NOTICE OF CITY COUNCIL MEETING

The City Council of the City of King City will hold a Regular City Council Meeting at 7:00 p.m., Wednesday-February 7, 2018 at the King City Hall, 15300 SW 116th Ave, King City, Oregon 97224

		AGENDA	Action	Item
		REGULAR SESSION		
Moment of S	Silence		Time:	
7:00 p.m.	1.	CALL TO ORDER	Time.	
	2.	ROLL CALL		
	3.	PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE		
	4.	APPROVAL OF MINUTES: November 1, 2017	M S	A
7:05 p.m.	5.	OPEN FORUM: We welcome public comment. At this time, the Council will be happy to receive your comment on any item on the agenda (including, questions, suggestions, complaints and items for future agendas). Each person's time will be limited to three minutes.		
7:15 p.m.	6.	Unfinished Business: None		
7:20 p.m.	7.	New Business:		
7:20 p.m.	7.1	New Master Fees Schedule Discussion & Review (Resolution		
7:25 p.m.	7.2	R- 2018-02) FY 2016-2017 Financial Audit Report Presentation – Hannah Sirpless	M S	A
7:35 p.m.	7.3	First Annual Mayor Golf Tournament – Donation	M S	Α
7:40 p.m.	7.4	SCJ Agreement for Professional Services – URA 6D Concept Plan Traffic Analysis	M S	A
7:45 p.m.	8.	POLICE CHIEF'S REPORT		
7:50 p.m.	9.	CITY MANAGER'S REPORT		
8:00 p.m.	10.	MAYOR'S AND COUNCILOR'S REPORTS		
8:15 p.m.	11.	Adjourn	M S Time:	A
*** OPEN]	House U	RA 6D Re-Scheduled for March 6, 2018 @ 5:00 p.m. *** Deer Creek Elementary School	Time.	
NE	хт Меет	ING SCHEDULED FOR FEBRUARY 21, 2018 @ 7:00 PM		
The meeting location is accessible to persons with disabilities. A request for an interpreter for the hearing impaired, or for other accommodations for persons with disabilities, should be made at least 48 hours in advance of the meeting to Mike Weston, City Recorder, 503-639-4082.				
M=Motion;	S=Second	; A=Action/Vote		

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 7, 2018

Order Ordinance Resolution X Motion Information

No. R-2018-02

Contact Person (Preparer) for this **SUBJECT:** A RESOLUTION REVISING FEES, CHARGES, FINES AND ASSESSMENTS OF THE CITY OF KING CITY, OREGON AND RESCINDING RESOLUTION R-06-03.

Motion: Ronnie Smith, City Recorder Jordan Ramis, City Attorney

Dept.: Administration

RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt Resolution R-2018-02 revising fees, charges, fines and assessments of the City of King City, Oregon and rescinding Resolution R-06-03.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The City of King City provides a full range of municipal services to the community, including police protection, traffic control and improvement, street maintenance and improvement, planning and zoning regulation, building inspection and regulation. This Master Fee Schedule consolidates all City fees and charges adopted by City Council resolution for the various services that the City provides.

The City as not adjusted its fees since April 5th, 2006. This Resolution adopts current Building fee and adjusted the Public Records, City Parking Permits, and City Parking fines sections were increased by the Consumer Price Index-All Urban Consumers. Base period was 1982-84=100. Year range was 2005 to 2017 and was rounded to the nearest five dollars.

Business Registration was lowered from \$175.00 to \$150. This will help be more comparable to other cities in the metro area. The staff is proposing a 10% delinquent business registration of the original business tax plus interest at 9% per annum from the due date until full payment is received. The delinquent business registration will apply 30 days after July 1st.

Staff is recommending a 5-year moratorium surcharge for cuts and excavations in a newly paved or resurfaced street pending on an Ordinance that is being developed for March 7th, 2018 Council meeting. The first year will cost \$250 per Square foot and the fifth year at \$50 per square foot.

FISCAL IMPACT: There will be some staff time required to train staff on the new changes.

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT:

While this is not a Council Priority, it is recommended that the City review fees, charges, fines and assessments on an annual basis.

File can be found at: S:\City Manager\2018 Council Packes\20180207\Draft_Review_master_fee_schedule_fy_2017-2018-2019.docx



MASTER FEE SCHEDULE

FY 2017-2018 & 2018-2019

File can be found at: S:\City Manager\2018 Council Packes\20180207\Draft_Review_master_fee_schedule_fy_2017-2018-2019.docx



City of King City, Oregon

The City of King City provides a full range of municipal services to the community, including police protection, traffic control and improvement, street maintenance and improvement, planning and zoning regulation, building inspection and regulation. This Master Fee Schedule consolidates all City fees and charges adopted by City Council resolution for the various services that the City provides. Typically, it is updated annually and reflects all fee resolutions passed by Council during the year.

Fee Variance and Waiver Statement

Based upon an unusual circumstance or event, past practices, demonstrated hardship, or public benefit, the City Manager is authorized to waive or decrease a fee(s) or charge(s) in a particular matter or establish a fee not yet authorized in this schedule. When a new fee is established by the City Manager it shall be incorporated into this document, and it shall be included and specified during the next update to this document.

A waiver or reduction request must be in writing and communicated to Council to allow opportunity for comment. If the City Manager or his designee agrees to said waiver or reduction, he/she shall inform the City Council, in writing, of the request and his/her decision, except in minor matters (defined as waivers or reductions valued at \$1,000 or less).

Effective Dates and Resolutions

The FY 2017 – 2018 and 2018 – 2019 Master Fees Schedule fees are effective as of February 21, 2018 with the adoption of resolution #R-2018-02, adopted by City Council on February 21, 2018, which is incorporated in full by this reference.

CITY OF KING CITY RESOLUTION NO. R-2018-02

A RESOLUTION REVISING FEES, CHARGES, FINES AND ASSESSMENTS OF THE CITY OF KING CITY, OREGON AND RESCINDING RESOLUTION R-06-01.

WHEREAS, The City adopted Resolution R-06-01, which outlined a City policy revising fees, charges, fines and assessments of the City of King City and rescinding ResolutionR-02-10.

WHEREAS, the City is allowed by law to establish fees, charges and fines that may be assessed individuals requesting services and materials to be supplied by the City staff, or for costs that may be incurred by the City on behalf of any member of the public, or that may be assessed as a fine; and

WHEREAS, the City of King City provides a full range of municipal services to the community, including police protection, traffic control and improvement, street maintenance and improvement, planning and zoning regulation, and building inspection and regulation. This Master Fee Schedule consolidates all City fees and charges adopted by City Council resolution for the various services that the City provides. Typically, it is updated annually and reflects all fee resolutions passed by Council during the year; and

WHEREAS, prudent use of the City's financial resource requires that the City charge fees sufficient to recover the cost in personnel time and materials to render the service requested; and

WHEREAS, based upon an unusual circumstance or event, demonstrated hardship, or public benefit, the City Manager is authorized to waive or decrease a fee(s) or charge(s) in a particular matter or establish a fee not yet authorized in this schedule. When a new fee is established by the City Manager it shall be incorporated into the Master Fee Schedule, and it shall be included and specified during the next update to the Master Fee Schedule; and

WHEREAS, the City Manager is authorized to make non-substantive changes to Master Fee Schedule (e.g., typographical errors) following passage by City Council; and

WHEREAS, the City Council desires to update its prior master fee schedule to include new fees, charges and fines established by the City Manager and Council.

THE CITY OF KING CITY RESOLVES AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. Rescind Resolution R-06-01
- 2. Adopt the Master Fees, charges, and assessments schedule as authorized in the King City Municipal Code as stated in Exhibit A, which is incorporated in full by this reference:
- 3. This resolution will take effect on February 21, 2018.

ADOPTED THIS 2 I III DAY OF FEBRUARY 20	18.
ADOPTED THIS Z I DAT OF FEBRUART ZU	10.

Kenneth Gibson, Mayor		
ATTEST:		
Ronnie L. Smith, City Recorder		

Table of Contents

Table of Contents

To	able	e of Contents	6
1.	A	DMINISTRATION	
		able Hourly Rates, continued	
		Public Records	
	C.	Miscellaneous Administration Fees	2
2.	ВІ	JILDING	3
		Structural Permits	
	b.	Mechanical Permits	∠
	Ме	chanical Permits (cont.)	5
	c.	Plumbing Permits	7
	d.	Electrical Permits	9
	Ele	ctrical Permits (cont.)	9
	e.	Permit Related Fees	10
_			
3.	В	JSINESS REGISTRATION	I C
5.	ΕN	NGINEERING	12
		Inspections and Permits	
	Prin	nted and Electronic Maps (GIS)	12
6.	٨٨	ISCELLANEOUS	13
Ο.		cellaneous Permits	
7.		UNICIPAL COURTes and Charges	
		king Fines	
	rui	KING FINES	1 2
8.		ANNING	
	Lar	nd Use Applications	15
	Disc	counts for Land Use Applications Discount	16
	Ear	ly Assistance	16
	Per	mit Review and Inspections	16
	Ма	terials	16
•	D.		4-
9.	۲(OLICE	I /

Permits/Licenses	17
Police Reports	17
Police Services	17
10. SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT CHARGES & CONSTRUCTION EXCISE TAXES	19
Stormwater System Development Charge	
Sanitary System Development Charge	19
Engineering Development Charge	19
Planning Development Charge	19
Reserve space for Transportation System Development Charge	19
Parks and Recreation System Development Charge	20
School Construction Excise Tax	20
Metro Construction Excise Tax	20
Transportation Development Tax (TDT)	20
11. VIOLATIONS OF THE MUNICIPAL CODE	21
General	
Engineering Penalties	21
Police Penalties	21
Business Registration Penalties	21

1. ADMINISTRATION

a. Billable Hourly Rates

Any work performed during overtime hours shall be billed as the calculated hourly rate multiplied by 125 percent. The City Manager and/or department directors are authorized to adjust calculated billings to reflect the impact of unusual circumstances or situations.

Department Hourly Rate

Community Development, GIS, Records, Court and Public Works Administration City Manager \$ 150 Community Development Director 140 Administrative Specialists 120 **Engineering** Engineering Current Engineering billing rate **Planning** Planning Director 140 Senior Planner 120 Associate Planner 100 **Assistant Planner** 95

Billable Hourly Rates, continued

Department	Hourly Rate
Operations City Manager Operations Supervisor Facilities Maintenance Technician Code Compliance	\$ 150 140 120
Code Compliance Coordinator Enforcement Officer	95 95
b. Public Records ⁱ	
Photo Copy i. Black & white single or double s ii. Color single or double sided	sided 0.25 0.50
Municipal Code Copy Annual Budget/Audit Report Business License Listing Postage Other City-created documents	130 65 10 Actual Cost See Billable Hourly Rates. Plus, materials.
Photographs and Videos i. Audio Tapes ii. Pictures iii. Negatives iv. Digital Photographs v. Lien Search vi. Police or Admin Policy Manual	15 5 5 5 30 30
c. Miscellaneous Administration Fees	
Notary Public Fee Schedule According i. For taking an acknowledgeme ii. For taking a verification upon a iii. For certifying a copy of a docu iv. For witnessing or attesting a sign v. For protesting commercial pap institution) vi. For administering an oath or aft	nt 10 a oath or affirmation. 10 ament. nature. Der (except \$0 for a check drawn on an insolvent financial 10

2. BUILDING

Building fees include structural, mechanical, plumbing, and electrical charges. Fees are applicable to residential, commercial, and industrial properties unless otherwise specified.

a. Structural Permits

Valuation shall be calculated in accordance with OAR 918-050-0100 (Residential/Commercial/Industrial):

Total Valuation	<u>Fee</u>	Plus each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof
\$1.00 - \$2,000	\$62.50	for the first \$2,000 in value plus \$9.60 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof
\$2,001 - \$25,000	62.50	for the first \$25,000 in value plus \$7.50 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof
\$25,001 - \$50,000	283.30	for the first \$50,000 in value plus \$5.47 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof
\$50,001 - \$100,000	470.80	for the first \$50,000 in value plus \$5.47 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof
\$100,001- \$250,000	744.30	for the first \$100,000 in value plus \$3.90 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof
\$250,001- \$600,000	1329.30	for the first \$250,000 in value plus \$3.85 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof
\$600,001- \$1,200,000	2676.80	for the first \$600,000 in value plus \$3.51 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof
\$1,200,001- \$2,000,000	4782.80	for the first \$1,200,000 in value plus \$2.73 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof
\$2,000,001 and up	6966.60	for the first \$2,000,000 in value plus \$2.72 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof.
State Surcharge Building Plan Review	12% 65%	of the building permit fee of the building permit fee
Fire and Life Safety Plan Review	40%	of the building permit fee
Solar Installation Permits a) Prescriptive system b) Non-Prescriptive system		have permit fees and plan review calculated cordance with the above fee schedule

Phased Projects	<u>Fee</u> \$200	plus 10% of the total project building permit fee not to exceed \$1,500 for each phase.
Deferred Submittals	65%	of the building permit fee calculated according to OAR 918-050-0110 (2) and (3) using the value of the particular deferred portion or portions of the project, with minimum fee of \$200.00. This is in addition to the project plan review fee based on the total project valuation.

Residential Fire Suppression Permits (Stand Alone System) See plumbing permit for multipurpose or continuous loop system

	<u>ree</u>
0 sq. ft. to 2,000 sq. ft.	\$115
2,001 sq. ft. to 3,600 sq. ft.	160
3,600 sq. ft. to 7,200 sq. ft.	220
7,201 sq. ft. and greater	309

Other Inspections and Fees

Re-inspection	\$85/inspection
Each additional inspection over the allowable	85/inspection
Inspections for which no fee is specifically indicated	85/inspection
Investigation fee	85/hour
Additional plan review	89/hour
Inspections outside normal business hours (minimum charge of 2 hours)	127.50/hour

b. Mechanical Permits

Residential:

Hogting/Cooling	<u>Fee</u>
Furnace up to 100,000 BTU (including ducts and vents) Furnace 100,000 BTU and over (including ducts and vents) Floor furnace (including vent) Air conditioner Heat pump Mini-split system Ductwork Hydronic hot water system Residential boiler (radiator or hydronic) Unit heaters (fuel-type, not electric), in-wall, in-duct, suspended	\$14 17.40 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
Suspended heater, wall heater, or floor mounted heater Flue / vent for any of above Repair units Vent not included in appliance permit Other heating / cooling	\$14 10 12.15 6.80 14

Other Fuel Appliances Water heater Gas fireplace Flue vent for water heater or gas fireplace Log lighter (gas) Wood / pellet stove Wood fireplace / insert Chimney / liner / flue / vent Other fuel appliances	10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Environmental Exhaust & Ventilation Range hood/other kitchen equipment Clothes dryer exhaust Single-duct exhaust (bathrooms, toilet compartments, utility rooms) Attic / crawlspace fans Other environmental exhaust & ventilation	10 10 6.80 10
Fuel Piping For first four (4) Each additional over four (4)	5.40 1
Boiler / Compressor / Absorption System <3HP: absorb unit to 100K BTU 3-15 HP: absorb unit 100K to 500K BTU 15-30 HP: absorb unit .5-1 mil BTU 30-50 HP: absorb unit 1-1.75 mil BTU >50 HP: absorb unit >1.75 mil BTU Other Air handling unit to 10,000 CFM	14 25.60 35 52.20 87.20
Air handling unit 10,000 CFM+ Non-portable evaporate cooler Vent fan connected to a single duct Ventilation system not included in appliance permit Hood served by mechanical exhaust Domestic incinerators Commercial or industrial type incinerator Other units, including wood stoves	17.20 10 6.80 10 10 17.40 69.95
Minimum Permit Fee	72.50

Mechanical Permits (cont.)

State Surcharge

Mechanical Plan Review Fee

25% of the mechanical permit fee

12% of the mechanical permit fee

Commercial/Industrial:

Valuation shall be calculated on the value of the equipment and installation costs. Use this section for commercial installation, replacement or relocation of non-portable mechanical equipment, or mechanical work not covered previously. Indicate the value of all mechanical labor, materials, and equipment.

Total Valuation: \$1 to \$5,000 \$5,001 to \$10,000	<u>Fee</u> \$72.50 72.50	Other Fees \$ - for first \$5,000 and \$1.52 for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof, to and including \$10,000
\$10,001 to \$25,000	148.50	for first \$10,000 and \$1.54 for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof, to and including \$25,000
\$25,001 to \$50,000	379.50	for first \$25,000 and \$1.45 for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof, to and including \$50,000
\$50,001 and up Minimum Permit Fee	742	for first \$50,000 and \$1.20 for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof 72.50
State Surcharge		12% of the mechanical permit fee
Mechanical Plan Review Fee		25% of the mechanical permit fee

Other Residential, Commercial and Industrial Mechanical Inspections and Fees

Re-inspection	62.50/inspection
Each additional inspection over the allowable	62.50/inspection
Inspections for which no fee is specifically indicated	62.50/inspection
Investigation fee	62.50/hour
Additional plan review	62.50/hour
Inspections outside normal business hours (minimum charge of 2 hours)	62.50/hour

c. Plumbing Permits

Medical Gas - Plumbing permit fees for medical gas shall be determined, based on the value of installation costs and the system equipment, including, but not limited to, inlets, outlets, fixtures, and appliances, and applied to the City's fee schedule with a set minimum fee. The plan review fee shall be equal to 25% of this permit fee.

Total Valuation	<u>Fee</u>	Other fees
\$1.00 to \$5,000	\$72.50	
\$5,001 to \$10,000	72.50	for first \$5,000 and \$1.52 for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof, to and including \$10,000
\$10,001 to \$25,000	148.50	for first \$10,000 and \$1.54 for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof, to and including \$25,000
\$25,001 to \$50,000	379.50	for first \$25,000 and \$1.45 for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof, to and including \$50,000
\$50,001 and up	742	for first \$50,000 and \$1.20 for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof

New 1-2 family dwellings (includes 100 feet for each utility connection) SFR (1) bath	Fee \$249.20
SFR (2) bath	350.00
SFR (3) bath	399.00
Each additional bath/kitchen	45.00
Rain drain, single family dwelling	65.25
Site Utilities	
Catch basin or area drain	16.60
Drywell, leach line, or trench drain	16.60
Manufactured home utilities	110.00
Manholes	16.60
Rain drain connector	16.60
Footing drain – 1st 100'	55.00
Footing drain – each additional 100'	46.40
Sewer – 1st 100'	55.00
Sewer – each additional 100'	46.40
Water service – 1st 100'	55.00
Water service – each additional 100'	46.40
Storm & rain drain – 1st 100'	55.00
Storm & rain drain – each additional 100'	46.40
Interior mainline (sewer or water piping) – 1st 100'	55.00
Interior mainline (sewer or water piping) – each addt'l 100'	46.40
Fixture or item	
Absorption valve	16.60
Commercial backflow prevention device	46.40
Residential backflow prevention device	27.55
Backwater valve	16.60

	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	16.60 16.60
	16.60
	16.60
	72.50
12% of the plumbing permit fee	
25% of the plumbing permit fee when applicable (OAR 918-780-0040)	e
Permits (multipurpose or continuous loop syst	tem) Fee
	\$115 160 220 309
ee is specifically indicated	72.50/inspection 72.50/inspection 72.50/inspection 72.50/hour 89/hour 108.75/hour
	25% of the plumbing permit fee when applicable

d. Electrical Permits

New 1-2 family dwellings (includes attach	ed garage)	
1,000 square feet or less		\$145.15
Each additional 500 square feet or portion		33.40
Limited energy, residential		75.00
Limited energy, non-residential		75.00
Each manufactured or modular dwelling, ser	rvice and/or feeder	90.90
Services or feeders installation, alteration,	and/or relocation	
200 amps or less		80.30
201 amps to 400 amps		106.85
401 amps to 600 amps		160.60
601 amps to 1,000 amps		240.60
Over 1,000 amps or volts		454.65
Reconnect only		66.85
Temporary services or feeders installation,	alteration, and/or relocation	
200 amps or less		66.85
201 amps to 400 amps		100.30
401 amps to 600 amps		133.75
Branch circuits – new, alteration, or extens	• • •	
Fee for branch circuits with service or feeder		6.65
Fee for branch circuits without service or fee	der fee, each branch circuit	46.85
Each additional branch circuits		6.65
Miscellaneous (service or feeder not inclu	ded)	
Pump or irrigation circle		53.40
Sign or outline lighting		53.40
Signal circuit(s) or limited-energy panel, alter	ation, or extension	75.
Renewable Energy		Fee
5KVA		80.30
5.01-15KVA		106.85
15.01-25KVA		160.60
Wind generation 25-50KVA		240.60
Wind generation 50-100KVA		454.65
Solar generation excess of 25KVA, charge calculation for 100KVA	an additional 8/KVA, No increase b	beyond the
State Surcharge	12% of the electrical permit fee	
Electrical Plan Review Fee	25% of the electrical permit fee when	applicable
	(OAR 918-780-0040)	•

Electrical Permits (cont.)

Other Inspections and Fees

Re-inspection fee 62.50/inspection
Each additional inspection over the allowable 62.50/inspection
Inspections for which no fee is specifically indicated 62.50/inspection
Investigation fee 62.50/hour
Additional plan review 89/hour
Inspections outside normal business hours (minimum charge of 2 hours) 93.75/hour

e. Permit Related Fees

State surcharge shall be collected in an amount as required by State Law.

Building Moving/Demolition Permits

Deposit for services \$500
Services Billable Hourly Rates
Plan Review Fee 75% of the permit fee

Administrative fee for refunds 20% of the permit fee

3. BUSINESS REGISTRATION

Business Registration is required annually for all businesses doing business in the City. There will be no prorating of tax for any business.

Standard first year base fee (original business tax)	\$ 150
Renewal after first year	85
3 months of any year	65
Temporary Business (up to 30 days)	45

Delinquent Registration 10% of the original business tax plus

interest at 9% per annum from the due date until full payment is

received

Business Registrations are considered delinquent thirty (30) day after July 1st every year.

Metro Business License versus City Business Registration or Both:

Instead of obtaining separate business licenses/registrations within each Portland-area city that you conduct business in, you can purchase a single license from Metro to construct, alter, and repair structures in 20 cities that have licensing/registration requirements in the metropolitan area, excluding Portland. The license covers all construction trades, both commercial and residential, as well as all landscape contractors. Exception: if your principal place of business is inside the City of King City, the business is required to apply for a City of King City Business Registration in addition to the Metro license.

For Metro applications, contact Metro at 503-797-1620 or visit their website at: http://www.oregonmetro.gov/tools-working/regional-contractors-business-license

4. PARKING

Parking Permit Fees

Recreational Vehicles (Parking Permit per day. Also includes Pods) Maximum (3 permits per year per address)

\$ 30 100

5. ENGINEERING

Engineering fees consist of inspections, permits, printed and electronic maps, as well as erosion control charges.

a. Inspections and Permits

Right-of-Way Permit Applications Construction Permit Application	\$ 250
Sidewalk Permit	. 50
Street Opening Permit	65
Right-of-Way Use Permit	65
Major Encroachment Permit Application	150
Minor Encroachment Permit Application	50
Right-of-way Re-inspection (beyond standard of 2)	95
5-Year Moratorium Surcharge:	
1st year of moratorium \$250	per square foot
2 nd year of moratorium \$200	per square foot
3 rd year of moratorium \$150	per square foot
4 th year of moratorium \$100	per square foot
5 th year of moratorium \$50	per square foot
Grading Permit	
Minor (0 to 100cy)	150
Major (100+ cy)	250
Floodplain Review	Actual Costs
Inspection	Actual Costs
Street Vacation/Rename Request \$2,500 Deposit (actual cost billed	
Franchise Permit Application	No cost
Transportation Fee Review Application \$75 Deposit (actual cost billed	•
Appeal to City Council	600
Electronic Drawings:	
Paper – All sizes	\$ 5
Other format (plus \$70/hr. for additional work)	7
Other format (plus \$70/hr. for additional work) Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages)	· _
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS)	7
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps	7 \$ 1
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44")	7 \$ 1 \$ 65
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34")	\$ 1 \$ 65 55
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22")	\$ 65 55 45
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22") 1/8 Sheet (11" x 17")	7 \$ 1 \$ 65 55 45 15
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22") 1/8 Sheet (11" x 17") Electronic file (via electronic mail in PDF, JPG, GIF or TIF formats)	7 \$ 1 \$ 65 55 45 15 12
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22") 1/8 Sheet (11" x 17") Electronic file (via electronic mail in PDF, JPG, GIF or TIF formats) Electronic file (for mailed media includes postage, handling, and char	7 \$ 1 \$ 65 55 45 15 12
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22") 1/8 Sheet (11" x 17") Electronic file (via electronic mail in PDF, JPG, GIF or TIF formats) Electronic file (for mailed media includes postage, handling, and char	7 \$ 1 \$ 65 55 45 15 12 rges) \$ 25
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22") 1/8 Sheet (11" x 17") Electronic file (via electronic mail in PDF, JPG, GIF or TIF formats) Electronic file (for mailed media includes postage, handling, and challed Maps Full Sheet (34" x 44")	7 \$ 1 \$ 65 55 45 15 12 rges) \$ 25
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22") 1/8 Sheet (11" x 17") Electronic file (via electronic mail in PDF, JPG, GIF or TIF formats) Electronic file (for mailed media includes postage, handling, and chain Aerial Maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34")	7 \$ 1 \$ 65 55 45 15 12 rges) \$ 25
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22") 1/8 Sheet (11" x 17") Electronic file (via electronic mail in PDF, JPG, GIF or TIF formats) Electronic file (for mailed media includes postage, handling, and characteristics) Aerial Maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22")	7 \$ 1 \$ 65 55 45 15 12 rges) \$ 25 \$ 65 55 45
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22") 1/8 Sheet (11" x 17") Electronic file (via electronic mail in PDF, JPG, GIF or TIF formats) Electronic file (for mailed media includes postage, handling, and chain chain sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22") 1/8 Sheet (11" x 17")	\$ 65 55 45 15 12 rges) \$ 25 \$ 65 45 15
Reproduction charges (\$0.10 for additional pages) Printed and Electronic Maps (GIS) Standard Selection of GIS maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22") 1/8 Sheet (11" x 17") Electronic file (via electronic mail in PDF, JPG, GIF or TIF formats) Electronic file (for mailed media includes postage, handling, and characteristics) Aerial Maps Full Sheet (34" x 44") 1/2 Sheet (22" x 34") 1/4 Sheet (17" x 22")	7 \$ 1 \$ 65 55 45 15 12 rges) \$ 25 \$ 65 55 45

Custom Maps

Flat charge per hour plus cost of materials See Billable Hourly Rates Electronic file (for mailed media includes postage, handling, and charges) See Billable Hourly Rates

6. MISCELLANEOUS

Miscellaneous Permits

Filming Permit – Fee varies based upon production budget and time to review application. Fee may be waived under certain conditions.

Up to \$ 1,200

Temporary Event Permit – Fee may be charged to cover costs \$5.00 incurred by the City for assisting with an event. Staff time will be based upon billable hourly rates.

7. MUNICIPAL COURT

King City Municipal Court collects fines for traffic citations, parking violations, and miscellaneous programs approved by the Judge. Traffic fine amounts are set by State legislature based on the offense classification.

Fees and Charges

Payment Plan Installment Fee	\$ 2 5
Failure to Appear	75
Reinstatement Fee	15
Returned Check Fee	30

Traffic Fines

Penalty	Presumptive Fine ORS 153.019	Special Zone Fine ORS 153.020	
Class A	\$ 440	\$ 875	
Class B	265	525	
Class C	165	325	
Class D	\$ 115	\$ 225	

Parking Fines

Abandoned Vehicle	\$80
Angle Parking	40
Bicycle Lane	80
Blocking Driveway	65
Blocking Mail Box	30
Blocking Disabled Parking Space	300
Blocking Emergency Vehicles	80
Bank Zone/Bus Zone/Taxi Zone	50
Construction Zone	65
Hotel/Motel Zone	30
For Hire Zone	30
Double Parking	50
During Prohibited Times	50
Emergency/Safety Zone	80
10 ft. from Fire Hydrant	30
Head in Only Parking	50
Leaving Motor Running	30
Leaving Keys in Vehicle	30
Loading Zone	30
No Parking Zone/Tow Away Zone	65
On Crosswalk/Sidewalk	30
Over 1 Ft. from Curb	30
Over Space Line	30
Overtime Parking	30
Permit Only Parking	50
Traffic Hazard	80
Disabled Parking Space	300
Residential Parking Zone	50
Reserved/Restricted Area	30
School Zone	65
Wrong Side of Street	30
Where Prohibited	50
Parking not listed	30

8. PLANNING

The City Planning Department oversees land use applications, annexations, special requests, and procurement of City maps and master plans.

Land Use Applications

The following standard base fees apply to all land use applications listed below. Some applications may require additional fees as described below under Additional Application Fees:

Application Category Administrative Review – permit action identified in Title 16 as administrative actions. City Manager Review – uses and activities permitted through City Manager review as identified in Title 16. Accessory Dwelling Unit	Application Type	Base Fee
Annexation	Less than 10 acres More than 10 acres	\$2,000 \$2,700
Appeal of Decision	To Planning Commission To City Council	\$250 \$600
Communication Facilities and Structures	Administrative Review	See above
	City Manager Review	See above
Planning Commission review Community Development Code and/or Zoning Map Amendment	Title 16 text/zoning map amendment	\$2,500
Comprehensive Plan Amendment Conditional Use Expedited Land Division	Text and/or map	\$2,500 \$1,500 \$2,500
Flood Plain and Drainage Hazard	City Manager review Planning Commission review	\$1,200 \$2,000
Goal 5 Safe Harbor Home Occupation	Type I Type II	\$800 \$350 \$1,050
Lot Line Adjustment Partition	Minor Partition – Preliminary Plat	\$500 \$850
	Major Partition– Preliminary Plat Minor Partition – Final Plat Major Partition– Final Plat	\$850 \$850 \$850
Planned Development	•	·
Site Plan Review Subdivision	Preliminary Plat Final Plat Replat	\$2,200 \$2,000 \$800 \$1,500
Temporary Use Tree Removal Permit Variance		\$250 \$50 \$900

Discounts for Land Use Applications	!	Discount
Two or More Applications (no discount for mapplication) b This discount applies to application the same unit of land and which will be review concurrently.	olications which relate to	25%
Senior Citizens Seniors must be at least 65 years of age of owner. Applicant may only receive one		10%
Early Assistance		
Pre-application meeting:		#20 F
First meeting Second meeting		\$325 No Fee
Third and subsequent meetings ¹		100/mtg.
Sign Permit Review and Inspections		
Additional Planning Inspection Fee		50
Original Art Mural ²	ing ft	100 65
., ,	s sq. ft. quare footage in excess of 25'	\$2.00/sq.ft. 35
Permit Review and Inspections		

Additional Planning Inspection Fee

Materials

Most materials are available online for free or contact Planning for additional information: http://www.ci.king-city.or.us/departments/community_development/index.php

Community Development Code	\$ 51
Comprehensive Plan	21
GIS Maps (e.g., large Zoning Map)	See Engineering

50

¹Applies to optional meetings attended by a maximum of two City staff. No written notes provided.

²The sign code (CDC 16.148) doesn't allow wall murals. They would simply be considered wall signs and subject to the maximum size requirements for commercial signs in 16.148.030 C.

9. POLICE

The City's Police Department collects fees for permits, licenses, and other miscellaneous services listed below:

Permits/Licenses

Alarm Permit—Original Residential	\$45
Alarm Permit— Original Business	45
Alarm Renewal – Every three years	10
False Alarms	See page 23
Liquor License (Original Application)	100
Liquor License (Name or Other Change)	75
Liquor License (Renewal Application)	35
Liquor License (Temporary License)	\$ 35

Police Reports

Video tape copy	\$ 35
Police report	15
Photo CD	15
Traffic Citation Discovery	\$ 10
(additional research charges may apply for unusual/complex	
requests)	

Police Services

False Alarm Response (first three)	No cost
False Alarm Response (each alarm after	
third)	\$ 160

Good Conduct Background Letter 5 Vehicle Impound 100



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

10. SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT CHARGES & CONSTRUCTION EXCISE TAXES

Please note that fees associated with Water, Sanitary, and Stormwater are estimated based on the information provided by the respective organization and may be subject to additional fees and terms. Based on Oregon State Statute (ORS 223.304), the charges are broken down into three components; (1) reimbursement (to recover existing facility capacity available for growth), (2) improvement (to recover planned capacity improvements for growth), and (3) administration (to recover direct costs).

Stormwater System Development Charge

The stormwater unit is equal to 2640 square feet of impervious surface on the property.

	Reimbursement	Improvement	Administration	TOTAL
Single Family Deta	ched -	\$510	-	\$510
Apartments	-	\$510	-	\$510
Residential Condo	minium -	\$510	-	\$510
Manufactured Ho	using -	\$510	-	\$510
Hospital/Nursing H	ome/Daycare	\$510	-	\$510

Sanitary System Development Charge

This charge is set by the Cleanwater Services. Rates herein are updated as changes are adopted by their governing board.

Reimbursemen	t Improvement	Administration	TOTAL
Single Family Detached -	\$5,300	-	\$5,300
Apartments -	\$5,300	-	\$5,300
Residential Condominium -	\$5,300	-	\$5,300
Manufactured Housing - Hospital/Nursing Home/Daycare Engineering Development Charge	\$5,300 \$5,300	- -	\$5,300 \$5,300
Single-Family Detached Apartments/Multi-Family Dwellings Residential Condominium Manufactured Housing Non-Residential		\$26.50 per App \$26.50 per App \$26.50 per App \$26.50 per App \$26.50 Per App	olication olication olication
Planning Development Charge Single-Family Detached Apartments/Multi-Family Dwellings Residential Condominium Manufactured Housing Non-Residential		\$27.50 per App \$27.50 per App \$27.50 per App \$27.50 per App \$27.50 Per App	olication olication olication

Reserve space for Transportation System Development Charge

Parks and Recreation System Development Charge

The following Parks SDCs are based on formulas contained in Resolution R-06-10. These figures will be adjusted annually per the Construction Cost Index (CCI).

School Construction Excise Tax

This charge is set by the Tigard – Tualatin School District. Rates herein are updated as changes are adopted by their governing board.

Residential	\$ 1.20 per square foot
Non-Residential	\$ 0.63 per square foot
Non-Residential Maximum	\$31,400

Metro Construction Excise Tax

This charge is set by Metro. Rates herein are updated as changes are adopted by their governing board.

Metro Construction Excise Tax	.12%	of	Valuation	(Value*
.0012=Tax)				

Permits for construction projects valued at \$100,000 or less will be exempted from this tax as well as permits for development of affordable housing units and permits issued to 501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations for other projects aimed at serving low-income populations. Permits for construction valued at more than \$10 million will be assessed a flat \$12,000 fee (0.12 percent of \$10 million).

Transportation Development Tax (TDT)

This charge is set by Washington County. Rates herein are updated as changes are adopted by their governing board. Please see TDT tax rate schedule for more details.

Single-Family Detached	\$8,278 per Dwelling Unit
Apartments	\$5,415 per Dwelling Unit
Residential Condominium/Townhouse	\$4,951 per Dwelling Unit
Manufactured Housing (in Park)	\$4,142 per Dwelling Unit
Commercial	See TDT Tax Rate Schedule
Motel &Hotel	\$2,349 per room

11. VIOLATIONS OF THE MUNICIPAL CODE

Violation of the King City Municipal Code may result in the following fees or penalties. Each day that a violation exists is a separate offense.

General

General penalty (applies to any Municipal Code violation where no other penalty is specified) Third or subsequent violation (applies to any Municipal Code violation) Nuisance violations Noise control violation Commercial Garbage Containers/Solid waste violation Smoking Restrictions (applies to any Municipal Code tile 8 violation) Animal Control Penalties per Title 6.04	\$ 150 to 200 1,000 Maximum 720 Maximum 500 50 per day 50
First Violation Not less than	\$50
Not more than	100
All Subsequent Offenses Not less than	150
Not more than	500
Dog and Cats Penalties per Title 6.08 Violation	500
Engineering Penalties	

Police Penalties

Flood hazard violation¹¹

Right-of-way encroachment

Unpermitted tree cutting in the public right-of-way¹⁵

No active alarm permit on file for property (when dispatched)	
First Offense	\$0
Second Offense	55
Third Offense	85
Four or more	150
Failure to Obtain Alarm Permit	50
Alarm Certificate of Reinstatement	25

Traffic violation penalty at least 50% of maximum under Oregon Statute

Planning Penalties

Violation of Sign Ordinance	\$100 Per day
Removal and Storage of Nuisance signs	\$50 per day

Business Registration Penalties

Violation of business registration requirements \$100 Per Day

up to 1,000

up to 250

\$1,000



City of King City 15300 S.W. 116th Avenue King City, Oregon 97224

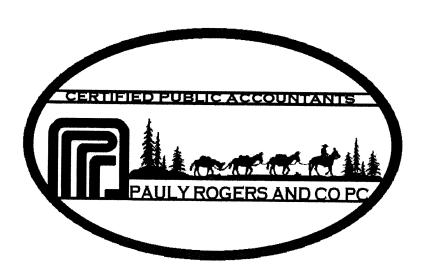
503-639-4082

http://www.ci.king-city.or.us/

¹ Public Record, City Parking Permit, and City Parking fines sections were increased by the Consumer Price Index-All Urban Consumers. Base period was 1982-84=100. Year range was 2005 to 2017 and was rounded to the nearest five dollars.

CITY OF KING CITY WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON

COMMUNICATION TO THE GOVERNING BODY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223



PAULY, ROGERS AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. ♦ Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 ♦ (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

November 17, 2017

To the City Council
The City of King City
Washington County, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the City of King City for the year ended June 30, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Purpose of the Audit

Our audit was conducted using sampling, inquiries and analytical work to opine on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements and compliance with:

- generally accepted accounting principles and auditing standards
- the Oregon Municipal Audit Law and the related administrative rules

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the basic financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the basic financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting.

Our responsibility for the supplementary information accompanying the basic financial statements, as described by professional standards, is to evaluate the presentation of the supplementary information in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole and to report on whether the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; therefore, our audit involved judgment about the number of transactions examined and the areas to be tested.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of the City and its environment, including internal control, sufficient to assess the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements and to design the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures. Material misstatements may result from (1) errors, (2) fraudulent financial reporting, (3) misappropriation of assets, or (4) violations of laws or governmental regulations that are attributable to the City or to acts by management or employees acting on behalf of the City. We also communicated any internal control related matters that are required to be communicated under professional standards.

Pauly, Rogers and Co., P.C.

Results of Audit

- 1. Audit opinion letter a modified opinion on the basic financial statements has been issued due to the City not maintaining adequate fixed asset records. This means we have given an opinion with certain specified reservations
- 2. State minimum standards We found no exceptions or issues requiring comment.
- 3. Management letter We issued a separate management letter dated November 17, 2017 detailing a material weakness in internal control.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used are described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended June 30, 2017, except for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, GASB Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions and GASB Statement No. 77 – Tax Abatement Disclosures. We noted no transactions entered into during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the basic financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the basic financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the basic financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the basic financial statements were Management's estimates of receivables, net pension liability and deferrals for PERS and capital asset depreciation, which are based on estimated collectability of receivables, actuarial assumptions, and useful lives of assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The disclosures in the basic financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements or determined that their effects are immaterial. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, taken as a whole. There were immaterial uncorrected misstatements noted during the audit which were discussed with management.

Pauly, Rogers and Co., P.C.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the basic financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the basic financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards with management each year prior to our retention as the auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Required Supplementary Information

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the required supplementary information and do not express and opinion or provide any assurance on it except for the fund budgetary statements.

Supplementary Information

We were engaged to report on the supplementary information, which accompany the basic financial statements but are not required supplementary information. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the basic financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves.

Other Information

With respect to the council list containing their term expiration dates, located before the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements.

Pauly, Rogers and Co., P.C.

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Council and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

Roy R. Rogers, CPA PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

MANAGEMENT LETTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223



PAULY, ROGERS, AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

November 17, 2017

To the City Council City of King City Washington County, Oregon

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of City of King City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiency in internal control to be a material weakness:

1. The City does not maintain historical cost and depreciation records for streets and street improvements acquired prior to June 30, 2013. We were unable to apply alternative procedures to satisfy ourselves regarding the historical cost and depreciation of streets and street improvements. We recommend the City implement procedures to assist in documenting and tracking acquisition and depreciation of the City's infrastructure assets.

Best Practices - No Significant Deficiencies

1. Governing Body Monitoring

An integral part of internal controls is the monitoring of financial activities by those charged with the governance (the Council). This can be accomplished by asking specifically designed questions to senior staff, by reviewing financial statements and projections and by comparing financial results to pre-established benchmarks. While the Council participates in the budget adoption process and receives staff prepared financial statements, these only partially fulfill the monitoring function.

We recommend that the Council articulate their monitoring practices and record in the minutes when those activities occur.

2. Fidelity Insurance Coverage

In reviewing fidelity (employee honesty) insurance coverage, we noticed that the City often carries cash and investment balances in excess of the insurance coverage amount. We recommend that the Council examine this exposure risk and make a determination as to the amount of insurance coverage they feel is prudent in regard to their oversight.

3. Segregation of Duties

Because of a limited number of available personnel, it is not always possible to adequately segregate certain incompatible duties so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records or to all phases of a transaction. Consequently, the possibility exists that unintentional or intentional errors or irregularities could exist and not be promptly detected. We recommend that the Council continually monitor the financial activities to mitigate this risk and consider obtaining additional fidelity insurance coverage to compensate for this risk.

4. Quickbooks Accounting Software

QuickBooks accounting software is used. QuickBooks is not designed to segregate self-balancing funds and may allow users to delete transactions without any audit trail remaining. We recommend that the City evaluate the risk of using this program and consider purchasing an accounting software package specifically designed for governmental accounting.

5. <u>Intellectual Property/Use of City Assets</u>

In the documents provided to us, we saw no indication of a City policy regarding the use of City's assets for personal reasons or the ownership of intellectual property developed by staff either using City assets or during employment hours at the City. We recommend the creation of a City policy, if one is not already in place, to address the potential creation of patents, copyrights, and other claims on intellectual property using City assets or time, as well as use of City assets for personal reasons.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Council, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



Oregon Secretary of State – Audits Division Summary of Revenues and Expenditures

Please refer to instructions on next page.

11									
A. Municipal corporation informatio	n								
Municipality name:									
Address line 1:	Address line 1: Reporting period: From								
Address line 2:									
City, state, ZIP:									
Check if new address:	Check if new address: Opinion issued:								
If this is the final report, please enter the	last date of operation	ns: Basis of accounting:							
B. Financial statement audit – Repor									
 Regarding internal controls over financial reporting, how many significant deficiencies and material weaknesses were reported? 									
C. Summary of revenues and expend	itures								
Revenues and/or receipts		Expenditures and/or disbursements							
Revenues and/or receipts a. Revenues from government-wide		Expenditures and/or disbursements a. Expenditures from government-wide							
=		-							
a. Revenues from government-wide		a. Expenditures from government-wide							
a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities:		a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities:							
a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund additions:		a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions:							
a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities:b. Fiduciary fund additions:c. Gross revenues subtotal (a + b):		 a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions: c. Gross expenditures subtotal (a + b): 							
 a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund additions: c. Gross revenues subtotal (a + b): d. Revenues of component units: 		 a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions: c. Gross expenditures subtotal (a + b): d. Component unit expenditures reported 							
 a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund additions: c. Gross revenues subtotal (a + b): d. Revenues of component units: e. Taxes, assessments and other 		 a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions: c. Gross expenditures subtotal (a + b): d. Component unit expenditures reported with primary government: 							
 a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund additions: c. Gross revenues subtotal (a + b): d. Revenues of component units: e. Taxes, assessments and other collections to be distributed to 		 a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions: c. Gross expenditures subtotal (a + b): d. Component unit expenditures reported with primary government: e. Turnovers to other 							
a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund additions: c. Gross revenues subtotal (a + b): d. Revenues of component units: e. Taxes, assessments and other collections to be distributed to other governments:		 a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions: c. Gross expenditures subtotal (a + b): d. Component unit expenditures reported with primary government: e. Turnovers to other municipal corporations: 							
 a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund additions: c. Gross revenues subtotal (a + b): d. Revenues of component units: e. Taxes, assessments and other collections to be distributed to other governments: f. Exempt revenue subtotal (d + e): 	D. Filing fee:	 a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions: c. Gross expenditures subtotal (a + b): d. Component unit expenditures reported with primary government: e. Turnovers to other municipal corporations: f. Exempt expenditures subtotal (d + e): 							
 a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund additions: c. Gross revenues subtotal (a + b): d. Revenues of component units: e. Taxes, assessments and other collections to be distributed to other governments: f. Exempt revenue subtotal (d + e): g. Net revenues (c - f): 	D. Filing fee:	 a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions: c. Gross expenditures subtotal (a + b): d. Component unit expenditures reported with primary government: e. Turnovers to other municipal corporations: f. Exempt expenditures subtotal (d + e): 							
 a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund additions: c. Gross revenues subtotal (a + b): d. Revenues of component units: e. Taxes, assessments and other collections to be distributed to other governments: f. Exempt revenue subtotal (d + e): g. Net revenues (c - f): 	D. Filing fee:	 a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions: c. Gross expenditures subtotal (a + b): d. Component unit expenditures reported with primary government: e. Turnovers to other municipal corporations: f. Exempt expenditures subtotal (d + e): g. Net expenditures (c - f): 							
 a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund additions: c. Gross revenues subtotal (a + b): d. Revenues of component units: e. Taxes, assessments and other collections to be distributed to other governments: f. Exempt revenue subtotal (d + e): g. Net revenues (c - f): 	D. Filing fee:	 a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions: c. Gross expenditures subtotal (a + b): d. Component unit expenditures reported with primary government: e. Turnovers to other municipal corporations: f. Exempt expenditures subtotal (d + e): 							
 a. Revenues from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund additions: c. Gross revenues subtotal (a + b): d. Revenues of component units: e. Taxes, assessments and other collections to be distributed to other governments: f. Exempt revenue subtotal (d + e): g. Net revenues (c - f): 	D. Filing fee:	 a. Expenditures from government-wide statement of activities: b. Fiduciary fund deductions: c. Gross expenditures subtotal (a + b): d. Component unit expenditures reported with primary government: e. Turnovers to other municipal corporations: f. Exempt expenditures subtotal (d + e): g. Net expenditures (c - f): 							

Submit: Click the "Submit" button on the right to submit this form via email. Save a copy for your records.

Within 30 days of delivering the audit report to the municipal corporation, one copy of this summary must be filed with the Secretary of State, Audits Division, and one copy must be delivered to the municipal corporation. If deficiencies are communicated in a separate letter or in a report issued in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, a copy of that communication must also be filed. (OAR 162-010-0230)

Instructions

Section A: Municipal corporation information

Type information or use drop-down menu to complete this section. Indicate new address by checking the box.

- Report type: Select Audit or Review
- **Opinion issued:** Select from unmodified, qualified, adverse, or disclaimer. If any opinion unit received other than unmodified, please identify that opinion type.
- Basis of accounting: Identify whether GAAP, cash, or modified cash basis statements are presented.

Section B: Financial statement audit – Reported deficiencies

B.1. How many significant deficiencies and material weaknesses were communicated?

Include the total number of *material weaknesses* and *significant deficiencies* reported in accordance with AU-C 265, ORS 297.466, and OAR 162-010-0230. Do not count "other matters" communicated.

If none were reported, insert a zero.

B.2. Of those control deficiencies reported, how many resulted in accounting errors/misstatements or noncompliance?

Most deficiencies relate to internal controls over financial reporting. Some control deficiencies might also directly result in accounting errors and misstatements or non-compliance. If any of the findings communicated resulted in accounting errors and misstatements or noncompliance, indicate the number of deficiencies included in the total for B.1 that also pertain to those categories.

B.3. How were deficiencies communicated?

Select the format used to communicate deficiencies to those charged with governance. Check all that apply. If no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies were communicated select No Deficiencies.

NOTE: If deficiencies are communicated (including other matters), **the auditor shall file a copy** of the communication with the Secretary of State within 30 days of delivering the report to the municipal corporation. (OAR 162-010-0230)

Section C: Summary of revenues and expenditures

Revenues/receipts and expenditures/disbursements information is derived from amounts reported for government-wide and fiduciary activities and on the basis of accounting used in the audited or reviewed financial statements.

Section D: Filing fee

The filing fee is based on net expenditures; section C, line g. Enter the fee based on the chart below:

Net expenditu	ıres over	expenditures ot exceed	Fee	
\$	0	\$ 50,000	\$	20
\$	50,000	\$ 150,000	\$	40
\$	150,000	\$ 500,000	\$	150
\$	500,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$	200
\$	1,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$	250
\$	5,000,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$	300
\$ 10	0,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	\$	350
\$ 50	0,000,000		\$	400

ORS 297.485(1):

Net expenditures and/or disbursements

The filing fee shall be determined by the total **expenditures** made by the municipal corporation for any and all purposes during the calendar or fiscal year audited, except that **expenditures** for principal of bonded debt, principal of short-term loans, principal of warrants redeemed which were issued during prior audit periods, transfers or loans between funds and turnovers of taxes or other trust moneys to other municipal corporations shall not be included in the **total expenditures** upon which the amount of the fee is based.

Section E: Submitted by

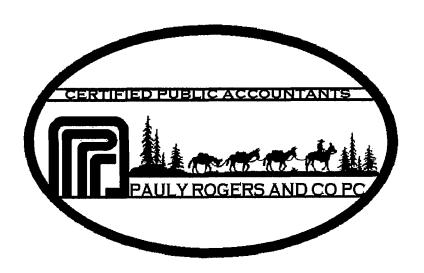
Include the name of the licensed municipal auditor who performed the engagement and is submitting this form. Also include their title, firm name, and date this summary form was completed.

To submit: • Click the "Submit" button on page one to submit this form via email

- Save and email the completed form to <u>municipalfilings.sos@oregon.gov</u> or
- Print a hardcopy and mail to: Audits Division, 255 Capitol St NE, Ste 500, Salem, Oregon 97310-0720

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223

2016-2017 FINANCIAL REPORT



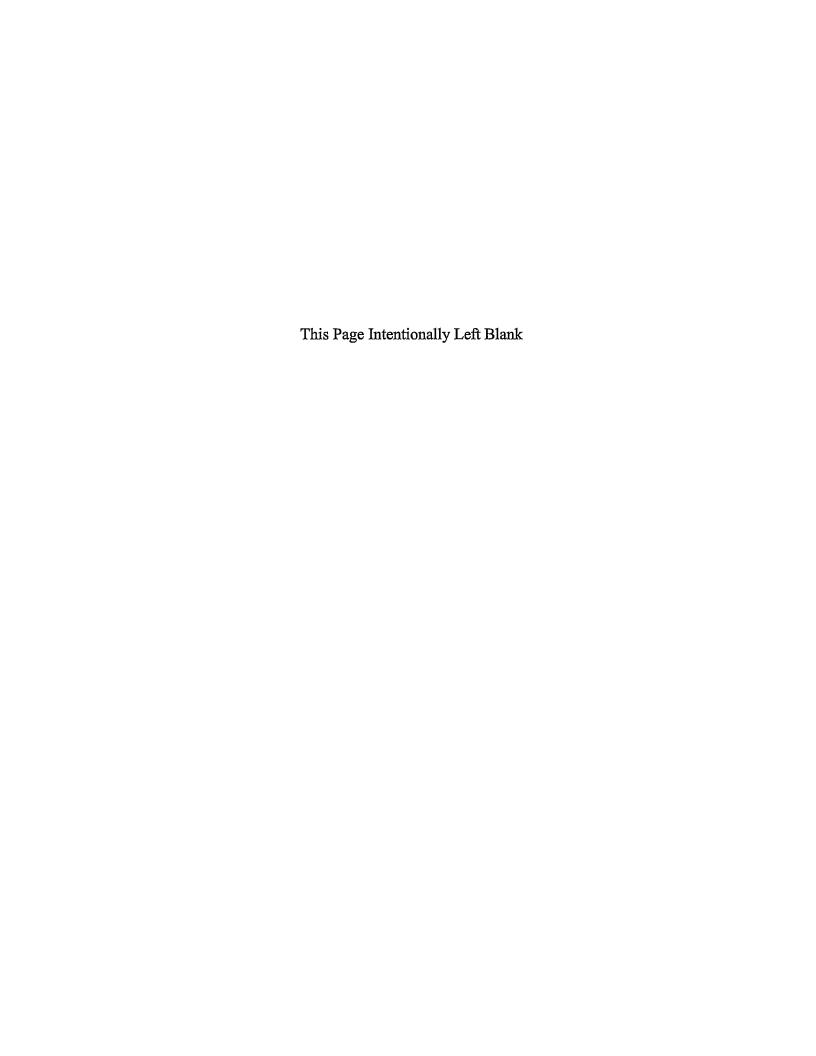
2016-2017 FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY COUNCIL	TERM EXPIRES
Ken Gibson, Mayor	January 2019
Robert Olmstead, President	January 2019
Billie Reynolds	January 2019
Chi Nguyen-Ventura	January 2019
Smart Ocholi	January 2020
John Boylston	January 2020
Gretchen Buehner	January 2020

All council members receive mail at the address shown below.

<u>ADMINISTRATION</u>

Michael Weston, City Manager 15300 S.W. 116th Avenue King City, Oregon 97224



CITY OF KING CITY WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE <u>NUMBER</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	i
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	iv
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	1 2
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet–Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances–Government Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds - to the Statement of Activities	3 4 5
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	7
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (PERS) Schedule of Contributions (PERS)	27 27
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance–Actual and Budget General Fund Street Fund Transportation Development Tax Fund Local Option Levy Fund Parks SDC Fund Transportation Improvement Fund	28 30 31 32 33 34
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule of Property Tax Transactions and Balances of Taxes Uncollected: General Fund	35
REPORTS ON LEGAL AND OTHER REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:	
Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations	36

This Page Intentionally Left Blank	
	·



PAULY, ROGERS AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. ♦ Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 ♦ (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

November 17, 2017

To the Mayor and City Council City of King City Washington County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of King City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Modified Opinion

The City does not maintain historical cost records for streets and street improvements acquired prior to June 30, 2013 or depreciation records for those assets. We were unable to apply alternative procedures to satisfy ourselves regarding the historical cost and depreciation of streets and street improvements.

Modified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Modified Opinion" paragraph, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of King City, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 73 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 77 Tax Abatement Disclosures for the year ended June 30, 2017. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis or the schedules of net pension liability and contributions for PERS because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison schedules presented as Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and in our opinion are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

The listing of City Council members containing their term expiration dates, located before the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated November 17, 2017, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C



CITY OF KING CITY, OREGON MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This section of the City of King City's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements and notes, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position was \$16,126,838 at June 30, 2017.
- During the year, the City's net position decreased by \$315,421.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$1,340,587.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City. The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the City's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the City's assets and liabilities. This is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the City include the Governmental activities. The City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, planning and building, streets, parks, and interest on long-term debt. Property taxes, franchise taxes, permits and fees, and intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds - The City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

CITY OF KING CITY – NET POSITION

			%
	2017	2016	Change
ASSETS:			
Current and other assets	\$ 5,135,585	\$ 4,739,531	8.36%
Capital assets (net)	12,052,602	12,087,046	-0.28%
Total assets	17,188,187	16,826,577_	2.15%
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF		,	
RESOURCES:	357,976	74,390	381.22%
LIABILITIES:			
Current and other liabilities	1,377,255	370,181	272.05%
Noncurrent liabilities (net)	21,283	21,283	0.00%
Total liabilities	1,398,538	391,464	257.26%
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			
RESOURCES:	20,787	67,244	69.09%
NET POSITION: Net investment in capital			
assets	12,031,319	12,046,010	-0.12%
Restricted	2,231,470	2,460,059	-9.29%
Unrestricted	1,864,049	1,936,190	3.73%_
Total net position	\$ 16,126,838	\$ 16,442,259	-1.92%

CITY OF KING CITY - CHANGES IN NET POSITION

				%
		2017	2016	Change
REVENUES:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	1,031,244	\$ 1,727,019	-40.29%
Grant and Contributions		28,837	11,900	142.33%
General Revenues:				
Property Tax		831,419	797,142	4.30%
Other		437,941	420,664	4.11%
Total Revenues		2,329,441	2,956,725	-21.22%
EXPENSES:				
General Government		1,248,685	1,133,320	10.18%
Street		163,128	119,100	36.97%
Police		1,233,049	950,243	29.76%
Total Expenses		2,644,862	2,202,663	20.08%
Change in Net Position		-315,421	754,062	-141.83%
_				
Beginning Net Position		16,442,259	15,688,197	4.81%
Ending Net Position	\$	16,126,838	\$ 16,442,259	-1.92%
Zhama Hot i oshion	Ψ	10,120,030	Ψ 10,442,237	-1.74/0

The City's total revenues were \$2,329,441. The Net Position decreased by \$315,421 indicating a decrease in the City's financial position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$2,325,583 in 2016-17. Governmental fund balances totaled \$4,405,892 at June 30, 2017. A summary of changes in governmental fund balances follows:

	June 30,	June 30,	
	2017	2016	Change
General Fund	\$1,340,587	\$1,245,996	\$94,591
Street Fund Transportation Development	376,117	341,951	\$34,166
Fund	2,231,470	2,460,059	(\$228,589)
Local Option Levy Fund	21,189	19,537	\$1,652
Parks SDC Fund Transportation Improvement	436,162	442,020	(\$5,858)
Fund	367	125,406	(\$125,039)
Total	\$4,405,892	\$4,634,969	(\$229,077)
		:	

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, actual revenues were less than budgetary estimates and actual expenditures were less than budgetary appropriations.

Total net change for all governmental fund types during the year was a decrease of \$229,077.

CAPITAL ASSETS

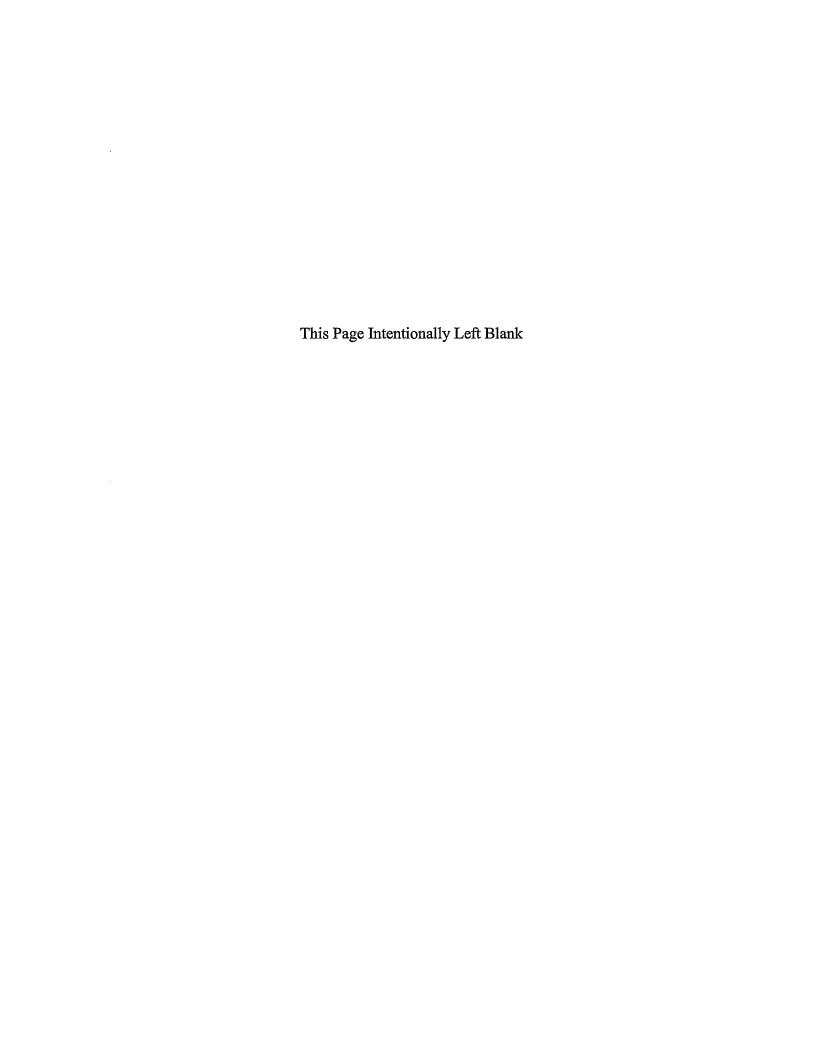
At June 30, 2017, the City had \$12,052,602 invested in capital assets. More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, ratepayers, investors and creditors with an overview of the City's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any clarification of information please contact the City of King City. Our address is: 15300 SW 116th Avenue, King City, Oregon 97224-2693.

Michael Weston City Manager

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

ASSETS:	·	
Cash and Investments	\$	4,842,484
Property Taxes Receivable		38,748
Accounts Receivable	•	214,775
Prepaid Expenses		39,578
Capital Assets, not being depreciated		11,901,120
Capital Assets, net of depreciation		151,482
Total Assets		17,188,187
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension Related Deferrals		357,976
Total Assets and Pension Related Deferrals	_	17,546,163
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		688,467
Unearned Revenue	•	3,365
Net Pension Liability		658,717
Vested Compensated Absences		26,706
Long-Term Debt Due in One Year	·	21,283
Total Liabilities		1,398,538
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension Related Deferrals	·	20,787
Total Liabilities and Pension Related Deferrals	-	1,419,325
NET POSITION:	,	
Net Investment in Capital Assets		12,031,319
Restricted		2,231,470
Unrestricted	_	1,864,049
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	16,126,838

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND						
FUNCTIONS	E	EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR EXPENSES SERVICES		GRA	ERATING ANT AND RIBUTIONS	CHA	NGES IN NET POSITION
General Government	\$	1,248,685	\$	694,543	\$	28,837	\$	(525,305)	
Street		163,128		288,522		-		125,394	
Police		1,233,049		48,179				(1,184,870)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,644,862	\$	1,031,244	\$	28,837		(1,584,781)	
		neral Revenues 'axes:	:						
	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous							831,419 51,367 386,574	
•	Total General Revenues							1,269,360	
	Changes in Net Position						(315,421)		
	Net Position – Beginning							16,442,259	
	Ne	t Position – En	ding				\$	16,126,838	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

ASSETS:		GENERAL FUND		STREET FUND		ANSPORTATION EVELOPMENT TAX FUND	(LOCAL OPTION VY FUND		PARKS SDC FUND		NSPORTATIC PROVEMENT FUND	N 	TOTAL
Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses Due From Other Funds	\$	4,842,484 38,748 214,775 39,578	\$	- - - 376,117	\$	2,231,837	\$	- - - 21,189	\$	- - - - 436,162	\$	- - - - 367	\$	4,842,484 38,748 214,775 39,578 3,065,672
Total Assets	\$	5,135,585	\$	376,117	<u>\$</u>	2,231,837	<u>\$</u>	21,189	<u>\$</u>	436,162	\$	367	\$	8,201,257
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS A	ND	FUND BALA	NCE:											
LIABILITIES: Due to Other Funds Accounts Payable Unearned Revenue - Other Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE Unearned Revenue - Taxes	\$ S:	3,065,305 688,467 3,365 3,757,137	\$	-	\$	367 - - - 367	\$		\$		\$ 	- - - -	\$ 	3,065,672 688,467 3,365 3,757,504
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		37,861		-		-				_	. <u> </u>	-	_	37,861
FUND BALANCE:	•													
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		39,578 - - 1,301,009		- 376,117 -		2,231,470		21,189		436,162		367 -		39,578 2,231,470 833,835 1,301,009
Total Fund Balances	_	1,340,587		376,117	_	2,231,470		21,189	_	436,162		367		4,405,892
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	5,135,585	\$	376,117	\$	2,231,837	\$	21,189	\$	436,162	<u>\$</u>	367	\$	8,201,257

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	4,405,892
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		12,052,602
The Net Pension Asset (Liability) is the difference between the total pension liability and the assets set asic to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries.	ie	(658,717)
All liabilities are reported in the Statement of Net Position whereas in governmental funds, liabilities not de and payable in the current period are not reported. Capital Leases Payable	ıe	(21,283)
Vested compensated absences are not accounted for in the governmental funds.		(26,706)
A portion of the City's property taxes are collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay f the current year's operations, and therefore are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	or	37,861
Deferred Inflows and Outflows of resources related to the pension plan include differences between expect and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projected and actual earnings, as contributions subsequent to the measurement date.		
Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows		357,976 (20,787)
Net Position	<u>\$</u>	16,126,838

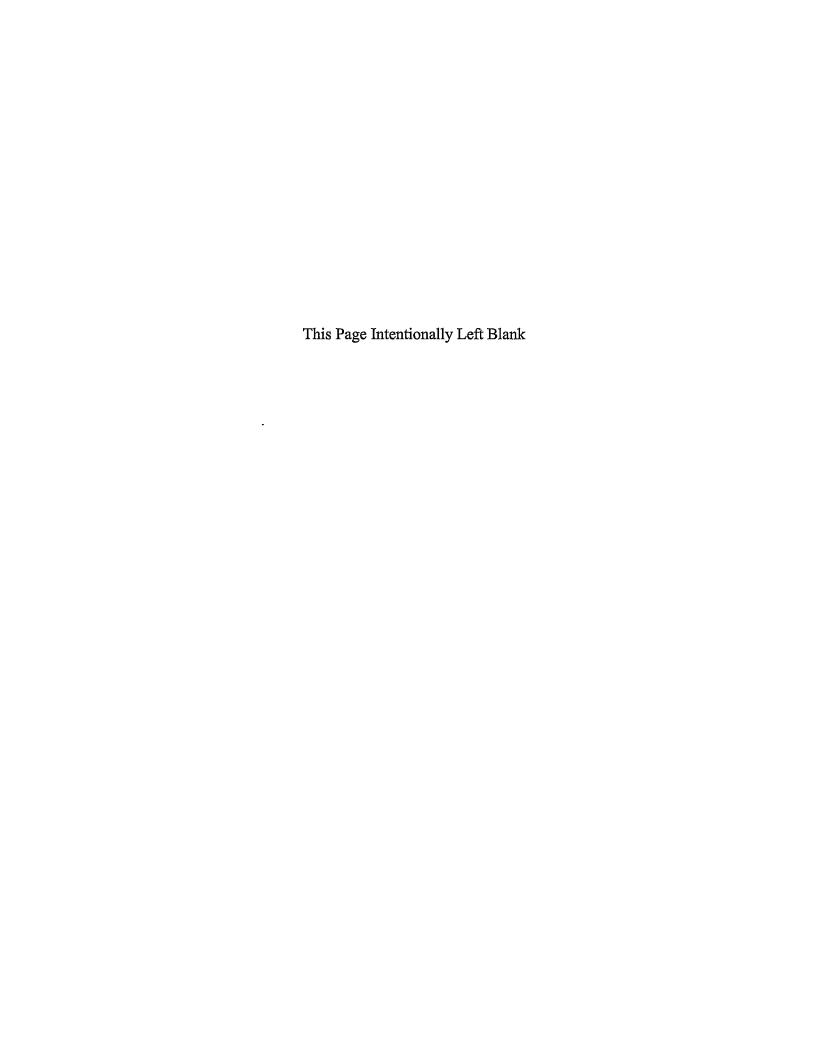
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES:	GENERAL FUND		STREET FUND	TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT TAX FUND		LOCAL OPTION LEVY FUND		PARKS SDC FUND	TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT FUND		TOTAL	
	0 (11.404			•		01606			_		_	
Property Taxes	\$ 611,494	\$	-	\$ -	\$	216,067	\$	-	\$	-	\$	827,561
City Franchise Fees	203,648		-	-		-		-		-		203,648
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	53,572		-	-		-		-		-		53,572
Cigarette Tax	3,684		-	-		-		-		-		3,684
Motel Tax	52,262		-	-		-		-		-		52,262
State Gas Tax	-		206,552	•		-		-		-		206,552
Washington Co. Gas Tax	-		13,075	-		-		-		-		13,075
City Privilege Tax	-		32,509	-		-		-		-		32,509
State Revenue Sharing	34,970		-	-		•		-		-		34,970
Bike Path	-		2,085	-		-		-		-		2,085
Grants	12,400		-	•		-		16,437		-		28,837
Court Fines	48,179		-			-		-		-		48,179
Metro Excise Tax	10,155		-	-		-		-		-		10,155
Licenses/Permits/Fees	187,414		-	•				-		-		187,414
New Development Deposit	614		-	-		-		-		-		614
School CET	102,104		-	-		-		-		-		102,104
OR State Surcharge	11,178		-			-		_		_		11,178
Passport Fees	66,200		-	-		-		_		-		66,200
Traffic Development Tax	´ -		-	239,402		-		-		_		239,402
Interest on Investments	12,785		3,517	28,408		585		4,911		1,161		51,367
Developmental charges	,		-,	-		•		31,616		-,		31,616
Water Revenue	65,177		_							_		65,177
CWS/Surface Water Mgmt Fees	-		49,120	_		_		_		_		49,120
Miscellaneous	4,302		42,120					_		-		4,302
Wisconancous	4,502	-	<u>_</u> _		_		_	 -				4,302
Total Revenues	1,480,138		306,858	267,810	_	216,652	_	52,964		1,161	_	2,325,583
EXPENDITURES:												
Personal Services	1,000,878		-	-		_		-		_		1,000,878
Materials & Services	692,041		111,279	_		_		_		_		803,320
Capital Outlay	35,194		92,369	472,399		_		24,300		126,200		750,462
		-			_		_					,
Total Expenditures	1,728,113		203,648	472,399	_		_	24,300		126,200		2,554,660
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(247,975)		103,210	(204,589)		216,652		28,664		(125,039)		(229,077)
Other Financing Sources, (Uses)												
Transfers In	342,566		-	-		-		-		-		342,566
Transfer Out			(69,044)	(24,000)	_	(215,000)		(34,522)				(342,566)
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	342,566		(69,044)	(24,000)		(215,000)		(34,522)			_	
Net Change in Fund Balance	94,591		34,166	(228,589)		1,652		(5,858)		(125,039)		(229,077)
Beginning Fund Balance	1,245,996		341,951	2,460,059		19,537		442,020		125,406		4,634,969
		-						'			_	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 1,340,587	\$	376,117	\$ 2,231,470	\$	21,189	\$	436,162	\$	367	<u>\$</u>	4,405,892

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(229,077)
Payment of vested compensated absences is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduce the liability in the Statement of Net Position. Additions to vested compensated absences is an expense for the Statement of Activities but not for the governmental funds.		(11,265)
Property tax revenue in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds. In the governmental funds, which are on the modified accrual basis, the City recognizes a deferred revenue for all property taxes levied but not received, however in the Statement of Net Position, there is no deferred revenue and the full property tax receivable is accrued.	11	3,858
Principle payment of debt service over the life of the loan reduce the loan amount in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activites these are expensed because fixed assets are not recorded on the books. Principle Debt Service Payments	S.	19,753
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period these amounts are: Depreciation Expense		(34,444)
The Pension Expense represents the changes in Net Pension Asset (Liability) from year to year due to changes total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits.	s in –	(64,246)
Change in Net Position	<u>\$</u>	(315,421)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the accounting policies are described below.

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of King City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected council. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these basic financial statements present the City of King City (the primary government) and all component units, if any. Component units, as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 61, are separate organizations that are included in the City's reporting because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. There are no component units.

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions."

Program Revenues included in the Statement of Activities derives directly from the program itself or from parties outside the City's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the general revenues.

All direct expenses are reported by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Interest on general long-term debt, if any, is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts are organized and operated on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pension costs, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

FUND EQUITY

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions is followed. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are—nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- <u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items.
- Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.
- <u>Assigned fund balance</u> represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

There are no assigned fund balances at year end.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

C. DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS

There are the following major funds:

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources and expenditures, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Its main sources of revenues are property taxes, franchise fees, interest and revenue from the State of Oregon.

STREET FUND

Accounts for revenue and expenditures of the road maintenance program. Principal revenue sources are state highway funds and Washington County gas tax.

TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT TAX FUND

Accounts for revenue received from systems development charges, which are spent on street capacity improvements. The principal revenue source is traffic impact fees.

LOCAL OPTION LEVY FUND

Accounts for revenue received from Local Option Levy. The amount is then transferred to the General Fund.

PARKS SDC FUND

Accounts for revenue received from METRO Grant and Park SDC Fees, which are spent on Park Improvements.

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT FUND

Accounts for street capacity improvements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. BUDGET

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the main program categories required by the Oregon Local Budget Law. The budgets for all budgeted funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except capital outlay is expensed when purchased, depreciation expense is not recorded, compensated absences are expensed when paid, inventory is expensed when purchased, pension costs are not recorded until paid, and property taxes are recorded when received.

The budget process begins early in each fiscal year with the establishment of the budget committee. Recommendations are developed through late winter with the budget committee approving the budget in early spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are published generally in early spring with a public hearing being held approximately three weeks later. The Council may amend the budget prior to adoption; however, budgeted expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than ten percent. The budget is then adopted, appropriations are made and the tax levy declared no later than June 30th.

Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the following levels of control for:

GENERAL FUND

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

City Council
Administration
Police Department
General Services
Interagency/Fund Transaction
Operating Contingency

Personal Services
Materials and Services
Capital Outlay
Interagency/Fund Transactions
Operating Contingency

Expenditures cannot legally exceed the above appropriation levels except in the case of restricted revenues which could not be estimated at the time of budget adoption. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Management may amend line items in the budget without Council approval as long as appropriation levels (the legal level of control) are not changed. Supplemental appropriations may occur if the Council approves them due to a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations.

E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

F. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of fines and fees that are sent to collections at year end and other amounts due that are yet to be received. There is no allowance for doubtful accounts because management believes all fines and fees to be collectible. The amount of accounts receivable over 90 days old is \$147,722.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements uncollected property taxes are recorded on the Statement of Net Position. In the Fund Financial Statements property taxes that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as unearned revenue because it is not deemed available to finance operations of the current period.

An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary by management, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property. Property taxes are levied on all taxable property as of July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year, and become a lien on that date. Property taxes are payable on November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at the original or estimated cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year. Interest incurred during construction, maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements

30 to 50 years

Equipment

5 to 10 years

I. RETIREMENT PLAN

Substantially all of the City's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. VESTED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the policy to permit employees to accumulate earned unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since there is no policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All unused vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide basic financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. ESTIMATES

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. INVESTMENTS

Investments are reported at fair value. The investments, authorized under state statutes, are comprised of investments in the state administered Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

M. SUPPLY INVENTORY

Detailed supply inventory records are not maintained. Supply inventories are considered to be immaterial by management at year end.

N. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets (such as easements and right of ways) are recorded at their original cost if purchased or estimated value at date of donation if donated. The city has not adopted a policy on capitalization of intangible assets. There were no intangible assets purchased or donated in fiscal year 2016-2017.

O. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2017 are recorded as prepaid items.

P. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. Operating interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

Q. NET POSITION

Net position is comprised of the various net earnings from operations, non-operating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Restricted – consists of external constraints placed on asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted assets – consists of all other assets that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

R. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS / INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At June 30, 2017, there were deferred outflows of \$357,976 representing pension related deferrals in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2017, the City has two types of items, which qualify for reporting in this category. The first of this category is unavailable revenue of \$37,861 reported in the governmental funds balance sheet for property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City's Statement of Net Position shows another Deferred Inflow of \$20,787 representing pension related deferrals.

S. FAIR VALUE IMPUTS AND METHODOLOGIES AND HIERARCHY

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based up on the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

 $\underline{\text{Level 1}}$ – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

<u>Level 2</u> — other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market—corroborated inputs)

<u>Level 3</u> – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

S. FAIR VALUE IMPUTS AND METHODOLOGIES AND HIERARCHY (CONTINUED)

Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury.

CREDIT RISK - DEPOSITS

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2017, all of the bank balance of \$82,161 was insured by FDIC.

INVESTMENTS

The Policy is to follow state statutes governing cash management. Statutes authorize investing in banker's acceptances, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund's compliance with all portfolio guidelines can be found in their annual report when issued. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it approximates fair value. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. The audited financial reports of the Oregon Short Term Fund can be found here:

http://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Divisions/Investment/Pages/Oregon-Short-Term-Fund-(OSTF).aspx

If the link has expired please contact the Oregon Short Term Fund directly

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and Investments at June 30, 2017 (recorded at fair value) consisted of:

Deposits With Financial Institutions:	 2017			
Petty Cash	\$ 150			
Demand Deposits:				
Checking	80,485			
Investments	 4,761,849			
	•			
Total	\$ 4,842,484			

		Investment Maturities (in months)							
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less than 3		3-18		19-59	
State Treasurer's Investment Pool		4,761,849	\$	4,761,849	\$	-	\$	-	
Total	\$	4,761,849	\$	4,761,849	\$		\$	_	

Interest Rate Risk -Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. There are no investments that have a maturity date beyond three months.

Credit Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes do not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE. The State Investment Pool is not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2017, 100% of total investments were in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investments in these instruments. Oregon Revised Statutes require no more than 25 percent of the moneys of a local government be invested in bankers' acceptances of any qualified financial institution. At June 30, 2017, there was compliance with all percentage restrictions.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in Capital assets are as follows:

	7/1/2016		Additions		Deletions		6/30/2017	
Governmental Activities:								
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets								
Infrastructure	\$	11,901,120	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	_\$	11,901,120
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Asse	ets	11,901,120		-		-		11,901,120
Depreciable Capital Assets								
Buildings & Improvements		283,656		-		-		283,656
Equipment		251,150	•					251,150
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		534,806		-		-		534,806
Accumulated Depreciation		348,880	\$	34,444	\$	-		383,324
Net Depreciable Capital Assets		185,926						151,482
Total Capital Assets	\$	12,087,046					\$	12,052,602

Depreciation expense for the year was charged as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$ 16,262
Street	2,124
Police	 16,058
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 34,444

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. CAPITAL LEASES

There are two lease agreements for police automobiles. The lease terms are as follows:

	Orig	ginal Issue	itstanding y 1, 2016	I	ssued	tured and	tstanding 30, 2017
2013 Lease 2014 Lease	\$	66,453 32,861	\$ 27,458 13,578	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 13,217 6,536	\$ 14,241 7,042
			\$ 41,036	\$	-	\$ 19,753	\$ 21,283

Future lease payments are as follows:

	F	Principal	I	nterest
2017-18	\$	21,283	<u>\$</u>	1,650
Total	\$	21,283	\$	1,650

5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. PERS Pension (Chapter 238). The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i) Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

PLAN DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

- ii) Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following contributions are met:
 - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
 - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
 - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
 - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
- iii) Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- iv) Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.
- **b. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB).** The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i) Pension Benefits. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:
 - Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.
 - General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

PLAN DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

- ii) Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.
- iii) Disability Benefits. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.
- iv) Benefit Changes After Retirement. Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2015. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$53,336 excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. In addition approximately \$21,198 in employee contributions were paid or picked up by the City in fiscal 2017.

PENSION ASSET OR LIABILITY

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a net pension liability of \$658,717 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was .004 percent.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

	 rred Outflow Resources	 rred Inflow Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 21,793	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	140,488	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	130,135	-
Net changes in proportionate share and differences between	•	
City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	12,224	(20,787)
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)	 304,640	 (20,787)
City contributions subsequent to measurement date	 53,336	
Net deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$ 357,976	\$ (20,787)

FUNDING POLICY

Subtotal amounts related to pension as deferred outflows of resources, \$304,640, and deferred inflows of resources, (\$20,787), net to \$283,853 and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 Amount
2018	\$ 50,449
2019	50,449
2020	98,570
2021	74,280
2022	10,105
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 283,853

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated February 8, 2017. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessarily to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation date	December 31, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2016
Experience Study Report	2014, Published September 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases
	over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years
	and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over 16 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.50 percent(reduced from 2.75%)
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent(reduced from 7.75%)
Projected salary increase	3.50 percent overall payroll growth; salaries for individuals are assumed
	to grow at 3.50 percent plus assumed rates of merit/longevity increases
	based on service(reduced from 3.75%). For COLA, a blend of 2% COLA
	and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with Moro decision,
	blend based on service.
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB(changed from Scale
	AA), with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates
	that vary by group, as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees:
	Mortality rates are a percentage (65% for males and 90% for females) of
	the RP-2000 static combined disabled mortality sex-distinct table.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS(CONTINUED)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2014 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2014

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Assumed Asset allocation:

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Cash	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%
Private Equity	16.0%	24.0%	20.0%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Alternative Equity	0.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Total		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	100%

Source: June 30, 2014 PERS CAFR; p. 54 – 55)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2013 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the QIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS(CONTINUED)

		Compound
		Annual
		Return
Asset Class	Target	(Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	7.20%	4.50%
Short-term Bonds	8.00%	3.70%
Intermediate-Term Bonds	3.00%	4.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.80%	6.66%
Large Cap US Equities	11.65%	7.20%
Mid Cap US Equities	3.88%	7.30%
Small Cap US Equities	2.27%	7.45%
Developed Foreign Equities	14.21%	6.90%
Emerging Foreign Equities	5.49%	7.40%
Private Equity	20.00%	8.26%
Opportunity Funds/Absolute Return	5.00%	6.01%
Real Estate (Property)	13.75%	6.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.76%
Commodities	7.71%	6.07%
Assumed Inflation		2.75%

Source: June 30, 2014 PERS CAFR; p. 54 – 55)

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-perentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Decrease		Rate	Increase		
		(6.50%)	(7.50%)		(8.50%)	
City's proportionate share of		·				
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,063,608	\$ 658,717	\$	320,299	

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date:

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

At its July 28, 2017 meeting, the PERS Board lowered the assumed rate to 7.2 percent. For member transactions, this rate will take effect January 1, 2018. The current assumed rate is 7.5 percent and has been in effect for member transactions since January 1, 2016. The actuarial effect of this change on the net pension liability has not yet been determined.

As reflected in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation, the system-wide actuarial accrued liability has increased primarily due to the Moro decision and assumption changes, along with interest on the liability as current active members get closer to retirement. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions passed by the 2013 Oregon Legislature, which increased the benefits projected to be paid by Employers compared to those previously developed and consequently increased plan liabilities. The employers' projected long-term contribution effort reflects the estimated impact of the Moro Decision. Following the completion of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation, the PERS Board adopted several assumption changes, including lowering the investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.50%.

Individual Account Program - In the 2003 legislative session, the Oregon Legislative Assembly created a successor plan for OPERS. The Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) is effective for all new employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, and applies to any inactive OPERS members who return to employment following a six month or greater break in service. The new plan consists of the defined benefit pension plans and a defined contribution pension plan (the Individual Account Program or IAP). Beginning January 1, 2004, all OPERS member contributions go into the IAP portion of OPSRP. OPERS' members retain their existing OPERS accounts, but any future member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP, not the member's OPERS account. Those employees who had established an OPERS membership prior to the creation of OPSRP will be members of both the OPERS and OPSRP system as long as they remain in covered employment. Members of OPERS and OPSRP are required to contribute six percent of their salary covered under the plan which is invested in the IAP.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online at the below website, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO BOX 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700,

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Documents/GASB/2014/GASB-Disclosure-Information.pdf

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. OTHER QUALIFIED PLAN

There is available to permanent employees, other than public safety employees, a 401(k) qualified retirement plan.

The plan is a defined contribution plan, where by council resolution the City contributes an amount equivalent to the combined employer and employee contributions made for employees who participate in PERS. The employee is not required to contribute. The total amount contributed to the plan in the current fiscal year was \$44,747.

Benefits vest 50% after one year and 100% after two years of permanent employment. Under the plan employees may not withdraw funds until reaching age 62. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the City.

7. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the City for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of death, disability, resignation, or retirement. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the City.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

There is exposure to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. Commercial insurance is purchased to minimize exposure to these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

9. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The State of Oregon voters imposed a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and non-school government operations. School operations include community colleges, local school districts, and education service districts. The limitation provides that property taxes for non-school operations are limited to \$10.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. The State voters further reduced property taxes by replacing the previous constitutional limits on tax bases with a rate and value limit in 1997. This reduction was accomplished by rolling property values back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The State Constitution sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues, and requires the State to minimize the impact to school districts from the impact of the tax cuts.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES / PAYABLES

Activity between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

The composition of due to/from is as follows:

	Due From	D	ue To other		
Fund	other Funds		Funds		
General Fund	\$ -	\$	3,065,305		
Street Fund	376,117		-		
Transportation Development Tax Fund	2,231,837		367		
Local Option Levy Fund	21,189		-		
Parks SDC Fund	436,162		-		
Transportation Improvement Fund	367		~		
	\$ 3,065,672	\$	3,065,672		

11. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund transfers is as follows:

Fund	Tra	ansfers Out	_T1	Transfers In		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	342,566		
Local Option Levy Fund		215,000		-		
Street Fund		69,044		-		
Transportation Development Tax Fund		24,000		-		
Parks System Development		34,522		_		
	\$	342,566	\$	342,566		

The internal transfers are budgeted and recorded to show legal and operational commitments between funds such as cost sharing.

12. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2017, City of King City potentially had tax abatements through various state allowed programs that impacted levied taxes. Based on the information available from the county as of the date of issuance of these basic financial statements, there were no material abatements disclosed by the county for the year ended June 30, 2017 for any program covered under GASB 77.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION At June 30, 2017

PERS SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	(a) Employer's	(t Emple			(c)		(b/c) NPL as a	Plan fiduciary net position as
Year	proportion of	proportion	nate share	E	mployer's	's percentage a perce		a percentage of
Ended	the net pension	of the ne	t pension		covered		of covered	the total pension
June 30,	liability (NPL)	liability	(NPL)	payroll			payroll	liability
2017	0.0044 %	\$	658,717	\$	352,707	*	186.8 %	80.5 %
2016	0.0046		264,428		350,407		75.5	91.9
2015	0.0040		(91,744)		300,611		(30.5)	103.6
2014	0.0040		206,546		273,970	•	75.4	92.0

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	r	tatutorily equired ntribution	rela statuto	ributions in tion to the orily required ntribution	def	tribution iciency xcess)	mployer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2017	\$	53,336	\$	53,336	\$	-	\$ 357,392	14.9 %
2016		50,548		50,548		-	352,707	14.3
2015		45,565		45,565		-	350,407	13.0
2014		36,360		36,360		-	300,611	12.1

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

GENERAL FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
December Transaction Comment	Ф (00,000	Ф (00,000	Ф 602.040	e 2.040
Property Taxes - Current	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 603,940	\$ 3,940
Property Taxes - Delinquent	10,000	10,000	7,554	(2,446)
City Franchise Fees	210,000	219,800	203,648	(16,152)
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	48,000	48,800	53,572	4,772
Cigarette Tax	4,500	4,800	3,684	(1,116)
Motel Tax	44,000	44,000	52,262	8,262
State Revenue Sharing	30,000	32,000	34,970	2,970
Grants	13,295	13,295	12,400	(895)
Court Fines	75,000	40,000	48,179	8,179
Licenses/Permits/Fees	20,000	20,000	18,731	(1,269)
Metro Excise Tax	12,500	18,000	10,155	(7,845)
School CET	125,000	180,000	102,104	(77,896)
OR State Surcharge	17,300	20,000	11,178	(8,822)
Site Review Fees	3,000	3,000	1,084	(1,916)
New Development Review	3,000	12,000	12,097	97
New Development Deposit	-	-	614	614
Building Permits	165,000	190,000	155,502	(34,498)
Passport Fees	40,000	60,000	66,200	6,200
Interest on Investments	4,500	4,500	12,785	8,285
Water Revenue	61,150	65,177	65,177	-
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	4,302	3,302
Total Revenues	\$ 1,487,245	\$ 1,586,372	\$ 1,480,138	\$ (106,234)

Continued on page -29-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	<u>GENERAL I</u>			
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
EXPENDITURES:				
City Council		•		
Materials and Services	\$ 34,410	\$ 44,510	\$ 37,761	\$ 6,749
Total City Council	34,410	44,510	(1) 37,761	6,749
Administration Department				
Personal Services	303,105	330,195	287,541	42,654
Materials and Services	561,908	940,818	527,490	413,328
Capital Outlay	62,000	67,000	20,751	46,249
Total Administration	927,013	1,338,013	(1) 835,782	502,231
Police Department				
Personal Services	763,995	759,252	713,337	45,915
Materials and Services	166,425	159,425		32,635
Capital Outlay	14,750	18,750	14,443	4,307
Total Police Department	945,170	937,427	(1) 854,570	82,857
General Services				
Contingency	1,051,010	841,787	_(1)	841,787
Total Expenditures	2,957,603	3,161,737	1,728,113	1,433,624
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(1,470,358)	(1,575,365)) (247,975)	1,327,390
Other Financing Sources, (Uses): Transfers In	270,358	342,566	342,566	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,200,000)	(1,232,799)	94,591	1,327,390
Beginning Fund Balance	1,200,000	1,232,799	1,245,996	13,197
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,340,587	\$ 1,340,587

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level Continued from page -28-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

STREET FUND

		•		
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	. ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
12 , 21,022				
State Gas Tax Washington County Gas Tax City Privilege Tax Bike Path Interest on Investments CWS/SWM Fees	\$ 170,000 12,000 32,000 1,700 1,500 46,000	\$ 170,000 12,000 32,000 1,700 1,500 46,000	\$ 206,552 13,075 32,509 2,085 3,517 49,120	\$ 36,552 1,075 509 385 2,017 3,120
Miscellaneous	500	500	49,120	(500)
TVIISCOTATIOUS	300			(500)
Total Revenues	263,700	263,700	306,858	43,158
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and Services	194,960	195,960 ((1) 111,279	84,681
Capital Outlay	210,000	225,000	• •	132,631
Contingency	61,311	19,696 (• •	19,696
Total Expenditures	466,271	440,656	203,648	237,008
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(202,571)	(176,956)	103,210	280,166
Other Financing Sources, (Uses): Transfer Out	(43,429)	(69,044)	(1) (69,044)	
Total Other Sources, (Uses)	(43,429)	(69,044)	(69,044)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(246,000)	(246,000)	34,166	280,166
Beginning Fund Balance	246,000	246,000	341,951	95,951
Ending Fund Balance	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 376,117	\$ 376,117

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT TAX FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
Traffic Development Tax Interest On Investments	\$ 242,650 10,000	\$ 332,000 25,000	\$ 239,402 28,408	\$ (92,598) 3,408	
Total Revenues	252,650	357,000	267,810	(89,190)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital Outlay Contingency	673,800 1,912,680	673,800 (1 2,119,259 (1		201,401 2,119,259	
Total Expenditures	2,586,480	2,793,059	472,399	2,320,660	
Excess of Revenues, Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,333,830)	(2,436,059)	(204,589)	2,231,470	
Other Financing Sources, (Uses): Transfer Out		(24,000)	1) (24,000)		
Total Other Sources, (Uses)		(24,000)	(24,000)	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,333,830)	(2,436,059)	(228,589)	2,207,470	
Beginning Fund Balance	2,333,830	2,460,059	2,460,059		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 24,000	\$ 2,231,470	\$ 2,207,470	

(1) Appropriations Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

LOCAL OPTION LEVY FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
Interest On Investments Property Delinquent Serial Levy	\$ 200 3,000 211,800	\$ 200 3,000 211,800	\$ 585 2,722 213,345	\$ 385 (278) 1,545	
Total Revenues	215,000	215,000	216,652	1,652	
EXPENDITURES:					
Personal Services			(1)		
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	215,000	215,000	216,652	1,652	
Other Financing Sources, (Uses): Transfers Out	(215,000)	(215,000)	(1) (215,000)		
Total Other Sources, (Uses)	(215,000)	(215,000)	(215,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	1,652	1,652	
Beginning Fund Balance			19,537	19,537	
Ending Fund Balance	\$	\$ -	\$ 21,189	\$ 21,189	

(1) Appropriations Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

PARKS SDC FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET ACTUAL		ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
Interest on Investments	\$ 1,800	\$ 5,000	\$	4,911	\$	(89)
METRO	16,000	16,000		16,437		437
Developmental Charges	16,640	33,280		31,616		(1,664)
Total Revenues	34,440	54,280	. —	52,964		(1,316)
EXPENDITURES:						
Capital Outlay	16,000	47,000	(1)	24,300		22,700
Contingency	459,511	414,778	(1)	24,500		414,778
			. \	, , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
Total Expenditures	475,511	461,778	. 	24,300		437,478
Excess of Revenue Over, (Under) Expenditures	(441,071)	(407,498)		28,664		436,162
Other Financing Sources, (Uses):						
Transfers Out	(11,929)	(34,522)	(1)	(34,522)		_
			• •		-	
Total Other Sources, (Uses)	(11,929)	(34,522)	. —	(34,522)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(453,000)	(442,020)		(5,858)		436,162
Beginning Fund Balance	453,000	442,020		442,020		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -		\$	436,162	\$	436,162

⁽¹⁾ Appropriations Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Interest On Investments	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ 1,161	\$ 361
Total Revenues	800	800	1,161	361
EXPENDITURES:				
Capital Outlay	126,200	126,200	(1) 126,200	
Total Expenditures	126,200	126,200	126,200	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(125,400)	(125,400)	(125,039)	361
Beginning Fund Balance	125,400	125,400	125,406	6
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 367	\$ 367

⁽¹⁾ Appropriations Level

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



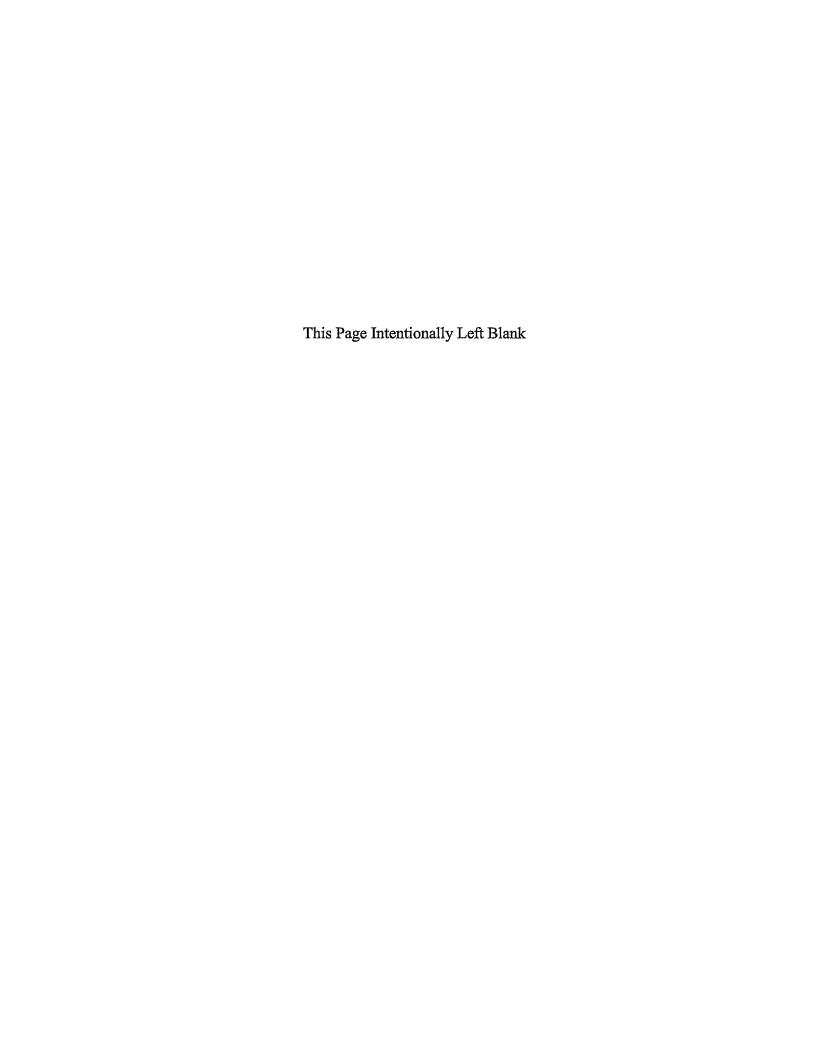
SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				10, 0,,	7 7 0.	ar Emalea Game		1027				
TAX YEAR	L B ŲNC	RIGINAL EVY OR ALANCE COLLECTED 7/01/16		DEDUCT SCOUNTS	AD	DJUSTMENTS TO ROLLS	IN	ADD TEREST	BY	CASH LECTIONS COUNTY EASURER	UNCC	BALANCE DLLECTED OR EGREGATED 6/30/17
General Fund:	_											
CURRENT: 2016-17	\$	857,115	\$	23,038	\$	(2,087)	<u>\$</u>	195	\$	818,231	\$	13,954
PRIOR YEARS:												
2015-16		13,697		18		(1,035)		360		6,459		6,545
2014-15		6,961		-		(51)		·262		1,682		5,490
2013-14		4,933		(1)		(47)		367		1,565		3,689
2012-13		3,123		-		(46)		152		574		2,655
Prior		6,600				(69)		82		198		6,415
Total Prior		35,314		17		(1,248)		1,223		10,478		24,794
Total All Funds	\$	892,429	\$	23,055	\$	(3,335)	\$	1,418	\$	828,709	\$	38,748
RECONCILIATIO	N OF R	EVENUE:								Revenue		
Per County Treasu Accrual of Receiva		ve							\$	828,709		
	e 30, 20	16								(1,311)		
	e 30, 20									887		
Tax	es in lie	eu						•		3,134		
Total Fund Collect	ions per	r Financial Sta	ateme	ents					<u>\$</u>	831,419		
Revenue by Fund	:											
General	•								\$	615,352		
Local Option Levy	•									216,067		
									\$	831,419		



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS





PAULY, ROGERS, AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

November 17, 2017

Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of King City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated November 17, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of the basic financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of King City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal controls over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting.

We noted a matter involving the internal control structure and its operation that we consider to be a material weakness under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, which is noted in our management letter dated November 17, 2017.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Council members and management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C



SHEA, CARR & JEWELL, INC. AGREEMENT FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

This Agreement for Professional Services (or this "Agreement") is dated <u>February 1, 2018,</u> and is made and entered into by and between:

Firm: Shea, Carr & Jewell, Inc. (dba SCJ Alliance) ("SCJ")

Address: 8730 Tallon Lane NE, Suite 200, Lacey, WA 98516

Telephone: 360-352-1465 Fax: 360-352-1509

and

Client: City of King City, Mike Weston, City Manager ("Client")

Address: 15300 SW 116th Avenue, King City, OR 97224

Telephone: 503-639-4082

Fax: NA

Email: mweston@ci.king-city.or.us

Section 1 – The Project. SCJ shall perform all services, as described in Section 2 below, for the following project:

a. Project Name: URA 6D Concept Plan Traffic Analysis (the "Project")

b. Project Number: SCJ# 0780.01 Client# NA

c. <u>Project Location</u>: King City, OR

d. Project Timeline: SCJ shall perform its services as expeditiously as is consistent with the professional skill and care and the orderly progress of the Project. If SCJ is delayed in meeting this projected timeline due to causes beyond its control (including, but not limited to, war, riot, civil disorder, fire, labor trouble, strikes, accidents, energy failure, equipment breakdown, delays of suppliers, printers, or carriers, action of government or civil authority, or acts of God), then the projected timeline shall be extended accordingly.

Section 2 - Scope of Work. SCJ shall perform the services (the "Work") described in Attachment A:

<u>Section 3 – Compensation to SCJ.</u> SCJ shall perform the Work for Client for the following compensation:

Budget Summary	Fee Amount	Fee Basis
Phase 01 – URA 6D Concept Plan Traffic Analysis \$ 3,825		T&M (NTE)
TOTAL MAXIMUM FEE:	\$ 3.825	-

Time and Materials. When the basis of SCJ's compensation is time and materials, Client will pay SCJ for the time SCJ spends and all the expenses SCJ incurs (see expenses addressed below) in performing the Work, pursuant to the Billing Rate Schedule shown in Attachment B. SCJ may change its billing rates and/or the reimbursement rate for the expenses it incurs from time to time due to market conditions with prior notice to Client. If SCJ changes any of its billing rates and/or reimbursement rates for its expenses, SCJ shall promptly provide a copy of its revised Billing Rate Schedule to Client.



Changes in billing rates and/or reimbursement rates for expenses is not a basis for increasing the Total Maximum Fee shown above.

Lump Sum. When the basis of SCJ's compensation is a lump sum, Client will pay SCJ on a percent-complete basis of the Total Maximum Fee for the Work described in Section 2 of this Agreement. SCJ will be compensated in full upon completion of the Work. Any out-of-scope or extra services requested by the Client will be paid to SCJ on a time and materials basis in accordance with the provisions described above under Time and Materials.

Retainers. Client will pay a retainer to SCJ for the services in the amount of $\frac{N/A}{N}$. This fee shall be payable in advance upon contract signing. The retainer will not be applied to invoices until a history of timely invoice payment has been established and will not be completely released until the final project invoice. The specific retainer application schedule will be project specific and will be established by mutual agreement between the Client and SCJ.

Expenses. Expenses will include, but not be limited to, the following: transportation costs, including mileage; meals and lodging; laboratory tests and analyses; computer services; word processing services; telephone, printing, binding, and reproduction charges; all costs associated with outside consultants and other outside services and facilities; and other similar costs. Expenses which SCJ incurs on Client's behalf for outside consultants and other outside services or facilities shall include a 10% markup to compensate SCJ for its activities related to these expenses, such as: excise tax, liability insurance, profit, and additional administrative overhead.

<u>Section 4 – Billing and Payment</u>. SCJ will provide Client with an invoice once per month for Work on the Project during the prior month. Client agrees to pay SCJ within 30 days of receiving SCJ's invoice, after which date, if the invoice has not been paid in full, Client's account will become delinquent. Client is deemed to have received an invoice three days after SCJ mailed it to Client at its address provided in this Agreement, postage prepaid. If Client's account becomes delinquent at any time, the following shall apply:

- SCJ may, in its sole discretion, cease all Work on the Project and retain all records and work
 product in its possession related to the Project until such time as Client's account is brought
 current; and/or
- SCJ will assess interest at the rate of 1.5 percent per month against any delinquent invoice balance, unless such rate of interest exceeds the legal limit, in which case interest will be assessed against the delinquent invoice balance at the highest legal rate.

<u>Section 5 – Standard of Care; No Warranties</u>. SCJ will perform the Work consistent with the professional skill and care ordinarily provided by professionals practicing in the same or similar locality under the same or similar circumstances at the time the Work is performed. SCJ does not make or intend to make any warranty, expressed or implied, by performing any of the Work.

<u>Section 6 – No Third-Party Beneficiaries</u>. The parties do not intend, and no such intent shall be inferred, that SCJ assumes a direct obligation to any third party by entering into this Agreement.

<u>Section 7 – Notice to Cure a Default</u>. If SCJ materially breaches a provision of this Agreement, SCJ may be deemed in default. If SCJ fails within five (5) business days after written notification to commence and continue satisfactory correction of such default with diligence and promptness, then Client shall give SCJ a second written notice of termination within three (3) business days following the end of the five (5) day period.



Section 8 - Termination by Client.

- 8.1 Client may terminate this Agreement as provided in Section 7 in addition to any other remedy provided by this Agreement. If Client's costs arising out of SCJ's failure to cure the default, including the cost of completing the Work, exceed the unpaid Compensation to SCJ, SCJ shall be liable to the Client for such excess costs as limited by Section 10 below. If Client's costs are less than the unpaid Compensation to SCJ, Client shall pay the difference to SCJ. In the event Client exercises its rights under this Section 8, Client shall furnish to SCJ a detailed accounting of the costs incurred by Client.
- 8.2 Client may terminate this Agreement for its own convenience upon fourteen (14) days written notice to SCJ. Upon any termination for convenience, Client shall pay SCJ for all sums due through the effective date of the termination including, but not limited to, the amounts provided in Section 3 above and any expected profits.
- 8.3 If Client terminates this Agreement, with or without cause, before SCJ completes all of the Work, SCJ shall have the right to complete such services, analysis, and records, within its sole discretion, as are necessary to place SCJ's files in order and to complete a report on the services performed pursuant to this Agreement ("Project Closeout"). The time expended and expenses incurred by SCJ in carrying out the Project Closeout shall be billed to Client in addition to all time expended and expenses incurred by SCJ up to the date of termination.

Section 9 - Termination by SCJ.

- 9.1 SCJ may terminate this Agreement upon five (5) days written notice of the following:
 - a. Client fails to pay SCJ in accordance with this Agreement.
 - b. Client otherwise materially breaches this Agreement.
- 9.2 Upon termination by SCJ pursuant to this Agreement, SCJ shall be entitled to recover from Client payment for all sums due through the date of termination and for any proven loss, cost, or expense including, but not limited to, the amounts owing from Section 3 above, expected profits, and Project Closeout.

<u>Section 10 – Limitation of Liability</u>. The parties agree that the liability of SCJ (which includes SCJ's shareholders, directors, officers, employees, and agents) to Client for any loss or damage (whether damage or destruction of property or personal injury or death) related in any way to SCJ's performance or nonperformance under this Agreement shall be limited to the total Compensation in Section 3 above or one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), whichever is greater. IN NO EVENT SHALL SCJ BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL, LOST PROFITS OR LIFE EXPECTANCY DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT.

<u>Section 11 – Indemnification</u>.

- 11.1 SCJ shall indemnify and hold Client harmless from all claims, demands or lawsuits at law or equity for personal injury or property damage ("Claim") arising in whole or in part from the negligence of SCJ or SCJ's agents, employees, or subconsultants; provided that nothing herein shall require SCJ to indemnify and hold harmless Client from Claims based solely upon the negligence of Client, its agents, officers or employees.
- 11.2 Client shall indemnify and hold harmless SCJ, its officers, directors, shareholders, and employees, from all claims, demands, or lawsuits at law or equity for personal injury or property damage ("Claim") arising in whole or in part from the negligence of Client or Client's agents, employees, contractors, or subcontractors; providing that nothing herein shall require Client to indemnify and hold harmless SCJ from Claims based solely upon the negligence of SCJ, its agents, officers, or employees.



- 11.3 The indemnifications contained in Sections 11.1 and 11.2 are valid and enforceable only to the extent of the indemnitor's negligence where the damages arise out of services or work in connection with or collateral to, a contract or agreement relative to construction, alteration, repair, addition to, subtraction from, improvement to, or maintenance of, any building, highway, road, railroad, excavation, or other structure, project, development, or improvement attached to real estate, including moving and demolition in connection therewith, a contractor agreement for architectural, landscape architectural, engineering, or land surveying services and where the damages are caused by or result from the concurrent negligence of (i) SCJ or its officers, employees, and agents, and (ii) Client or its officers, employees, and agents. This paragraph is intended to comply with RCW 4.24.115.
- 11.4 Both SCJ and Client expressly waive any immunity, from claims against each other, provided by the Washington State Industrial Insurance Act (RCW 51) or similar act of any other state. The provisions of this section shall not be limited in any way by any limitation on benefits payable to or for any third party under any State's Workers' Compensation Act. This waiver is not intended to waive and does not waive SCJ's design professional immunity from claims by an injured worker or beneficiary provided by RCW 51.24.035.
- 11.5 Both SCJ and Client acknowledge that they have mutually negotiated this waiver of immunity under the Washington State Industrial Insurance Act (RCW 51).

Initial here for Voluntary Waiver	
SCJ	
Client	

<u>Section 12 – Concurrent Work</u>. This Agreement shall not limit, in any way, other work SCJ may undertake for any other client.

<u>Section 13 – Insurance</u>. SCJ shall obtain and keep in force during the terms of this Agreement insurance coverage as follows: (a) Workers' Compensation, as required by applicable statute; (b) Comprehensive General Liability, \$2 million per occurrence and \$4 million in the aggregate; (c) Automobile, \$1 million combined single limit; and (d) Professional Liability, \$1 million per claim and \$2 million in the aggregate.

SCJ will provide Client with thirty (30) day notice prior to cancelling any of the aforementioned policies.

Section 14 - Dispute Resolution, Jurisdiction, Venue, Attorney Fees, and Applicable Law.

- 14.1 <u>Mediation</u>. In the event that any dispute arises between the parties related to this Agreement, the parties agree to submit the dispute to non-binding mediation upon either party providing the other with written notice describing the dispute in detail. The parties shall cooperate in selecting the mediator, and the mediation shall occur within 30 days of a party providing written notice to the other party of the dispute. The mediation shall take place in Tacoma, Washington.
- Arbitration. Except as provided below in Section 14.3., if such mediation does not resolve the dispute, such dispute shall be submitted to final and binding arbitration pursuant to the Washington's Uniform Arbitration Act (RCW 7.04A). The arbitration shall be conducted in Tacoma, Washington. The prevailing party in any such arbitration shall be entitled to recover its reasonable costs and attorney fees.
- 14.3 <u>Fee Disputes</u>. Following mediation pursuant to Section 14.1, any dispute involving only Client's failure to pay SCJ pursuant to this Agreement for SCJ's performance of the Work, may be resolved by commencing a lawsuit in court. Venue for the lawsuit shall be Pierce County, Washington. The prevailing party in any such lawsuit shall be entitled to recover its reasonable costs and attorney fees.
- 14.4 Applicable Law. This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Washington.



Section 15 – Ownership of Work Product and Confidentiality. All reports, plans, specifications, field data, notes and other documents, including all documents on electronic media, which SCJ prepares in connection with the Project (which information is collectively referred to herein as "SCJ's Work Product") are instruments of SCJ's service and shall remain the sole property of SCJ, unless agreed otherwise in writing. Client shall not reuse or modify SCJ's Work Product, without SCJ's prior written authorization, which authorization SCJ may not unreasonably withhold. Any unauthorized use of the SCJ's Work Product shall be at the Client's sole risk and without liability to SCJ and the Client agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless SCJ for all claims and liability resulting from such unauthorized use.

Client shall maintain the confidentiality of information specifically designated as confidential by SCJ, unless withholding such information would violate the law, create the risk of significant harm to the public or prevent the Client from establishing a claim or defense in an adjudicatory proceeding. Only information designated as confidential by SCJ shall be deemed confidential as provided by this paragraph.

Section 16 – Electronic Files and Data. Subject to Section 15 above, if requested, SCJ will provide electronic files to Client for its use and reference in connection with the Project. Client acknowledges and agrees that it shall be solely responsible for inspecting and testing any such electronic files before accessing or using them to verify they are free from bugs, viruses, or other destructive or harmful programs (referred to collectively herein as "Viruses"). Further, SCJ does not make or intend to make any warranty, expressed or implied, that any electronic file it provides to Client will be free from Viruses. Therefore, Client waives any claim it may have against SCJ which waiver includes all measures of damages, including, but not limited to, general, special, direct, indirect, consequential (including loss of profits and/or business), exemplary, statutory, and punitive damages) because any electronic files SCJ provides to client contain any Viruses.

All deliverables provided to Client for the Work shall be hard copies unless otherwise stated in Attachment B. If requested, SCJ may provide electronic files to Client; however, Client acknowledges and agrees that it shall be solely responsible for verifying consistency between electronic files and hard copy deliverables. In the event of any inconsistency between hard copy deliverables and electronic files, the hard copy deliverable shall govern.

<u>Section 17 – Notices</u>. Any written notice provided by one of the parties to the other in connection with this Agreement shall be received when personally delivered, when received by facsimile, or on the third day following mailing by USPS, postage prepaid, to:

SCJ: SCJ Alliance Client: City of King City

Attn: Amy Head, PE, Principal Attn: Mike Weston, City Manager

8730 Tallon Lane NE 15300 SW 116th Avenue Suite 200 King City, OR 97224

Lacey, WA 98516 Fax: NA

Fax: 360-352-1509 Email: mweston@ci.king-city.or.us

Email: amy.head@scjalliance.com

<u>Section 18 – Survival and Severability</u>. The terms and conditions of this Agreement shall survive the completion of the Work and the termination of this Agreement, whether for cause or for convenience. If any term or condition of this Agreement is ever held to be unenforceable, all remaining terms and conditions shall continue in full force and effect.

<u>Section 19 – Modifications</u>. This Agreement represents the entire and integrated Agreement between the parties hereto and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral. Except as provided in Section 3 above regarding the periodic adjustment of SCJ's billing rates and/or reimbursement rate of expense, this Agreement may only be amended, modified, or added to by written instrument properly signed by both parties. The parties acknowledge the general contract rule that a clause in a contract, such as this one,



prohibiting oral modifications is itself generally subject to oral modification. However, in order to ensure certainty as to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the parties waive this general contract rule.

<u>Section 20 – Assignment</u>. Neither party may assign all or a portion of its rights under this Agreement or delegate all or a portion of its obligations under this Agreement without the express written consent of the other party.

<u>Section 21 – Independent Review</u>. The parties acknowledge that they have read this Agreement and fully understand its terms. The parties further acknowledge that the terms of this Agreement have been mutually negotiated at arms-length. The parties waive the general rule of construction, therefore, that an agreement shall be construed against its drafter.

Section 22 – Acceptance and Authorization to Proceed. By signing this Agreement, Client agrees that the terms and conditions of this Agreement are acceptable and approved. If Client is a legal entity (e.g., a corporation, partnership, or limited liability company), then the person who signs on behalf of Client certifies that he or she has the authority to bind Client to the terms and conditions of this Agreement. If Client is a legal entity and it claims at any time that the person who signed this Agreement lacked the authority to do so, SCJ may name such person, in addition to Client, in any lawsuit or arbitration which arises relating to this Agreement and seek to hold such person liable, along with Client, in such proceeding. Upon SCJ's receipt of this fully executed Agreement, SCJ shall have authority to commence the Work.

Section 23 - Attachments. The following attachments are hereby made a part of this Agreement.

- Attachment A Scope of Work
- Attachment B Billing Rate Schedule

SCJ:		CLIENT:
SCJ Alliance		City of King City
Ву:		Ву:
Amy He	ead, PE (Print name)	(Print name)
Principa	al (Title)	(Title)
	(Date)	(Date)



January 31, 2018

Jamie Stasny. Senior Project Manager Metropolitan Land Group, LLC 17933 NW Evergreen Place, Suite 300 Beaverton, OR 97006

Re: Proposal for Traffic Engineering Services – King City URA 6D Concept Plan

Dear Ms. Stasny:

Based on our conversation yesterday, I have prepared the attached Scope of Services and Fee Estimate to provide professional transportation engineering services associated with King City's URA 6D Concept Plan. The purpose of this effort is to define the key issues involved in preparing a defensible transportation impact analysis to support the Concept Plan. This proposal addresses the work tasks needed to define the additional analysis that will be required to make the URA 6D Concept Plan more competitive in the 2018 UGB Expansion process.

SCOPE OF SERVICES

As noted in the comments you provided to me, Washington County is concerned about the level of technical detail in the transportation analysis conducted for the Concept Plan. To help address the County's comments (as well as previous input I received from Metro and ODOT) this scope of services will involve:

- Coordination and discussion with Washington County, the Oregon Department of
 Transportation and Metro to define the scope of transportation analysis that will be needed to
 provide more confidence in the nature and magnitude of the transportation infrastructure
 improvements needed to support the Concept Plan.
- 2. Review available information from other planning studies currently underway as part of the 2018 UGB Expansion process. I believe that these include: Cooper Mountain (City of Beaverton), expansion of existing development in South Hillsboro, West Sherwood, and the vicinity of Meridian Creek Middle School (City of Wilsonville). This review is intended to provide insight into the level of technical detail that will be presented by these other communities as part of the UGB Expansion process.
- 3. Contact Steve Kelley of Washington County to provide advance notice of a future travel demand modeling request. This request would actually be made once the full transportation analysis has been authorized.
- 4. Develop detailed work scope and fee estimate for conducting full transportation analysis.

FEE ESTIMATE

SCJ will provide the foregoing services for a not-to-exceed fee of \$3,825. All costs will be invoiced on a time-and-materials basis.

I appreciate the opportunity to provide this proposal and further participate in the King City URA 6D Concept Plan project. Please feel free to call me at (503) 341-6248 if you have any questions about our proposal. I look forward to working with you.

Respectfully, SCJ Alliance

Anne Sylvester, PTE Senior Consultant

anne Sylvester



"Attachment B"

SCJ Alliance Billing Rate Schedule - May 2017

Classification	Billing Rate Schedule - May 2017	Hourly Billing Rate
Senior Principal Consultant		\$250.00 - \$295.00
Principal		\$175.00 - \$245.00
Principal Environmental Scientist		\$140.00 - \$180.00
Principal Landscape Architect		\$140.00 - \$175.00
Senior Consultant		\$180.00 - \$225.00
Senior Project Manager		\$142.00 - \$205.00
Project Manager		\$130.00 - \$155.00
Project Engineer II		\$125.00 - \$140.00
Project Engineer I		\$115.00 - \$130.00
Senior Designer		\$110.00 - \$125.00
Design Engineer		\$90.00 - \$115.00
Project Landscape Architect		\$105.00 - \$130.00
Landscape Architect I		\$100.00 - \$115.00
Landscape Designer		\$80.00 - \$100.00
Senior Planner		\$125.00 - \$145.00
Planner		\$95.00 - \$120.00
Environmental Scientist		\$135.00 - \$160.00
Environmental Planner		\$105.00 - \$120.00
Senior Transportation Planner		\$140.00 - \$160.00
Transportation Planner		\$110.00 - \$125.00
Traffic Analyst		\$95.00 - \$115.00
Designer		\$95.00 - \$110.00
Graphic Designer		\$95.00 - \$125.00
Project Coordinator II		\$95.00 - \$110.00
Project Coordinator I		\$75.00 - \$90.00
Project Accountant		\$95.00 - \$145.00
Administrative Assistant		\$70.00 - \$85.00
Information Technology Specialist		\$80.00 - \$165.00
Communications Director		\$100.00 - \$130.00
Other Fees: • Direct project expenses and repr	roduction costs are billed at cost plus 15%	
Reimbursable Expenses: Mileage Bond Paper Plots Mylar Reports		\$0.65/Mile \$2.50/Sheet \$20.00/Sheet \$35.00/Each