Total primary government net expense	(38,153,320)	(48,184,515)	(55,854,986)	(48,255,532)
General revenues				
Governmental activities:				
General revenues:				
Property taxes	46,419,615	46,759,393	46,993,478	48,369,185
State-shared revenues	6,279,381	6,435,145	6,541,560	6,535,632
Grants and contributions not restricted				
to specific programs	50,485	54,535	22,848	24,472
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss)	185,302	424,286	258,208	1,079,714
Miscellaneous	140,452	 532,674	523,636	 131,968
Total governmental activities	 53,075,235	 54,206,033	 54,339,730	 56,140,971
Business-type activities:				
General revenues:				
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss)	133,912	305,126	131,526	681,643
Miscellaneous	· <u>-</u>	10,500	· <u>-</u>	6,946
Total business-type activities	133,912	315,626	131,526	688,589
Total primary government	53,209,147	54,521,659	 54,471,256	56,829,560
Change in net position				
Governmental activities	12,420,649	7,084,423	740,840	7,853,203
Business-type activities	2,635,178	(747,279)	(2,124,570)	 720,825
Total primary government	\$ 15,055,827	\$ 6,337,144	\$ (1,383,730)	\$ 8,574,028

2017		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
2017		2016	2013	2020	2021	2022
\$ 20,699,381	\$	20,154,112	\$ 19,679,644	\$ 19,189,709	\$ 20,488,367	\$ 19,088,120
13,513,930		13,335,048	13,125,364	12,702,238	13,759,793	12,953,666
1,739,789		1,781,278	1,782,237	1,684,938	2,310,026	2,253,407
1,363,358		1,298,319	1,269,017	1,339,293	1,800,034	1,614,615
591,389		578,108	552,340	305,292	247,343	785,243
-		720.252	1 004 005	106.426	- 2 077 664	- 012.052
 2,681,660		738,252	 1,064,065	 196,436	 2,077,664	 913,952
 40,589,507		37,885,117	 37,472,667	 35,417,906	 40,683,227	 37,609,003
66,049,840		65,166,528	64,722,941	 58,711,929	70,351,976	 63,241,944
(48,755,197)		(49,001,428)	(41,084,818)	(40,191,111)	(34,296,325)	(58,524,231)
5,445,734		(1,034,718)	(1,007,958)	(2,717,322)	1,045,543	(3,187,463)
		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>			
(43,309,463)		(50,036,146)	(42,092,776)	(42,908,433)	 (33,250,782)	(61,711,694)
48,184,737		49,396,636	51,108,963	52,975,285	53,623,652	54,937,941
8,091,385		8,378,417	8,535,476	8,346,267	9,601,689	12,144,090
0,002,000		0,070,127	0,000,	0,0 10,207	3,002,003	
14,619		20,070	18,188	18,210	27,884	25,153
12,506		93,835	2,635,494	2,003,122	(526,158)	(6,244,462)
-		156,664	415,770	235,043	212,377	206,712
56,303,247		58,045,622	62,713,891	63,577,927	62,939,444	61,069,434
					(2.0.20)	(, ==, ===)
29,858		73,070	1,466,100	949,431	(248,509)	(1,504,730)
 29,858	_	73,070	 40,466	 949,431	 (248,509)	 - /1 EO4 720\
 29,656	_	73,070	 1,506,566	 949,431	 (248,509)	 (1,504,730)
56,333,105		58,118,692	64,220,457	64,527,358	62,690,935	59,564,704
 ,,		,,	 - ,,	 - , ,	 - , ,	 ,,
7,548,050		9,044,194	21,629,073	23,386,816	28,643,119	2,545,203
 5,475,592		(961,648)	 498,608	 (1,767,891)	 797,034	 (4,692,193)
\$ 13,023,642	\$	8,082,546	\$ 22,127,681	\$ 21,618,925	\$ 29,440,153	\$ (2,146,990)

concluded.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2013		2014		2015	2016
General fund		2013		2014		2013	2010
Nonspendable	\$	4,369,038	\$	4,417,528	\$	5,287,206	\$ 5,669,290
Restricted	•	1,525,598	•	1,534,139	•	1,538,879	1,563,203
Committed		2,771,300		6,622,968		-	-
Assigned		3,148,000		3,162,000		8,075,520	5,312,270
Unassigned		24,946,170		21,856,139		19,716,862	20,062,397
		_				_	_
Total general fund		36,760,106		37,592,774		34,618,467	32,607,160
All other governmental funds							
Nonspendable		160,579		224,977		200,512	196,900
Restricted		18,472,876		21,023,992		23,781,735	19,510,120
Committed		3,099,166		3,776,000		803,358	2,720,822
Total all other governmental funds		21,732,621		25,024,969		24,785,605	22,427,842
Total governmental funds	\$	58,492,727	\$	62,617,743	\$	59,404,072	\$ 55,035,002

^{*}Beginning with fiscal year 2021, the budget stabilization portion of fund balance is reported as unassigned.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021*	2022
\$ 6,260,979 1,563,397 - 4,561,613	\$ 6,885,751 1,565,721 - 6,326,870	\$ 7,215,136 1,617,390 - 5,895,860	\$ 8,084,436 1,656,276 - 5,801,438	\$ 9,779,366 - - - 7,149,823	\$ 9,994,166 - - 8,075,027
 19,776,349	 18,661,478	 19,674,536	 17,486,669	 22,737,062	 21,544,036
32,162,338	 33,439,820	 34,402,922	 33,028,819	39,666,251	 39,613,229
293,680 19,352,374	187,299 17,996,223	268,684 21,311,972	249,339 26,185,903	246,425 25,217,102	256,177 23,068,541
945,425	132,263 18,315,785	564,900 22,145,556	304,163	656,477 26,120,004	23,324,718
\$ 52,753,817	\$ 51,755,605	\$ 56,548,478	\$ 59,768,224	\$ 65,786,255	\$ 62,937,947

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2042		2014		2045		2046
Davisaria		2013		2014		2015		2016
Revenues	۲.	46 470 404	,	46 720 462	,	47.022.046	,	40 404 744
Property taxes	\$	46,470,104	\$	46,739,163	\$	47,032,046	\$	48,181,711
Licenses and permits		2,254,775		2,429,459		2,896,533		2,519,342
Intergovernmental - federal		5,119,153		3,189,800		1,909,795		2,492,626
Intergovernmental - state		11,673,045		12,238,420		14,532,201		14,016,525
Intergovernmental - local Charges for services		786,068		31,209		587,902		1,401,455
Fines and forfeits		7,760,295		8,378,616		9,375,710		9,636,700
		902,183		1,396,241 348,625		1,418,354		1,183,571
Investment earnings (loss) Other		154,351				224,322		865,229
Total revenues	-	2,007,022		2,042,877		3,086,024		2,948,266
Total revenues		77,126,996		76,794,410		81,062,887		83,245,425
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		7,409,887		6,621,292		6,992,997		7,338,404
Public safety		27,371,783		28,082,145		31,108,472		28,611,021
Public works		4,257,865		5,675,847		5,638,918		5,372,214
Other public works		1,779,928		-		-		-
Sanitation		4,331,560		4,267,898		4,606,610		4,517,910
Community and economic development		621,439		18,327,123		3,207,237		3,186,003
Recreation and culture		8,243,322		8,556,099		9,186,959		9,457,699
Debt service:								
Principal		2,626,776		2,691,746		2,832,182		2,922,716
Lease principal		-		-		-		-
Interest and other charges		1,042,839		1,126,667		1,505,715		1,407,944
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		13,670,400		13,725,931		19,554,175		24,973,022
Total expenditures		71,355,799		89,074,748		84,633,265		87,786,933
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		5 771 107		(12,280,338)		(2 570 279)		(4 541 509)
expenditures	-	5,771,197		(12,200,336)		(3,570,378)		(4,541,508)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		8,648,930		13,742,158		15,247,847		18,223,266
Transfers out		(8,648,930)		(13,292,158)		(15,306,857)		(18,223,266)
Issuance of debt		-		14,945,000		-		-
Payments to escrow agent		-		-		-		-
Issuance of leases payable		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		51,220		273,700		415,717		172,438
Total other financing sources (uses)		51,220		15,668,700		356,707		172,438
Net change in fund balances	\$	5,822,417	\$	3,388,362	\$	(3,213,671)	\$	(4,369,070)
Debt service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures		6.4%		5.1%		6.7%		6.9%
Horioapital experialitates		0.7/0		3.1/0		0.770		0.570

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	48,330,909	\$	49,449,053	\$	51,118,782	\$	52,847,967	\$	53,699,190	\$	54,891,265
7	2,755,580	,	2,947,987	,	2,930,791	,	2,684,369	•	2,575,884	•	2,499,549
	564,401		419,889		350,211		410,169		4,907,302		173,441
	15,102,588		17,266,839		18,707,814		17,461,280		19,604,050		23,077,936
	1,624,744		1,227,514		904,756		479,549		803,030		786,577
	9,198,024		9,328,352		8,353,157		6,763,062		7,088,481		7,745,679
	1,415,429		1,617,607		1,557,399		1,097,965		943,594		858,936
	10,795		70,137		2,102,986		1,607,993		(427,806)		(5,137,848)
	3,167,305		3,139,232		3,261,326		3,022,060		6,106,702		2,778,135
	82,169,775		85,466,610		89,287,222		86,374,414		95,300,427		87,673,670
	7,931,122		7,557,035		8,241,232		8,436,783		8,879,688		9,012,053
	29,860,208		31,427,553		33,487,111		33,833,913		35,415,218		35,434,031
	5,441,176		6,184,744		5,946,526		5,946,118		6,682,499		7,846,946
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	4,890,106		5,008,258		5,250,790		5,359,069		5,534,659		5,656,977
	3,364,862		3,627,340		3,977,888		3,854,144		3,610,414		4,218,892
	9,793,755		10,771,468		11,088,389		10,193,878		8,808,681		11,004,020
	2,980,066		2,910,420		3,095,470		3,136,159		3,385,338		640,145
	-		-		-		-		-		5,322
	1,274,264		1,160,095		1,042,658		910,498		568,454		172,297
	-		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		154,147		-
	18,916,700		17,818,579		12,587,681		11,596,804		13,195,645		16,603,584
	84,452,259		86,465,492		84,717,745		83,267,366		86,234,743		90,594,267
	4										
	(2,282,484)		(998,882)		4,569,477		3,107,048		9,065,684		(2,920,597)
	15,568,422		14,583,366		14,694,064		15,649,224		12,425,144		8,934,090
	(15,568,422)		(14,583,366)		(14,694,064)		(15,649,224)		(12,425,144)		(8,934,090)
	-		-		-		-		10,105,000		-
	-		-		-		-		(13,163,253)		-
	_		-		-		_		_		47,739
	1,299		670		223,396		112,698		10,600		24,550
	1,299		670		223,396		112,698		(3,047,653)		72,289
\$	(2,281,185)	\$	(998,212)	\$	4,792,873	\$	3,219,746	\$	6,018,031	\$	(2,848,308)
	6.5%		5.9%		5.7%		5.7%		4.6%		1.1%

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General Governmental Tax Revenue by Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30		General		Refuse		Library		Capital		General Debt Service		Total All Property Taxes
2012	۲	20 612 174	۲	4 446 200	Ļ	2.062.450	Ċ	C 401 4CF	۲.	2.017.110	Ļ	4C 410 C1F
2013	\$	29,612,174	\$	4,446,398	\$	2,962,459	\$	6,481,465	\$	2,917,119	\$	46,419,615
2014		29,591,708		4,647,626		2,982,973		6,526,304		3,010,782		46,759,393
2015		29,844,976		4,595,925		3,004,907		6,574,245		2,973,425		46,993,478
2016		30,673,539		4,733,992		3,083,735		6,771,668		3,106,251		48,369,185
2017		30,813,146		4,764,992		3,110,616		6,815,995		2,679,988		48,184,737
2018		31,687,325		4,909,101		3,179,008		6,861,168		2,760,034		49,396,636
2019		32,998,890		5,102,374		3,280,407		6,860,470		2,866,822		51,108,963
2020		34,363,615		5,416,656		3,397,872		6,908,413		2,888,729		52,975,285
2021		35,627,322		5,601,191		3,495,199		6,941,975		1,957,965		53,623,652
2022		36,373,432		5,721,634		5,852,034		6,990,841		-		54,937,941

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percentage of Current Taxes Collected	linquent Tax llections	Total Tax Collections To Date
2242	44 224 227	40 575 000	00.450/	700 657	44.005.655
2013	\$ 44,391,807	\$ 43,575,998	98.16%	\$ 729,657	\$ 44,305,655
2014	45,071,690	44,160,748	97.98%	609,614	44,770,362
2015	45,097,245	44,545,996	98.78%	483,614	45,029,610
2016	46,462,301	45,764,152	98.50%	615,231	46,379,383
2017	46,326,577	45,802,258	98.87%	476,191	46,278,449
2018	47,541,259	47,004,145	98.87%	481,373	47,485,518
2019	49,116,110	48,572,479	98.89%	477,132	49,049,611
2020	50,921,876	50,214,786	98.61%	572,577	50,787,363
2021	51,398,079	50,852,466	98.94%	497,734	51,350,200
2022	52,816,046	52,275,997	98.98%	423,823	52,699,820

Schedule 6 Unaudited

Percentage of Total Tax Collections To Total Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percentage of Delinquent Taxes To Total Tax Levy
99.81%	\$ 86,152	0.19%
99.33%	301,328	0.67%
99.85%	67,635	0.15%
99.82%	82,918	0.18%
99.90%	48,128	0.10%
99.88%	55,741	0.12%
99.86%	66,499	0.14%
99.74%	134,513	0.26%
99.91%	47,879	0.09%
99.78%	116,226	0.22%

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

	City of Troy						Overlapping Governments	
Tax Year	General	Capital	Refuse	Debt	Library	Total	Troy School District	Oakland County
2012 H	6.50	1.53	0.96	0.50	0.70	10.19	10.16	4.65
2012 NH	6.50	1.53	0.96	0.50	0.70	10.19	22.73	4.65
2013 H	6.50	1.53	1.05	0.70	0.70	10.48	10.51	4.65
2013 NH	6.50	1.53	1.05	0.70	0.70	10.48	22.95	4.65
2014 H	6.50	1.53	1.09	0.70	0.70	10.52	10.07	4.65
2014 NH	6.50	1.53	1.09	0.70	0.70	10.52	22.95	4.65
2015 H	6.50	1.53	1.07	0.70	0.70	10.50	9.96	4.65
2015 NH	6.50	1.53	1.07	0.70	0.70	10.50	22.59	4.65
2016 H	6.50	1.53	1.07	0.70	0.70	10.50	9.69	4.55
2016 NH	6.50	1.53	1.07	0.70	0.70	10.50	22.58	4.55
2017 H	6.50	1.53	1.07	0.60	0.70	10.40	10.33	4.49
2017 NH	6.50	1.53	1.07	0.60	0.70	10.40	22.70	4.49
2018 H	6.50	1.44	1.07	0.60	0.69	10.30	10.33	4.49
2018 NH	6.50	1.44	1.07	0.60	0.69	10.30	22.70	4.49
2019 H	6.50	1.39	1.09	0.58	0.68	10.24	9.97	4.48
2019 NH	6.50	1.39	1.09	0.58	0.68	10.24	23.09	4.48
2020 H	6.50	1.35	1.09	0.38	0.68	10.00	9.75	4.58
2020 NH	6.50	1.35	1.09	0.38	0.68	10.00	23.08	4.58
2021 H	6.50	1.33	1.09	-	1.09	10.02	8.47	4.36
2021 NH	6.50	1.33	1.09	-	1.09	10.02	23.08	4.36

H - Homestead

NH - Non-Homestead

Note: The tax year reflects the July 1 and December 1 levy dates.

Overlapping Governments						
Oakland County Community College	Intermediate School District	SMART	State Education	Zoo	Art	Total
1.58	3.37	0.59	6.00	0.10	-	36.64
1.58	3.37	0.59	6.00	0.10	-	49.21
1.58	3.37	0.59	6.00	0.10	0.20	37.48
1.58	3.37	0.59	6.00	0.10	0.20	49.92
1.58	3.37	0.59	6.00	0.10	0.20	37.08
1.58	3.37	0.59	6.00	0.10	0.20	49.96
1.58	3.37	1.00	6.00	0.10	0.20	37.36
1.58	3.37	1.00	6.00	0.10	0.20	49.99
1.58	3.36	1.00	6.00	0.10	0.20	36.98
1.58	3.36	1.00	6.00	0.10	0.20	49.87
1.57	3.34	0.99	6.00	0.10	0.20	37.42
1.57	3.34	0.99	6.00	0.10	0.20	49.80
1.56	3.11	0.99	6.00	0.10	0.20	37.07
1.56	3.11	0.99	6.00	0.10	0.20	49.44
1.53	3.25	0.99	6.00	0.10	0.19	36.74
1.53	3.25	0.99	6.00	0.10	0.20	49.87
1.52	3.23	0.99	6.00	0.10	0.19	36.36
1.52	3.23	0.99	6.00	0.10	0.19	49.69
1.51	3.20	0.98	6.00	0.10	0.19	34.81
1.51	3.20	0.98	6.00	0.10	0.19	49.42

Assessed Value and Taxable Value of Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessment Date	Levy Date	Fiscal Year Ended	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Personal Property
12/31/2012	7/01/2013	6/30/2014	\$ 2,704,214,970	\$ 908,560,198	\$ 283,393,700	\$ 414,094,580
12/31/2013	7/01/2014	6/30/2015	2,790,011,280	878,242,440	277,484,950	425,887,200
12/31/2014	7/01/2015	6/30/2016	2,894,875,560	891,581,610	281,097,400	437,230,620
12/31/2015	7/01/2016	6/30/2017	2,977,938,320	893,540,330	286,584,670	381,971,050
12/31/2016	7/01/2017	6/30/2018	3,079,437,250	917,513,840	298,329,510	384,517,840
12/31/2017	7/01/2018	6/30/2019	3,226,541,500	956,053,740	308,328,990	382,154,210
12/31/2018	7/01/2019	6/30/2020	3,385,512,720	1,002,161,500	322,138,580	386,182,310
12/31/2019	7/01/2020	6/30/2021	3,524,719,650	1,024,716,730	335,525,460	380,822,580
12/31/2020	7/01/2021	6/30/2022	3,641,174,870	1,025,559,740	346,283,520	365,554,540
12/31/2021	7/01/2022	6/30/2023	3,833,877,750	1,177,946,600	374,129,120	368,284,690

Source: City of Troy Assessing records

Note: The estimated assessed value is calculated using a 12-month sales study updated annually.

Proposal "A", as passed by the citizens of Michigan, took effect in 1994. This Proposal created two new categories for tax and assessment purposes (taxable value and capped value). Assessed value was unchanged by the Proposal, and remains at 50% of the market value of a property.

Taxable value is the amount upon which millage rate (taxes) are now levied. Taxable value is defined as the lesser of assessed value or capped value.

Capped value is calculated by taking the previous year's taxable value, minus any losses in value, multiplied by the inflation rate or 5% (whichever is less) plus any new construction.

This Proposal also mandated that the taxable value and assessed value were to be equal for the year following a transfer of ownership (as defined by the statutes), and then the capping process would begin anew.

The taxable and assessed valuation of taxable property is determined as of December 31st of each year.

Total Gross Taxable Value	Michigan Tax Tribunals, Board of Reviews and TIFS	Net Taxable Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Assessed Value	Taxable Value as a Percentage of Assessed Value
\$ 4,310,263,448 4,371,625,870 4,504,785,190 4,540,034,370 4,679,798,440 4,873,078,440 5,095,995,110 5,265,784,420 5,378,572,670 5,754,238,160	\$ (63,630,562) (93,053,718) (98,475,692) (79,428,775) (99,915,047) (109,210,295) (101,919,902) (123,056,530) (6,847,095) (7,023,910)	\$ 4,246,632,886 4,278,572,152 4,406,309,498 4,460,605,595 4,579,883,393 4,763,868,145 4,994,075,208 5,142,727,890 5,371,725,575 5,747,214,250	10.52 10.50 10.50 10.40 10.36 10.30 10.24 10.00 10.01 9.90	\$ 4,491,432,340 4,827,541,740 5,313,611,700 5,626,878,870 5,894,241,720 6,146,885,474 6,536,364,170 6,916,181,470 7,156,234,730 7,497,644,090	95.97% 90.56% 84.78% 80.68% 79.40% 79.28% 77.96% 76.14% 75.16%

Principal Property Taxpayers

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	2013				
Taxpayer		Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Value	
Fundad Fashaa Cahan	,	FO 472 200	4	1 170/	
Frankel Forbes Cohen	\$	50,473,380	1		
NTCC LLC		30,881,430	2		
UrbanCal - Oakland Mall		30,822,560	3	0.71%	
Nykel Management		24,902,430	4	0.58%	
DTE Electric Co		23,692,910	5	0.55%	
CC Troy Associates		20,008,820	6	0.46%	
Osprey-Troy Officentre LLC		19,997,050	7	0.46%	
Kelly Services		17,763,250	8	0.41%	
Nemer Troy Place Realty		17,576,490	9	0.41%	
Bank of America	-	16,342,090	10	0.38%	
	\$	252,460,410		5.85%	

Principal Property Taxpayers

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

			2022		
Taxpayer		Taxable Value	Rank		Percentage of Total City Taxable Value
Somerset Collections	\$	60,876,330		1	1.06%
DTE Electric Co	•	48,670,830		2	0.85%
Lithia Real Estate Inc		42,086,890		3	0.73%
Troy Apts I-IV LLC		32,250,080		4	0.56%
Troy Office Center Owner LLC		27,373,740		5	0.48%
UrbanCal - Oakland Mall		25,404,080		6	0.44%
Consumers Energy		23,685,220		7	0.41%
CC Troy Associates		22,898,130		8	0.40%
Wilshire Plaza MI Realty LP		17,303,600		9	0.30%
Troy KS Development LLC		16,903,700		10	0.29%
	\$	317,452,600			5.52%

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation and County Issued Bonds and Notes	General Obligation Bonds and Notes	Total Outstanding Debt	Less: Amounts Restricted to Repaying Principal	Net Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income
2013	\$ 22,620,536	\$ 11,160,759	\$ 33,781,295	\$ -	\$ 33,781,295	0.99%
2014	35,575,364	10,653,108	46,228,472	-	46,228,472	1.35%
2015	32,708,103	10,092,661	42,800,764	-	42,800,764	1.25%
2016	29,750,308	9,334,334	39,084,642	-	39,084,642	1.14%
2017	26,731,709	8,583,041	35,314,750	-	35,314,750	1.03%
2018	23,786,210	7,869,668	31,655,878	-	31,655,878	0.92%
2019	20,655,661	7,702,575	28,358,236	(14,417,642)	13,940,594	0.85%
2020	17,484,423	6,882,148	24,366,571	(14,278,604)	10,087,967	0.63%
2021	11,142,985	6,073,573	17,216,558	(10,446,904)	6,769,654	0.41%
2022	10,502,840	5,278,891	15,781,731	(10,011,625)	5,770,106	0.36%

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule 10 Unaudited

Debt Per Capita	Debt Per Taxable Value
\$ 408	0.78%
555	1.07%
514	0.98%
470	0.87%
425	0.78%
363	0.68%
165	0.61%
120	0.52%
78	0.37%
65	0.34%

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt

to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

2013 \$ 2,420,0 2014 2,480,0 2015 2,615,0 2016 2,700,0			Expenditures	Expenditures
2017 2,750,0 2018 2,675,0 2019 2,855,0 2020 2,890,0 2021 3,135,0	1,090,225 1,090,225 1,447,174 100 1,355,075 100 1,231,176 100 1,123,112 100 1,012,502 100 883,588	3,570,225 4,062,174 4,055,075 3,981,176 3,798,112 3,867,502 3,773,588	75,062,875 64,791,748 62,507,401 65,257,482 68,371,926 71,851,248 71,397,493	5.92% 4.76% 6.27% 6.49% 6.10% 5.56% 5.38% 5.29% 5.06%

Includes general, special revenue, debt service and permanent funds.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

June 30, 2022

Jurisdiction	Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Troy	Amount Applicable to Troy
City of Troy - Direct debt	\$ 10,105,000	100.00%	\$ 10,105,000
City of Troy - Overlapping Debt: Avondale School District Birmingham School District	104,027,427 214,595,000	19.21% 3.59%	19,983,669 7,703,961
Bloomfield Hills School District Royal Oak School District Troy School District	139,855,000 41,955,000 116,165,000	2.33% 1.91% 100.00%	3,258,622 801,341 116,165,000
Warren School District Oakland County Macomb Intermediate School District	232,450,000 220,654,700 580,000	7.80% 8.24% 0.99%	18,131,100 18,181,947 5,742
Oakland Intermediate School District Total overlapping debt	41,070,000 1,111,352,127	7.79%	3,199,353
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 1,121,457,127		\$ 197,535,734

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan; Detroit, Michigan.

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Computation of Legal Debt Margin

June 30, 2022

Assessed Valuation at December 31, 2021

\$ 7,156,234,730

		Legal Margin									
	Annual Net Debt	Percentage of State Equalized Valuation		Amount		Legal Debt Margin					
General obligation debt	\$ 14,725,000	10.0%	\$	715,623,473	\$	700,898,473					
Emergency bonds	-	37.5%		2,683,588,024		2,683,588,024					
Special assessment bonds	 	12.0%		858,748,168		858,748,168					
Total debt	\$ 14,725,000		\$	4,257,959,664	\$	4,243,234,664					

The statutory debt limits of net bonded indebtedness incurred for all public purposes shall not at any one time exceed 10% of the assessed valuation of taxable property in the City (\$7,156,234,730), except that this limit may be exceeded by 3/8ths of 1% in case of fire, flood or other calamity. This limitation does not include bonds issued in anticipation of the payment of special assessments, nor bonds issued pursuant to court order for sewage or garbage disposal systems.

The Michigan State Bond Act provides that the total debt in special assessment bonds, which would require that the City pledge its faith and credit, shall not exceed 12% of the assessed valuation of taxable property of the City, nor shall such bonds be issued in any calendar year in excess of 3% unless voted.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013		2014		2015	2016			2017
Debt Limit	\$	441,010,890	\$ 449,143,234	\$	482,754,174	\$	531,361,170	\$	562,687,887
Total net debt applicable to limit		(30,420,000)	 (42,735,000)		(39,670,000)		(36,325,000)		(32,940,000)
Legal debt margin	\$	410,590,890	\$ 406,408,234	\$	443,084,174	\$	495,036,170	\$	529,747,887
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		6.90%	9.51%		8.22%		6.84%		5.85%

			Fiscal Year		
2018	2019		2020	2021	2022
\$ 589,424,172	\$	614,688,547	\$ 653,636,417	\$ 675,468,147	\$ 715,623,473
 (29,635,000)		(26,055,000)	 (22,450,000)	(16,150,000)	(14,725,000)
\$ 559,789,172	\$	588,633,547	\$ 631,186,417	\$ 659,318,147	\$ 700,898,473
5.03%		4.24%	3.43%	2.39%	2.06%

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Pledged Revenue Coverage

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Golf Course Bonds

Fiscal Year Ended	Collections		Principal		Interest		Total		Coverage (1)
2013	\$	1,295,277	\$	400,000	\$	419,657	\$	819,657	2
2014	7	1,335,433	Ψ	400,000	Ψ	328,254	Ψ	728,254	2
2015		1,375,137		450,000		298,686		748,686	2
2016		1,809,386		645,000		289,881		934,881	2
2017		1,739,789		635,000		273,648		908,648	2
2018		1,781,278		630,000		253,545		883,545	2
2019		1,782,237		725,000		238,756		963,756	2
2020		1,684,938		715,000		227,293		942,293	2
2021		2,310,026		700,000		212,840		912,840	3
2022		2,253,407		685,000		243,433		928,433	2

Michigan Transportation Fund Bonds

					De	ebt Service				
Fiscal Year Ended	Collections		ı	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage (1)	
2013 2014	\$	2,521,831 2,759,611	\$	225,000 250,000	\$	26,013 13,750	\$	251,013 263,750	10 10	
2015		-		-		-		-	N/A	
2016		-		-		-		-	N/A	
2017		=		=		=		=	N/A	
2018		-		-		-		-	N/A	
2019		-		-		-		-	N/A N/A	
2020 2021		- -		-		-		_	N/A N/A	
2021		- -		- -		- -		- -	N/A	
									•	

⁽¹⁾ Fifty percent of state gas and weight taxes can be used for debt payments.

Demographic StatisticsLast Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population (3)	Median Age (3)	Number of Households(3)	Average Household Size (3)	Income Per Capita (3)
2013	82,853	41.8	33,063	2.61	\$ 41,200
2014	83,270	41.8	33,182	2.60	41,209
2015	83,319	41.8	33,233	2.60	41,209
2016	83,181	41.8	32,002	2.59	41,209
2017	83,181	41.8	32,002	2.59	41,209
2018	87,177	41.5	30,812	2.71	39,545
2019	84,547	42.2	31,674	2.63	39,545
2020	83,881	43.0	31,368	2.66	45,888
2021	87,294	42.4	32,961	2.63	47,871
2022	88,239	42.1	33,311	2.47	49,211

Source:

- (1) U.S. Census American Fact Finder
- (2) CivicDashboard
- (3) Southeast Michigan Council of Governments (SEMCOG)

					Edu	cation Age 25 or O	lder
Median Income per Household (1)		Personal Income (millions)		Unemployment Rate (%)(2)	High School(3)	Bachelor Degree(3)	Graduate or Professional Degree (3)
\$	85,685	\$	3,414	7.4	73	57	27
	84,325		3,431	5.9	95	57	27
	85,797		3,433	4.4	95	57	27
	87,269		3,428	3.5	95	57	27
	87,269		3,428	2.5	95	57	27
	85,027		3,447	2.8	95	58	28
	93,017		3,343	2.8	95	59	29
	97,048		3,849	4.0	95	60	28
	101,882		4,179	2.9	96	60	29
	104,132		4,342	3.8	96	63	29

Principal Employers by Industry Current and Previous Four Years

		2018			2019	
Industry	Number of Parcels	Rank	Percent of Total Parcels	Number of Parcels	Rank	Percent of Total Parcels
•						
Industrial, Light Manufacturing	635	1	39.32%	637	1	39.08%
Office	254	2	15.73%	260	2	15.95%
Retail Store (Mall, Plaza, Market, Whse, Discount)	154	3	9.54%	154	3	9.45%
All other	75	5	4.64%	72	6	4.42%
Medical Office	85	4	5.26%	85	4	5.21%
Restaurant and Fast Food	72	6	4.46%	76	5	4.66%
Warehouse (Storage, Distribution, Transit)	63	9	3.90%	68	8	4.17%
Apartments	67	7	4.15%	70	7	4.29%
Engineering	66	8	4.09%	67	9	4.11%
Service (Station, Garage, Booth, Convenience)	53	10	3.28%	50	10	3.07%
Loft (Multi Tenant Industrial)	40	11	2.48%	40	11	2.45%
Bank	33	12	2.04%	33	12	2.02%
Auto Dealership	18	13	1.11%	18	13	1.10%
Total commercial/industrial parcels	1,615		100.00%	1,630		100.00%

Source: City Assessor

	2020			2021			2022	
Number of Parcels	Rank	Percent of Total Parcels	Number of Parcels	Rank	Percent of Total Parcels	Number of Parcels	Rank	Percent of Total Parcels
633	1	39.15%	676	1	39.10%	685	1	40.75%
258	2	15.96%	259	2	14.98%	254	2	15.11%
139	3	8.60%	148	3	8.56%	170	3	10.11%
82	5	5.07%	97	4	5.61%	94	4	5.59%
85	4	5.26%	93	5	5.38%	80	5	4.76%
75	6	4.64%	82	6	4.74%	74	6	4.40%
66	9	4.08%	81	7	4.68%	74	7	4.40%
74	7	4.58%	74	8	4.28%	74	8	4.40%
67	8	4.14%	71	9	4.11%	67	9	3.99%
49	10	3.03%	55	10	3.18%	38	10	2.26%
38	11	2.35%	43	11	2.49%	30	11	1.78%
33	12	2.04%	32	12	1.85%	23	12	1.37%
18	13	1.11%	18	13	1.04%	18	13	1.07%
1,617		100.00%	1,729		100.00%	1,681		100.00%

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

15					
Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Building Inspection					
Permits issued	2,006	2,297	2,369	2,404	3,197
Plans reviewed	2,023	2,641	3,051	3,301	3,817
Executive Administration					
City Manager's Office -					
GFOA awards/submittals	3	3	3	3	3
City Attorney's Office -					
District court appearances	7,884	7,871	8,289	8,059	8,241
Community Affairs:					
New resident packets distributed	803	790	801	940	790
Press releases sent	479	482	495	500	460
City Clerk's Office:					
Registered voters	58,318	56,630	57,400	57,163	58,333
Voter turnout% (November)	74%	27%	51%	21%	80%
Human Resources:					
Applications processed	778	1,274	1,120	809	1,261
Job postings	26	38	45	51	59
Labor contracts settled	0	3	2	4	0
Engineering					
Soil erosion inspections	628	812	1,089	640	744
Machine traffic counts	52	43	25	25	15
PASER ratings	6	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.3

Schedule 18 Unaudited

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
2,988	2,711	2,200	2,490	2,717
3,750	3,335	2,763	3,139	2,971
3	3	3	3	3
8,357	9,994	6,660	5,360	5,134
801	525	460	75	275
468	475	480	400	385
57,619	59,440	60,274	64,590	64,482
29%	66%	26%	77%	18%
1,044	1,052	727	3,048	2,914
61	67	31	89	119
0	1	2	2	1
779	878	791	621	569
18	14	20	23	25
5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2

continued...

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Finance	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017
Accounting/Risk Management:					
Payroll checks processed	24,073	24,073	26,497	26,822	27,665
Invoices issued	10,033	10,635	10,121	10,119	10,307
	53	103	344	84	41
Liability claims processed	348	365	385	619	693
Insurance certificates approved	540	303	303	015	033
Assessing:	642	518	362	390	400
Residential appraisals	892	892	1,156	1,400	1,000
Reinspections	632	632	1,130	1,400	1,000
Purchasing:	ć24.C!l	ć24.0 ·!l	40.5 11	40= 0 11	4.0.0 11
Value of goods/services purchased	\$34.6 mil 100%	\$34.0 mil 100%	\$34.5 mil 100%	\$37.8 mil 100%	\$43.6 mil 100%
% of awards without dispute	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
City Treasurer's Office:	CC 000	CC 200	C2 C0F	C2 0F4	62.245
Tax bills processed	66,000	66,200	62,685	62,854	62,345
Water bills processed	102,272	102,510	102,807	103,118	104,418
Fire					
Fire Department responses	1,006	1,165	1,077	1,174	1,216
Inspections performed	3,154	2,988	2,398	2,815	2,348
Other General Government					
Building Operations -					
Requests for service	18,550	18,550	16,280	18,150	18,630
Planning:					
Site plan reviews	9	17	17	15	18
Special use requests	12	3	2	6	5
Parks, Recreation and Culture					
ROW trees trimmed	3,508	3,300	3,976	2,611	4,323
Recreation programs	466	480	485	485	492
Library cards	51,000	46,400	49,656	56,961	61,362
,					
Police					
Part 1 Crimes	1,670	1,512	1,419	1,451	1,358
Operate while impaired	506	473	419	350	392
Hazardous traffic citations	6,811	6,704	5,283	4,796	4,510
Non-hazardous traffic citations	3,681	3,168	4,750	3,736	3,315
Traffic crashes:					
Property damage	1,958	3,342	3,163	1,937	1,949
Personal injury	303	532	468	275	260
Fatal crash	4	4	5	3	4

Schedule 18 Unaudited

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
27,692	27,814	27,215	25,645	26,057
10,193	10,157	9,678	9,135	8,423
55	74	80	80	79
730	759	750	558	638
324	375	450	485	600
1,300	1,500	1,000	1,000	1,200
\$45.8 mil	\$48 mil	\$51.4 mil	\$50 mil	\$53.1 mil
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
62,669	62,572	62,900	62,772	62,127
107,054	104,890	105,710	106,892	106,274
1,206	1,175	1,111	1,045	1,158
2,096	1,721	1,070	1,910	2,119
18,240	6,958	6,089	5,640	5,751
17	13	10	9	12
6	15	8	2	5
1,849	3,358	2,500	2,931	2,750
518	520	392	190	214
58,598	52,282	57,144	60,135	65,650
1,288	1,227	790	955	807
352	372	291	219	197
5,094	9,551	5,330	2,471	3,848
3,722	4,946	2,799	2,476	1,856
2,155	2,212	2,330	2,046	1,719
307	275	312	224	231
2	2	5	4	3

continued...

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Public Works					
Streets and Drains Division					
Requests for service	1,370	1,774	1,747	1,509	1,636
Water and Sewer Division					
Requests for service	4,217	4,434	4,140	2,482	2,776
Sanitary sewers cleaned in feet	1,300,000	1,630,417	1,250,000	1,151,056	835,683
Fleet Maintenance					
Work orders	2,037	2,532	2,165	2,443	2,477
Vehicle tires replaced	464	406	487	332	349
Refuse/Resource Recovery					
Tons of refuse collected	26,655	27,210	28,462	28,068	28,475
Tons of compost collected	8,786	9,743	9,174	9,104	9,580
Information Technology					
Help desk requests	2,333	3,079	3,018	2,811	3,136
Golf Course					
Sylvan Glen rounds of golf	42,655	37,737	42,887	49,988	49,044
Sanctuary Lake rounds of golf	30,301	30,283	31,840	43,416	41,459
Aquatic Center					
Admissions	47,940	49,066	36,021	42,481	34,741

Schedule 18 Unaudited

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1,956	1,594	1,401	1,320	2,296
2,627	2,301	2,490	1,655	2,521
350,269	398,000	593,505	853,737	1,249,895
2,380	2,945	2,322	2,256	2,270
458	344	332	337	343
26,957	26,453	27,302	28,304	27,820
8,806	10,033	10,654	9,955	9,981
0,000	10,033	10,034	3,333	3,301
3,389	3,048	2,836	2,302	2,252
45,848	44,112	46,043	58,017	49,295
41,700	40,315	40,293	51,720	43,002
36,492	41,681	31,146	12.950	46,908
30,492	41,681	31,146	12,859	40,908

concluded.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Fire					
Stations	6	6	6	6	6
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Streets					
Miles of improved	406	406	408	408	409
Miles of unimproved	4	4	4	4	4
Sewers					
Miles of combination storm/sanitary	10	10	6	6	6
Miles of sanitary	392	393	393	395	396
Miles of storm	625	631	529	519	535
Street Lights					
Detroit Edison owned poles	562	562	562	562	562
City owned poles	539	539	1,010	1,010	1,010
Water					
Annual distribution in million cubic feet	539	450	420	450	495
Miles of watermains	539	537	542	543	544
Number of hydrants	5,897	5,930	5,962	5,979	6,001
Parks and Recreation					
Number of developed parks	15	15	15	15	15
Acres of public parks	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Number of tennis courts	18	18	18	18	18
Outdoor education center/farm	1	1	1	1	1
18-hole golf course	2	2	2	2	2
Community center	1	1	1	1	1
Aquatic center	1	1	1	1	1

Source: City Departments

Schedule 19 Unaudited

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
6	6	6	6	6
1	1	1	1	1
409	410	342	343	343
4	4	3	3	3
6	6	6	6	6
397	399	401	401	402
540	546	548	547	550
562	564	544	533	533
1,010	1,008	1,100	1,104	1,104
489	437	386	461	422
545	548	549	549	550
6,025	6,064	6,111	6,123	6,133
16	16	16	14	16
1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
18	18	18	18	18
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1

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Building Construction

Last Ten Fiscal Years

2012 - 2013	2,006	permits	\$ 146,556,961	estimated value
2013 - 2014	2,297	permits	165,364,134	estimated value
2014 - 2015	2,369	permits	212,761,431	estimated value
2015 - 2016	2,404	permits	154,161,117	estimated value
2016 - 2017	3,042	permits	166,876,878	estimated value
2017 - 2018	2,988	permits	180,411,536	estimated value
2018 - 2019	2,711	permits	195,324,067	estimated value
2019 - 2020	2,200	permits	167,292,976	estimated value
2020 - 2021	2,490	permits	151,617,417	estimated value
2021 - 2022	2,717	permits	210,129,472	estimated value

Source: SafeBuilt Inc.

Full and Part-Time City Government Employees By Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	20	2013 2014		14	20	15	20	16	20	17	20	18
Function/Program	Full Time	Part Time										
Building Inspection												
Building Inspection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Executive Administration												
City Manager's Office	7	5	7	7	9	6	9	5	9	4	7	5
City Attorney's Office	7	1	7	0	7	0	6	0	7	0	7	1
City Clerk's Office	4	2	4	2	4	3	4	3	5	1	5	1
Human Resources Community Affairs	3 0	1 0	4 0	1 0	4 0	0 0	4 0	1 0	4 0	1 0	3 1	0 0
Engineering												
Engineering	11	3	11	3	11	2	11	2	13	2	12	1
Finance												
Accounting/Risk Management	6	1	6	2	6	2	6	1	6	2	6	2
Assessing	6	1	7	1	6	1	7	0	6	0	6	0
Purchasing City Treasurer's Office	2	1 1	2	1 1	2 4	1 0	2 4	1 0	2 4	1 0	3 4	0 1
Fire												
Fire	11	6	11	6	12	6	12	4	12	5	11	3
Library												
Library	5	71	9	82	9	83	9	75	11	75	11	78
Other General Government	_		_		_		_			2		_
Building Operations Planning	7 4	3 2	7 4	4 2	7 4	3 2	7 4	4 3	8 4	2 4	9 5	2
Police												
Sworn Police Officers	74	0	69	0	79	0	78	0	79	0	82	0
Command Other	22 44	0 35	21 47	0 31	23 47	0 35	23 48	0 29	22 48	0 24	24 49	0 27
Parks and Recreation												
Parks	6	11	6	13	6	14	6	15	6	16	6	15
Recreation	5	171	5	182	6	185	6	183	5	181	7	166
Public Works												
Streets and Drains Division	21	8	23	9	25	11	24	9	25	10	24	6
Water and Sewer Division	31	6	33	6	32	6	31	7	34	6	31	7
Fleet Maintenance Refuse/Resource Recovery	14 1	3 0	12 1	6 0	14 1	6 0	15 0	2 0	16 0	0 0	16 0	2 0
Information Technology												
Information technology	8	1	9	0	10	0	11	0	11	0	10	0
Aquatic Center												
Aquatic center	0	45	0	42	0	52	0	66	0	60	0	66
Total Employees	301	378	307	401	327	418	327	410	337	394	339	385

Source: City Department of Human Resources

Schedule 21 Unaudited

2019		2020		20	21	2022	
Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time
Tille	Tille	Tillie	Time	Tille	Time	Tille	Tille
0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0
7	3	8	4	7	3	7	4
7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0
4	2	5	1	5	5	5	5
4	1	4	1 1	5 1	0 1	5 1	0
1	U	1	1	1	1	1	0
11	1	11	2	11	1	12	1
5	3	6	3	6	3	6	3
7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0
2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1
4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0
13	5	12	5	12	4	12	4
					•		•
12	73	11	69	18	62	21	60
11	1	12	0	12	0	12	0
6	2	5	2	5	1	6	1
90	0	81	0	80	0	82	0
24	0	23	0	26	0	24	0
51	30	48	33	47	23	47	21
6	20	5	15	7	9	8	19
7	214	8	204	7	182	8	157
2.	_	22	_	22	_	22	
24 33	7	23 34	0	22 30	0	23 33	1 2
33 15	6 1	34 16	0 1	30 15	1	33 14	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	3	J	3	J	3	J	J
4.0	•		_		_	_	•
10	0	11	0	11	0	9	0
0	33	0	7	0	21	0	25
354	403	345	349	348	318	357	305

State Shared Revenues

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	State Shared		
Ended June 30	Revenue		
2013	\$	6,279,381	
2014		6,435,145	
2015		6,541,560	
2016		6,535,632	
2017		8,091,385	*
2018		8,378,417	
2019		8,535,476	
2020		8,346,267	
2021		9,601,689	
2022		12,144,090	

^{*}Beginning in fiscal year 2017 the State of Michigan began a reimbursement program for lost manufacturing personal property that was exempted through state legislation.

Gas and Weight Taxes

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Type of Street				Total Gas and Weight Tax	
Ended June 30	Major Road		Local Road		(Act 51) Receipts	
2013	\$	3,623,451	\$	1,420,210	\$	5,043,661
2014		3,963,956		1,555,266		5,519,222
2015		4,278,155		1,499,530		5,777,685
2016		4,855,713		1,581,594		6,437,307
2017		4,618,597		1,822,201		6,440,798
2018		6,098,323		2,184,860		8,283,183
2019		6,871,404		2,331,116		9,202,520
2020		6,167,975		2,435,872		8,603,847
2021		6,785,651		2,683,567		9,469,218
2022		7,459,460		2,931,402		10,390,862

Source: City of Troy

Labor Agreements

Name	Expiration Date	Number of Employees Covered
American Federation of State, County, and Municipal		
Employees, AFSCME - Public Works Employees	6/30/2025	65
Michigan Association of Police Clarical Police Somices Aides	6/20/2022	41
Michigan Association of Police - Clerical, Police Services Aides	6/30/2023	41
Troy Command Officers Association - Command Police Officers	6/30/2024	24
Troy Police Officers Association - Police Officers	6/30/2023	82
Troy Firestaff Officers Association - Fire Career Professionals	6/30/2024	10
Troy Communication Supervisors Association - Civilian Communications		
Supervisors	6/30/2026	9

Source: City Department of Human Resources

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