

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2021



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Curry County, Oregon

Board of Commissioners

Names and Address	<u>County</u>	Term Expires
Chris Paasch, Commissioner 94235 Moore St., Suite 122 Gold Beach, OR. 97444 <u>paaschc@co.curry.or.us</u>	#1	December 31, 2022
John Herzog, Vice Chair 94235 Moore St., Suite 122 Gold Beach, OR. 97444 <u>herzogj@co.curry.or.us</u>	#2	December 31, 2024
Court Boice, Chair 94235 Moore St., Suite 122 Gold Beach, OR. 97444 <u>boice@co.curry.or.us</u>	#3	December 31, 2024

Elected Officials

Name	Position	Term Expires
V. James Kolen	County Assessor	December 31, 2024
Renee Kolen	County Clerk	December 31, 2024
Josh Spansail	County District Attorney	December 31, 2024
John Ward	County Sheriff	December 31, 2024
David Barnes	County Treasurer	December 31, 2022

MOSS<u>A</u>DAMS

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Commissioners Curry County, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Curry County, Oregon (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Curry County Public Transit Service District were not auditing in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

<u>Opinion Unit</u>	<u>Type of Opinion</u>
Governmental Activities	Unmodified
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	Qualified
Governmental Fund – General Fund	Unmodified
Governmental Fund – Road Fund	Unmodified
Governmental Fund – Economic Development Fund	Unmodified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements of 4-H and Extension Service District (the "District"), have not been audited, and we were not engaged to audit the District's financial statements as part of our audit of the County's basic financial statements. The District's financial activities are included in the County's basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit and represents 69 percent, 82 percent and 36 percent of assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the County's aggregate discretely presented component units.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the County, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension schedules and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and pension schedules in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information described above is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements (collectively, the supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2022 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations

In accordance with *the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations,* we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2022, on our consideration of the County's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Imanda Mcleany-moore

Amanda McCleary-Moore, Partner Medford, Oregon February 28, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Curry County, we offer readers of Curry County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Curry County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Curry County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$43,593,446.
- The County's total net position decreased by \$3,285,392.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,101,128 or 28% of the total General Fund expenditures.
- Curry County's total long-term obligations decreased approximately 12% from \$509,707 on June 30, 2020 to \$452,089 on June 30, 2021. Note 7.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Curry County's basic financial statements. Curry County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Curry County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of net position presents information on all of Curry County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Curry County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Curry County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). Curry County does not have any "business type" activities. The governmental activities of Curry County include general government, health and welfare, public safety, highways and streets, and public works.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Curry County itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate component units 4H & Extension Services and Public Transit District for which Curry County is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 12 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Curry County, like state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Curry County can be divided into three categories: government funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluation a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because of the focus of governmental funds being narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it

is useful to compare the information presented for government funds with similar information presented for government activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Curry County maintains 23 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet (page 13) and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances (page 15) for the General Fund, Road Fund, Other Special Revenue Fund and Sheriff's Reserve Fund all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds (non-major governmental funds) are combined into a single aggregated presentation (pages 54 - 55). Additional information for the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 16 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Curry County maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate funds internally among Curry County's various functions. Curry County uses three internal service funds. First, Internal Services Fund which includes Building Repair & Construction, General Vehicle Service and Vehicle Replacement. Second, Administrative Services Fund which includes Commissioners, commissioner's office, accounting, counsel, human resources, information technology, central and north county occupancy and building occupancy. Third, Reserve Fund which includes unemployment reserve, PERS reserve, roadside improvement reserve, road capital improvement reserve, general equipment self-insurance, and road equipment self-Insurance. The other internal service funds included in the statements have been closed and will transfer their assets to a new fund in 2022.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 85 - 87 in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 - 19 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Curry County's own programs. Fiduciary funds include Unsegregated Taxes that will be paid to taxing districts, Accrued Interest, Assessment & Taxation Due to State, Advance Taxes, Payroll Liabilities, Treasurer's Banking and Investment Trust for Districts. The accounting used for the seven fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 48 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Curry County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$43,593,446 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Curry County's net position reflects \$33,018,540 (75%) restricted net position. This portion of the net position is restricted in use by outside parties, contracts, or by state statute.

An additional \$24,902,678 of Curry County's net position (57%) represents the county's investment in capital assets. (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses the capital assets to provide services to citizens and those assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other resources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used.

The remaining balance of net position is a deficit of \$14,327,772 in unrestricted net position. Net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing business obligation to citizens and creditors.

CURRY COUNTY NET POSITION

Net of Depreciation

	Governmental Activities							
	2019-2020	2020-2021						
ASSETS								
Current and Other Assets	\$ 40,111,341	\$ 39,454,216						
Capital Assets, Net	22,120,333	25,051,043						
Total Assets	62,231,674	64,505,259						
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related Deferred Outflows-PERS	4,330,976	5,733,301						
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	66,562,650	70,238,560						
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities	\$ 980,236	\$ 3,901,724						
Non-Current Liability Other	323,197	360,365						
Net Pension Liability	16,000,466	20,047,239						
Long-Term Obligations	463,419	404,891						
Total Liabilities	17,767,318	24,714,219						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related Deferred Inflows-PERS	1,916,494	1,930,895						
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	19,683,812	26,645,114						
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	21,922,047	24,902,678						
Restricted	9,111,749	33,018,540						
Unrestricted	15,845,042	(14,327,772)						
Total Net Position	\$ 46,878,838	\$ 43,593,446						

Governmental activities. As of the end of the current fiscal year, Curry County reported net position of \$43,593,446, a decrease of \$3,285,392 in comparison with the prior year. Funds restricted for special revenues are \$33,018,540 and \$24,902,678 is invested in capital assets.

In the Statement of Net Position in 2020 there was a Net Pension Liability of \$16,000,466 and in 2021 there is a Net Pension Liability of \$20,047,239. On page 11 of the financial statements there are also Net Pension Related Deferred Inflows and Outflows. The Net Pension Liabilities and Deferred Outflows/Inflows are governed and actuarially determined by the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP). A decline in market value of investments can result in significant change from Net Pension Asset to Unfunded Accrued Liability. The County does not have access to or control of the assets invested in OPSRP. Please see Note 10 regarding details of the Employee Retirement Plan.

	Governmental Activities							
		2019-2020		2020-2021				
REVENUE								
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	2,584,120	\$	4,972,977				
Operating Grants & Contributions		10,878,552		9,251,690				
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,388,046		-				
General Revenues								
Taxes		3,361,413		4,466,739				
Intergovernmental		-		-				
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets		65,967		-				
Other Income		1,142,847		504,744				
Total Revenues	\$	19,420,945	\$	19,196,150				
EXPENDITURES								
General Government	\$	7,394,320	\$	4,243,858				
Public Safety		7,319,960		9,409,145				
Highway & Streets		4,877,121		4,689,248				
Public Works		554,688		202,392				
Health and Welfare		1,492,516		3,929,167				
Interest on Long Term Debt		7,353		7,732				
(Gain) Loss on Sale of Assets		-		-				
Total Expenditures	\$	21,645,958	\$	22,481,542				
Change in Net Position	\$	(2,225,013)	\$	(3,285,392)				
Beginning Net Position (restated)		49,103,851		46,878,838				
Ending Net Position	\$	46,878,838	\$	43,593,446				

CURRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

General Fund Highlights

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Curry County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,101,128. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, the unassigned fund balance represents 28% of the total General Fund expenditures.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund actual costs were less than the final budgeted appropriation by \$1.1 million due to:

- Actual payroll costs are less than original budget appropriation, primarily due to staff turnover and inability to hire staff for open positions.
- Actual expenditures are less than original appropriation due to operating and working capital reserves being maintained and departments being very frugal in staffing and other expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital asset. Curry County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$25,051,043 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways, and bridges.

Major capital asset transactions during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Road maintenance equipment and vehicles
- Road infrastructure moved from Construction in Progress

CURRY COUNTY CAPITAL ASSETS

Net of Depreciation

	Governmental Activities								
		2019-2020		2020-2021					
Land	\$	131,780	\$	131,780					
Construction in Progress		22,093		2,186,502					
Building		2,224,715		2,135,263					
Machinery and Equipment		3,873,137		4,214,483					
Infrastructure		16,294,431		16,383,015					
Total Assets	\$	22,546,156	\$	25,051,043					

Additional information about Curry County's capital assets can be found in Note 5.

Long-term obligations. At the end of the current fiscal year, Curry County had total obligations outstanding of \$452,089. Of this amount, \$85,068 compromises a refurbishment loan from the State of Oregon, a loan for \$34,183 for a ballot system, \$29,114 for a phone system upgrade and \$303,724 is projected landfill post closure costs.

Additional information about Curry County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Curry County has the lowest Average Tax Rate of \$8.70 per \$1,000 Net Assessed Value in Oregon according to Oregon Department of Revenue, Oregon Property Tax Statistics, Fiscal Year 2020-21. The Statewide Average is \$17.06 per \$1,000 Assessed Value (AV).
- The Teamsters union agreement is July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2022.
- The SEIU union agreement is July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2023.
- Curry County will receive approximately and additional \$2.2 million in ARP funds to be used towards COVID-19 related expenses.
- Transient Lodging Tax (TLT) revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$1,205,016.93 for a total \$1,530,016.93

All factors are considered in preparing Curry County's budget for fiscal year 2021-2022.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Curry County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the following address:

Curry County Finance Office 94235 Moore Street, Suite 125 Gold Beach, OR 97444

Basic Financial Statements.

Curry County, Oregon Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

			Component Units						
			(unaudited)						
	G	overnmental	4H 8	& Extension	Public Transit				
		Activities		Services					
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	37,186,078	\$	875,777	\$	(1,001)			
Receivables	Ψ	01,100,010	Ψ	010,111	Ψ	(1,001)			
Taxes		110,701		-		-			
Accounts (net of allowance for uncollectible)		1,742,304		-		245,146			
Prepaid expenses		78		-		,			
Supply inventories		415,055		-		-			
Capital assets		-,							
Land		131,780		-		-			
Construction in progress		2,186,502		-		-			
Depreciable capital assets, net		22,732,761		-		342,115			
Total assets		64,505,259		875,777		586,260			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension related deferred outflows – PERS	1	5,733,301		-		-			
Total assets and deferred outflows		70,238,560		875,777		586,260			
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		1,227,173		-		247,771			
Accrued payroll		232,951		-					
Unearned revenue		2,441,600		-		-			
Non-current liabilities		_,,							
Accrued compensated absences		313,167		-		-			
Net pension liability – PERS		20,047,239		-		-			
Due within one year									
Loan payable		39,501		-		-			
Reserve for post-closure costs		7,697		-		-			
Due in more than one year									
Loan payable		108,864		-		-			
Reserve for post-closure costs		296,027		-		-			
Total liabilities		24,714,219		-		247,771			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension related deferred inflows – PERS		1,930,895		-		-			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		26,645,114				247,771			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		24,902,678		-		342,115			
Restricted for									
Capital projects		27,771,812		-		-			
Special revenues		5,246,728		-		-			
Unrestricted		(14,327,772)		875,777		(3,626)			
Total net position	\$	43,593,446	\$	875,777	\$	338,489			

Curry County, Oregon Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Pos										
								Primary		Component Units				
			Program	Rever	ues		(Government Governmental Activities	4H	Inaudited) & Extension Services		Public Transit		
	 Expenses	С	Changes for Services		Changes for		OperatingCapitalGrants andGrants andContributionsContributions							
Functions/Programs Governmental activities General government Public safety	\$ 4,243,858 9,409,145	\$	1,396,641 1,388,985	\$	3,491,339 788,831	\$	- \$	644,122 (7,231,329)	\$	-	\$	-		
Highway and streets Public works Health and welfare Interest on long-term debt	 4,689,248 202,392 3,929,167 7,732		667,309 107,817 1,412,225		4,091,016 53,807 826,697		- - -	(1,201,020) 69,077 (40,768) (1,690,245) (7,732)		- - -		- - -		
Total governmental activities	 22,481,542		4,972,977		9,251,690			(8,256,875)				-		
Total primary government	\$ 22,481,542	\$	4,972,977	\$	9,251,690	\$		(8,256,875)						
Component units 4H and extension services	\$ 135,818	\$		\$		\$	-		\$	(135,818)				
Public transit	\$ 929,786	\$	-	\$	1,115,332	\$	-				\$	185,546		
		Taxe Pro Oth Unre	ral Revenues es operty her taxes estricted investr rellaneous inco		arnings			1,881,226 2,585,513 341,061 163,683		330,136 - 3,491 -		- - - -		
		Tota	l general reven	ues				4,971,483		333,627		<u> </u>		
		Cha	nge in net posit	tion				(3,285,392)		197,809		185,546		
		Net	position-beginr	ning of	year			46,878,838		677,968		152,943		
		position – end o		\$	43,593,446	\$	875,777	\$	338,489					

Curry County, Oregon Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds																
				-	Other Special					Non major							
		General		General		General		General		Road	Sheriff's Reserve			Revenue	Go	vernmental	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds	Total						
ASSETS:																	
Cash and investments	\$	941,088	\$	27,868,848	\$	880,324	\$	3,359,213	\$	3,578,603	\$ 36,628,076						
Receivables:																	
Accounts (net of allowance)		274,935		735,760		81,952		458,678		190,979	1,742,304						
Property taxes		110,701		-		-		-		-	110,701						
Prepaid expenses		78		-		-		-		-	78						
Inventories		-		415,055		-		-		-	415,055						
Due from other funds				-		-		-		-	 -						
Total assets	\$	1,326,802	\$	29,019,663	\$	962,276	\$	3,817,891	\$	3,769,582	\$ 38,896,214						
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:																	
Liabilities:																	
Accounts payable	\$	42,679	\$	781,534	\$	59,439	\$	3,848	\$	60,667	\$ 948,167						
Accrued payroll		40,697		32,115		102,076		578		33,630	209,096						
Other accrual		51,668		, -		-		-		161,517	213,185						
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		· -	-						
Unearned revenue		-		19,147		4,760		2,408,021		9,672	 2,441,600						
Total liabilities		135,044		832,796		166,275		2,412,447		265,486	 3,812,048						
Deferred inflows of resources:																	
Unavailable property tax revenue		90,552		-		-		-		-	 90,552						
Fund Balances:																	
Nonspendable		78		415,055		-		-		-	415,133						
Restricted for:																	
Capital projects		-		27,771,812		-		-		-	27,771,812						
Special revenues		-		-		796,001		1,405,444		3,045,283	5,246,728						
Committed		-		-		-		-		334,688	334,688						
Assigned for:																	
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		124,125	124,125						
Unassigned		1,101,128		-		-		-		-	 1,101,128						
Total fund balances		1,101,206		28,186,867		796,001		1,405,444		3,504,096	 34,993,614						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of																	
resources, and fund balances	\$	1,326,802	\$	29,019,663	\$	962,276	\$	3,817,891	\$	3,769,582	\$ 38,896,214						

Curry County, Oregon Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

The PERS net pension asset (liability) is the difference between the total pension liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries. (20,047,239) Less internal service fund amount 1,477,413 Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the PERS pension plan include differences between projects and actual earnings, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. 5,733,301 Deferred outflows 5,733,301 Less internal service fund amount (1422,525) Deferred inflows (1,300,895) Less internal service fund amount 142,300 The cost of capital assets, net of adjustments (land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the County's governmental activities applicable to funds) 24,662,383 Mong-term liabilities applicable to the county's governmental activities applicable to the county's governmental activities applicable to the county's governmental activities applicable to fund so in accordingly are not reported as thore leads appayee (sudding internal service funds) (213,167) Norg-term liabilities applicable to fund so indivities and herefore are not reporte	Fund Balances-Governmental Funds		\$ 34,993,614
earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries. (20,047,239) Less internal service fund amount 1,477,413 Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the PERS pension plan include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earnings, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. 5,733,301 (422,525) Deferred outflows 5,733,301 (422,525) Less internal service fund amount (422,525) (1,930,895) Less internal service fund amount (1,230,895) Less internal service fund amount (1,230,895) Less internal service fund amount (1,230,895) Less internal service fund amount (422,525) governments, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governments, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governmental capital assets (excluding internal service funds) 24,662,383 Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. (313,167) (119,251) (303,724) (736,142) Unavailable revenue represents amounts that were not available to fund current expenditures and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. 90,552 Internal service funds are used by management t	The PERS net pension asset (liability) is the difference between		
Less internal service fund amount 1,477,413 Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the PERS pension plan include differences between projects and actual earnings, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. 5,733,301 Deferred outflows 5,733,301 Less internal service fund amount (422,525) Deferred outflows (1,930,895) Less internal service fund amount 142,300 The cost of capital assets, net of adjustments (land, buildings, inprovements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole. 24,662,383 Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities applicable to the County's governmental activities are note due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. 24,662,383 Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental dual accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. 24,662,383 Long-term liabilities applicable to the county is governmental funds. 24,662,383 24,662,383 Long-term liabilities and liabilities. All liabilities, both current seponditure and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. 90,552	the total pension liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits		
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the PERS pension plan include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earnings, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred outflows 5,733,301 Less internal service fund amount (422,525) Deferred inflows (1,930,895) Less internal service fund amount 142,300 The cost of capital assets, net of adjustments (land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole. 24,662,383 Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are note due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities, All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. (313,167) (303,724) (736,142) Unavailable revenue represents amounts that were not available to fund current expenditures and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. 90,552 Internal service funds are used by management to charge cost of certain activities to individual funds. Net position of the internal service funds that are reported with governmental activities, net. (369,316)	earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries.		(20,047,239)
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certain activities to individual funds. Net position of the internal service funds that are reported with governmental activities, net. (369,316)	Internal service funds are used by management to charge cost of		
service funds that are reported with governmental activities, net. (369,316)			
	·		(369,316)
Total net position \$ 43,593,446			 , <u>· /</u>
	Total net position		\$ 43,593,446

Curry County, Oregon Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds Nonmajor						Nonmaior				
	General			Road	She	riff's Reserve		her Special	Governmental			
REVENUES	Fund			Fund		Fund	Re	venue Fund		Funds		Total
Taxes												
Property	\$ 1.948.40	8	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1.948.408
Franchise and other taxes	704,08		Ψ		Ψ	155,834	Ψ	1,529,895	Ψ	195,699	Ψ	2,585,513
Grants and contracts	3,31			_		193,015		1,525,055		283,406		479,732
Charges for services	283,56			26,533		19,582		299,604		972,575		1,601,860
Intergovernmental	2,493,95			4,091,016		440,757		200,004		1,397,271		8,422,997
Licenses and permits	2,433,3			-,001,010		690,149		-		670,448		1,379,787
Investment earnings	78,20			237,324		3,636		4,999		15,061		339,225
Fines and forfeitures	16,43			201,024		0,000		-,000		13,001		16,433
Internal services	10,40	-		440,515		210,407		-		16,076		666,998
Donations		_		-+0,010		210,407		-		48,045		48,045
Reimbursements	594,13	1		200,261		-		12,499		-0,0-0		806,894
Miscellaneous	32,37			94,763		463,533		12,435		34,238		624,905
Wiscelaricous	52,51	<u> </u>		54,705		400,000				34,200		024,303
Total revenues	6,173,65	6		5,090,412		2,176,913		1,846,997		3,632,819		18,920,797
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General government	2,886,98	6		-		-		60,251		1,180,588		4,127,825
Public safety	979,66	2		-		6,505,260		-		-		7,484,922
Highways and streets		-		3,739,567		-		-		-		3,739,567
Public works		-		-		-		-		283,434		283,434
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		2,366,660		2,366,660
Capital outlay	63,22	3		3,531,436		251,500		20,484		296,060		4,162,703
Debt service												
Interest	1,97	5		-		-		-		-		1,975
Principal	16,43	6		-		-		-		-		16,436
Total expenditures	3,948,28	2		7,271,003		6,756,760		80,735		4,126,742		22,183,522
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,225,37	4		(2,180,591)		(4,579,847)		1,766,262		(493,923)		(3,262,725)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		-		24,777,302		4,678,268		687,244		1,420,693		31,563,507
Transfers out	(4,902,53	8)				-		(1,048,062)		(1,148,388)		(7,098,988)
Sale of capital assets				24,606		-		-		126,000		150,606
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,902,53	8)		24,801,908		4,678,268		(360,818)		398,305		24,615,125
Net change in fund balance	(2,677,16	i4)		22,621,317		98,421		1,405,444		(95,618)		21,352,400
Fund balance – beginning of year	3,778,37	0		5,565,550		697,580		-		3,599,714		13,641,214
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 1,101,20	6	\$	28,186,867	\$	796,001	\$	1,405,444	\$	3,504,096	\$	34,993,614
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Curry County, Oregon Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balance	\$ 21,352,400
The PERS pension expense represents the changes in net pension asset (liability) from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits, including adjustments for changes in estimates.	(2,626,366)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Expenditure for capital outlay4,162,703Capital contribution144,779Disposals3,165Current year depreciation (excluding internal service funds)(1,399,038)	2,911,609
Unavailable revenue was recognized in the prior year in the government-wide statements but remained deferred in the funds. This revenue was recognized in the funds in the current year and must be removed in unavailable revenues are properly recorded as deferred in the funds and in the government-wide government-wide since it was recognized in the prior year.	(67,182)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, however repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Notes payable principal payments28,383Change in landfill post-closure liability7,697Change in accrued compensated absences(36,258)	(178)
Change in net position of internal service funds reported with governmental activities	 (24,855,675)
Change in net position	\$ (3,285,392)

Curry County, Oregon Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Governmental Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 558,002
Total current assets	558,002
Noncurrent assets	
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	388,660
Total assets	946,662
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related deferred outflows – PERS	422,525
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1,369,187
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	65,821
Accrued payroll and related expenses	23,855
Current portion of loan payable	9,864
Total current liabilities	99,540
Noncurrent liabilities	
Loan payable	19,250
Net pension liability – PERS	1,477,413
Total liabilities	1,596,203
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related deferred inflows – PERS	142,300
	142,300
Total deferred inflows of resources	142,300
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	359,546
Unrestricted	(728,862)
-	• (••• ••••
Total net position	\$ (369,316)

Curry County, Oregon Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Governmental Internal Service Funds		
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 1,715,258		
Grants and contracts	2,368		
Reimbursement	37,472		
Miscellaneous	 2,311		
Total operating revenues	 1,757,409		
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personal services	1,259,058		
Materials and services	773,731		
Depreciation expense	 111,855		
Total operating expenses	 2,144,644		
Loss from operations	 (387,235)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES			
Interest expense	(5,757)		
Interest income	 1,836		
Total non-operating revenues	 (3,921)		
Income before transfers	 (391,156)		
Transfers in	312,783		
Transfers out	 (24,777,302)		
Total transfers	 (24,464,519)		
Change in net position	(24,855,675)		
Beginning net position	 24,486,359		
Ending net position	\$ (369,316)		

Curry County, Oregon Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	vernmental rnal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from services provided Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 1,756,342 (793,987) (1,262,889)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 (300,534)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund transfers	 (24,464,519)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities	 (24,464,519)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Debt principal and interest payments Acquisition and construction of capital assets	 (27,295) (130,958)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	 (158,253)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received	 1,836
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	 1,836
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(24,921,470)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – BEGINNING OF YEAR	 25,479,472
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – END OF YEAR	\$ 558,002
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	
Operating income (loss) adjustments Depreciation expense Increase (decrease) in liabilities Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Unearned revenue Proportionate share of net pension liabilities and related deferrals	\$ (387,235) 111,855 (1,109) (37,381) (19,147) 32,483
Net cash from operations	\$ (300,534)

Curry County, Oregon Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds	County Investment Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents receivables Receivables	\$ 1,837,323	\$ 920,906
Accounts	29,691	
Taxes	1,470,955	
Total assets	3,337,969	920,906
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	-	50,481
Payroll liabilities	304,231	-
Held in trust for district	-	870,425
Due to – Oregon state	142,283	-
Due to – other taxing districts	2,891,455	-
Total liabilities	3,337,969	920,906
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>

Curry County, Oregon Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds	County Investment Funds
ADDITIONS		
Tax collections from other governments Interest, dividends, and other investment income	\$ 28,294,334 23,963	\$ -
Total additions	28,318,297	<u> </u>
DEDUCTIONS Payment of taxes to other governments Other	28,294,334 23,963	-
Total deductions	28,318,297	<u> </u>
NET CHANGES		
Fiduciary net position – July 1, 2020		
Fiduciary net position – June 30, 2021	\$ 56,636,594	<u>\$</u> -

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity

Curry County, Oregon (the County) was established in 1855 and is organized under the general laws of the State of Oregon as a general law county. A Board of County Commissioners governs the County and consists of three independently elected members who serve full-time and are compensated. Other elected officials include the Treasurer, the County Assessor, the County Clerk, the Sheriff and the District Attorney. The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards. The accompanying financial statements present the County and its component units. Component units, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, are separate organizations that are included in Curry County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County.

Component Units – The Curry County 4-H and Extension Service District serves all citizens of the County and is governed by the County's Board of Commissioners. The Board approves the District's budget, levies taxes and approves contracts with all cities receiving District support payments. The District is reported as a discretely presented component unit. Reviewed financial statements for the District may be obtained from the Registered Agent at County offices at 950 S Ellensburg, Gold Beach, OR 97444.

The Curry County Public Transit District serves all citizens of the County and is governed by the County's Board of Commissioners. The Board approves the District's budget and approves contracts with all cities receiving District support payments. The District is reported as a discretely presented component unit. Audited financial statements for the District may be obtained from Curry County at 94235 Moore Street, Suite 123, Gold Beach, OR 97444.

The County is not entitled to any financial benefits, or subject to any obligations of the Curry County 4-H and Extension Service District and Curry County Public Transit District.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within ninety days after year-end. Property taxes, interest, and certain intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road Fund accounts for revenue and expenditures associated with the operations of the Road Department. The revenue comes from Oregon motor vehicle fuel tax and historically Forest Services timber harvest revenue and more recently the Secure Rural Schools Act (SRS) payments.

The Sheriff's Reserve Fund - The Sheriff's Special reserve fund is used for the Sheriff's K-9 program and other special projects. The money comes from a combination of grants, donations to the Sheriff's Office and marijuana tax money.

The Other Special Revenue Fund This fund is reserved for revenues collected for a specific purpose. The fund has six sub-fund: Court Mediation, State Court Security, Solid Waste, Port Orford Landfill Trust, PEG Access, TLT Promotions, Vacant Property Registration

Additionally, the following fund types are reported:

Special Revenue funds are primarily operating funds that account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities. When a special revenue fund is not an operating fund, transfers are made from the special revenue fund to operating funds authorized to make expenditures.

Capital projects funds account for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisition. The principal sources of revenues are proceeds from certificates of participation issued to finance capital acquisitions, proceeds from the sale of property, general obligation bond proceeds, full faith and credit bonds, and revenue bonds.

Proprietary Funds account for the operations of internal service funds for services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on an annual budgetary cost reimbursement basis. Administrative Services is funded by transfers from operating departments and provides accounting, audit, legal, payroll, human resources, information network services, and facilities operations. General Services is funded by a mileage reimbursement and provides operating and maintenance services for all County vehicles that are not Road Department vehicles. Vehicle Replacement is funded by periodic or lump sum payment for all purchases of General Service vehicles. Sheriff Reserve departments are the major users of this fund. The Reserve Fund – Unemployment expense reserve was established by the BOC and is funded by a 0.75% assessment of covered payroll by all departments. This fund pays the County's quarterly unemployment claims reimbursements to the State. The BOC established the PERS Reserve Fund to cover potential PERS unfunded liability assessments and significant rate increases. Each department contributed a share.

Fiduciary Funds account for resources received and held in a fiduciary capacity. Disbursements from these funds are made in accordance with the trust agreement or applicable legislative enactment for each particular fund.

The County follows the standards that are set by Governmental Accounting Standards Board for governmental entities.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payables from the business-type activities to the governmental activities.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fair value inputs and methodologies and hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

Level 1 – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access.

Level 2 – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market-corroborated inputs).

Level 3 – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments).

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

Cash and investments – The County policy defines cash as all moneys on deposit in bank checking and savings accounts, money market accounts, certificates of deposits, deposits in LGIP (Local Government Investment Pool), grant or pass through funds currently in County bank accounts, unsegregated property tax receipts not yet transferred to taxing districts, funds held and invested for select taxing districts, and petty cash held in departments. Cash includes pooled cash that is allocated to the respective funds based on fund balance. State statutes authorize investing in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, municipal bonds, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Investments are reported at fair value. The only investment is the LGIP. The LGIP operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations.

The County treats all cash and investments held in its internal investment pool as cash equivalents for statement of cash flow purposes since each fund can draw resources from the pool upon demand.

Receivables and payables – Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds". All other outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property taxes receivable are deemed by management to be substantially collectible or recoverable through foreclosure. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful tax accounts is deemed necessary. All other receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1st. Property taxes are assessed in October and tax payments are due November 15th of the same year. Under the partial payment schedule, the first one third of taxes are due November 15th, the second one-third on February 15th and the remaining one third on May 15th. A three percent discount is allowed if full payment is made by November 15th and a two percent discount is allowed if two thirds payment is made by November 15th. Taxes become delinquent if not paid by the due date and interest accrues after each trimester at a rate of one percent per month. Property foreclosure proceedings are initiated four years after the tax due date.

Assessments receivable are offset by deferred revenue in the governmental statements, and accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue. Receivables of the proprietary fund types *are recorded as revenue* earned, including services earned but not billed.

Receivables for federal and state grants and state, county, and local shared revenue are recorded as revenue in all fund types as earned. The receivables for state, county, and local shared revenue are recorded in accounts receivable.

Investment earnings (e.g., accrued interest receivable) are recorded as revenue in all fund types as interest income.

Inventories – Inventories for all governmental funds are valued at cost. Inventories are maintained only in the Road Fund. Inventories are stated at cost (first-in, first-out basis) in the Road fund. The other funds use the consumption method to account for their inventories.

Prepaid expenses – Prepaid expenses include payments for goods, services and dues actually made during the current fiscal year that will not be consumed or effective until a future fiscal year.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, sewers, street lighting, and similar items,) and their improvements, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All assets with an expected useful life beyond a single reporting period and that meet the capitalization threshold specified for the asset classification shall be capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Category	Th	reshold	Useful Life
Building	\$	50,000	50 years
Buildings improvements		30,000	25 years
Land improvements		30,000	25 years
Machinery and equipment		7,000	3–7 years
Heavy equipment		10,000	10 years
Vehicles		10,000	3–5 years
Infrastructure		100,000	50 years

Compensated absences – It is the policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory, and sick leave benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since there is no policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the County. All vacation pay and compensatory time is accrued when incurred in the government wide and proprietary funds.

Long-term obligations – In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions*, is followed. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- **Nonspendable** represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items.
- **Restricted** represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation). Legally enforceable enabling legislation restriction is one that a party external to a government-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary can compel a government to honor. 100% of the restricted fund balances are restricted due to enabling legislation and comprise 90% of the Curry County total Fund Balance.
- **Committed** represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution, which is the County's highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. The Board of Commissioners, by Resolution approved June 29, 2011, delegates the responsibility to assign funds to the Liaison Commissioner, the department head, or the County Accountant. Assignments may occur subsequent to fiscal year-end.
- **Unassigned** is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

Net position

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operations, non-operating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of all capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – consists of external constraints placed on asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There is net position restricted for special revenue and capital projects funds.

Unrestricted – consists of all other assets that are not included m the other categories previously mentioned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Retirement plans

Substantially all of the County's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At June 30, 2021, there were deferred outflows representing PERS pension related deferrals reported in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items which qualify for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable property tax revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. At June 30, 2021, there were also deferred inflows representing PERS pension related deferrals reported in the Statement of Net Position.

Recent accounting pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Issued January 2017, this statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. Implementation had no material effect on the County's fiduciary net position. The main difference was to include a statement of change in fiduciary net position for the custodial funds.

GASB Statement No. 83, *Asset Retirement Obligations.* Issued in November 2016, this statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for asset retirement obligations (AROs). This did not have a significant impact to the financial statements of the County.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budget information

Budgets are prepared and adopted, and expenditures are appropriated, in accordance with Oregon Local Budget Law. Except for the fiduciary funds, the County is required by law to budget all resources. The budgetary level of control is by object for all funds. Local Budget Law requires budgeting by object classifications of personal services, materials and services, capital, debt service, interfund transfers, contingencies, and other expenses. Expenditures may not legally exceed the adopted level of detail and all annual appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbrance accounting is not used.

The budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for capital outlay expenditures which are budgeted by function, depreciation expense is not recorded, and property taxes received more than 60 days after year end are not considered budgetary resources in the funds. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, and adoption by the Board of Commissioners. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriation transfers, which require only the approval of the Board. However, the transfers of appropriations within a budgetary control level may be made without the approval of the Board. During the year, the adopted budget was modified with two supplemental budgets.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2021, expenditures were within appropriation levels except for the following:

Fund	 ersonnel ervices	 aterials and Services	 Capital Outlay	٦ 	Fransfers Out	 Debt Service
Law library	\$ (189)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Other special revenue fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(823,062)	\$ -
Community development	-	-	(28,222)		-	-
Sheriff's reserve fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (181,500)	\$	-	\$ -
Federal CFDA Grants Fund	-	(246,620)	-		-	-
State/Local Grants Fund	-	(6,344)	-		-	-
Administrative services	(9,081)	-	-		-	-
Title III reserve	-	-	(265,548)		(59,189)	-
General Vehicle Services Fund	-	-	-		(274,352)	-
Note 3 – Cash and Investments

The cash management policies are governed by state statutes. Statutes authorize investing in banker's acceptances, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. A cash pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reported on the balance sheet as Cash and Investments. Cash and Investments (recorded at cost) as of June 30, 2021 consisted of:

Deposits with financial institutions	
Petty cash and cash on hand	\$ 1,950
Deposits with financial institutions	2,450,126
Investments	37,491,230
Total cash and investments	\$39,943,306
Reconciliation of cash to financial statements	
Governmental	\$37,186,078
Fiduciary	2,758,229
Curry County Public Transit Service District	(1,001)
Total	\$39,943,306

Deposits – Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury. The total bank balance per the bank statements as of June 30, 2021 was \$1,757,846, of which \$633,331 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was collateralized by the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP).

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk on deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank or credit union failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. In order to minimize the risk, Curry County policy and state statues require banks and credit unions holding public funds become members of the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP), a multiple financial institution collateral pool created by the Office of the State Treasurer.

Note 3 - Cash and Investments (continued)

Investments – Since the LGIP is not a private investment pool, it is not subject to U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a-7, and instead is valued under the simplified method. Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund's compliance with all portfolio guidelines can be found in their annual report when issued.

The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it approximates fair value. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized.

Information on the LGIP account can be obtained from Oregon Short Term Fund directly. The County holds investments in Mutual Funds and US Government Securities through an investment account with a depository approved by the Board. The fair value of these securities is determined based on a level 1 classification due to their availability on open markets. At year-end, investment balances were as follows:

		Investment Maturities (in months)					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 3	3–18	18–59			
State Treasurer's investment pool	\$ 37,464,338	\$ 37,464,338	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ </u>			

Interest Rate Risk – Investments – Curry County adopted a written investment policy in March of 2011 which requires that investments not exceed a maturity of 18 months.

Custodial Credit Risk– Investments – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the value of the investment will not be recovered. There is no formal investment policy for custodial credit risk. Oregon Revised Statues does not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased. from US Government Agencies or USGSE.

Investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool cannot be classified as to credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required by law to be collateralized.

Note 3 - Cash and Investments (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk – At June 30, 2021, 100% of total investments were in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. State statute does not limit the percentage of investments in this instrument.

Note 4 – Receivables

Allowance for doubtful accounts: The revenues and receivables of the Human Services fund and Public Health Fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. There were no uncollectible amounts as of fiscal year end, as determined by management.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Description	June 30, 2020	Additions	Disposals	Transfers / Corrections	June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated	1				
Construction in progress	\$ 22,093	\$ 2,828,584	\$ -	\$ (664,175)	\$ 2,186,502
Land	131,780	-			131,780
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	153,873	2,828,584		(664,175)	2,318,282
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	4,943,481	20,484	-	-	4,963,965
Equipment	13,138,545	1,318,549	(135,632)	(811,988)	13,509,474
Infrastructure	20,741,713	425,823		664,175	21,831,711
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	38,823,739	1,764,856	(135,632)	(147,813)	40,305,150
	,,	, - ,			-,,
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvement	2,718,766	109,936	-	-	2,828,702
Equipment	9,265,408	825,366	(132,467)	(663,316)	9,294,991
Infrastructure	4,873,105	575,591			5,448,696
-					
Total accumulated	16,857,279	1,510,893	(122,467)	(663,316)	17 570 200
depreciation	10,007,279	1,510,695	(132,467)	(003,310)	17,572,389
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated, net	21,966,460				22,732,761
Total governmental	A A A A A A A A A A				• • • • • • • • •
activities, net	\$ 22,120,333				\$ 25,051,043

Note 5 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activates	
General government	\$ 204,409
Public safety	135,519
Highways and streets	953,779
Public works	101,972
Health and welfare	3,359
Depreciation charged to internal service funds	 111,855
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 1,510,893

Note 6 – Interfund Transfers and Receivables/Payables

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

			Governmenta	I			
			Sheriff's	Other	Nonmajor	Internal	
	General	Road	Reserve	Special	Governmental	Service	Total
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Revenue Fund	Funds	Funds	Transfers
Transfers in Transfers out	\$ - (4,902,538)	\$24,777,302 	\$ 4,678,268 -	\$ 687,244 (1,048,062)	\$ 1,420,693 (1,148,388)	\$ 312,783 (24,777,302)	\$ 31,876,290 (31,876,290)
Total	\$ (4,902,538)	\$24,777,302	\$ 4,678,268	\$ (360,818)	\$ 272,305	\$ (24,464,519)	<u>\$</u> -

Interfund transfers to the General Fund are reimbursements for services provided by those funds. Other transfers are budgeted for as deemed necessary by the Commissioners. During 2021, the County transferred \$24,777,302 to the road fund from the reserve fund.

Note 7 – Long-Term Obligations

Loan with the State of Oregon

On December 1, 2002 a loan agreement was entered into with the State of Oregon. The loan proceeds are to be used to help finance the remodel of the courthouse and the jail. The \$225,000 loan was partially received during the year ended June 30, 2003 (\$153,296); the remainder was received in the year ended June 30, 2004 (\$71,704). The loan payable is in annual installments of \$16,710, including interest at 4.88% beginning July 31 2004 due December 1, 2026. In the event of default the State has the right to declare all loans immediately due and payable.

State Elections Machines Loan

On June 1, 2018, a loan agreement was entered into with the Oregon Secretary of State. The loan proceeds are to be used to purchase ballot software for elections. The \$82,178 loan was received during the year ended June 30, 2018. The loan payable is in annual installments of \$18,161, including interest at 4% beginning July 1, 2019, due July 1, 2023. In the event of default, the State has the right to declare all loans immediately due and payable.

Phone System Upgrade Loan

In February 2020, a loan agreement was entered into with the Oregon Infrastructure Finance Authority. The loan proceeds of \$50,652 were used to purchase a phone system upgrade. The loan payable is in annual installments of \$10,585, including interest at 1.77% beginning December 1, 2020, due December 2024. In the event of Default, the State has the right to declare all loans immediately due and payable. Open to add details.

		State of O	regon Lo	ban		Elections Ma	achines	Loan
Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal		Interest		rincipal	lı	nterest
2022	\$	12,559	\$	4,151	\$	17,078	\$	1,083
2023		13,172		3,538		17,105		387
2024		13,814		2,895		-		-
2025		14,713		1,997		-		-
2026		14,713		1,997		-		-
2027–2029		16,097		515		-		-
Total	\$	85,068	\$	15,093	\$	34,183	\$	1,470
	P	hone System	Ungrad	le Loan		To	tals	
		none bystem	i opyrau			10	lais	
Year Ending June 30,		rincipal		nterest	F	Principal		nterest.
Year Ending June 30, 2022					F \$			nterest. 5,956
	P	rincipal	l	nterest		Principal	Ir	
2022	P	rincipal 9,864	l	nterest 722		Principal 39,501	Ir	5,956
2022 2023	P	9,864 10,040	l	nterest 722 546		Principal 39,501 40,317	Ir	5,956 4,471
2022 2023 2024	P	9,864 10,040	l	nterest 722 546		Principal 39,501 40,317 23,024	Ir	5,956 4,471 3,262
2022 2023 2024 2025	P	9,864 10,040	l	nterest 722 546		Principal 39,501 40,317 23,024 14,713	Ir	5,956 4,471 3,262 1,997

Future payments of principal and interest on the loans are as follows:

Note 7 – Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Post-closure Landfill Cost

A post-closure landfill is maintained. The liability for post-closure costs as of June 30, 2021 was \$303,724. The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to have financial assurance in place to finance post-closure costs. A fully funded Trust account at Oregon Pacific Bank, with the Bank as Trustee, is in place to meet this obligation. The Port Orford Landfill Post-Closure Trust Fund Agreement was updated November 16, 2012 and includes Grantors Curry County, City of Brookings, City of Gold Beach, City of Port Orford, Beneficiary DEQ, Trustee Oregon Pacific Bank (OPB), and State of Oregon / Department of Environmental Quality.

The landfill was in use for more than 30 years prior to June 1991 when a closure plan was prepared. A trust agreement was signed in March 1993 by all the cities, DEQ and the County. Formal closure construction work began October 1996. CTR (Curry Transfer & Recycling) pays a percentage of revenue to the trust to fund the post-closure costs. DEQ must authorize all release of funds from OPB. \$243,408 was expended to support the landfill post-closure from 2002 to 2014. The County submits annual reports to DEQ that include engineering and monitoring reports and cash flow projections. It is expected that DEQ will extend the landfill monitoring requirements beyond the current 2022 end date.

Changes in long-term obligations

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Add	litions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	 ue within ne Year
Governmental activities Direct borrowing							
Notes payable	\$ 198,286	\$	-	\$	49,921	\$ 148,365	\$ 39,501
Other Landfill post-closure cost	311,421		-		7,697	303,724	7,697
Total	\$ 509,707	\$	-	\$	57,618	\$ 452,089	\$ 47,198

Note 8 – Operating Leases

Various leases were entered into for equipment and copy machines. Total lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$13,122. Approximate future minimum rental commitments under these lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	A	mount
2022 2023 2024	\$	9,859 9,859 7,090
Total	\$	26,808

Note 9 – Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of legal counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial condition.

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2020-ACFR.pdf

If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. PERS Pension (Chapter 238). The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results. A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier I general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

- ii Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided on or more of the following contributions are met:
 - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
 - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
 - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERScovered job, or
 - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
- iii Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERScovered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- iv Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.
- b. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB). The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i **Pension Benefits** This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:
 - Police and fire 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.
 - General service 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit. A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

- ii **Death Benefits** . Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.
- iii **Disability Benefits** A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.
- iv **Benefit Changes After Retirement** Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

Contributions – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2019. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$1,287,809, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. There were no employee contributions paid by the County for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Asset or Liability – At June 30, 2021, the County reported a net pension liability of \$20,047,239 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the-pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement dates of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the County's proportion was 0.0919% and 0.0925% percent, respectively. Pension expense for the year ended June 30 2021 was \$3,918,682. The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2021 were:

- 1) Tier 1/Tier 2 26.06%
- 2) OPSRP general services 15.46%
- 3) OPSRP Police and Fire 20.09%

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on	\$882,321 1,075,872	\$- 37,696
pension plan investments Net changes in proportion	2,357,295 130,004	- 154,806
Difference between county contribution and proportionate share of contributions		1,738,393
Subtotal – amortized deferrals (below)	4,445,492	1,930,895
County contributions subsequent to measurement date	1,287,809	<u> </u>
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$ 5,733,301	\$ 1,930,895

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Net deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2022	\$	431,262
2022	Ψ	787,922
2024		768,595
2025		574,416
2026		(47,598)
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	2,514,597

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated March 12, 2021. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited ACFR which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2020-ACFR.pdf

Actuarial Valuations – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years. For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date Experience study report Actuarial cost method Amortization method Asset valuation method Inflation rate Investment rate of return Projected salary increase	December 31, 2018 2018, published July 26, 2019 Entry age normal Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases Market value of assets 2.50 percent 7.20 percent 3.50 percent overall payroll growth
	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/.15%) in accordance
Cost of living adjustments	Cost of Living Adjustment with Moro decision, blend based on service
Mortality	 Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2014 Healthy annuitant, sex-district generational with unisex, social security data scale, with adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: RP-2014 employees, sex-district, generational with unisex, social security data scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: RP-2014 Disabled retirees, sex-district, generational with unisex, social security, data scale.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2018 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2018.

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Debt securities	15.0%	25.00%	20.00%
Public equity	27.5%	37.50%	32.50%
Real estate	9.5%	15.50%	12.50%
Private equity	14.0%	21.00%	17.50%
alternatives Portfolio	7.5%	17.50%	15.00%
Opportunity portfolio	0.0%	3.00%	0.00%
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.50%	2.50%
Total			100.00%

Source: June 30, 2020, PERS ACFR; p. 102

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in June 2019, the PERS Board reviewed its long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return ¹ Asset Class	Target Allocation	Annual Arithmetic Return ²	Annuallized Geometric Mean	Annual Standard Deviation
Core Fixed Income	9.60 %	4.14 %	4.07 %	3.90 %
Short-Term Bonds	9.60	3.70	3.68	2.10
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.60	5.40	5.19	6.85
High Yield Bonds	1.20	6.13	5.74	9.35
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	16.17	7.35	6.30	15.50
Small Cap US Equities	1.35	8.35	6.68	19.75
Micro Cap US Equities	1.35	8.86	6.79	22.10
Developed Foreign Equities	13.48	8.30	6.91	17.95
Emerging Market Equities	4.24	10.35	7.69	25.35
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.93	8.81	7.25	19.10
Private Equity	17.50	11.95	8.33	30.00
Real Estate (Property)	10.00	6.19	5.55	12.00
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	8.29	6.69	21.00
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	1.50	4.28	4.06	6.90
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.38	5.89	5.59	8.10
Timber	1.13	6.36	5.61	13.00
Farmland	1.13	6.87	6.12	13.00
Infrastructure	2.25	7.51	6.67	13.85
Commodities	1.13	5.34	3.79	18.70
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.50 %	1.65 %

² The arithmetic mean is a component that goes into calculating the geometric mean. Expected rates of return are presented using the geometric mean, which the Board uses in setting the discount rate.

Source: June 30, 2020, PERS ACFR; p. 74

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the measurement dates June 30, 2021 and 2020 was 7.20 percent, for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.20%)	(7.20%)	(8.20%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 29,768,494	\$ 20,047,239	\$ 11,895,516

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

Senate Bill 1049, signed into law in June 2019, made certain changes to the PERS system that are effective after the measurement date of June 30, 2020. Most of these changes are expected to reduce the system's actuarial accrued liability, including redirecting a portion of the 6% member contribution from the Individual Account Program to Employee Pension Stability Accounts beginning in July 2020.

In July 2021, the PERS Board approved changes to assumptions for the 2020 valuation, which will impact the system's actuarial accrued liability. These changes include reducing the assumed rate of return from 7.20% to 6.90% and reducing the assumed annual inflation from 2.50% to 2.40%, which together will increase the actuarial accrued liability.

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Plan Description – Employees of the County are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

Pension Benefits – Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20- year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits – Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions – Employees of the County pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll. The County did not make any optional contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO BOX 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/GASB.aspx

Note 11 - Other Post-Employment Benefits Plans - (RHIA)

Plan Description: As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the County contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Funding Policy – Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410.

Note 11 - Other Post-Employment Benefits Plans - (RBIA) (continued)

To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating employers are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the County currently contributes 0.53% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.45% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2021. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates based on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The County's contributions to RHIA for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$840.

At June 30, 2021, the County's net OPEB liability/(asset) and deferred inflows and outflows for RHIA were not considered to be material to the basic financial statements by management and were not accrued in the government wide statements.

Note 12 – Internal Service Funds

Three internal service funds are maintained. For financial reporting purposes, these funds are blended into the governmental activities for entity wide presentation. The purpose of these funds is to provide services to other funds and departments within the County.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance with nominal deductible levels. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability for claims and judgments is reported in the appropriate fund. Amount of losses over the past three fiscal years have not exceeded insurance coverage less deductibles.

Note 14 – Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees are offered a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. An employee may enter into an agreement to defer a portion of their compensation, subject to certain limitations provided by law, by means of payroll deduction. Contributions to the plan and earnings thereon are deferred until the employee is separated from service.

Money accumulated under the deferred compensation plan has been deposited with Nationwide Retirement Solutions. Monies held by Nationwide are placed in various investments at the discretion of the employee. These investments are uninsured and unregistered securities held by Nationwide or their agents, but not in the County's name.

Note 15 – Property Tax Limitations

The Voters of the State of Oregon have a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and non-school government operations. The limitation provides that property taxes for nonschool operations are limited to \$10.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt.

An additional State constitutional limit reduces the amount of operating property tax revenues available. This reduction was accomplished by rolling property values for 1997-98 back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. This Constitutional limit also established frozen tax rates for districts. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The Constitution also sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues.

Note 16 – Transfer of Human Services, Public Health, and Hammond House to Curry Community Health

Hammond House was purchased and renovated with a grant from Oregon Housing and Community Services Department (OHCS) that is subject to certain covenants and equitable servitudes which are effective until March 1, 2029 and are recorded with the title. Department of Humans Services (DHS), the County and CCH approved the real property transfer to Curry Community Health. The County is the "Recipient" in the assignment agreement and remains subject to performance requirements of the grant.

Note 17 – Tax Abatements Granted By Other Governments

As of June 30, 2021, Curry County potentially had tax abatements through various state allowed programs that impacted levied taxes. Based on the information available from the county as of the date of issuance of these basic financial statements, there were no significant abatements disclosed by the County for the year ended June 30, 2021 for any program covered under GASB 77.

Note 18 – Deficit Fund Balances

At fiscal year end, the Federal CFDA Grants Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$5,890, the State/Local Grants Fund has a deficit balance of \$17,386 and the Administration Services Fund had a deficit balance of \$1,051,691. The County expects the special revenue fund balances to become positive in the next fiscal year through general fund transfers. The Administrative Services Fund deficit is a result of reporting the pension accounts and will take some time to recover.

Required Supplementary Information

Curry County, Oregon General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	riance With nal Budget
REVENUES	 				 <u> </u>
Property taxes	\$ 1,806,300	\$ 1,806,300		\$ 1,948,408	\$ 142,108
Franchise and other taxes	624,000	624,000		704,085	80,085
Licenses and permits	38,000	38,000		19,190	(18,810)
Intergovernmental	2,682,500	3,402,647		2,493,953	(908,694)
Fines and penalties	32,250	32,250		16,433	(15,817)
Charges for services	223,450	223,450		283,566	60,116
Grants and donations	52,300	59,500		3,311	(56,189)
Investment earnings	170,000	170,000		78,205	(91,795)
Reimbursements	31,800	586,030		594,134	8,104
Miscellaneous	24,210	24,210		32,371	8,161
	 		•		
Total revenues	 5,684,810	 6,966,387		6,173,656	 (792,731)
EXPENDITURES					
Personal services	1,962,028	1,961,584	(1)	1,866,418	95,166
Materials and services	1,277,244	2,585,710	(1)	1,638,937	946,773
IGS – materials and services	328,940	328,940	(1)	361,293	(32,353)
Capital outlay	170,000	170,000	(1)	63,223	106,777
Debt service	 58,600	 58,600	(1)	18,411	 40,189
Total expenditures	 3,796,812	 5,104,834		3,948,282	 1,156,552
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	1,887,998	1,861,553		2,225,374	363,821
expenditures	 1,007,990	 1,001,000		2,223,374	 303,021
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Loan proceeds	170,000	170,000		-	(170,000)
Transfers in	65,800	65,800		-	(65,800)
Transfers out	 (6,123,798)	(6,123,798)	(1)	(4,902,538)	 1,221,260
Total other financing sources					
(uses)	(5,887,998)	(5,887,998)		(4,902,538)	985,460
	 	 <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	•	<u> </u>	 <u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(4,000,000)	(4,026,445)		(2,677,164)	1,349,281
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year	 4,000,000	 4,026,445		3,778,370	 (248,075)
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$ -	\$ -	:	\$ 1,101,206	\$ 1,101,206
(4) Annual station lowed by total abiant					

(1) Appropriation level by total object

Curry County, Oregon Road Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual		ariance With inal Budget
REVENUES	\$	5,194,660	\$	5,194,660		\$	4 001 016	¢	(4 402 644)
Intergovernmental Reimbursements	φ	5,194,000	φ	5,194,000		φ	4,091,016 200,261	\$	(1,103,644) 200,261
Internal service revenue		- 458,888		458,888			440,515		(18,373)
Charges for services		438,888 50,000		430,000 50,000			26,533		(18,373) (23,467)
Miscellaneous		50,000		50,000			20,555 94,763		94,763
Investment earnings		- 372,110		- 372,110			237,324		(134,786)
Investment earnings		372,110		372,110			237,324		(134,700)
Total revenues		6,075,658		6,075,658			5,090,412		(985,246)
EXPENDITURES									
Personal services		2,011,648		2,011,648	(1)		1,624,154		387,494
Materials and services		2,788,147		2,788,147	(1)		1,561,170		1,226,977
IGS – materials and services		608,878		608,878	(1)		554,243		54,635
Capital outlay		5,213,000		5,213,000	(1)		3,531,436		1,681,564
Contingency		459,615		459,615	(1)		-		459,615
Total expenditures		11,081,288		11,081,288	ŗ		7,271,003		3,810,285
Excess of revenues over (under)									
expenditures		(5,005,630)		(5,005,630)	,		(2,180,591)		2,825,039
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(5,375,685)		(5,375,685)			-		5,375,685
Transfers in		30,892,096		30,892,096			24,777,302		(6,114,794)
Sale of capital assets		30,000		30,000			24,606		(5,394)
Total other financing sources									
(uses)		25,546,411		25,546,411			24,801,908		(744,503)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		20,540,781		20,540,781			22,621,317		2,080,536
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		1,966,000		1,966,000			5,565,550		3,599,550
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	22,506,781	\$	22,506,781	1	\$	28,186,867	\$	5,680,086

(1) Appropriation Level by object

County, Oregon Sheriff's Reserve Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual	riance With nal Budget
REVENUES					<i></i>
Intergovernmental	\$ 700,759	\$ 702,677		\$ 690,149	\$ (12,528)
Grants	232,006	232,006		193,015	(38,991)
Miscellaneous	13,600	13,600		463,533	449,933
Charges for services	618,388	618,388		440,757	(177,631)
Franchise Taxes	105,000	105,000		155,834	50,834
Donations	24,000	24,000		19,582	(4,418)
Investment Earnings	-	-		3,636	3,636
Reimbursements	 6,800	 76,800	_	210,407	 133,607
Total revenues	 1,700,553	 1,772,471	_	2,176,913	 404,442
EXPENDITURES					
Personal services	5,089,253	5,089,253	(1)	4,880,832	208,421
Materials and services	885,433		(1)	759,118	128,233
IGS – materials and services	973,699	973,699	(1)	865,310	108,389
Capital Outlay	-		(1)	251,500	(181,500)
Contingency	 389,279		(1)	-	 389,279
Total expenditures	 7,337,664	 7,409,582		6,756,760	 652,822
Excess of revenues					
Over (under) expenditures	(5,637,111)	(5,637,111)		(4,579,847)	1,057,264
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	 5,163,321	 5,163,321		4,678,268	 (485,053)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(473,790)	(473,790)		98,421	572,211
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year	 473,790	 473,790	_	697,580	 223,790
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	\$ 		\$ 796,001	\$ 796,001

(1) Appropriation Level by Object

Note to schedule:

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2021, expenditures were within appropriation levels except for the following:

Fund	Personnel Services		Materials an Services	Materials and Services		Capital Outlay		Transfers Out		Debt Service	
Sheriff's reserve fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(181,500)	\$	-		\$	-

Curry County, Oregon Other Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual		ariance With inal Budget
REVENUES	•		•	0 000 450		•		•	(0.000.450)
Intergovernmental	\$	- 270,800	\$	2,226,456 270,800		\$	- 299,604	\$	(2,226,456) 28,804
Charges for services Franchise Taxes		270,800 325,000		270,800 325,000			299,604 1,529,895		28,804 1,204,895
Investment Earnings		7,250		325,000 7,250			4,999		(2,251)
Reimbursements		(75,000)		(75,000)			4,999		(2,231) 87,499
Rembuisements		(75,000)		(75,000)	•		12,499		67,499
Total revenues		528,050		2,754,506	-		1,846,997		(907,509)
EXPENDITURES									
Personal services		32,897		32,897	(1)		29,608		3,289
Materials and services		158,276		2,384,732	(1)		27,417		2,357,315
IGS – materials and services		3,505		3,505	(1)		3,226		279
Capital Outlay		363,000		363,000	(1)		20,484		342,516
Contingency		267,372		267,372	(1)		-		267,372
Total expenditures		825,050		3,051,506	-		80,735		2,970,771
Excess of revenues									
Over (under) expenditures		(297,000)		(297,000)			1,766,262		2,063,262
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		597,000		597,000			687,244		90,244
Transfers out		(225,000)		(225,000)	(1)		(1,048,062)		(823,062)
		(223,000)		(223,000)	•		(1,040,002)		(023,002)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		75,000		75,000			1,405,444		1,330,444
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year				-	-		<u> </u>		-
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	:	\$	1,405,444	\$	1,330,444

(1) Appropriation Level by Object

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2021, expenditures were within appropriation levels except for the following:

Fund	Personnel Services		 Materials and Services		Capital Outlay		Transfers Out		Debt Service	
Other special revenue fund	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(823,062)	\$		-

PERS

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Measurement date June 30,	(a) Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)	(b) Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	 (c) Employer's covered payroll	(b/c) NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.092%	20,047,239	\$ 6,708,689	298.8%	75.8%
2019	0.093%	16,000,466	4,759,482	336.2%	80.2%
2018	0.093%	14,126,600	4,654,420	303.5%	82.1%
2017	0.090%	12,398,152	4,727,862	262.2%	83.1%
2016	0.090%	13,250,198	4,665,540	284.0%	80.5%
2015	0.090%	(5,454,322)	4,297,190	-126.9%	91.9%
2014	0.090%	2,142,832	4,485,910	47.8%	91.9%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10-years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Schedule of Contributions

Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily required ontribution	relatior statutorily	utions in n to the / required bution	-	ontribution deficiency (excess)	E	Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2021	\$ 1,292,611	\$	-	\$	1,292,611	\$	6,708,689	19.3%
2020	1,112,141		-		1,112,141		5,627,811	19.8%
2019	760,126		-		760,126		4,759,482	16.0%
2018	758,273		-		758,273		4,654,420	16.3%
2017	658,939		-		658,939		4,727,862	13.9%
2016	642,135		-		642,135		4,665,540	13.8%
2015	604,203		-		604,203		4,297,190	14.1%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined al 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10-years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Supplementary Information

Curry County, Oregon Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund			Total
ASSETS	•		•		•	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net of allowance	\$	3,578,603 190,979	\$	-	\$	3,578,603 190,979
Accounts receivable, her of allowance		190,979		-		190,979
Total assets	\$	3,769,582	\$	-	\$	3,769,582
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	60,667	\$	-	\$	60,667
Accrued payroll and related expenses		33,630		-		33,630
Other accrual		161,517		-		161,517
Unearned revenue		9,672		-		9,672
Total liabilities		265,486		-		265,486
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		3,045,283		-		3,045,283
Committed		334,688		-		334,688
Assigned		124,125		-		124,125
Total fund balances		3,504,096		-		3,504,096
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,769,582	\$	-	\$	3,769,582

Curry County, Oregon Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance June 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Fund	 Capital Projects Fund	Total
REVENUES				
Franchise taxes	\$	195,699	\$ -	\$ 195,699
Grants and donations		283,406	-	283,406
Donations		48,045	-	48,045
Charges for services		972,575	-	972,575
Intergovernmental		1,397,271	-	1,397,271
Licenses and permits		670,448	-	670,448
Investment earnings		15,061	-	15,061
Reimbursements		-	-	-
Internal service		16,076	-	16,076
Miscellaneous		28,756	 5,482	 34,238
Total revenues		3,627,337	 5,482	 3,632,819
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General governmental		1,180,588	-	1,180,588
Public works		283,434	-	283,434
Health and welfare		2,366,660	-	2,366,660
Capital outlay		296,060	 -	 296,060
Total expenditures		4,126,742	 -	 4,126,742
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(499,405)	5,482	(493,923)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets		126,000	-	126,000
Transfers in		1,420,693	-	1,420,693
Transfers out		(1,148,388)	 -	 (1,148,388)
Total other financing sources (uses)		398,305	 -	 398,305
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(101,100)	5,482	(95,618)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		3,605,196	 (5,482)	 3,599,714
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	3,504,096	\$ -	\$ 3,504,096

	Med	ourt iation Ind	Develo	iomic opment ind	Clerk's Record Reserve Fund	Prese	erstone rvation und
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 231,139	\$	-
Accounts receivable		-		-	44		-
Prepaid expenses		-			 -		
Total assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 231,183	\$	-
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,909	\$	-
Accrued payroll and related							
expenses		-		-	-		-
Other accrual		-		-	-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-	-		-
Due to other funds		-		-	 -		-
Total liabilities		-		-	 5,909		-
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		-		-	225,274		-
Committed		-		-	-		-
Assigned		-		-	 -		-
Total fund balances				-	 225,274		-
Total liabilities and							
fund balances	\$	-	\$		\$ 231,183	\$	-

	State Sector Fu	urity	L	Law .ibrary Fund	 Public Health Fund	ver System intenance Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	7,957	\$ 337,307	\$ 127,679
Accounts receivable		-		-	1,132	-
Prepaid expenses		-		-	 -	 -
Total assets	\$	-	\$	7,957	\$ 338,439	\$ 127,679
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	552	\$ 3,533	\$ 3,554
Accrued payroll and related						-
expenses		-		327	218	-
Other accrual		-		-	-	-
Unearned revenue		-		-	-	-
Due to other funds		-		-	 -	 -
Total liabilities		-		879	 3,751	 3,554
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		-		7,078	-	-
Committed		-		-	334,688	-
Assigned		-		-	 -	 124,125
Total fund balances		-		7,078	 334,688	 124,125
Total liabilities and						
fund balances	\$	-	\$	7,957	\$ 338,439	\$ 127,679

	Cou Par Fur	ks	Victims Assistance Fund	 County Fair Fund	ommunity velopment Fund
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 758,590	\$ 823,161
Accounts receivable		-	-	715	72,221
Prepaid expenses		-		 -	 -
Total assets	\$	-	\$-	\$ 759,305	\$ 895,382
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$-	\$ 4,505	\$ 41,676
Accrued payroll and related		-	-	-	-
expenses		-	-	1,459	27,694
Other accrual		-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue		-	-	-	7,600
Due to other funds		-		 -	 -
Total liabilities		-		 5,964	76,970
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted		-	-	753,341	818,412
Committed		-	-	-	-
Assigned		-		 -	 -
Total fund balances		-		 753,341	818,412
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 759,305	\$ 895,382

	Aco	EG cess ind		leral CFDA Grants Fund		ate/Local Grants Fund		County School Fund
ASSETS	•		•	100 100	•	(04.000)	•	(00.000)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	136,408	\$	(81,396)	\$	(26,696)
Accounts receivable		-		21,177		68,994		26,696
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	-	\$	157,585	\$	(12,402)	\$	-
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	464	\$	474	\$	-
Accrued payroll and related		-		-		-		-
expenses		-		1,494		2,438		-
Other accrual		-		161,517		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		2,072		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities				163,475		4,984		-
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		-		(5,890)		(17,386)		-
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		-		(5,890)		(17,386)		-
						<u>, , , , ,</u>		
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$	-	\$	157,585	\$	(12,402)	\$	-

	Title III Reserve Fund		Drford dfill nd	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 1,264,454	\$	-	\$ 3,578,603
Prepaid expenses	_		-	190,979
	 	1		
Total assets	\$ 1,264,454	\$	-	\$ 3,769,582
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 60,667
Accrued payroll and related	-		-	-
expenses	-		-	33,630
Other accrual	-		-	161,517
Unearned revenue	-		-	9,672
Due to other funds	 -		-	 -
Total liabilities	 -			 265,486
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	1,264,454		-	3,045,283
Committed	-		-	334,688
Assigned	 -		-	 124,125
Total fund balances	 1,264,454			 3,504,096
Total liabilities and				
fund balances	\$ 1,264,454	\$	-	\$ 3,769,582

Total other financing sources (uses) (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,819) (102,416) 43,898 (167,313) FUND BALANCE, beginning of year 28,819 102,418 181,376 167,313		Court Mediation Fund	Economic Development Fund	Clerk's Record Reserve Fund	Cornerstone Preservation Fund
Grants and contracts -					
Donations -		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services - - 65,015 - Intergovernmental - - - - Licenses and permits - - - - Investment earnings - - - - - Reimbursements - - - - - - - Fines and penalties -		-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental - - - - Licenses and permits - - - - Investment earnings - - - - Reimbursements - - - - Fines and penalties - - - - Fines and penalties - - - - Internal service - - - - Miscellaneous - - - - Total revenues - - - - Current - - - - General governmental - - - - Public safety - - - - Public works - - - - Total expenditures - - - - Total expenditures - - - - Excess of revenues over - - - - Gaie of capital assets - - - -		-	-	-	-
Licenses and permits -		-	-	65,015	-
Investment earnings - - 1,310 - Reimbursements - - - - - Fines and penalties - </td <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	-	-	-	-	-
Reimbursements - - - - Fines and penalties - - - - Internal service - - - - Miscellaneous - - - - - Total revenues - - 66,325 - - EXPENDITURES - - 66,325 - - Current General governmental - - 22,427 - Public safety - - - - - Public works - - - - - Capital outlay - - - - - Total expenditures - - 22,427 - - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures - - 22,427 - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures - - - - - Sale of capital assets - - - - - - - Transfers out (28,819) (102,416)<		-	-	1 210	-
Fines and penalties - - - - Internal service - - - - - Miscellaneous - - - - - - Total revenues - - 66,325 - - EXPENDITURES - - 66,325 - Current General governmental - - 22,427 - Public safety - - - - - Public works - - - - - Capital outlay - - - - - - Total expenditures - <td< td=""><td>5</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>1,310</td><td>-</td></td<>	5	-	-	1,310	-
Internal service -		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous - <			-	-	
EXPENDITURES Current General governmental - - 22,427 - Public safety - - - - - Public works - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Current General governmental - - 22,427 - Public safety - <td>Total revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>66,325</td> <td></td>	Total revenues			66,325	
Current General governmental - - 22,427 - Public safety - <td>EXPENDITURES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES				
General governmental - - 22,427 - Public safety - - - - Public works - - - - Public works - - - - Health and welfare - - - - Capital outlay - - - - Total expenditures - - 22,427 - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures - - 43,898 - OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets - - - - Transfers in - - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,819) (102,416) 43,898 (167,313) FUND BALANCE, beginning of year 28,819 102,418 181,376 167,313					
Public safety - - - - - Public works - - - - - Health and welfare - - - - - Capital outlay - - - - - - Total expenditures - - 22,427 - - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures - - 43,898 - OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets - - - - Sale of capital assets - - - - - Transfers in - - - - - - Transfers out (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) Total other financing sources (uses) (28,819) (102,416) 43,898 (167,313) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,819) (102,416) 43,898 (167,313) FUND BALANCE, beginning of year 28,819 102,418 181,376 167,313		-	-	22.427	-
Public works - <t< td=""><td>•</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>, –</td><td>-</td></t<>	•	-	-	, –	-
Capital outlay -		-	-	-	-
Total expenditures - 22,427 - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures - 43,898 - OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets - - 43,898 - Transfers in Transfers out (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) Total other financing sources (uses) (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,819) (102,416) 43,898 (167,313) FUND BALANCE, beginning of year 28,819 102,418 181,376 167,313	Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures - 43,898 - OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets - <td>Capital outlay</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Capital outlay				
(under) expenditures - 43,898 - OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets -	Total expenditures			22,427	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets -	Excess of revenues over				
Sale of capital assets - - - - - Transfers in - - - - - - Transfers out (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) Total other financing sources (uses) (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,819) (102,416) 43,898 (167,313) FUND BALANCE, beginning of year 28,819 102,418 181,376 167,313	(under) expenditures			43,898	
Transfers out (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) Total other financing sources (uses) (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,819) (102,416) 43,898 (167,313) FUND BALANCE, beginning of year 28,819 102,418 181,376 167,313		-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses) (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,819) (102,416) 43,898 (167,313) FUND BALANCE, beginning of year 28,819 102,418 181,376 167,313	Transfers in	-	-	-	-
sources (uses) (28,819) (102,416) - (167,313) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,819) (102,416) 43,898 (167,313) FUND BALANCE, beginning of year 28,819 102,418 181,376 167,313	Transfers out	(28,819)	(102,416)		(167,313)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year 28,819 102,418 181,376 167,313	-	(28,819)	(102,416)	<u> </u>	(167,313)
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(28,819)	(102,416)	43,898	(167,313)
	FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	28,819	102,418	181,376	167,313
FUND DALANCE, end of year <u>\$ - \$ 225,274 \$ - </u>	FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 225,274	\$ -

	Security Fund	Library Fund	Health Fund	Maintenance Fund
REVENUES	•	<u>^</u>	<u> </u>	•
Franchise taxes Grants and contracts	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-
Donations	-	-	158,432	-
Charges for services	-	-	- 151,470	- 57,966
Intergovernmental	-	17,037	328,777	
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	80	-	-
Reimbursements	-	-	-	-
Fines and penalties	-	-	-	-
Internal service	-	-	-	16,076
Miscellaneous			2,913	-
Total revenues		17,117	641,592	74,042
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General governmental	-	19,904	-	89,783
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	476,709	-
Capital outlay				2,290
Total expenditures		19,904	476,709	92,073
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	-	(2,787)	164,883	(18,031)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(268,269)		-	
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(268,269)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(268,269)	(2,787)	164,883	(18,031)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	268,269	9,865	169,805	142,156
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ 7,078	\$ 334,688	\$ 124,125

	County Parks Fund	Victims Assistance Fund	County Fair Fund	Community Development Fund
REVENUES				
Franchise taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Grants and contracts	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	-	640	28,205
Charges for services	-	-	107,817	590,307
Intergovernmental	-	-	53,167	311,283
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	670,448
Investment earnings	-	-	2,636	-
Reimbursements	-	-	-	-
Fines and penalties	-	-	-	-
Internal service	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous			9,079	16,764
Total revenues			173,339	1,617,007
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General governmental	-	913	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	283,434	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	1,889,951
Capital outlay	-	-	-	28,222
				<u> </u>
Total expenditures		913	283,434	1,918,173
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	-	(913)	(110,095)	(301,166)
((/		(/
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	126,000
Transfers in	-	-	428,405	992,288
Transfers out	(92,843)			(39,382)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(92,843)		428,405	1,078,906
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(92,843)	(913)	318,310	777,740
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	92,843	913	435,031	40,672
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 753,341	\$ 818,412

	PEG Access Fund	Federal CFDA Grants Fund	State/Local Grants Fund	County School Fund
REVENUES	^	^	¢	¢ 105.000
Franchise taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 195,699
Grants and contracts	-	124,974	-	-
Donations Charges for convision	-	-	19,200	-
Charges for services	-	-	100.044	224 425
Intergovernmental Licenses and permits	-	-	122,844	324,125
Investment earnings	-	-	-	42
Reimbursements	-	-	-	42
Fines and penalties			_	_
Internal service			-	-
Miscellaneous	_	_	_	_
Wiscellaneous				
Total revenues		124,974	142,044	519,866
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General governmental	-	361,787	165,906	519,866
Public safety	-	-		-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures		361,787	165,906	519,866
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	-	(236,813)	(23,862)	-
		(, ,	(-) /	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(35,257)	<u> </u>		
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(35,257)	-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(35,257)	(236,813)	(23,862)	-
	<u> </u>	000 000	0.470	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	35,257	230,923	6,476	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ (5,890)	\$ (17,386)	\$-
Curry County, Oregon Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Title III Reserve Fund	Port Orford Landfill Fund	Total
REVENUES			
Franchise taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 195,699
Grants and contracts	-	-	283,406
Donations	-	-	48,045
Charges for services	-	-	972,575
Intergovernmental	240,038	-	1,397,271
Licenses and permits	-	-	670,448
Investment earnings	10,993	-	15,061
Reimbursements	-	-	-
Fines and penalties	-	-	-
Internal service	-	-	16,076
Miscellaneous	-		28,756
Total revenues	251,031		3,627,337
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General governmental	-	-	1,180,588
Public safety	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	283,434
Health and welfare	-	-	2,366,660
Capital outlay	265,548	-	296,060
	,		<u>,</u>
Total expenditures	265,548		4,126,742
Excess of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	(14,517)	-	(499,405)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of capital assets	-	-	126,000
Transfers in	-	-	1,420,693
Transfers out	(59,189)	(354,900)	(1,148,388)
Total other financing		(054.000)	000.007
sources (uses)	(59,189)	(354,900)	398,305
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(73,706)	(354,900)	(101,100)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,338,160	354,900	3,605,196
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 1,264,454	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 3,504,096

Curry County, Oregon Court Mediation Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		 Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	\$	-	\$		\$ (28,819)	\$	(28,819)
Total other financing sources (uses)					 (28,819)		(28,819)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	(28,819)		(28,819)
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		-		-	 28,819		28,819
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$		\$	-	\$ 	\$	-

Curry County, Oregon Economic Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		E	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	\$		\$		(1) _(1)	\$ - (102,416)	\$	- (102,416)
Total other financing sources (uses)				-	_	 (102,416)		(102,416)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(102,416)		(102,416)
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		<u> </u>		-	_	 102,416		102,416
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$		\$	-	=	\$ -	\$	

(1) Appropriation Level by Object

Curry County, Oregon Clerk's Record Reserve Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		I	Final Budget	Actual			ance With al Budget
REVENUES	¢	40.000	^	40.000	^	05.045	¢	47.045
Charges for services	\$	48,000	\$	48,000	\$	65,015	\$	17,015
Investment earnings	-	500		500		1,310		810
Total revenues		48,500		48,500		66,325		17,825
EXPENDITURES								
Personal services		7,825		7,825 (1)		-		7,825
Materials and services		46,675		46,675 (1)		22,427		24,248
Reserve		90,000		90,000 (1)		-		90,000
	-			()				<u> </u>
Total expenditures		144,500		144,500		22,427		122,073
Excess of revenues								
Over (under) expenditures		(96,000)		(96,000)		43,898		139,898
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(4,000)		(4,000) (1)		-		4,000
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		(4,000)		(4,000)		-		4,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(100,000)		(100,000)		43,898		143,898
		(100,000)		(100,000)		40,000		140,000
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		100,000		100,000		181,376		81,376
	•		•		•		•	
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	225,274	\$	225,274
(1) Appropriation Level by Object								

Curry County, Oregon Cornerstone Preservation Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		 Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$ (167,313)	\$	(167,313)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 (167,313)		(167,313)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	(167,313)		(167,313)	
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		-		-	 167,313		167,313	
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	

Curry County, Oregon State Court Security Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget		 Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	\$		\$ <u> </u>	\$ (268,269)	\$	268,269
Total expenditures			 <u> </u>	 (268,269)		268,269
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	(268,269)		268,269
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		-	 <u> </u>	 268,269		268,269
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	-	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$	536,538

Curry County, Oregon Law Library Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		_	Actual			ance With al Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$	22,000	\$	22,000	_	\$	17,037 80	\$	(4,963) 80
Total revenues		22,000		22,000	-		17,117		(4,883)
EXPENDITURES Personal services Materials and services		15,182 4,353		,	(1)		15,371 2,242		(189) 2,111
IGS – materials and services Total expenditures		2,465 22,000		2,465 22,000	(1) <u>-</u>		2,291 19,904		174 2,096
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-			(2,787)		(2,787)
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year				<u> </u>	-		9,865		9,865
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$		\$		=	\$	7,078	\$	7,078

(1) Appropriation Level by Object

Curry County, Oregon Public Health Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES	Original Budget		Final Budget		. <u> </u>	Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
	• •	10 450	^	040 450		•	454 470	^	(50.000)
Charges for services		210,150	\$	210,150	;	\$	151,470	\$	(58,680)
Intergovernmental		508,613		508,613			328,777		(179,836)
Grants and contracts	5	575,000		575,000			158,432		(416,568)
Miscellaneous		-		-	-		2,913		2,913
Total revenues	1,2	293,763		1,293,763			641,592		(652,171)
EXPENDITURES									
Personal services	4	167,973		467,973	(1)		314,723		153,250
Materials and services	8	321,959		821,959	(1)		46,165		775,794
IGS – materials and services		84,145		84,145	(1)		115,821		(31,676)
Total expenditures	1,3	374,077		1,374,077			476,709		897,368
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	1	42,114		142,114			-		142,114
Transfers out		(61,800)		(61,800)	· _		-	-	(61,800)
Total expenditures		80,314		80,314					80,314
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-			164,883		325,511
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year				-	- <u>-</u>		169,805		169,805
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$		\$	_		\$	334,688	\$	495,316

(1) Appropriation Level by Object

Curry County, Oregon Towers System Maintenance Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES	• • • • •	• - / -/ - / -/ -/		•		•	(40,570)
Charges for services	\$ 71,545	\$ 71,545		\$	57,966	\$	(13,579)
Internal service revenue	15,660	15,660			16,076		416
Reimbursements	5,350	5,350	-		-		(5,350)
Total revenues	92,555	92,555	-		74,042		(18,513)
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services	83,788	83,788	(1)		67,329		16,459
IGS – materials and services	18,343	18,343	(1)		22,454		(4,111)
Reserve for future expenditures	305,390	305,390	(1)		-		305,390
Contingency	3,571	3,571	(1)		-		3,571
Capital outlay	21,689	21,689	(1)		2,290		19,399
Total expenditures	432,781	432,781	-		92,073		340,708
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(340,226)	(340,226)	•		(18,031)		322,195
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	96,331	96,331			-		(96,331)
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	96,331	96,331	_		-		(96,331)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(243,895)	(243,895)	-		(18,031)		225,864
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year	243,895	243,895	-		142,156		(101,739)
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$-	\$ -	-	\$	124,125	\$	124,125

(1) Appropriation Level

Curry County, Oregon County Parks Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Fir Bud		 Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (92,843)	\$	(92,843)
Total other financing sources (uses)				-	 (92,843)		(92,843)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	(92,843)		(92,843)
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		-			 92,843		92,843
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 	\$	-

Curry County, Oregon Victims' Assistance Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - (913)	\$	(913)
Total other financing sources (uses)			 <u> </u>	 (913)		(913)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	(913)		(913)
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year			 <u> </u>	 913		913
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$		\$ 	\$ <u> </u>	\$	

Curry County, Oregon County Fair Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual			iance With al Budget
REVENUES	•	100.000	•	100.000	•		•	(00,000)
Charges for services	\$	168,800	\$	168,800	\$	107,817	\$	(60,983)
Intergovernmental		53,500		53,500		53,167		(333)
Donations		27,800		27,800		640		(27,160)
Miscellaneous		30,000		30,000		9,079		(20,921)
Investment earnings		-		-		2,636		2,636
Total revenues		280,100		280,100		173,339		(106,761)
EXPENDITURES								
Personal services		122,889		122,889 (1)	62,775		60,114
IGS – personal services		313		313 (1)	-		313
Materials and services		397,441		397,441 (1)	202,495		194,946
IGS – materials and services		19,268		19,268 (1)	18,164		1,104
Contingency		22,296		22,296 (1)	-		22,296
Capital outlay		100,000		100,000 (1)	-		100,000
Total expenditures		662,207		662,207		283,434		378,773
Excess of revenues								
Over (under) expenditures		(382,107)		(382,107)		(110,095)		272,012
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		111.007		444.007		400,405		044.000
Transfers in		114,307		114,307		428,405		314,098
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		114,307		114,307		428,405		314,098
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(267,800)		(267,800)		318,310		586,110
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		267,800		267,800		435,031		167,231
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	753,341	\$	753,341

(1) Appropriation Level by Object

Curry County, Oregon Community Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		iance With al Budget
REVENUES	•	500.000	•	500.000	•	070 440	•	70 5 40
Licenses and permits	\$	590,900	\$	590,900	\$	670,448	\$	79,548
Charges for services		544,718		544,718		590,307		45,589
Donations		400		28,400		28,205		(195)
Intergovernmental		383,294		420,597		311,283		(109,314)
Miscellaneous		500		500		16,764		16,264
Total revenues		1,519,812		1,585,115		1,617,007		31,892
EXPENDITURES								
Personal services		1,260,093		1,298,887 (1))	1,254,967		43,920
Materials and services		707,805		728,661 (1))	375,476		353,185
IGS – materials and services		244,117		273,727 (1))	259,508		14,219
Contingency		45,042		45,042 (1))	-		45,042
Capital Outlay		-		- (1)		28,222		(28,222)
Total expenditures		2,257,057		2,346,317		1,918,173		428,144
Excess of revenues								
Over (under) expenditures		(737,245)		(761,202)		(301,166)		460,036
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of land		10,000		10,000		126,000		116,000
Transfers in		804,245		804,245		992,288		188,043
Transfers out		(77,000)		(77,000) (1)		(39,382)		37,618
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		737,245		737,245		1,078,906		188,043
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(23,957)		777,740		648,079
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year						40,672		40,672
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$		\$	(23,957)	\$	818,412	\$	688,751

(1) Appropriation Level by Object

Curry County, Oregon PEG Access Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		nal dget	 Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (35,257)	\$	(35,257)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			 	 (35,257)		(35,257)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	(35,257)		(35,257)	
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		-	 -	 35,257		35,257	
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$		\$ -	\$ 	\$	-	

Curry County, Oregon Federal CFDA Grants Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Grants and donations	\$ 149,484	\$ 149,484	\$	124,974	\$ (24,510)		
Total revenues	149,484	149,484		124,974	(24,510)		
EXPENDITURES							
Personal services	98,048	98,048	(1)	63,731	34,317		
Materials and services	44,005	44,005	(1)	290,620	(246,615)		
IGS – materials and services	7,431	7,431	(1)	7,436	(5)		
Total expenditures	149,484	149,484		361,787	(212,303)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-		(236,813)	(236,813)		
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year				230,923	230,923		
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$-	\$-	\$	(5,890)	\$ (5,890)		

(1) Appropriation Level by Object

Curry County, Oregon State/Local Grants Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	155,086	\$	162,011		\$ 122,844	\$	(39,167)	
Donations		1,500		1,500	_	19,200		17,700	
Total revenues		156,586		163,511		142,044		(21,467)	
EXPENDITURES									
Personal services		149,977		149,977 (1	1)	142,528		7,449	
Materials and services		10,109		17,034 (1	1) _	23,378		(6,344)	
Total expenditures		160,086		167,011	_	165,906		1,105	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,500)		(3,500)		(23,862)		(20,362)	
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		3,500		3,500		6,476		2,976	
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	-	\$	-	-	\$ (17,386)	\$	(17,386)	

(1) Appropriation Level by Object

Curry County, Oregon County School Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
REVENUES	•		•		•		•	(
Intergovernmental	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	324,125	\$	(175,875)	
Franchise taxes		500,000		500,000		195,699		(304,301)	
Investment earnings		-		-		42		42	
Total revenues		1,000,000		1,000,000		519,866		(480,134)	
EXPENDITURES									
Pass through payment		1,000,000		1,000,000		519,866		480,134	
Total expenditures		1,000,000		1,000,000		519,866		480,134	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year						-		-	
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		

Curry County, Oregon Title III Reserve Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
REVENUES Grants and contracts Investment Earnings	\$ 51,000	0 \$ 51,000 	\$ 240,038 10,993	\$ 189,038 3,397		
Total revenues	51,000	51,000	251,031	192,435		
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services	215,000	,		409,439		
Capital Outlay Contingency	726,000	(1) <u>531,561 (</u> 1)		(265,548) 531,561		
Total expenditures	941,000	941,000	265,548	675,452		
Excess of revenues Over (under) expenditures	(890,000	0) (890,000)	(14,517)	875,483		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(1)	(59,189)	(59,189)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>	(59,189)	(59,189)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(890,000	0) (890,000)	(73,706)	816,294		
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year	890,000	890,000	1,338,160	448,160		
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	- \$	\$ 1,264,454	\$ 1,264,454		
(1) Appropriation Level by Object						

Curry County, Oregon Port Orford Landfill Trust Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	- 5 -		nal dget	 Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other financing	\$		\$ 	\$ (354,900)	\$	(354,900)	
sources (uses)			 <u> </u>	 (354,900)		(354,900)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	(354,900)		(354,900)	
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year			 	 354,900		354,900	
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	-	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-	

Curry County, Oregon Building Repair and Construction (Capital Projects) Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget		A	octual	Variance With Final Budget		
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$		\$ <u> </u>	\$	5,482	\$	5,482
Total revenues		-	 -		5,482		5,482
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-		5,482		5,482
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		-	 -		(5,482)		(5,482)
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$		\$ -	\$	-	\$	

Curry County, Oregon Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

ASSETS	Commis Service		ninistration vices Fund	General rvices Fund	Vehicle Replacement Reserve Fund	Res	serve Fund	 Total
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$ 79,138	\$ 	\$ -	\$	478,864	\$ 558,002
Total current assets		-	 79,138	 <u> </u>			478,864	 558,002
Capital assets Buildings Machinery and equipment Accumulated depreciation		- - -	 66,293 695,966 (587,648)	 - 1,145,796 (931,747)	- 537,518 (537,518)		- - -	 66,293 2,379,280 (2,056,913)
Total capital assets		-	 174,611	 214,049			-	 388,660
Total assets		-	 253,749	 214,049			478,864	 946,662
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related deferred outflows			 422,525	 			-	 422,525
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	-	\$ 676,274	\$ 214,049	\$-	\$	478,864	\$ 1,369,187
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related expenses Current portion of loan payable	\$	- - -	\$ 55,283 23,855 9,864	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$	10,538 - -	\$ 65,821 23,855 9,864
Total current liabilities		-	89,002	-	-		10,538	99,540
Noncurrent liabilities Loan payable Net pension liability		-	 19,250 1,477,413	 -			-	 19,250 1,477,413
Total liabilities			 1,585,665	 			10,538	 1,596,203
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related deferred inflows			 142,300	 				 142,300
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	 142,300	 -			-	 142,300
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted		-	145,497	214,049	:		-	359,546
Unrestricted		-	 (1,197,188)	 -			468,326	 (728,862)
Total net position		-	 (1,051,691)	 214,049			468,326	 (369,316)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	-	\$ 676,274	\$ 214,049	\$-	\$	478,864	\$ 1,369,187

Curry County, Oregon Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Commissioners'	Administration	General	Vehicle Replacement		
	Services Fund	Services Fund	Services Fund	Reserve Fund	Reserve Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES		· · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Charges for services	\$-	\$ 1,677,622	\$-	\$-	\$ 37,636	\$ 1,715,258
Grants for contracts	-	2,368	-	-	-	2,368
Reimbursement	-	37,472	-	-	-	37,472
Miscellaneous	1,067	1,244				2,311
Total operating revenue	1,067	1,718,706			37,636	1,757,409
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personal services	-	1,259,058	-	-	-	1,259,058
Materials and services	-	778,578	-	-	(12,569)	766,009
IGS – materials and services	-	7,722	-	-	-	7,722
Depreciation		38,124	61,290	12,441		111,855
Total operating expenses		2,083,482	61,290	12,441	(12,569)	2,144,644
Income (loss) from operations	1,067	(364,776)	(61,290)	(12,441)	50,205	(387,235)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest expense	-	(5,757)	-	-	-	(5,757)
Interest income					1,836	1,836
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(5,757)			1,836	(3,921)
Income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers	1,067	(370,533)	(61,290)	(12,441)	52,041	(391,156)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	312,783	-	-	-	312,783
Transfers out			(274,352)		(24,502,950)	(24,777,302)
Total contributions and transfers	<u> </u>	312,783	(274,352)	<u> </u>	(24,502,950)	(24,464,519)
Change in net position	1,067	(57,750)	(335,642)	(12,441)	(24,450,909)	(24,855,675)
Beginning net position	(1,067)	(993,941)	549,691	12,441	24,919,235	24,486,359
Ending net position	<u>\$-</u>	\$ (1,051,691)	\$ 214,049	\$-	\$ 468,326	\$ (369,316)

Curry County, Oregon Internal Service Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Commissioners' Services Fund	Iministration ervices Fund	General vices Fund	Rep	/ehicle lacement erve Fund	Re	eserve Fund	 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from services provided Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ - - -	\$ 1,718,706 (775,429) (1,224,260)	\$ - (5,753) (1,976)	\$	-	\$	37,636 (12,805) (36,653)	\$ 1,756,342 (793,987) (1,262,889)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		 (280,983)	 (7,729)		-		(11,822)	 (300,534)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund transfers		 312,783	 (274,352)				(24,502,950)	 (24,464,519)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities		 312,783	 (274,352)				(24,502,950)	 (24,464,519)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Debt principal and interest payments Acquisition and construction of capital assets		 (27,295) (130,958)	 -		-		-	 (27,295) (130,958)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		 (158,253)	 					 (158,253)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments		 -	 		-		1,836	 1,836
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		-	 		-		1,836	 1,836
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	-	(126,453)	(282,081)		-		(24,512,936)	(24,921,470)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		 205,591	 282,081		-		24,991,800	 25,479,472
Cash and cash equivalents – end of year	\$-	\$ 79,138	\$ -	\$	-	\$	478,864	\$ 558,002
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities								
Operating income (loss) adjustments Depreciation expense	\$ 1,067 -	\$ (364,776) 38,124	\$ (61,290) 61,290	\$	(12,441) 12,441	\$	50,205	\$ (387,235) 111,855
Increase (decrease) in liabilities Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Unearned revenue Proportionate share of net pension liabilities	(1,067)	10,871 2,315 -	(5,753) (1,976) -		- -		(6,227) (36,653) (19,147)	(1,109) (37,381) (19,147)
and related deferrals		 32,483	 		-			 32,483
Net cash from operations	\$-	\$ (280,983)	\$ (7,729)	\$	-	\$	(11,822)	\$ (300,534)

Curry County, Oregon Commissioners Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Judget	A	Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 	\$	1,067	\$	(1,067)	
Total revenues	 <u> </u>	 		1,067		(1,067)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-		1,067		1,067	
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year	 	 	,	(1,067)		(1,067)	
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		

Curry County, Oregon Administrative Services Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	riance With nal Budget
REVENUES		<u></u>	 			 <u></u>
Internal services revenue	\$	1,931,796	\$ 1,931,796	\$	1,677,622	\$ (254,174)
Reimbursement		-	-		37,472	37,472
Grants and contracts		2,200	2,200		2,368	168
Miscellaneous		-	 -		1,244	 1,244
Total revenues		1,933,996	 1,933,996		1,718,706	 (215,290)
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services		1,077,319	1,077,850 (1)	1,086,931	(9,081)
IGS – personal services		20,542	20,542 (1)	-	20,542
Materials and services		877,798	877,267 (1)	778,581	98,686
IGS – materials and services		10,388	10,388 (1)	7,722	2,666
Debt service - principal payments		25,300	25,300 (1		21,537	3,763
Debt service - interest payments		6,500	6,500 (1)	5,759	741
Capital outlay		161,000	161,000 (1)	130,959	30,041
Contingency		65,000	 65,000 (1	,	-	 65,000
Total expenditures		2,243,847	 2,243,847		2,031,489	 212,358
Excess of revenues Over (under) expenditures		(309,851)	 (309,851)		(312,783)	 (427,648)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		309,851	309,851		312,783	2,932
		309,031	 309,001		512,705	 2,352
Total other financing sources (uses)		309,851	309,851		312,783	2,932
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-		-	-
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		-	 -		-	-
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$	-	\$ -		-	\$ -
Reconciliation to GAAP basis						
Capital assets					174,611	
Net pension liability					(1,477,413)	
Long-term debt					(29,114)	
Pension related deferred inflows/outflows (ne	et)				280,225	
GAAP net position – end of year				\$	(1,051,691)	

(1) Appropriation Level by Object

	Original Budget		Fir Buc	nal Iget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				<u> </u>	 		
Transfers out Total other financing	\$		\$	-	\$ (274,352)	\$	(274,352)
sources (uses)		-			 (274,352)		(274,352)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	(274,352)		(274,352)
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year		-			 274,352		274,352
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

Curry County, Oregon Reserve Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget – Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES				
Investment earnings	\$-	\$ -	\$ 1,836	\$ 1,836
Internal services revenue	35,000	35,000	37,636	2,636
Total revenues	35,000	35,000	39,472	4,472
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services	455,000	455,000	(12,569)	467,569
Total expenditures	455,000	455,000	(12,569)	467,569
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	490,000	490,000	26,903	472,041
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(26,289,000)	(26,289,000)	(24,502,950)	1,786,050
Total other financing sources (uses)	(26,289,000)	(26,289,000)	(24,502,950)	1,786,050
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(26,709,000)	(26,709,000)	(24,450,909)	2,258,091
FUND BALANCE – beginning of year	26,709,000	26,709,000	24,919,235	(1,789,765)
FUND BALANCE – end of year	\$ -	\$-	\$ 468,326	\$ 468,326

Curry County, Oregon Custodial Funds Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

	EREST UND	UNSEGREGATED TAXES FUND		A & T tax office fund		DVANCE XES FUND	PAYROLL LIABILITY FUND		TREASURER'S BANKING FUND		 Total
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$ 348	\$ 271,447	\$	142,073	\$	1,148,705	\$	274,750	\$	-	\$ 1,837,323
Receivables											
Accounts	-	-		210		-		29,481		-	29,691
Taxes	 -	 1,470,955		<u> </u>		-		-			 1,470,955
Total assets	\$ 348	\$ 1,742,402	\$	142,283	\$	1,148,705	\$	304,231	\$	-	\$ 3,337,969
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	-	-		-		-		-		-	-
Payroll liabilities	-	-		-		-		304,231		-	304,231
Due to – Oregon state	-	-		142,283		-		-		-	142,283
Due to – state unclaimed property	-	-		-		-		-		-	-
Due to – other agencies	-	-		-		-		-		-	-
Due to – other taxing districts	 348	 1,742,402		-		1,148,705		-		-	 2,891,455
Total liabilities	\$ 348	\$ 1,742,402	\$	142,283	\$	1,148,705	\$	304,231	\$	-	\$ 3,337,969

Curry County, Oregon Custodial Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2021

	INTEREST FUND	UNSEGREGATED TAXES FUND	A & T tax office fund	ADVANCE TAXES FUND	PAYROLL LIABILITY FUND	TREASURER'S BANKING FUND	Total
ADDITIONS Tax collections for other governments Interest	\$- 	\$ 27,899,385	\$ 390,945 	\$ 4,004	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 28,294,334 23,963
Total additions	23,963	27,899,385	390,945	4,004			28,318,297
DEDUCTIONS Distributions to districts Other	- 23,963	27,899,385	390,945	4,004	-		28,294,334 23,963
Total deductions	23,963	27,899,385	390,945	4,004			28,318,297
Change in net position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net position - beginning	<u> </u>						
Net position - ending	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-

Curry County, Oregon Schedule of Property Tax Transactions and Balances of Taxes Uncollected Year Ended June 30, 2021

Tax Year	Imposed Levy or Balance Uncollected at 7/1/20	Deduct Discounts	Adjustments to Rolls	Add Interest	Cash Collections by County Treasurer	Balance Uncollected or Unsegregated at 6/30/21
Current						
2020-2021	\$ 29,713,925	\$ (754,074)	\$ (80,188)	\$ 2,991	\$ (28,088,692)	\$ 793,962
Prior Year						
2019-2020	957,562	(6,982)	(27,251)	6,184	(558,804)	370,709
2018-2019	382,401	(3,204)	(12,359)	4,486	(162,404)	208,920
2017-2018	342,151	(7,588)	(1,002)	4,894	(249,735)	88,720
2016-2017	190,853	(5,252)	(975)	3,270	(166,847)	21,049
2015-2016	137,233	(4,186)	-	692	(122,830)	10,909
2014-2015	135,712	(3,960)	-	292	(123,391)	8,653
Prior	436,154	(10,786)	(457)	558	(346,735)	78,734
Total Prior	2,582,066	(41,958)	(42,044)	20,376	(1,730,746)	787,694
Total all funds	\$ 32,295,991	\$ (796,032)	\$ (122,232)	\$ 23,367	\$ (29,819,438)	\$ 1,581,656
Classified by Fund						
General Fund					\$ 1,948,408	\$ 110,701
Unsegregated Tax	and Interest Fund	d (Custodial)			27,871,030	1,470,955
					\$ 29,819,438	\$ 1,581,656

NON-DEPARTMENTAL	Original Final ENTAL Budget Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,806,300	\$ 1,806,300	\$ 1,948,408	\$ 142,108
Intergovernmental	2,424,700	3,125,809	2,238,785	(887,024)
Franchise and other taxes	624,000	624,000	704,085	80,085
Reimbursements	-	554,230	554,230	-
Charges for services	42,000	42,000	6,141	(35,859)
Investment earnings	170,000	170,000	78,205	(91,795)
Licenses and permits	38,000	38,000	19,190	(18,810)
Fines and penalties	12,000	12,000	2,602	(9,398)
Grants and donations	7,500	7,500	(22,215)	(29,715)
Total revenues	5,124,500	6,379,839	5,529,431	(850,408)
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services	920,655	2,202,883	1,316,069	886,814
Interfund transfers out	6,105,170	6,105,170	4,857,588	1,247,582
Total expenditures	7,025,825	8,308,053	6,173,657	2,134,396
Total expenditures	7,023,023	0,000,000	0,175,057	2,134,390
Total non-departmental	\$ (1,901,325)	\$ (1,928,214)	\$ (644,226)	\$ 1,283,988
COUNTY CLERK - ELECTIONS				
REVENUES				
Miscellaneous	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 93	\$ 83
Intergovernmental	2,800	15,838	15,841	3
Charges for services	1,500	1,500	1,039	(461)
Reimbursements	30,000	30,000	33,556	3,556
Total revenue	34,310	47,348	50,529	3,181
EXPENDITURES				
Personal services	212,252	212,252	229,194	(16,942)
Materials and services	55,485	68,523	79,564	(11,041)
IGS – materials and services	40,149	40,149	37,818	2,331
Total expenditures	307,886	320,924	346,576	(25,652)
Debt service				
Interest	2,100	2,100	1,975	(125)
Principal	16,500	16,500	16,436	(64)
Total debt service	18,600	18,600	18,411	(189)
Total county clerk - elections	\$ (292,176)	\$ (292,176)	\$ (314,458)	\$ (22,660)

PROPERTY TAX APPEALS	Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual	ance With al Budget
REVENUES					
Grants and donations	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$ 561	\$ (439)
Total revenues	 1,000		1,000	 561	 (439)
REQUIREMENTS					
Personal services	3,500		3,500	3,884	(384)
Materials and services	870		870	-	870
IGS – materials and services	 597		597	 418	 179
Total requirements	 4,967		4,967	 4,302	 665
Total property tax appeals	(3,967)		(3,967)	 (3,741)	 226
Total requirements	\$ (3,967)	\$	(3,967)	\$ (3,741)	\$ 226
TAX COLLECTION					
REVENUES					
Grants and donations	\$ 36,800	\$	36,800	\$ 18,771	\$ (18,029)
Fines and penalties	10,850		10,850	13,831	2,981
Reimbursements	-		-	513	513
Charges for services	 1,000		1,000	 750	 (250)
Total revenue	 48,650		48,650	 33,865	 (14,785)
EXPENDITURES					
Personal services	118,204		118,204	118,566	(362)
Materials and services	62,561		62,561	54,470	8,091
IGS – materials and services	 23,672		23,672	 21,786	 1,886
Total expenditures	 204,437		204,437	 194,822	 9,615
Total tax collection	\$ (155,787)	\$	(155,787)	\$ (160,957)	\$ (5,170)

COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE	 Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual		iance With
REVENUES						
Grants and donations	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$	6,194	\$	(806)
Charges for services	 900	 900		896		(4)
Total revenues	 7,900	 7,900		7,090		(810)
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	114,415	114,415		115,764		(1,349)
Materials and services	8,342	8,342		9,230		(888)
IGS – materials and services	 13,582	 13,582		12,661		921
Total expenditures	 136,339	 136,339		137,655		(1,316)
Total county treasurer's office	\$ (128,439)	\$ (128,439)	\$	(130,565)	\$	(2,126)
	Original	Final			Vari	ance With
COUNTY ASSESSOR'S OFFICE	 Budget	 Budget	Actual			al Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 179,600	\$ 179,600	\$	90,600	\$	(89,000)
Charges for services	11,050	11,050		8,663		(2,387)
Fines and penalties	9,400	9,400		-		(9,400)
Reimbursements	300	300		1,817		1,517
Loan proceeds	170,000	170,000		-		(170,000)
Miscellaneous	1,000	 1,000		6,530		5,530
Total revenue	 371,350	 371,350		107,610		(263,740)
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	528,945	528,501		558,582		(30,081)
Materials and services	114,248	114,248		82,514		31,734
IGS – materials and services	85,931	85,931		73,497.00		12,434
Capital Outlay	 170,000	 170,000		63,223		106,777
Total expenditures	 899,124	 898,680		777,816		120,864
DEBT SERVICE						
Principal	 40,000	 40,000		-		40,000
Total debt service	 40,000	 40,000		-		40,000
Total County Assessor's Office	\$ (567,774)	\$ (567,330)	\$	(670,206)	\$	(102,876)

DISTRICT ATTORNEY	 Original Budget	Final Budget		 Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES Charges for services Reimbursements	\$ 22,000	\$	22,000	\$ 34,414 159	\$	12,414 159
Total revenues	 22,000		22,000	 34,573		12,573
EXPENDITURES Personal services Materials and services IGS – materials and services Interfund transfer outs	 334,348 48,757 55,993 18,628		334,348 48,757 55,993 18,628	 191,474 34,320 87,592		142,874 14,437 (31,599) 18,628
Total expenditures	 457,726		457,726	 313,386		144,340
Total district attorney	\$ (435,726)	\$	(435,726)	\$ (278,813)	\$	156,913
COUNTY CLERK - RECORDING						
REVENUES Charges for services Miscellaneous Interfund transfers in Total revenue	\$ 143,500 22,000 4,000 169,500	\$	143,500 22,000 4,000 169,500	\$ 229,661 24,216 - 253,877	\$	86,161 2,216 (4,000) 84,377
EXPENDITURES	 			 		
Personal services Materials and services IGS – materials and services	 171,876 6,701 29,065		171,876 6,701 29,065	 185,060 5,503 27,356		(13,184) 1,198 1,709
Total expenditures	 207,642		207,642	 217,919		(10,277)
Total county assessor's office	\$ (38,142)	\$	(38,142)	\$ 35,958	\$	74,100

JUVENILE – ADMINISTRATION	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	75,400	\$	81,400	\$	148,727	\$	67,327
Interfund transfer in		61,800		61,800		-		(61,800)
Grants and donations		-		7,200		-		(7,200)
Reimbursements		1,500		1,500		3,859		2,359
Charges for services		1,500		1,500		2,002		502
Miscellaneous		1,200	1,200		1,532		332	
Total revenues	141,400		154,600		156,120			1,520
EXPENDITURES								
Personal services		478,488		478,488		508,844		(30,356)
IGS – personal services		-		-		-		-
Materials and services		59,625		72,825		57,267		15,558
IGS – materials and services		79,951		79,951	100,165			(20,214)
Total expenditures		618,064		631,264		666,276		(35,012)
Total juvenile – administration	\$	(476,664)	\$	(476,664)	\$	(510,156)	\$	(33,492)

Curry County, Oregon Schedule of Accountability for Elected Officials June 30, 2021

	Ass	sessor	ounty Clerk	Dist Atto	trict rney	Sheriff	Trea	surer	Total
On hand – July 1, 2020	\$	400	\$ 100	\$	-	\$ 33,942	\$	-	\$ 34,442
Receipts Turnovers and disbursements		-	-		-	86,198		-	86,198
To County Treasurer and others		-	 -		-	(85,497)		-	(85,497)
On hand – June 30, 2020		400	 100		-	34,643		-	35,143
Consists of									
Change, petty cash and revolving funds Sheriff inmate checking Sheriff civil clearing	\$	400 - -	\$ 100 - -	\$	-	\$- 24,768 9,875	\$	-	\$500 24,768 9,875
On hand – June 30, 2021	\$	400	\$ 100	\$	-	\$ 34,643	\$		\$ 35,143

Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting



Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Oregon Minimum Audit Standards*

To the Board of Commissioners Curry County, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information of Curry County, Oregon (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the provisions of *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement. Our report includes a qualified opinion over the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units as 4-H and Extension Service District has not been audited, and accordingly this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the 4-H and Extension Service District.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules OAR 162-10-0000 to 162-10-0330, as set forth below, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect of financial statement amounts:

- The use of approved depositories to secure the deposit of public funds.
- The requirements relating to debt.
- The requirements relating to the preparation, adoption and execution of the annual budgets for fiscal years 2021 and 2022.
- The requirements relating to insurance and fidelity bond coverage.
- The appropriate laws, rules and regulations pertaining to programs funded wholly or partially by other governmental agencies.
- The requirements pertaining to the use of revenue from taxes on motor vehicle use fuel funds.
- The statutory requirements pertaining to the investment of public funds.
- The requirements pertaining to the awarding of public contracts and the construction of public improvements.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that is required to be reported under Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State:

As described in Note 2, Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability, the results of testing indicated instances of non-compliance related to excess expenditures over appropriations.

Additionally, ORS 294.456(3) requires the local government with make separate appropriations for each fund in which you have budgeted expenditures. We noted that the resolution for adopting the budget by the County Commissions included appropriations for the General Fund and all other funds in the aggregate for 2021 and 2022, which does not meet the requirements of the ORS.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The County's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Imanda Mcleany-moore

Amanda McCleary-Moore, Partner, for Moss Adams LLP Medford, Oregon February 28, 2022



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Commissioners Curry County, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Curry County, Oregon (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2022. The financial statements of Curry County Public Transit Service District were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and accordingly this report does not include reporting on internal controls over financial reporting or instance of reportable noncompliance associated with Curry County Public Transit Service District. Our report includes a qualified opinion on the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units as 4-H and Extension Service District has not been audited, and accordingly this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of noncompliance associated with the 4-H and Extension Service District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mass adams LLP

Medford, Oregon February 28, 2022

Finding 2021-001 Significant Deficiency over Financial Reporting

This is a repeat finding (2020-002) and modified.

Criteria: The County is responsible for maintaining effective internal controls over their accounting records, account balances, and financial statement disclosures. Duties should be segregated to provide reasonable assurance so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records or to all phases of a transaction.

Governmental financial statements are presented on three bases of accounting – budgetary basis to address budgetary compliance and monitoring for the current year, modified accrual basis for individual fund reporting designed to report the inflows and outflows of current available financial resources for the year, and full accrual basis for external government-wide financial reporting designed to better measure the true cost of providing services.

The financial close and reporting process requires preparing financial statements on all bases of accounting as noted above. It is common for the general ledger to be maintained during the year solely on the budgetary basis, or the budgetary basis and modified accrual basis of accounting. As a result, records must be developed and maintained outside of the general ledger to create individual fund statements on the modified accrual basis in some instances, and to report government-wide statements on the full accrual basis. The financial close and reporting process requires policies, procedures, internal controls, and a formal plan designed to address the 'off general ledger' accounting adjustments and entries necessary to adjust from the budgetary basis to these other bases of accounting in a timely manner to allow for the preparation and audit of the financial statements within six months after year-end.

Condition/Context: During the audit, we had several conversations with key finance personnel regarding the implementation of technical accounting pronouncements and the different basis of accounting related to the different types of funds. For instance, we discussed implementation of GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities and why capital assets cannot be reported in the governmental funds. The County finance director is a competent individual who has a good understanding of the County's operations. The finance staff, as well as the finance director, have a solid accounting background, but are not as competent in applying and implementing governmental accounting standards. Additionally, due to the limited number of available accounting personnel in the County's offices, there is some lack of segregation of duties over related accounting records or transactions.

Cause: There are a limited number of personnel in the finance department and the personnel of the finance department have limited governmental accounting training.

Effects: While no material errors were detected during the audit, a lack of understanding of governmental accounting could results in material errors especially upon implementation of a new accounting standard.

Curry County, Oregon Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Recommendations: We recommend government specific accounting training for the finance department personnel and implementing a plan to attend training annually to keep up to date on new accounting principles. Additionally, I would recommend the County to purchase the governmental accounting, auditing, and financial reporting "Blue Book".

Views of responsible officials: The finance office will find appropriate continuing educational training to keep up to date on new accounting principles. Additionally, funds to purchase the governmental accounting, auditing, and financial reporting "Blue Book" will be included in the 2022-23 budget.

Finding 2021-002 Property tax assessments, Significant deficiency in internal controls

This is a repeat finding (2020-003).

Criteria: Per the Oregon Appraisal Methods Manual 1-3: From 1955 to 1996, the assessor was required by law to physically reappraise all property in the County every six years. This requirement was eliminated in 1997 for various reasons including budget constraints, accelerated appraisal techniques, and the successful application of computerized valuation programs. Current law requires that each parcel of real property be appraised using a method of appraisal approved by DOR administrative rule.

Condition/Context: The County has not been reassessing properties on a timely basis.

Cause: The County does not have the resources available to assess the value of properties and ensure tax is collected on a timely basis.

Effects: As a result, total property taxes levied could be significantly impacted.

Recommendations: We recommend that the County implement a process of assessing and inspecting properties to ensure property tax levies are accurate.

Views of responsible officials: The Assessor's office has implemented software which to help streamline office work to allow more time spent in the field conducting appraisal work.

The Assessor's office has implemented software which to help streamline office work to allow more time spent in the field conducting appraisal work.



