

## Tinley Park, Illinois Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended April 30,

2012



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Submitted by: Brad L. Bettenhausen Treasurer

#### Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

#### On Our Cover

The cover of our Comprehensive Annual Financial Report contains the official crest of the Village of Tinley Park, Illinois.

The Village crest was designed by Mrs. John R. Avis and was adopted as the official village flag and seal in 1963.

The components of the crest are explained below:

The candle is a modern touch signifying the light of learning, burning towards progress.

The Chevron above the candle represents the framework supporting the roof of a house. For our town it signifies the strong and enduring framework already built - ready to meet our future years.

"Illinois" is in part a word of French derivation ("Illini", Indian, and "ois", French - meaning "Tribe of Men").

Also picked was a symbol of French Heraldry, the Fleur-de-lis. This sign of the flower, lily, brings to mind purity and cleanliness. For us, it is our striving to keep our town "clean" physically as well as politically.

The cross of Moline signifies our brotherhood and faith in the future of our town.

The crescents beneath the candle are a symbol of growth, appropriate to this expanding community.

The colors of gold, white and red signify brotherhood, cleanliness and courage reminders of our work, pride and hope in the town of Tinley Park, Illinois.

Table of Continue Continue	
Introductory Section	
Letter of Transmittal	i – XXV
Principal Officials	XXVI
Organization Chart	XXVII
Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting	xxviii
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	1 – 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 – 16
Basic Financial Statements	0 10
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	17 – 18
Statement of Activities	19
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Net Assets	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	23
Statement of Net Assets – Enterprise Funds	24 – 25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – Enterprise Funds	26
Statement of Cash Flows – Enterprise Funds	27 - 28
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Pension Trust and Agency Funds	29
Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets – Pension Trust Funds	30
Notes to Financial Statements	
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	31 – 38
Note 2. Cash and Investments	38 - 40
Note 3. Property Taxes	41
Note 4. Due from Other Governmental Agencies	41
Note 5. Capital Assets	42 - 44
Note 6. Long-Term Obligations	44 - 48
Note 7. Capital Lease Obligation	48 - 49
Note 8. Pension and Retirement Plan Commitments	49 – 52
Note 9. Risk Management	52
Note 10. Other Fund Disclosures (FFS Level Only)	53 – 55
Note 11. Postemployment Healthcare Plan	55 – 57
Note 12. Lake Michigan Water Project and Sanitary Sewer Services	57 – 58
Note 13. Commitments	58 – 64
Note 14. Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted	64 - 65
Note 15. Restatement	65
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress:	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	66
Police Pension Fund	67
Schedule of Employer Contributions – Police Pension Fund	68
Schedule of Funding Progress – Postemployment Healthcare Plan	69
Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund, by Accounts	70 – 71
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	70 70
General Fund, by Accounts	72 – 73
Schedule of General Agency Revenues – Budget and Actual	74 – 75
Schedule of General Agency Expenditures – Budget and Actual	76 – 93

Note to Required Supplementary Information	94
Supplemental Data	
Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	95
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	96
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	97
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	98
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Customs Seizures	99
Motor Fuel Tax	100
Drug Enforcement	101
Enhanced 911 Services	102
Foreign Fire Tax	103
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	104
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	105
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	106
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	107
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual:	
Main Street North TIF	108
Main Street South TIF	109
Oak Park Avenue TIF	110
Municipal Real Estate	111
2010 Build America Bond Fund	112
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Capital Improvements Fund	113
Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual – Capital Improvements Fund	114 – 115
Enterprise Funds	
Schedule of Operating and Nonoperating Revenues, Expenses and Transfers -	
Budget and Actual – Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	116
Schedule of Operating Expenses – Budget and Actual – Waterworks and	
Sewerage Fund	117 – 118
Schedule of Operating and Nonoperating Revenues, Expenses and Transfers -	
Budget and Actual – Commuter Parking Lot	119
Schedule of Operating Expenses – Budget and Actual – Commuter Parking	
l ot	120

94

Agency Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Agency Funds Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	121 122 – 123
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Capital Assets – by Source Schedule of Capital Assets – by Function and Activity Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets – by Function and Activity	124 125 126
Component Unit Tinley Park Public Library: Combining Balance Sheet – All Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types Schedule of General Fund Expenditures – Budget and Actual Combining Balance Sheet – Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Capital Projects Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Capital Improvements Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Special Building Fund	127 128 129 130 131 132
Other Schedules Schedule of Debt Service Requirements Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates and Extensions for Tax Levy Year 2011	134 – 138 139
Statistical Section	
Statistical Section Fly Sheet	140
Financial Trends Net Assets by Component – Last Nine Fiscal Years Change in Net Assets – Last Nine Fiscal Years Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	141 142 – 144 145 146
Revenue Capacity Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Levy Years Equalized Assessed Valuation – 2002 – 2012 Ten Year Change in Equalized Assessed Value by Property Class – 2001 & 2010 Ten Year Change in Equalized Assessed Value – By Township Property Tax Rates – Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Cook County Only - Last Ten Levy Years Property Tax Rates – Direct an Overlapping Governments – Will County Only - Last Ten Levy Years Average Real Estate Tax Distribution Principal Property Taxpayers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Levy Years	147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156

Sales Tax Base and Number of Principal Payers Taxable Sales by Category –	
Last Ten Calendar Years	157
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates – Last Ten Calendar Years	158
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	159
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding – Last Ten Fiscal Years	160
Debt Ratios and Per Capita Debt – Last Ten General Obligation Bond Sales	161
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt – April 30, 2012	162
Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years	163
Pledged-Revenue Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years	164
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Information – Last Ten Calendar Years	165
Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	166
Operating Information	
Employees – Last Ten Fiscal Years	167
Operating Indicators – Last Ten Fiscal Years	168
Top Ten Water Consumers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	169
Waterworks & Sewerage Fund System Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	170
Capital Asset Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	171
Labor Force and Unemployment – Last Ten Calendar Years	172
Property Development & Construction – Last Ten Calendar Years	173
Public Library Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	174





Village President

Edward J. Zabrocki

Village Clerk

Patrick E. Rea

Village Trustees

David G. Seaman Gregory J. Hannon Brian S. Maher Thomas J. Staunton, Jr. Patricia A. Leoni T. J. Grady

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Administration

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**Police Department** 

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**EMA** 

(708) 444-5600 Fax: (708) 444-5699

Senior Community Center (708) 444-5150

www.tinleypark.org

TIME TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

The Honorable Edward J. Zabrocki, Village President and Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Village of Tinley Park, Illinois (the Village) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012, is submitted herewith. The report has been prepared by the Treasurer's Office/Finance Department. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Village. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the Village. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an adequate understanding of the Village's financial activities have been included.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides additional information on the financial activities of the Village by providing an overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A is required supplementary information in the overall financial report and provides insight into the Village's financial activities and internal and external forces which influence or impact the financial operations that may not be apparent from the financial statements alone. I encourage you to look to the MD&A in conjunction with their review of the financial statements and other information contained in this financial report.

#### **The Reporting Entity**

The financial reporting entity (the Village) includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e. the Village of Tinley Park), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Village government provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sanitation services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; and certain recreational activities and cultural events.

Discretely presented component units are reported separately in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations and cash flows from those of the primary government (the Village). The Tinley Park Public Library provides library services to the residents of the Village of Tinley Park as well as the residents of the Orland Hills Public Library District under an intergovernmental contract with that district. The members (trustees) of the Library Board are elected by the Public. Under Illinois Statutes the Village Board has final approval over the Library's annual budget and tax levy requests (the Library's budget and levy are considered part of the Village's budget and levy) and must also authorize and approve any debt issuances contemplated by the Library Board. These statutory requirements cause the Library to be fiscally dependent upon the Village. Financial data of the Library has been discretely presented in the component unit column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is separate from the Village. No separate financial statements have been issued for the Library.

The Village of Tinley Park is served by multiple school and park districts. The Village Board does not exercise financial control or accountability for any school district, park district, or other governmental agency that is located with the Village limits or provides services to Village residents, and accordingly, they are not included in the Village's basic financial statements.

#### **General Information - Village of Tinley Park**

The Village of Tinley Park has a current population of 56,703 per the 2010 decennial census and is located approximately 30 miles southwest of Chicago's Loop. The present incorporated boundary covers approximately 16 square miles and includes portions of Bremen, Orland, and Rich Townships in Cook County, and Frankfort Township in Will County. The community is served by six (6) elementary school districts, four (4) high school districts, and four (4) junior college districts in addition to several parochial and private schools. Additionally, three (3) park districts provide recreational services to residents of the community depending on location. The Village is located near the intersections of two major interstate highways. Combined, Interstate 57 (north-south) and Interstate 80 (east-west) offer convenient access to the other Chicago metropolitan expressways and tollways and the rest of the nation. Daily commuter rail service to and from Chicago is provided by Metra (Metropolitan Rail Service of the Regional Transportation Authority). The Metra commuter rail service reaches downtown Chicago in approximately 50 minutes from two commuter stations located in Tinley Park.

The community was originally platted as the Village of Bremen in 1853 on the path of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad which was constructed through this area a year earlier. In its early years, the town was commonly known as New Bremen, based on the name of the post office that served the community and surrounding area. The railroad has always played a prominent role in the growth and development of the community, and the village quickly became a center of commerce and industry in the area. The village was renamed in 1890 in homage to the first railroad station agent, Samuel Tinley (Senior), who served the railroad and the community in that capacity for more than 25 years. Mr. Tinley is known to have been one of the early residents of the Village of Bremen and he is believed to have been a continuous resident of the community longer than any other person up to that time. It would also seem clear that he was well respected by the leading citizens of the day.

An election to incorporate as the Village of Tinley Park became official on June 28, 1892. The government has operated under the trustee-village form of government whereby a Village President (Mayor), Village Clerk, and six trustees are elected from the village at large on overlapping four year terms. The Village Government has provided over one hundred twenty years of service to and for the community. The Village automatically became a Home Rule Unit in 1980 when its population exceeded 25,000 under the provisions of the Illinois Constitution. As a Home Rule Unit, the Village Board may exercise virtually any power and perform any function pertaining to its governmental affairs. This allows the Village greater control and flexibility in administration and governance.

Between the 2000 and 2010 Federal Census, the Village of Tinley Park moved from the 29<sup>th</sup> largest incorporated municipality in the State of Illinois to the 22<sup>nd</sup> largest. In just five years time (2000-2005), the Village grew from being the 20<sup>th</sup> largest municipality in the Chicago metropolitan area to the 14<sup>th</sup> largest. At present, Tinley Park is larger than every other community in the south and southwest suburbs except Joliet, Bolingbrook, Cicero, and Orland Park. As we continue in the second century of our municipal government, and new millennium, the Village continues to actively pursue development for the community to further broaden and diversify its economic base and provide local employment opportunities.

Over time, the community has evolved from a rural commerce center based primarily on agrarian (farm based) activities and pursuits to a progressive and dynamic suburb of Chicago. Although primarily a residential community, the Village also has a diverse economic base with a variety of retail stores and shops, offices, light industry, and manufacturing.

#### **Local Economy/Economic Development**

The Village of Tinley Park and the Chicagoland region have long enjoyed a favorable economic environment. The region has a diverse commercial and light industrial base which has helped to stabilize unemployment rates. Tinley Park, like the region and Nation, has suffered during the Recession that began in 2007. The unemployment rate for the Village remains below both Illinois and US averages for calendar 2011, and has consistently been below these annual comparative averages since 1986 when separate employment statistics for Tinley Park became available. Even during the recent economic recession, Tinley Park has maintained lower unemployment rates than the comparable State and US statistics.

Despite the impacts of the recession, commercial and industrial developments continue to move forward, albeit at a slower pace than in recent years. Of all cities in Illinois with a population greater than 40,000, Tinley Park is one of only three communities (the others being Schaumburg and Champaign) that have weathered the past few years of the current recession with a) no municipal layoffs; b) maintenance of a AA+ credit rating or better; and c) maintenance of a balanced budget.

During the past year, over 70 new businesses have opened or located within the community. A net total of 165 new businesses have opened during the past four years. New businesses include: M Block and Sons, Archer Wire International Corp., Temperature Equipment Corporation (TEC), Owens & Minor medical products distribution facility, Sanford-Brown College, Fox College Vet Tech Institute, Illinois Institute of Art, International Subaru, International MINI, and Steiner Electric. Alpha Med Physicians Group constructed of a new medical building and Pronger Smith Medical Care undertook a significant expansion to their existing medical facilities. New commercial developments initiated, during calendar year 2011 include capital investments of nearly \$10 million. These projects are expected to produce additional property and sales tax revenues to the Village, in addition to other economic impacts.

The community's single largest employer continues to be Panduit Corporation who has maintained their world headquarters here since their founding in 1966. Privately held, they produce a variety of plastic and electronic components used in a number of industries. The company added over 166,000 square feet of manufacturing space to its main campus since 1993. In November 2007, the company announced plans to construct a new 500,000 square foot corporate headquarters campus in the Will County portion of the Village. The Village, Will County, local school districts, and the State all have provided various forms of economic assistance to encourage the company to retain its headquarters in Tinley Park. The company has designed the building and grounds to be environmentally friendly following Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) gold certified "green" building concepts and is only the second building in Illinois to meet the LEED Gold standards. The campus has been designed to be expandable to accommodate an additional 700 employees beyond its current 500 office staff members. Site work and building construction began mid-year 2008 and occupancy took place in May 2010. The former office and manufacturing facility continues its manufacturing activities, but the Company has indicated that the manufacturing activities will be relocated. The Company is considering options for continued use of all or parts of the former headquarters and manufacturing facility including maintaining its research and

development functions at this location and possibly partnering with an educational institution. It is unclear what impact these changes will have on local employment at this time.

Slightly less than half of the current top ten employers in the community are either governmental (including schools) or institutional in nature which has historically provided a level of stability in local employment.

Within the community, the State of Illinois has operated a mental health facility since the late 1950s and the W.A. Howe Development Center, a residential facility catering to the needs of developmentally disabled individuals since the late 1970s. These two mental health facilities are located on approximately 280 acres near the Harlem Avenue interchange for Interstate 80. Since the Mental Health Center opened in the mid 1950s, the direction of mental health care has shifted from isolation and institutionalizations to greater out-patient treatment resulting in many of the campus structures having being subsequently vacated or underutilized. Nearly all the buildings have suffered deterioration due to age and deferred property maintenance.

In 2005, following an evaluation of a number of State owned properties and facilities, the Governor announced that the Tinley Park Mental Health Center was identified as a facility that would likely be closed and the property sold. The Howe Center had not been included in the proposed closings at that time. However, the closure and sale was contingent upon relocating essential mental health care services and facilities to other locations. These two facilities were de-certified in 2007 which resulted in the loss of federal funding. In September 2008, the Illinois Department of Human Services announced the decision to close both the Tinley Park Mental Health Center and the W.A. Howe Development Center as part of a broader plan to restructure and update State provided mental health services. The State closed the Howe Center in July 2010 after several years of controversy over its operations and quality of care. The Mental Health Center was closed at the beginning of July 2012.

The Village has long felt that there is redevelopment potential for this underutilized property and had approached the State regarding its acquisition as early as 2002. In advance of the "decommissioning" of the facility, the Village took a pro-active planning role. Working with both internal planning staff and external consultants, the Village actively pursued identification of environmental issues, infrastructure needs, and other factors that may impact redevelopment including estimates of the associated costs to address these issues. Concurrently, the Village planning staff and consultants developed scenarios for potential uses and redevelopment that would be appropriate regardless of whether the site is acquired by the Village, or by other developers. These planning processes will prove beneficial once the State releases the closed facility for sale.

The Village continues to promote and encourage development of lands bordering Interstate 80 (also known as the I-80 Corridor) for commercial, light industrial, and warehousing operations. An intergovernmental committee was formed with neighboring communities to establish a coordinated and cooperative effort in the promotion and development of this area. Because of significant differences in both the method of property tax assessment of commercial and industrial properties, and in overall tax rates between Cook and Will Counties, the Will County area of the I-80 Corridor is a prime relocation and expansion destination for many area businesses. For commercial or industrial projects, the property tax savings alone of the Will County portion of the I-80 Corridor over neighboring Cook County areas create a significant incentive for business development. Combined with the convenient access to the Interstate highway system, this area will continue to be highly desirable for business development for many years.

Development along Interstate 80 (I-80 Corridor) has been primarily focused on industrial and commercial developments which continue to add to the Village's economic and employment bases. Since 1995, nearly 1,000 lodging rooms have become available in the community with the construction of nine hotels

between the Harlem Avenue and LaGrange Road interchanges of I-80. A full service Holiday Inn hotel with over 200 rooms is connected to the Village of Tinley Park's Convention and Conference Center which opened in October 2000. The facility was substantially expanded and renovated between 2009 and 2011. Located near Interstate 80 at the Harlem Avenue exit, the newly expanded facility is approximately 120,000 square feet and contains approximately 70,000 square feet of multi-functional exhibition and meeting space and is managed by the operator of the adjacent Holiday Inn hotel. The space and amenities available are able to accommodate approximately 77% of all conventions, trade shows, and conferences held in the United States. The owners of the adjacent Holiday Inn are seeking financing to construct an additional 68 rooms to the hotel to accommodate the expected expanded market needs associated with the larger convention center facility based on studies commissioned by the Village.

One of the largest developers in the nation, First Industrial Realty Trust, constructed a million-square foot speculative distribution center in Tinley Park, Cook County completed in 2008. This investment demonstrated a commitment to the business advantages of Tinley Park and the advantages of Cook County for multi-modal distribution projects. Occupancy of this facility took place in 2012, with the largest tenant being M Block and Sons who are the primary distributors of the Green Mountain Coffee/Kuerig single serve coffee makers and related accessories and supplies.

Sales taxes, with a significant portion derived from automobile sales, provide significant revenues for the Village's ongoing operations. Accordingly, from time to time, the Village has utilized inducement and incentive agreements with developers and business owners to encourage local economic development and add to the Village's non-property tax based revenues. During fiscal 2010, the Village entered into such agreements for the relocation of a Subaru dealership, and the order center for Temperature Equipment Corporation a supplier of heating and air conditioning equipment. Agreements with the Ryan Company, Menard, Inc., International MINI, and Steiner Electric were adopted in fiscal 2011. Similar agreements were established with Apple Chevrolet and Orland Toyota for renovation, remodeling, and upgrades to their automotive dealership facilities. These agreements are expected to add significantly to the Village's sales tax revenues as well as providing local employment opportunities.

Along with most of the country, the Village has experienced the slow-down in new housing construction since the start of the Recession. The number of new residential construction permits issued peaked in calendar 2002 and has declined each year subsequent. During calendar 2011, the Village issued only 9 new construction residential building permits, the second lowest number of such permits issued in any year since 1982. The same number of new residential building permits were issued in calendar 2010. This decline can not be wholly attributable to economic factors, as some of the decrease in new construction units can also be attributed to the completion of existing subdivisions and other residential developments. In recent years, the Village is beginning to see in-fill developments as well as some tear-down redevelopments particularly in the older portions of the community.

The Village's Economic Development Department worked closely with Cook County officials to expand the availability of the "Class 8" property tax assessment incentive program in Bremen and Rich Townships. Additionally, the Village received approval for "Class 8" eligibility for commercial properties that are part of the Duvan Drive Industrial Park in Orland Township. This program requires the properties to be vacant for a period of time prior to application and cannot be applied to currently occupied properties. Commercial and industrial sites meeting the qualifications for this program are afforded an assessment rate comparable to residential property (through tax year 2008, 16% instead of the normal 38% or 36%; for tax year 2009 forward, 10% versus 25%) for a ten year period that can be renewed with appropriate approvals. This reduction provides significant property tax relief to a business (42% lower through tax year 2008; 40% lower thereafter). The Village is proactively working with the Cook County Assessor's Office to conduct further research on the Class 8 property tax assessment incentive program. Following completion of the research study, it is anticipated that the program will be amended to allow

commercial properties to be eligible for the Class 8 program without change of ownership. It is expected that these changes will aid economic development and reduce urban blight by creating an environment that would encourage redevelopment and reoccupancy of vacant properties more quickly. While the taxes are still higher than neighboring Frankfort Township (Will County) locations, the Class 8 incentive program greatly reduces the differential.

The Village of Tinley Park has drawn the interest of several institutions of higher education, as well as printers and publishers of textbooks and training manuals. DeVry University maintains a 55,000 square foot education center in the North Creek Business Park of the I-80 Corridor. Other educational institutions (including those under development) with satellite locations in Tinley Park include Moraine Valley Community College, Sanford-Brown College, Illinois Institute of Art, Lewis University and the Vet Tech Institute of Fox College. These institutions add to both the continuing educational and employment opportunities available to residents of the area.

The Village Board approved the creation of a "Main Street Development Fund" during fiscal year 1997 as part of an economic development and retention tool for businesses along Oak Park Avenue, the Village's traditional uptown business district. Long before other commercial areas developed at other locations in the town, Oak Park Avenue was the central business area of the community. Structured similar to a TIF District, certain incremental property and sales tax revenues, totaling \$1.6 million dollars, have been set aside in a special reserve. The earnings generated by the principal are be used for certain public improvements along the street, low cost loans to local businesses, facade rehabilitations, and other related projects in this area to encourage businesses to locate and remain in this area of the community. Even though the earnings from this core "trust" are minimal under the current economic conditions, the earnings continue to be used to support programs and activities of the Main Street Commission of the Village of Tinley Park.

In addition to the Main Street Development Fund, the Village Board has developed economic incentives for local businesses within the Main Street and Historic District area to encourage business expansion and retention in this area of the community. These incentives, in the form of facade improvement grants and a reduced cost small business loan program, have assisted in the restoration or enhancement of the facades of structures in the Main Street and Historic District area, and encourage further preservation and restoration efforts.

The Village Board created its first Tax Increment Finance (TIF) district for an area on the south end of the Village (Oak Park Avenue TIF) to encourage new development and redevelopment and to provide for other improvements in the designated area. The centerpiece of his TIF district is the Village's Convention Center complex. Redevelopment in this area has resulted in increased property tax values over 18 times greater than existed when the District was formed and providing other economic benefits through employment opportunities and the generation of additional sales tax revenues by businesses located within this area. Due to favorable market conditions, the bonds issued for the construction of the original Convention Center were refinanced in April 2008 and will yield the Village over \$270,000 in interest savings over the remaining life of the bond issue. The bonds issued in December 2009 for the expansion of the Convention Center are believed to have yielded the lowest net interest rate of any debt ever issued by the Village in its 119 year history to that point in time. The property tax generated incremental TIF revenues which are derived from the residential and commercial developments in the Oak Park Avenue TIF (TIF #1) have consistently produced sufficient funds necessary to pay the debt obligations of the convention center bond issues without requiring an additional property tax levy against the general property of Tinley Park.

During fiscal year 2003, the Village Board established two additional TIF districts in the core of the original village and along Oak Park Avenue (Main Street North, and Main Street South TIF Districts) to

encourage further enhancements and new development. The expected redevelopment of a former school site was a catalyst for creation of the TIF Districts with the support and encouragement of the school district. The Main Street South TIF was further expanded to include additional properties during 2006. This expansion will allow the Village to provide needed public improvements to streets adjacent to the expanded area, as well as further facilitate economic redevelopment to occur within the District. While redevelopment within these districts has been slow, and property values have contracted following the 2007-2009 Recession, the taxable property values in the Main Street South TIF have increased 1.2 times and the Main Street North TIF reflects values 1.9 times greater than their initial values.

When establishing a TIF district, the then current values of the property is determined and "frozen" for purposes of allocating property taxes to the various governmental agencies included on the property tax bill. As improvements are made, and the value of the property increases, the taxes calculated on the "incremental value" (the difference between the frozen base value, and the current value) are distributed into a separate Village fund to be used for projects, improvements, and related expenditures within each TIF District.

The Village Board has authorized financial assistance agreements for construction of several mixed use development projects (with residential condominiums constructed above a ground level commercial/retail space) within the Main Street South, and Main Street North TIF districts as part of the redevelopment efforts within these economic zones. Additionally, the Board approved a plan for redevelopment and financial assistance for the former Lions Pool site (also in the Main Street North TIF) for development of low density single family residential home sites.

Probably the most significant of the TIF district redevelopment proposals to date, in both size and scope, has been the Tinley Park Place development proposed for a site in the Main Street South TIF. As proposed, this would have been one of the region's largest and ambitious downtown redevelopment projects. As planned, the project would have encompass an entire block and include 60,000 square feet of retail and office space, an 11 screen movie theater, and 111 residential condominiums. This project will require improvement to public infrastructure (water, sanitary and storm sewers, and roads) as well as construction of a new parking facility that will serve both business and commuter parking needs. Unfortunately, the downturn in the housing market, and the general economic recession have stalled this ambitious redevelopment project. The Village has contracted for the engineering and design for the parking facilities that would be required. As an added community benefit, the design includes creation of an expanded community park area above a portion of the parking facility which will further enhance the areas adjacent to the Oak Park Avenue train depot. The parking lot plans have also been developed in a modular fashion to allow the project to be scaled appropriately for anticipated area commercial developments and commuter parking needs.

The First Midwest Bank Amphitheater (formerly known as the World Music Theatre and the Tweeter Center), which opened in 1990, remains one of the larger outdoor music and entertainment pavilions in North America with capacity for over 30,000 spectators. The theater was purchased at the end of 1999 by Clear Channel Communications, Inc. (now Live Nation), which has become one of the leading owner/operators of both indoor and outdoor concert venues across the country. Adjacent to the theater is the 18 hole Odyssey Golf Course designed by Curtis Strange complimented by a banquet facility. The Odyssey Fun World, an indoor arcade and outdoor amusement park is located nearby. The combination of these developments, and their close proximity to each other, has created a local entertainment center along the I-80 Corridor.

Readers are encouraged to also reference Note 13 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements for further details of Village commitments which are primarily associated with its economic development efforts within the community.

#### **Major Initiatives**

#### Road and Bridge

The Village continues to operate its Pavement Management Program under which major street maintenance is performed including street resurfacing crack sealing. The resurfacing and crack sealing of streets is an annual and ongoing program of the Village and is funded primarily from Motor Fuel Tax revenues and a portion of municipal vehicle sticker fees.

The Village has periodically conducted a detailed surface analysis and digital video taping of its roadway network which is then tied to a Geographical Information System (GIS) database to further assist in evaluating and prioritizing future maintenance needs. With the aid of this data and analysis, the Village has developed a Pavement Management Program (PMP) designed to maintain our streets at the upper percentile of the Overall Condition Index (OCI) levels (80% or better). Each year several miles of the Village's streets are sealed, resurfaced or reconstructed based on the condition index and available funding. Under this program, all municipal roads typically receive major maintenance attention within a fifteen year period. This approach has set a standard for road maintenance virtually unequaled in the suburban area. However, growth in the Village road network, and increased material and labor costs have placed significant stress on the Village's ability to sustain the PMP as it has been established. This situation is exacerbated by declining Motor Fuel Tax revenues resulting from the combination of reduced fuel consumption from recessionary factors, increased fuel costs, and improvements in vehicle fuel efficiency. Motor Fuel taxes are almost exclusively computed on a cents per gallon basis, and thus are unaffected by fluctuations in the price at the pump. However, Motor Fuel taxes are affected by changes in consumption.

Work was substantially completed during fiscal year 2011 on improvements for the widening and extension of 183<sup>rd</sup> Street from LaGrange Road (US Route 45) to 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue which includes construction of a surface grade crossing over the Metra (former Rock Island) railroad to create a needed additional east-west arterial road. To aid in the approval of the at-grade crossing at 183<sup>rd</sup> Street and 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue, the Village had previously provided alternate means of access to two homes that historically used unsignaled private railroad crossings to access their property. Both Metra and the Village are pleased to have removed these potentially dangerous crossings. In early November 2008, the Village secured needed land for the 183<sup>rd</sup> Street right-of-way between 94<sup>th</sup> Avenue and LaGrange Road. The roadway improvements are under the jurisdictional control of the Cook County Highway Department. The extension of 191<sup>st</sup> Street east of Harlem Avenue where it will be joined with Flossmoor Road at Ridgeland Avenue to create another improved east-west arterial road to the region is also planned for the future.

The Village and its engineers continued to develop plans for various roadway and intersection improvements. One of the two most significant of these improvements was the reconfiguration of the intersection at 171<sup>st</sup> Street and Oak Park Avenue to provide for a right turn lane for southbound Oak Park Avenue traffic. Prior to this improvement, at certain times of the day, it was not uncommon for traffic to back up a half mile or more from this intersection. Similarly, the installation of a traffic signal at the intersection of 175<sup>th</sup> Street and Oak Park Avenue has allowed for better traffic flow. Engineering completed plans to realign the intersection at 175<sup>th</sup> Street and Harlem Avenue to eliminate a dangerous misalignment of 175<sup>th</sup> Street. A grant was received to assist in the funding of this improvement and construction began in the spring of 2011. The Village engineers have been commissioned to design a roundabout to replace the traditional intersection at 183<sup>rd</sup> Street and Oak Park Avenue. This intersection reconstruction is primarily funded by a federal grant. Although roundabouts have a long and storied

history throughout the world, upon completion, this will be one of the first roundabouts on primary arterial streets in the suburban area.

A grant was secured for the installation of street lights on 191<sup>st</sup> Street between Harlem and 80<sup>th</sup> Avenues which was substantially completed during fiscal year 2011. Additionally, the South Suburban Mayors and Managers Association provided funding for this improvement, resulting in virtually no net costs to the Village.

#### Water and Sewer Services

The Village of Tinley Park completed a multi-year program to upgrade and replace residential water meters in fiscal 2010. Under this program, the existing mechanical meters were replaced with a new style meter with no moving parts and using fluidic oscillation to measure the water flow. Mechanical meters will wear and corrode over time, causing the mechanical turbines to slow down, and accordingly reduce their ability to accurately measure water usage over time. The new "Smart Meters" are more accurate at measuring water usage at all levels of water flow. The Smart Meter was designed in England, and Tinley Park was one of the first communities in the United States to adopt the new meters for regular use. Random testing of meters removed from service, have shown that these meters were under-registering water consumption by 10-15% on average. Unfortunately, it has been discovered that some of the installed meters contained a manufacturing flaw that has caused premature failure of certain series of meters. The meter company has been working closely with the Village to rectify this issue. The Company is providing warranty replacement meters and is also providing financial assistance for the installation of the replacement meters. These replacements are expected to be completed in fiscal year 2013.

The Village of Tinley Park entered into agreements in 1999 with the Villages of New Lenox and Mokena to provide Lake Michigan water to those communities. The Village of New Lenox began water service in October 2001, and Mokena began service in the late fall of 2002.

The Village has agreed to participate with other communities on the Southwest Transmission System served by Oak Lawn on certain system improvements to provide increased water flow, particularly in high demand periods. The first phase of these improvements was installed in 2007. The booster pumps were supplying the expected water flow capacity by mid-summer 2008. Due to outside water use, summer months normally produce the greatest water consumption and the greatest stress on the supply system to maintain adequate water reserves in the storage tanks to provide for public safety (fire service) needs.

Oak Lawn has continued to evaluate its transmission system and has identified approximately \$190 million in system improvements that they feel are necessary in the upcoming years to improve water handling and delivery and provide additional redundancy in the supply system. As many of the municipal water supply contracts with Oak Lawn expired in 2011, these improvements are being reviewed and evaluated as part of negotiations for the contract renewals. It is expected that the list of improvements, and the financial commitment will be reduced as evaluation and negotiations continue. Oak Lawn and the individual communities have mutually agreed to extend the terms of the expired supply contracts until the new contract negotiations are finalized.

The Village Board initiated a detailed utility rate study of its various utility rates to assure that the rates are adequate to provide for the ongoing maintenance and operations as well as future capital needs of the underlying systems. The study was completed in the fall of 2009 and the new rate structures recommended by the study were implemented in January 2010 through a series of incremental increases. The City of Chicago instituted a series of annual water supply increases beginning in January 2012 and continuing through January 2015. The Chicago increases, as well as any increases associated with the delivery of the water supply by the Village of Oak Lawn will result in automatic adjustments of the Village

of Tinley Park's wholesale and retail water rates so as not to compromise the implementation of the recommendations of the water rate study and to assure the financial stability of the Village's water and sewer utilities.

Modifications to establish a uniform basis and methodology to compute the operations and maintenance (O&M) charges for supplying water to the Village's wholesale/bulk service customer agreements are being held off pending the completion of the Oak Lawn supply agreement.

The Village has established a Sewer System Evaluation Survey (SSES) program which examines both public and private sanitary sewer systems to determine sources of extraneous inflow and infiltration (I&I) entering the sewers. The program has initially been focused on some of the oldest portions of the community and an area experiencing regular sewer overflows. This ongoing program will focus on additional segments of the community, generally by subdivision and geographical area, over time with a prioritized focus on areas experiencing issues with sewer overflows. Primary testing will typically include cleaning and televising of sewers, smoke and dye testing. Individual house inspections are also conducted as part of this program to identify any prohibited or improper connections to the sanitary sewer. Reducing inflow and infiltration in the sanitary sewer system removes storm water that was not designed to be accommodated by the sewer system, reduces problems of sewerage backups, and improves water quality in our lakes and steams by not overburdening water reclamation (sewerage treatment) facilities. The results of the program identify both public and private improvements that are needed. Identification of the problems and recommended corrective actions also benefits the budgeting process and funding of capital projects.

#### Flood Control

The Village of Tinley Park has taken an aggressive position regarding flood control and storm water management after the Chicago area was deluged with over 12" of rain in a 24 hour period in June 1996. While Tinley Park residents faired far better than many neighboring communities during this unprecedented storm, the Village Board has taken aggressive steps to help further mitigate the impacts of future storms by funding a series of studies and improvement programs over the ensuing years. These actions that have been undertaken have been in concert with the requirements mandated by the US Environmental Protection Agency under the Clean Water Act, and more specifically the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) rules and regulations. The Village Board has established a Storm Water Management Fund (considered a special revenue fund) and utility rate to support some of the costs associated with the water quality monitoring mandated by NPDES, operation and maintenance of storm water facilities, and construction of new storm water structures and improvements.

Construction of a new bridge and replacement of several culverts along 76th Avenue was undertaken to improve storm water flow. These improvements resulted in a lowering of a local flood elevation and enabled removal of approximately 200 homes from a designated flood plain. A large storm water retention pond was constructed in an area between Oak Park Avenue and Harlem Avenue and dedicated as Settler's Pond. This pond, along with the related drainage system, effectively lowers the local flood elevation and has removed approximately 550 properties and homes from a designated flood plain. These improvements have eliminated the requirement for separate flood insurance policies for these property owners with premiums totaling approximately \$750,000 per year. The Village completed planning for additional culvert maintenance at points along the "76<sup>th</sup> Avenue Ditch" with funding for these projects provided through an Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) grant.

Construction of a detention pond adjacent to the Tinley Terrace subdivision to relieve chronic and severe street flooding during heavy rain events was completed during fiscal year 2009. This project was

accomplished with the assistance of an Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) grant that underwrote land acquisition and a portion of initial site work.

The Village participates under the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Community Rating System program (CRS). The CRS program is part of the National Flood Insurance program administered by FEMA. The CRS program awards points to communities based upon their efforts to address flood related issues. Points are awarded based upon building standards, construction projects and community education. The Village has ranked as a seven (7) on the CRS scale which ranges between one (1) and ten (10), with 1 being highest. The lower the rating the greater the discount provided on flood insurance. By meeting the information and reporting standards for inclusion in this program and based upon this ranking, the Village anticipates that affected residents will receive a flood insurance premium reduction of between 10% and 15% (at level 7). In October 2011, the Village rating was raised to level 6, which is expected to result in a 20% discount in flood insurance premiums within the community.

#### Other

The Village continues to incorporate ongoing upgrades to its internal computer network, and completed the principal implementation of a new suite of financial software programs during fiscal 2007. The new financial system integrates data and information that previously was found in a number of stand-alone software programs as well as manual processes and database systems. Through automating noncomputerized functions, and integrating others, this will allow greater sharing of information between Village departments with less duplication and redundant data processing. This in turn allows the Village staff to provide more efficient services to our citizens. During fiscal year 2010, the Village implemented new hardware and software necessary to provide for the acceptance of credit and debit card payments for most Village transactions. Work also began on implementation of new software to provide citizens with additional inquiry and payment options via the Internet for the amounts they owe, and provide another means to contact the Village for their service needs or questions. These services became available in the summer of 2010. Under the Village's EZ-Pay program, utility customers also have the ability to have their bills paid electronically on the due date from a bank account of their choosing. The Village has taken steps to reduce the number of checks it receives from on-line banking services and instead receive these payments through electronic funds transfer. This reduces the amount of time and associated costs to process these payments. Additionally, the Village has contracted for a lockbox service to process utility billing payments. These alternate payment options will reduce both walk-in traffic and mail processing of utility bill payments. Utility customers will have the ability to receive their bills electronically via email in late 2012.

Several years ago, the Village engaged consultants to develop a comprehensive plan to improve the areas around both railroad depots and other streetscape improvements along Oak Park Avenue, and other parts of the community. The plans included creating some unique public spaces within the Historic District, and also included the potential replacement of both railroad depots to better serve the needs of the community and its rail commuters. Each fiscal year, projects detailed under this plan are reviewed during the budgeting process to determine which individual projects can be implemented based on the availability of funds.

Under this ongoing program of streetscape enhancements, a small park and sculpture garden was developed near the Oak Park Avenue train depot. This park features a fountain as one of its focal pieces, and is accentuated by a number of bronze sculptures. The park was dedicated in September 2001 and named Zabrocki Plaza. A monument to commemorate the centennial anniversary of the Tinley Park Fire Department and their century of volunteer contributions to the life and safety of community is also located at a high profile location in this plaza and was also dedicated in the Fall of 2001. As a footnote, this site, which most recently served as a part of the adjacent commuter parking lot, was historically the location of the town's first official park.

A community message board was installed near the Oak Park Avenue depot to provide information on events and other activities within the community and was completed in late 2005. The Village prohibits signs from being installed in public parkways and rights of way and on telephone/light poles to control visual pollution and maintain the aesthetics of the community. A key objective of this message board is to eliminate temporary signs and banners to announce and advertise events that inevitably would be illegally placed throughout town. In the following year, an expanded park area was developed around this message board and in front of the "Carl Vogt Building" (listed on the National Register of Historic Places) continuing the improvements in the area of the Oak Park Avenue train station and the historic core of the community. This "pocket park" compliments the Zabrocki Plaza and train station public spaces previously developed. Community entry signs which follow common design elements provided by the comprehensive landscape plan have been installed at a number of entry point locations into the community.

The railroad has always played a prominent role in the history, growth, and development of Tinley Park. The community actually owes its existence to the railroad, as its initial foundations found in the plat of subdivision for the "Village of Bremen" came as a result of the completion of the railroad through this area. In earlier times, the railroad's greater impact on the community was in freight services; hauling grains and dairy products for the area farmers and shipment of household effects of new settlers and goods to local retail merchants. Today the railroad's primary impact on the community is as a passenger commuter service to the City of Chicago for area residents that work downtown. The Village of Tinley Park took initiatives to request a second commuter station for the community in the 1970s long before residential growth would make this practically essential. The Village currently maintains nearly 3,000 commuter parking spaces near its two depots. Additionally, the two Tinley Park stops on the Metra Rock Island District line have the highest boarding/ridership of any other stop on the railroad. Additionally, the 80<sup>th</sup> Avenue depot alone has the fourth highest boarding/ridership of any stop in the entire Metra rail network.

The Village played an integral role in the construction of the current Oak Park Avenue depot, which was dedicated in 2003. This station has become the centerpiece of redevelopment plans for the historic roots and core of the community. Design of a parking facility which will include the expansion of Zabrocki Plaza above underground parking has been completed and is ready to execute when area development warrants and financing is determined. The commercial redevelopment that had been the impetuous for creating additional public parking unfortunately was a victim of the economic recession and collapse of the housing markets. The Village is continuing to seek grants and other financial assistance that would allow this parking/park project to move forward ahead of development.

Groundbreaking for the construction of a new 80th Avenue commuter station was held in November 2010. Jointly funded by a Federal grant, Metra, and the Village, the station design will compliment the Village's other depot and the nearby public library constructed in 2003. Metra will provide the necessary platform improvements to improve boarding access at this depot location. To facilitate safe commuter passage to the appropriate train track, a pedestrian underpass is being incorporated into the depot and platform improvements. Due to favorable bid pricing obtained, the Village was able to add the underpass to the current depot construction project and minimize later service disruptions. The underpass will also allow local residents to more easily access the nearby public library and park facilities and thus benefit more than just rail commuters. The depot was formally dedicated in November 2012.

Under a Metra pilot program, electronic information signs were installed to give commuters indication of parking availability at the Tinley Park 80<sup>th</sup> Avenue commuter lots. In conjunction with Metra, and the State of Illinois, Tinley Park completed construction of Veterans Parkway which provided a new access road to the 80<sup>th</sup> Avenue depot from 76<sup>th</sup> Avenue at 183<sup>rd</sup> Street. This access road provides a signalized

intersection at 76<sup>th</sup> Avenue, which will assist in the orderly movement of commuter traffic in and out of the depot, as well as provide alternate access to the Village's new library and Tinley Park Park District facilities. In 2008, the Village obtained approval to install a traffic signal at the intersection of 80<sup>th</sup> Avenue and Timber Drive, which continues to be the primary access point for the commuter station and library. The installation of the traffic signal is on hold pending the release of a State of Illinois grant that will fund a substantial portion of the project.

The Village of Tinley Park established a web presence in the late 1990s and the current website address is: www.tinleypark.org. The website contains information on the community and Village departments. In late 2010, the Village contracted with a firm to undertake a major redesign of the Village website to refresh the site and facilitate its use by the public. The new web design was released in October 2011 and has received positive feedback from regular users. During 2011 and 2012 the Village continued its efforts toward transparency and "open government" by adding substantial financial and operational information to its website following the "10 Points of Transparency" initiative of the Illinois Policy Institute (http://www.illinoispolicy.org/content/?section=503).

The Village of Tinley Park has developed bike paths that provide access to the 80<sup>th</sup> Avenue railroad depot and add to the recreational resources available. Plans have been discussed to further expand the trail network over time and link to trails being developed in the Cook County Forest Preserves that border the community.

The Village has long funded an ongoing program of parkway tree replacement and other landscaping along public properties and streets to enhance the beauty of the community. In conjunction with improvements being made by the State of Illinois along Harlem Avenue (Illinois Route 43), several miles of medians were landscaped with grass, trees, and other plants to enhance the local streetscape. This program was expanded with landscaped medians along 167<sup>th</sup> Street between Harlem Avenue and Oak Park Avenue through a cooperative effort between the Village and Cook County in conjunction with the County's contracted repairs to 167<sup>th</sup> Street. A long-term program of sidewalk installation and replacement also continues to improve pedestrian access and safety throughout the community. During fiscal year 2010 the Village received a grant to improve landscaping in the medians along Harlem Avenue. This work was completed in the summer of 2012.

The Village Board has established two administrative courts to adjudicate parking and other minor offenses, thus relieving burden from the County court systems, expedites the appeals process, and reduces court costs. Additionally, a "Peer Jury" court is operated by our Police Department. Under this successful program, area youths charged with minor crimes are tried by a jury of their peers. The Peer Jury program also reduces the burden on our County court system as well provides a learning experience to the participants on both sides of the bench.

The people of Tinley Park have long had the benefit of a high level 9-1-1 emergency services (Tinley Park was the 13th municipality in Illinois, and one of the first in the area to offer this service). A referendum to allow a 75¢ per month surcharge added to each phone line to provide the Enhanced 9-1-1 dispatch services within the community was overwhelmingly approved by the voters. The surcharge revenues are used exclusively for costs associated with providing emergency services dispatch. The Village's Enhanced 9-1-1 Board continues oversee and review the system operations in order to plan for the system improvements necessary to provide exceptional emergency services.

During fiscal year 2010, red light cameras were installed at three intersections along Harlem Avenue that have historically experienced a large number of traffic accidents associated with failure to obey the State vehicular code and the traffic control devices. The Village has taken a fairly conservative position in reviewing the violations and many potential infractions are rejected without a ticket issued. The Village is

finding that these cameras have been effective in improving driver safety which is reflected in a declining number of violations over time.

Also in the area of public safety, the Village has contracted for local ambulance services since 1978; long before "privatizing" municipal services was a popular concept or "buzzword." Ambulance services generally account for a significant portion of the activity of a full time fire department. By contracting these services, the Village effectively reduces its manpower needs, liabilities and risks, while also realizing significant saving for its taxpayers. The Fire Department has implemented a program whereby all four of the Village's fire stations are manned around the clock to reduce emergency response times. Additional manpower is added in emergencies or if severe weather is expected. This move is just one of many taken by the Village Board and the Tinley Park Fire Department over the years which have assisted in maintaining one of the finest fire departments in the State of Illinois delivering exceptional service to the community as economically as possible.

The Village's fire training tower assists in the training and emergency preparedness of the Village's firefighters. Other communities also benefit in using the facility for training purposes, including programs offered through the Intergovernmental Risk Management Association (IRMA). The Village has the distinction of being one of first communities in the State of Illinois to have achieved the current Class 3 rating (Class 1 is the highest ranking) with, at that time, an all volunteer fire department.

Also at the site of the Village's Fire Training Tower, the Village developed the first public heliport in the south suburbs. Planned initially to provide a designated landing area for helicopters in an emergency or disaster situation, it was felt that public benefit could also be derived, and thus the necessary improvements to allow for public access were also included in its development.

The Village began selling single use parking tokens for its daily pay commuter parking lots in the summer of 2010 for the convenience of commuters using these lots. The single use tokens minimize the administrative costs typically associated with conventional coin type tokens. The introduction of the single use tokens has been very well received by the public and several other communities have since adopted similar token programs as well.

#### **Accounting System and Budgetary Control**

Management of the Village is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Village are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. In developing and evaluating the Village's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the disposition and the reliability of financial records for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Village's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

In addition, budgetary controls are established to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the Village Board. The activities of the general, special revenue, capital

projects, and enterprise funds are included in the annual approved budget. Budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the established budget amount) is generally considered the fund budget in total. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for debt service funds since effective budgetary control is achieved through the provisions of the individual bond issues.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Village continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

The Village's accounting records for governmental and agency funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis for annual financial reporting, with revenues being recorded when they become both measurable and available, and expenditures being recorded when the fund liability is incurred. Accounting records for the Village's proprietary (enterprise), and pension trust funds are maintained on a full accrual basis. Their revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses when incurred.

#### **Financial Information**

#### Foundation for the Future

The Village of Tinley Park has served the community, and overseen its growth and development, for well over a century. The Village has come a long way since 1893, its first year of operation, when total revenues were \$1,695 and consisting solely of licensing fees, primarily derived from liquor licensing. (The Village's revenue sources have been greatly expanded and diversified since that time). Total expenses for that first year amounted to \$504, leaving a surplus of \$1,191 and setting the standard for conservative and responsible fiscal management followed to this day.

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Village are financed and provided. The Village's expendable financial resources (except those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The Village's Governmental Fund types are General, Capital Projects, Special Revenue, and Fiduciary, and are explained in further detail below.

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all the financial resources and activities except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by Enterprise Funds. The Village's Capital Project Funds include:

#### **Capital Projects**

The Capital Projects fund accounts for all capital asset acquisitions and major capital projects not otherwise accounted for in other capital projects or enterprise funds.

It is a long established practice of the Village to make a year end transfer of cash funds from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund in excess of a predetermined cash balance (including investments). The desired cash balance (including investments) is

determined in consideration of a number of factors and has been maintained well in excess of \$1,000,000 for many years. The funds transferred to the Capital Projects Fund are used to finance capital expenditures in subsequent fiscal years. This process provides the Village with greater fiscal control over operating budgets and expenditures, plan for future capital expenditures, as well as minimizing the need for debt financing. This policy also minimizes the impact of unexpected restrictions of the revenue stream on current capital acquisitions and replacements.

To get a more accurate picture of the Village's financial position, the fund balances of the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund could be viewed as a collective surplus. In many municipalities, capital purchases are often made from the general fund, thus by adding the two fund balances as reflected in our financial statements, a better comparison to other communities can be made. The Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) recommended standard of 25%, or three months of operating expenditures, to provide a cushion against unexpected spending needs, and the Village has well exceeded this requirement.

#### Oak Park Avenue Tax Incremental Finance District

Accounts for the incremental property taxes and related revenues derived from the Oak Park Avenue TIF District, established in 1994, and the use of those funds.

#### Main Street North Tax Incremental Finance District

Accounts for the incremental property taxes and related revenues derived from the Main Street North TIF District, established in 2003, and the use of those funds.

#### Main Street South Tax Incremental Finance District

Accounts for the incremental property taxes and related revenues derived from the Main Street South TIF District, established in 2003, and the use of those funds.

#### Municipal Real Estate Fund

The Village Board established this fund to accept the proceeds from the sale of Village owned real property. The funds accumulated in this fund are earmarked for the purchase of real property for Village uses.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the financial resources generated by specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Village's Special Revenue Funds include:

#### **Custom Seizures**

Accounts for the Village share of distributions of seized assets obtained under a US Customs/Department of the Treasury cooperative labor program with these distributions restricted to use for certain law enforcement expenditures and related capital acquisitions.

#### Motor Fuel Tax

Accounts for a share of motor fuel taxes distributed to municipalities by the State of Illinois on a per-capita basis, with the distributions restricted for roadway construction and maintenance related expenditures.

#### Enhanced 9-1-1

A 75¢ per line, per month, assessment on each phone line within Tinley Park generates the revenues for this fund which is restricted by State Statutes to expenditures for operating and maintaining an emergency services 9-1-1 dispatch system.

#### Hotel/Motel Accommodations Tax

A 6% charge on the rental of hotel/motel rooms generates the revenues for this fund, which are segregated at the direction of the Village Board with an emphasis on expending these funds in promotion of the community and the hotels.

#### Main Street Development Trust

A combination of incremental property and sales taxes generated by the businesses along Oak Park Avenue has been segregated at the direction of the Village Board to create the principal of this fund. Under the Board's direction, the earnings from the \$1.6 million corpus are to be used to fund the activities of the Main Street Commission and for certain public improvements along the street, low cost loans to local businesses, facade rehabilitations, and other related projects in this area to encourage businesses to locate and remain in this area of the community.

#### Community Development Block Grant

Grants received from Cook and Will County, where the expenditure is restricted by the stated grant purpose(s).

#### Foreign Fire Tax

The State of Illinois imposes a 2% tax on any insurance policy covering property in Illinois issued by an insurance company that is not physically located in the State. This money is distributed to the local communities in which the policies are written and to be used for expenditures related to providing fire services. This fund was established in Fiscal Year 2005 to enhance the accountability over the use and expenditure of these monies under the direction of a Foreign Fire Tax Board comprised of firefighters serving the community.

#### Local Road Improvements

In April 2008, the vehicle licensing (sticker) fees were increased for the first time in 26 years. The Village Board directed that the incremental revenues between the old and new fees be earmarked toward the Village's Pavement Management Program for street maintenance. Beginning with fiscal year 2013, the Village Board authorized the entire amount of revenues generated by vehicle licensing (sticker) as well as revenues derived from Red Light Camera fines be assigned to this fund to further enhance the funding necessary to support the Pavement Management Program. This fund was established to account for this revenue and related expenditures.

#### Train Station Operations and Maintenance

The rental income received from concessioners in the two local railroad commuter stations has been set aside at the direction of the Village Board to be used to pay the related operating and maintenance expenses associated with the Village's train depots. Shortfalls of revenues over expenses are supplemented from the Village's General fund. Accumulated excesses of revenues over expenses, if any, are to be used for future capital needs associated with these facilities.

#### Fire Alarm Fund

A wireless fire alarm Village wide system was installed to replace hard wired fire alarm connections handled by phone lines for Village businesses. The wireless system has improved the operation and reliability of the fire alarm system as well as reduced the associated costs to the business community. This fund accumulates the revenues from businesses using the system and pays the associated costs of operation and maintenance, equipment upgrades and replacements.

#### **Drug Enforcement**

State receipts from cases related to controlled substances to be used for enforcement of the Cannabis Control Act and Controlled Substances Act.

#### Storm Water Management Fund

A Storm Water Management fee was imposed in April 2004, becoming effective with the August 2004 utility billing cycle. These funds are used toward construction, operation, and maintenance of Village storm water facilities within Tinley Park including retention and detention ponds, and storm sewer lines, and lift stations.

#### Proprietary/Enterprise Funds

Proprietary/Enterprise funds are established to account for the financing and self-supporting operations and activities of governmental units which render services to the public on a user fee basis. These operations are often similar to those found in the private sector operated for a profit. The Village's proprietary/enterprise operations are comprised of two operations: Waterworks and Sewerage Fund and Commuter Parking Lot Fund.

#### Waterworks and Sewerage Fund Operations

The Village waterworks and sewerage system provides water, and sewerage collection and removal services to the citizens of Tinley Park. Water is supplied from Lake Michigan by intergovernmental agreements with the Village of Oak Lawn and the City of Chicago.

Water reclamation (sanitary sewerage treatment and disposal) is provided primarily by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago (MWRD). Tinley Park properties located within Cook County pay for the MWRD provided water reclamation services through property taxes. Water reclamation services for the portion of Tinley Park located in Will County is provided by contractual agreements with the MWRD, Village of Frankfort, and a private utility company (Illinois American Water Company, formerly Citizens Utilities). The Village is billed for these services under the contractual agreements, and in turn, charge the property owners/Village water and sewer utility customers for these services.

The Village of Tinley Park has contractual agreements for supplying water to the Villages of New Lenox and Mokena, as well as a private utility company (Illinois American Water Company, formerly Citizens Utilities).

Water and sewer rates are reviewed at regular intervals and are adjusted to pass on additional costs associated with the water supplied and sewerage removed. The Village conducted a utility rate study that resulted in changes to the rate structure the rates themselves for water, sanitary sewerage collection, and storm water management that initially became effective in January 2010. Subsequent water supply rate increases

imposed by the City of Chicago or Oak Lawn will automatically adjust the rates charged to Village customers.

#### Commuter Parking Lot Operations

The Village of Tinley Park operates several parking facilities with nearly 3,000 parking spaces for individuals utilizing the Metra rail service and other modes of public transport who commute primarily to and from Chicago. The various parking lots are rented in a combination of daily fee and monthly permit bases to both residents of the Village and non-residents. The rates were adjusted in January 2010 in order for the Village to cover increased operating and maintenance costs over the sixteen years since the rate was last changed in 1994.

#### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt Service Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village for the purpose of paying bonded debt issued by the community.

#### Tax/Bond Stabilization

The Village has set aside funds to assist in stabilizing its tax levy requirements over time and to provide for a portion (or all) of the debt service requirements on some of its general obligation issues.

#### 2009 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

2009A General Obligation Bonds

2010 General Obligation Bonds

2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

These funds are established initially to account for the expenditure of bond issue proceeds. Once the proceeds have been expended for their intended purpose(s), these funds then accumulate monies for payment of the respective general obligation bonds. These bonds were issued to finance a variety of public improvements within the community including constructing a water reservoir, the Oak Park Avenue train depot, water mains, flood control projects, roadway improvements and expansion of the Village convention center. The debt service is provided by the Tax/Bond Stabilization fund, Water & Sewer fund, incremental tax revenues from established Tax Increment Financing (TIF) districts and a general tax against the property in Tinley Park.

#### Special Service Area Number 3

This fund accumulated monies for payment of the 1988 series Unlimited Ad-valorem Tax Bonds which are serially due in annual installments through December 2007. These bonds were issued to finance certain improvements for a commercial development within the community. The debt service was provided by an annual real estate tax on all properties within the special service area.

#### Limited Sales Tax Bonds

This fund accumulates monies for payment of the 1988 series Limited Sales Tax Revenue Bonds which were serially due in annual installments through the scheduled maturity in November 1999. These bonds were issued to finance certain improvements for a commercial development within Special Service Area Number 3. The debt service is to be provided solely from a specified increment of sales taxes received by the Village from businesses located in the shopping center. These bonds are not a general obligation of the Village.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other Funds. The Village's Fiduciary Funds consist of the following:

#### Police Pension Trust Fund

The Police Pension Trust Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to pay pension benefit obligations and related pension and administrative costs for the Village of Tinley Park's full time sworn officers. The rules for the defined benefit pension plan are provided by State Statute. Resources are contributed by members of the police force at rates fixed by State Statute, from other Police Pension Trust Funds following provisions of State Statute, and by the Village through an annual property tax levy. The Police Pension Trust Fund is administered by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members of the Fund, and appointed by the Village President. The Village Treasurer is an ex-officio member of the Police Pension Trust Board and custodian of the funds.

The Pension Board has elected to engage the services of an Investment Advisor to assist in the investing of a portion of the pension assets in equity securities (common stocks and annuities).

The Village of Tinley Park has made a commitment to make contributions to the fund as annually determined by the Public Pension Division, Division of Insurance, of the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or by an independent actuary. Additionally, the Village has periodically contributed amounts to the Police Pension Fund above and beyond the actuarially determined amounts to allow the Fund to increase its future earnings potential and actuarial funding levels. These additional contributions total \$1,413,650 between fiscal years 1990 and 2001. The additional contributions were designed to effectively stabilize tax levy funding requirements, and correspondingly the impact to Village taxpayers, for the support of the fund for a number of tax years. In more recent years, poor performance results of the Police Pension Fund's investment activity primarily in equity investments (stocks) largely negated the benefits of tax stabilization that these additional contributions had previously provided.

#### Special Assessment

Special Assessment funds are established to account for the financial resources received and expended in association with capital projects in which individual property owners derive a direct benefit by the improvements. The Village contracts for the project, and provides the financing to the property owners allowing them to pay the Village for their share of the improvement costs in annual installments of principal and interest, usually for a period of 10-20 years. Examples of typical special assessment projects include: installation of water mains, sanitary sewers, roadway, street lighting, and storm water drainage improvements.

#### **Escrow**

The Escrow fund accounts for the collection, retention, and disbursement of funds deposited with the Village as fiduciary.

#### Payroll

The Payroll fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of deductions withheld from Village employees paychecks.

#### **Debt Administration**

In April 2008, in conjunction with a bond refunding issue, the Village received an upgraded rating of "AA+" by Standard and Poor's. This rating was reaffirmed most recently in December 2011. The Village's prior Standard and Poor's rating of "AA" dated to June 2003. The Standard and Poor's "AA+" rating, is a full three rating grades higher than the "A-1" rating previously obtained from Moody's Investor Services (Moody's) in 2001 (this rating was re-affirmed in May 2009) and places the Village among the top 5 percent of rated governmental issuers in the Nation (and currently comparable to the US Government itself). In assigning this rating, Standard and Poor's specifically cited the region's deep and diverse local economy, the Village's large and growing tax base, favorable economic indicators, strong financial operation, significant reserve levels, and moderate debt burden. These ratings are indicative of the conservative and responsible fiscal management of the Village government.

As a Home Rule Unit, the Village of Tinley Park has no legal limits on the amount of general obligation debt it may issue and have outstanding at any time. As in other areas, the Village Board has chosen not to take undue advantage of its Home Rule powers and only issues debt when absolutely necessary, economically feasible, and fiscally prudent. The ratio of Net General Obligation Debt as of April 30, 2012 to the 2011 equalized assessed valuation is 2.85% -- well below the 8.625% limit applicable under Illinois State Statutes if the Village were not a Home Rule Unit.

A number of years ago, the Village placed funds in reserve establishing an internally managed Tax/Bond Stabilization fund. Annually, as funds are available, money is transferred to this fund to further provide for debt service on general obligation issues of the Village. This fund has allowed the Village to stabilize its tax levy, with particular focus on its debt service levy requirements. Through these means, as well as a portion of the total general obligation debt service provided by the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund, over \$5.7 million of general obligation debt was abated from the property tax levy requirements of the 2011 levy (payable in calendar 2012), and the annual abatement has consistently been over \$1 million annually for many years. The net amount levied for debt service has remained at or below \$350,000 annually since the 1992 levy year (payable in calendar 1993).

The Village's program of annual debt service abatements rivals or exceeds the benefits of property tax rebate programs that have become politically fashionable in other communities in the area and has been employed for far longer than any other such program. The philosophy of the Village's tax abatement program can be summed up in the question, why should the Village tax its property owners for something that the Village has the funds available to pay and can pay from income sources other than property taxes? The Village Board feels it is better fiscal policy not to tax in the first place than to tax and then issue a rebate. This process creates a false sense of benefit to the taxpayer. The tax abatement program requires no administrative costs to implement each year, where most tax rebate programs require the municipality to incur additional administrative costs to receive the rebate requests, perform calculations and verifications before processing the tax refund checks themselves. Additionally, most of the tax rebate programs only benefit owner-occupied residential homeowners whereas the Village's tax abatement process benefits all property owners including rental and commercial business property. Including all properties helps to keep rents low (both residential and business) and helps encourage business success.

The current debt burden is \$874 for each resident of the Village based on total bonded debt as of April 30, 2012. Additionally, the Village Board has pledged a portion of its Illinois income tax receipts, along with funds from the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund to pay the debt service on other outstanding bond issues which will not require a tax levy against the property in the community. This will effectively reduce

the net debt per-capita. The continued growth in the community, and the Village's fiscal practices, has resulted in an extremely stable per-capita debt.

Before issuing new debt, the Village carefully reviews its own financial position, and its ability to repay new debt issues with the least impact on our citizens and taxpayers. New issues are often structured in recognition of our existing debt obligations and when those obligations are retired. Additionally, the Village is ever conscious of the debt burden placed on our taxpayers by other governmental agencies that overlap or share the same tax base as our community. As feasible, the Village will also structure our own debt issues to coordinate with these overlapping governments.

#### **Long Term Financial Planning**

Since the 1960s, the Village has taken an active role in planning its growth and development, commissioning its first Comprehensive Plan in 1967, with several subsequent and periodic updates, the most recent of which occurred in 2000. Through the Comprehensive Plan, and through intergovernmental boundary agreements with neighboring communities, the Village has effectively established the extent to which the Village is able to grow in physical area, and establish the types of development expected to occur in the undeveloped areas within these boundaries. By determining the geographic size of the community, and the expected development, it enables the Village to better anticipate and plan for its needs for infrastructure, improvements, and other purposes (including personnel to some degree). This in turn, allows the Village to schedule improvements to precede or coincide with development, and to appropriately assess new development for its impacts on the community. As part of its established policies regarding development, the Village has long held that new development is responsible for bearing the costs of its impacts on the community and that these impacts should not be the burden of the rest of the community and taxpayers. The Village has collected and distributed over \$21 million in cash impact fees since 1971 on behalf of the Village and other governmental bodies resulting from new development. This figure does not include the value of land received by the Village on behalf of other governments for park and school sites.

The Village continues to develop and refine its plans and programs with regard to its public buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and staffing to maintain acceptable levels of service to the community, while remaining within its self imposed property tax caps and other limitations. The Village has developed programmed schedules for vehicle and most equipment replacements. Similarly, it has developed the Pavement Management Program, as noted earlier, in order to maintain the public streets to a given service level. Similar programs, have, and are being developed for other components of the Village's infrastructure. The Village's established policies to set aside a sizeable portion of our annual revenues from the General Fund for capital expenditures and equipment replacements, the established Tax/Bond Stabilization Fund, economic development standards among others all speak to the Village's financial planning. As you have read through this transmittal letter alone, many of the economic development and other initiatives described speaks volumes to the long term planning the Village has done, and continues to do. Further examples of the Village's financial planning will be evident in the MD&A report and the financial statements themselves.

#### Fiscal Policies

In October 2011, the Village Board adopted a comprehensive Fiscal Policies Manual. This document sets forth the basic framework for the overall fiscal management of the Village government. Operating

independently of changing economic circumstances and conditions, these policies held the decision making process of the Village Board and administration. These policies provide guidelines and guidance for evaluating both current activities and proposals for future activities and programs.

Most of the policies represent long-standing principles (i.e. traditions and practices) that have guided the Village government for most of its existence. These traditions and practices have been further defined and refined over the past forty plus years and have helped maintain the fiscal and financial stability in both the community and its government.

The Fiscal Policies Manual was designed to formalize and memorialize many of the traditions and practices that have long been followed; more clearly define the fiscal discipline of the Village of Tinley Park government; and set standards to be maintained into the future. Within this context, it also compiles, assembles, and references the various policies that the Village Board had previously formally adopted that bear clear fiscal and financial ramifications.

#### **Independent Audit**

Illinois State Statutes, as well as provisions in several municipal bond issues, require an annual audit of the financial records of the Village by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of McGladrey and Pullen CPAs was selected by the Village Board. Their auditor's opinion is included in this report.

#### **Awards and Recognitions**

The National League of Cities honored Tinley Park with an Award for Municipal Excellence for its city governance, best practices in municipal policy and establishing models to follow and to improve the lives of its citizens. Of 168 nominees from 37 states and Puerto Rico, Tinley Park was the only nominee from Illinois.

Tinley Park was one of only five Illinois communities to be honored by the National Association of Town Watchs for our participation in the *National Night Out* program which focuses on crime, drug and violence prevention. Additionally, the Illinois Crime Prevention Association presented its 2007 *Organization of the Year Award* to Tinley Park's Seniors and Law Enforcement Together (SALT) group. The SALT group includes approximately 60 senior citizens who assist the Police Department in crime prevention and other activities.

In 2006, the Village of Tinley Park was named the national winner of the US Department of Commerce and Economic Development Administration's "Excellence in Urban/Suburban Economic Development" Award. We have the distinct honor of being the first community in Illinois to receive this award. Additionally, we are proud to note that this honor was bestowed to us over other "more nationally well known" communities such as Los Angeles, California and San Antonio, Texas. In making the award, the US Assistant Secretary for Economic Development, Sandy K. Baruah was quoted as saying, "The winners of EDA's Excellence Awards represent the best and brightest economic development methods and practices in use today. Their commitment to sound, research-based, market driven economic development is helping America's communities grow their economies and create jobs."

Tinley Park's economic development website, <u>www.TinleyParkBiz.biz</u>, was named the "Best Economic Development Website in the United States" by the International Economic Development Council in 2005.

Also following in these accolades is recognition of Tinley Park as one of the "Top 12 in the United States for Economic Development Leadership and Innovation" bestowed by the CoreNet Global Real Estate Executives Association in 2006.

Village President (Mayor) Edward J. Zabrocki was recognized as one of the "Top 10 Mayors in the Country" by the World Mayor Project in 2007.

Retired Fire Marshal Robert T. Bettenhausen was named by Fire Chief Magazine's Volunteer Fire Chief of the Year in 1997. More recently, Fire Marshal Bettenhausen was recognized by the National Volunteer Fire Council with their 2007 Lifetime Achievement Award for his service to the community, State, and Nation in the name of fire service. He was similarly honored with a Lifetime Achievement Award by the Illinois Fire Chiefs Association in May 2008. Bettenhausen was an integral part of the Fire Department's growth and development since he joined the department in 1952 subsequently serving as Assistant Chief, Chief, and subsequently as Fire Marshal until his retirement in the fall of 2009. He served the fire prevention and suppression interests of the community longer than any other firefighter in the community's history.

The Illinois chapter of the American Institute of Architects selected Tinley Park's Oak Park Avenue train station to be on its list of "150 Great Places in Illinois" in April 2007. The organization's web site's description of the station says it "reclaims the traditional role of the train station as a ceremony place of arrival." The list is part of the chapter's celebration of the AlA's 150th anniversary. The initiative was begun to raise awareness about architecture's effect on the quality of life for Illinois residents.

The Village of Tinley Park has received an Honorable Mention in the Illinois Arts Alliance's annual Arts Friendly Community Awards program in 2007. The award program is aimed at promoting municipal support of the arts in Illinois communities and to honor municipal leaders who have encouraged innovative approaches to using the arts to build healthy communities. The award showcases programs and projects that may be viewed as models or best practices for other communities. Tinley Park was honored for programs including Benches on the Avenue, Music and Movies in the Park, the Caribbean Beach Block Party, Christmas Market, the use of bronze sculptures and artistic birdhouses in public places, and the Voot Visual Arts Center and Arts Council events.

The Village of Tinley Park was recognized by the Department of Defense as a Commemorative Community for its support of activities to remember the fiftieth anniversary of World War II. The Village is also a recognized White House Millennium Council Project participant in planning activities to celebrate the beginning of the new millennium. The Village of Tinley Park is also a member of Sister City International, and has been recognized for the exchange programs that have taken place with Büdingen Germany since 1985.

The Village's Crime Prevention Committee was recognized by the Illinois Crime Prevention Association for its ongoing efforts to educate our citizens with ways to reduce and prevent crime. The Village of Tinley Park has been a recipient of the annual Governor's Home Town Award on multiple occasions. A number of these awards were for youth achievement, and all represented the community's volunteer spirit and are a source of civic pride and long standing tradition for the Village.

In November 2009, the Village was identified by BusinessWeek magazine's fourth annual survey "America's Best Place to Raise Your Kids" (considered their 2010 survey) as the number one place in

December 28, 2012

both Illinois and the Nation. In the April 2010 issue, Chicago Magazine recognized Tinley Park among their list of "20 Best Towns and Neighborhoods in Chicago and the Suburbs."

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for municipal entities that publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR must also satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements. The Village of Tinley Park received this distinguished award for the first time with its CAFR report for the fiscal year ended April 30, 1992, and has continued to receive it each subsequent year. A copy of the current certificate is reproduced in this report. The Village has participated in the certification program since 1991 and intends to continue its participation in the program.

#### **Acknowledgments**

The credit for the preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report cannot be taken entirely by only one, and I would like to express my appreciation for the contributions of the Treasurer's Office/Finance Department, the members of Village staff, and others, who assisted and contributed to its presentation.

In closing, I would like to thank you and the members of the Board of Trustees for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Village in a responsible and progressive manner. Without the leadership and ongoing support, preparation of this report could not have been accomplished.

Respectively submitted,

Brad L. Bettenhausen, CPA Village Treasurer

#### Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

Officers and Officials April 30, 2012

Village President

Edward J. Zabrocki

first elected 1981 Village Trustee 1978 - 1981 Illinois 37th District Representative 1994 - 1995

#### **Board of Trustees**

David G. Seaman since 1984

Gregory J. Hannon since 1987

Brian S. Maher since 1999

Thomas J. Staunton, Jr. since 2007

Patricia A. Leoni since 2009

T. J. Grady since 2011

Village Clerk
Patrick E. Rea
since 2009
Village Trustee 1971 - 2009

Village Treasurer

Brad L. Bettenhausen
first appointed 1984

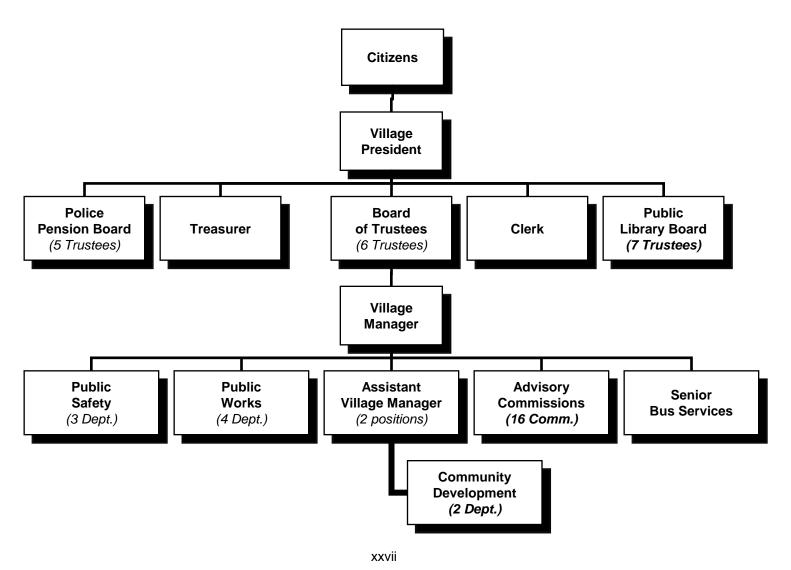
Village Manager
Scott R. Niehaus
first appointed 2003
Assistant Village Manager 1999-2003

Assistant Village Managers
Michael S. Mertens
first appointed 2003

**Steven J. Tilton** first appointed 2006

## Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

Organizational Chart



# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Village of Tinley Park Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
April 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES
AND
CORPORATION
SIE AL

CHICAGO

Executive Director



#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Tinley Park, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Village of Tinley Park, Illinois. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Tinley Park, Illinois, as of April 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1, as of May 1, 2011, the Village adopted the reporting and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2012 on our consideration of the Village of Tinley Park's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

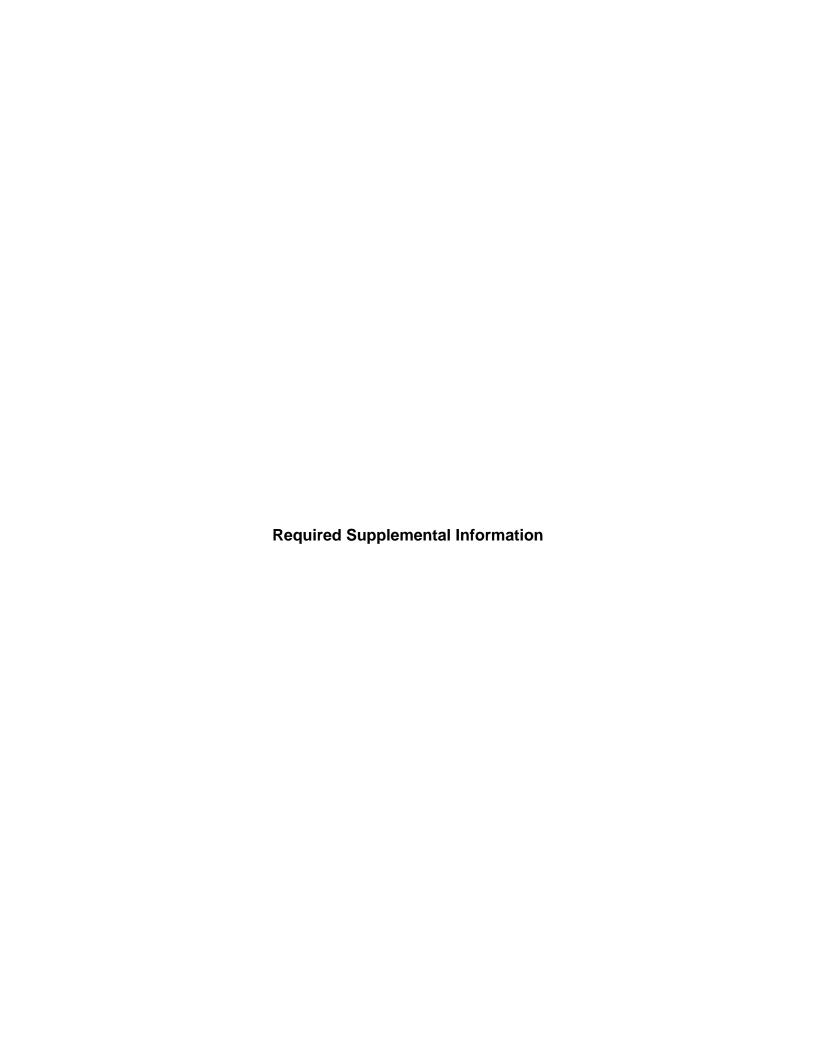
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 - 16), schedules of funding progress (pages 66 – 69) and budgetary schedules (pages 70 – 93) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Tinley Park's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules as listed in the table of contents as supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Tinley Park's basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Chicago, Illinois

McGladry LLP







#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### April 30, 2012

The Village of Tinley Park's (the "Village") management discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter (beginning on page i) and the Village's financial statements (beginning on page 17).

#### Using the Financial Section of this Comprehensive Annual Report

For more than 20 years, the primary focus of local governmental financial statements had been summarized fund type information on a current financial resource basis. This approach was modified by the Government Accounting Standards Board, and beginning with the fiscal year ended April 30, 2004, the Village's financial statements present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the Village's finances. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government) and enhance the Village's accountability.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 17-19) are designed to emulate the corporate sector in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Assets (the "Unrestricted Net Assets") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the Village and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates the governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities (see page 19) is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

The Governmental Activities reflect the Village's basic services, including public safety (police, fire, and emergency services), public works (road and bridge, and facilities maintenance), and administration. Shared state sales and income taxes, and the local property tax finance the majority of these services. The Business-type Activities reflect private sector type operations (Waterworks and Sewerage, and Commuter Parking Lot), where the fee for service is typically expected to cover all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. However, the focus is on Major Funds rather than fund types of the previous reporting model.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Governmental Funds (see pages 20-23) are presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith.

The Fund Financial Statements also allow the government to address its Fiduciary Funds (Police Pension and certain Agency funds, see pages 29-30). While these Funds represent trust responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

While the Business-type Activities column on the Business-type Fund Financial Statements (see pages 24-28) is the same as the Business-type column on the Government-Wide Financial Statement, the Governmental Funds Total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement (see pages 21 and 23). The flow of current financial resources will reflect bond proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and bond principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligation (bonds and others) into the Governmental Activities column (in the Government-wide financial statements).

#### **Infrastructure Assets**

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure – roads, bridges, storm sewers, etc.) were not reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34) requires that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental column of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (1) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful life or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential of such assets to near perpetuity. If the government develops the asset management system (the modified approach) which periodically (at least every third year), by category, measures and demonstrates its maintenance of locally established levels of service standards, the government may record its cost of maintenance in lieu of depreciation. The Village has chosen to depreciate assets over their useful lives. If a road project is considered maintenance – a recurring cost that does not extend the road's original useful life or expand its capacity – the cost of the project will be expensed. An "overlay" (resurfacing) of a road is considered maintenance and thus expensed, whereas a "rebuild" (reconstruction) of a road will be capitalized.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

#### **Statement of Net Assets**

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities by \$264.7 million as of April 30, 2012, for the primary government (the "Village"), and by \$9.5 million for its component unit, the Tinley Park Public Library (the "Library"). As of April 30, 2011, assets exceeded liabilities by \$247.1 million for the primary government (the "Village"), and by \$8.1 million for its component unit, the Tinley Park Public Library (the "Library").

A significant portion of the Village's net assets as of April 30, 2012 (71%) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, land improvements, storm sewers, water mains, buildings, equipment, and vehicles), less any related debt that is still outstanding which was used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Table 1 on the following page summarizes the Statement of Net Assets for the prior and current fiscal years.

Table 1 Statement of Net Assets As of April 30, 2011 (In millions)

	Governmental	Business-Type	Total Primary
	Activities	Activities	Government
Current Assets	\$83.4	\$19.9	\$103.3
Other Assets	1.9	.1	2.0
Capital Assets	<u>184.8</u>	<u>35.4</u>	<u>220.2</u>
Total Assets	270.1	55.4	325.5
Current Liabilities	27.7	2.1	29.8
Non Current Liabilities	40.2	<u>8.4</u>	<u>48.6</u>
Total Liabilities	67.9	10.5	78.4
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Assets	155.2 13.4 <u>33.6</u> \$202.2	27.9 - 	183.1 13.4 <u>50.6</u> \$247.1

#### Statement of Net Assets As of April 30, 2012 (In millions)

	Governmental	Business-Type	Total Primary
	Activities	Activities	Government
Current Assets	\$85.6	\$20.8	\$106.4
Other Assets	0.2	1.4	1.6
Capital Assets	<u>196.7</u>	34.0	230.7
Total Assets	282.5	56.2	338.7
Current Liabilities	26.9	1.9	28.8
Non Current Liabilities	<u>37.3</u>	- <u>7.9</u>	<u>45.2</u>
Total Liabilities	64.2	9.8	74.0
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of			
Net of Related Debt	161.2	26.0	187.2
Restricted	12.5		12.5
Unrestricted Total Net Assets	44.6	20.4	65.0
	\$218.3	<u>\$46.4</u>	\$264.7

For more detailed information see the Statement of Net Assets (pages 17-18).

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

The Village's combined net assets (the Village's equity) increased \$17.6 million from \$247.1 million to \$264.7 million. Net assets of the Village's governmental activities were \$218.3 million and increased by \$16.2 million from the prior year. \$12.0 million is represented by net additions to Capital Assets (\$15.3 million of additions less \$3.3 million in deletions). Other assets decreased \$0.4 million, liabilities decreased \$3.0 million and current assets increased \$3.1 million. The Village's unrestricted net assets for governmental activities, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, were \$44.6 million and increased by \$11.0 million over the prior year. Due to the change in classification of restricted assets under GASB 46, now only legally imposed restrictions by outside sources are shown. The net assets of business-type activities were \$46.4 million and increased by \$1.5 million.

#### **Normal Impacts**

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Assets summary presentation.

- Net Results of Activities will impact (increase/decrease) Current Assets and Unrestricted Net Assets.
- **Borrowing for Capital** will increase Current Assets and Non Current Liabilities (Long-Term Debt).
- Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital will reduce Current Assets and increase Capital Assets. There is also a second impact, an increase in the Invested in Capital Assets portion of Net Assets and an increase in Related Debt which will not change the Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt.
- Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital will (a) reduce Current Assets
  and increase Capital Assets; and (b) will reduce Unrestricted Net Assets and increase Invested in
  Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt.
- Principal Payment on Debt will (a) reduce Current Assets and reduce Non Current Liabilities (Long-Term Debt); and (b) reduce Unrestricted Net Assets and increase Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt.
- Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation will reduce Capital Assets and Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt.

#### **Current Year Impacts**

The Village's net assets increased by \$17.7 million during the current fiscal year. Governmental activities resulted in an increase in net assets of \$16.2 million while Business-Type activities increased net assets by \$1.5 million. Capital outlay associated with governmental activities increased net assets by \$15.3 million, and repayment of principal on outstanding debt decreased net assets by \$5.9 million. Operating income from Business-Type activities, inclusive of depreciation, increased net assets by \$1.1 million, and non-operating revenues and expenses increased net assets by \$1.5 million.

#### **Changes in Net Assets**

The following Table 2 summarizes the revenues and expenses for the prior and current fiscal years and highlights the Changes in Net Assets.

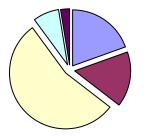
Table 2
Changes in Net Assets
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2011
(In millions)

REVENUES	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Program Revenues		• • •	
Charges for Services Operating and Capital	\$4.4	\$16.4	\$20.8
Grants & Contributions	3.8	0.2	4.0
General Revenues			
Property Taxes Other Taxes	22.8 18.5	-	22.8 18.5
Miscellaneous	<u> 1.1</u>	0.2	<u>1.3</u>
Total Revenues	<u>50.6</u>	<u>16.8</u>	<u>67.4</u>
EXPENSES			
General Government	8.1	-	8.1
Public Works Public Safety	6.7 22.6	17.3	24.0 22.6
Social Services	3.1	<del>-</del>	3.1
Interest	1.0		1.0
Total Expenses	41.5	<u>17.3</u>	58.8
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	9.1	(0.5)	8.6
Transfers	0.0	(0.0)	0.0
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	<u>9.1</u>	(0.5)	8.6
ENDING NET ASSETS	<u>\$202.2</u>	<u>\$ 44.9</u>	<u>\$247.1</u>

**2011 Governmental Activities Revenues** 



**2011 Governmental Activities Expenses** 



- □ General Government□ Public Safety■ Interest
- Public Works□ Social Services

# Table 2 (continued) Changes in Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2012 (In millions)

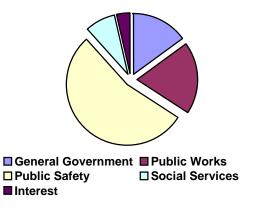
REVENUES	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total Primary Government
Program Revenues Charges for Services Operating and Capital	\$ 4.8	\$17.9	\$ 22.7
Grants & Contributions General Revenues	6.5	0.4	6.9
Property Taxes	24.1	-	24.1
Other Taxes Miscellaneous	19.7	- 0.1	19.7
Miscellaneous	4.4	<u>0.1</u>	<u>4.5</u>
Total Revenues	<u>59.5</u>	<u>18.4</u>	<u>77.9</u>
EXPENSES			
General Government	6.5	-	6.5
Public Works	8.2	17.1	25.3
Public Safety	23.4	-	23.4
Social Services Interest	3.5 1.5	<del>-</del>	3.5 1.5
meresi	<u>1.0</u>	<del></del>	
Total Expenses	43.1	<u>17.1</u>	<u>60.2</u>
Excess before transfers	16.4	1.3	17.7
Transfers	(0.2)	0.2	0.0
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	<u>16.2</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u> 17.7</u>
ENDING NET ASSETS	<u>\$218.3</u>	<u>\$ 46.4</u>	<u>\$264.7</u>

**2012 Governmental Activities Revenues** 

□ Charges for Services □ Operating Grants
□ Property Taxes □ Other Taxes

■ Other

2012 Governmental Activities Expenses



#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **Normal Impacts**

There are eight basic impacts on revenues and expenses as reflected below.

#### Revenues:

- **Economic Condition** which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on state income, sales and utility tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption.
- Increase/Decrease in Village Board approved rates while certain tax rates are set by statute, the Village Board has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, wastewater, impact fees, building fees, home rule sales tax, etc.).
- Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparisons.
- Market Impacts on Investment income the Village's investment portfolio is managed using a similar average maturity to most governments. Market conditions may cause investment income to fluctuate.

#### Expenses:

- Introduction of New Programs within the functional expense categories (Public Safety, Public Works, General Government, Social Services, etc.) individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.
- **Increase in Authorized Personnel** changes in service demand may cause the Village Board to increase/decrease authorized staffing.
- Salary Increases (annual adjustments and merit) the ability to attract and retain human and
  intellectual resources requires the Village to strive to approach a competitive salary range
  position in the marketplace.
- Inflation while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the Village is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuels and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

#### **Current Year Impacts**

#### Revenues:

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012, revenues from all activities totaled \$77.9 million. The Village has a diversified revenue structure and depends on several key revenue sources to help pay for the services provided.

The property tax revenues derived from governmental activities increased approximately 5.7% over the prior year.

Due to a unique set of circumstances, taxes generated within the Oak Park Avenue, Main Street North and Main Street South Tax Increment Finance (TIF) Districts combined increased by approximately \$100,000 in comparison to the prior year (\$5.4 million in Fiscal Year 2012 and \$5.3 million in Fiscal Year 2011) even though the overall tax base of the three TIF Districts decreased 15.3% between tax years 2010 and 2011. The Village of Tinley Park established these three TIF districts to encourage both new development and redevelopment in certain targeted areas of the community with an objective to stabilize and potentially increase the local tax base. Under TIF statutes, the taxable property values of each parcel located within the boundaries of the district are frozen at the inception of the TIF for distribution of taxes to the various taxing agencies that derive taxes from these properties. The property taxes generated by any subsequent increase in taxable property values (the increment), are distributed to the

Village to assist in making necessary public improvements, or undertake other activities to encourage and promote development.

Even though the Village is a Home Rule community and does not have any restrictions as to the amounts that can be requested from property taxes, the Village follows a formula for determining the annual property tax levy that establishes a limit on the annual tax levy request. This formula limits the tax levy to increase annually by no more than the rate of inflation plus new growth. The Tinley Park Public Library's annual property tax levy is determined using the same formula. The tax base of the Village decreased 11.3% from tax year 2010 to 2011, primarily in the three Cook County quadrants of the community (13.2% decrease) as part of the regular triennial reassessment process. 2011 marks the first reassessment cycle for the southern portion of Cook County since the recent Recession and this reassessment reflects its effects on the real estate market. The Will County portion of the Village's tax base decreased 3.6%, also attributable to the downturn in the economy and its effects on real estate. The Cook County Board approved a change to the assessment classifications beginning with tax year 2009 whereby virtually all residential property is assessed at 10% of fair value, and commercial/industrial property is assessed at 25% of fair value. When a classified system is used for assessments (where property is assessed at different rates depending on use), under Illinois statutes, the property must still be assessed at 1/3 of fair value overall. Because all property classes are now below this 1/3 (33.33%) benchmark, this change contributed to a significant increase in the Cook County Equalization Factor. Any change in the Equalization Factor (also referred to as the Multiplier) results in an increase or decrease of the overall tax base without changing the underlying property assessments.

The Expanded Homeowner Exemption was introduced in tax year 2005 by the Cook County Assessor to mitigate the impacts of large increases in property values arising from the triennial reassessment cycles. The program was designed to spread the impact of reassessment over several years rather than all in one year. As a result, many homeowners saw large annual increases in their taxes. The Expanded Homeowner Exemption is being phased out and will return to a standard flat homeowner exemption in tax year 2014. Reflecting the continued phase out, the total of all homeowner based exemptions decreased by 51.8% from tax year 2010 to 2011. Similar to the Equalization Factor, the changes in the homeowner exemptions results in an increase or decrease of the overall tax base without changing the underlying property assessments.

Intergovernmental revenues increased in Fiscal Year 2012 when compared to the prior year primarily from increases in per-capita revenue sharing received from the State of Illinois. This is discussed in further detail below.

The State of Illinois distributes several tax items to municipalities based on population including Motor Fuel, Income, and Use taxes. The Tinley Park Public Library (component unit) receives an annual Per-Capita grant which is also based on population.

The Village established a policy beginning in 1989 to set aside a portion of the State income tax distributions received to be used exclusively for major capital projects within the community. Under this policy, 30.58% of all income tax receipts are segregated and earmarked for capital projects. The direct effect of this policy is to limit the portion of income tax receipts that may be used to support general operations of the Village to the State's income tax distribution allocation levels that existed prior to the 1989 increase in income tax rates and the subsequent changes in the formula for State income tax revenues distributable to municipalities through the Local Government Distributive Fund. This bold action reflects the Village Board's fiscal restraint and long range financial planning. The earmarked share of the income tax revenues is transferred to a Village Capital Projects fund annually at the end of the fiscal year. Allowing these funds to remain in the General Fund throughout the fiscal year provides the Village the opportunity to utilize this cash flow throughout the year, and minimize the need for short-term borrowing or the establishment of a separate working cash fund.

In the past, the monthly income tax distributions were generally paid to municipalities within 30 days of determination of the amounts due. Due to the State's own fiscal problems, the State began increasing the lag time between determination of the per-capita distribution and the physical payment. This lag time has been as much as six months, and was a four month lag at the end of fiscal year 2012. This delay has impacted the revenue recognition for State income taxes due to the uncertainty of when the funds owed will be distributed. The timing of the State distributions has been factor in the change in

intergovernmental revenues between fiscal years 2011 and 2012. If the income tax distributions were compared on a regular month to month basis without consideration of timing of the actual payment, income tax revenues for fiscal year 2012 would have been 2% higher than the prior year as opposed to the 34% increase reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

License revenues decreased 19.4% (over \$141,000) overall in Fiscal Year 2012 over the prior year. Cable franchise fees increased by 7.7% (\$64,000) when compared to the prior year. Building permit revenues increased 23.7% (\$69,000) in relation to the prior year. Residential construction during the year continued to be slow as a result of the economy. Calendar year 2011 saw only nine (9) new construction residential building permits issued. This was on par with the prior calendar year. In over three decades of building permit activity history, no year had fewer new construction residential permits issued than in calendar 2009. Based on all building permits issued in calendar 2011, all types of building activity added \$44.7 million dollars of new construction and improvements to community.

Sales tax revenues (municipal occupation taxes) increased 4.3% (over \$500,000) during Fiscal Year 2012 over the prior year. This increase more predominately reflects improved retail and automotive sales due to improving local economic conditions.

The Village has continued to participate in a cooperative enforcement program with the U.S. Customs Bureau and the Department of Justice whereby the Village receives a portion of assets seized under this program. These funds are restricted for uses associated with police activities and public safety. The cash flow from these seizure funds has slowed in recent years due to the extended legal process required to authorize release of seized assets for distribution. Additionally, due to changes in the asset sharing guidelines, the Village no longer receives a share of seizures that total less than \$2,500. Revenues under the Customs Seizures program increased 195.2% (\$119,000) over the prior fiscal year. Despite these favorable statistics, the Customs Seizures revenue totaled a modest \$159,000 in fiscal year 2012.

During Fiscal Year 2012, the Village's earnings from investments decreased by 31.8% over the prior fiscal year. This decrease was primarily due to declining interest rates throughout the year. Even with overall investment earnings decreasing, the Village's effective yield continued to be in line with established benchmarks. The Village of Tinley Park has traditionally considered investment earnings as a supplement to the annual operating budgets of the various funds and not considered as an integral component of operating revenues or essential to the support of budgeted expenditures during the fiscal year.

The net assets of the Tinley Park Police Pension Fund increased \$2.6 million (5.8%) during Fiscal Year 2012. There was a 15.0% increase in the employee contributions that would be primarily attributable to wage increases. Investment gains for the current fiscal year in the Police Pension Fund totaled nearly \$600.000.

In the fall of 1999, the Pension Fund authorized investing in equity securities (stocks and insurance contracts) to diversify its investment portfolio and to increase overall investment returns. The first ten years of equity investment proved to be less than satisfying with the investment managers all too frequently seemingly following a warped adage of "buy high and sell low." The generally disappointing performance of the equity sector of the portfolio has been a significant impact on the increase in the actuarially determined "employer" contribution, which correspondingly places a greater burden on the taxpayers of the Village to fund this defined benefit pension plan.

#### **Expenses:**

The Village's total expenses for all activities for the year ended April 30, 2012 were \$60.2 million. Public Works activities (\$25.3 million) accounted for the largest share (39%) of the total expenditures. The Village provides Lake Michigan water to its residents, as well as two other municipalities and a private utility company (primarily serving a third municipality) through intergovernmental agreements and contracts. The water supply is purchased from the Village of Oak Lawn. In turn, Oak Lawn obtains the treated Lake Michigan water supply from the City of Chicago. The Village maintains its own wastewater collection system, but the water reclamation and solid waste disposal (also commonly referred to as sewerage treatment) is performed by other governmental agencies and a private utility company. Additionally, the Village operates and maintains storm water collection and storage facilities throughout the community. The waterworks, sewerage and storm water management operations accounted for 65% of the total Public Works activities for the fiscal year. The remaining public works activities relate to the maintaining of Village streets, street lighting, commuter parking lots, municipal buildings, and related facilities.

Public safety expenses are related to the operations of the Police and Fire Departments, as well as the Emergency Management Agency which accounted for \$23.4 million (36%) of the total expenses. The Village has an authorized strength of 81 full-time sworn police personnel and 72 of these positions are currently filled. The patrol officers are members of the Metropolitan Alliance of Police (MAP) collective bargaining unit and their current contract ends April 30, 2012.

The Village of Tinley Park participates in an insurance risk pool (Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency – IRMA) which provides all liability and workers compensation coverage beyond a basic deductible for each claim. The annual contribution (premium) is based on the participating agency's prior revenues, and further adjusted for prior claims experience. The Village's general liability insurance contribution increased approximately \$127,000 in the current fiscal year over the prior fiscal year. This change was partially the result of a higher five year average of revenues which is used as the basis for the annual contribution calculation. In addition, the Village received a credit for favorable claims experience which also contributed to the reduction in the total contribution. The cost of providing employee benefits (health insurance, etc.) continues to increase.

#### Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

#### **Governmental Funds**

At April 30, 2012, the governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 20, and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance on page 22) reported a combined fund balance of \$61.1 million. Revenues and other financing sources were more than expenditures and other financing uses in Fiscal Year 2012 by \$1.8 million. General Fund expenditures were approximately \$5 million under budget and reflect financial monitoring and controls implemented in regard to spending as well as some lower than anticipated costs.

The Capital Improvements Fund intergovernmental revenues were less than projections by 39.3% (\$2.6 million), primarily due to the timing of grant distributions not received from the Illinois Department of Transportation. Expenditures constituted 43.4% (\$9.9 million) of the budget. The annual Capital Improvements Fund budget does include a number of contingency and reserve items that would only be utilized in emergency situations. These unspent budgeted reserves contribute significantly to the favorable budget to expenditure relationship that exists in this Fund. Additionally, due to a variety of reasons, some of the departmental capital requests that had been approved and included in the adopted budget were unable to be purchased or expended within the fiscal year. As the budgetary authority lapses at fiscal year-end, these unspent capital requests generally must be re-requested and reauthorized in the following fiscal year, should the department determine they are still necessary.

The Village of Tinley Park established a Storm Water Management Fund in April 2004, as well as imposing a Storm Water Management Utility Fee based on water consumption to provide revenues toward support of the operation and maintenance of the various storm water facilities and infrastructure within the community; and toward construction of new storm water facilities and infrastructure. This action was driven in large part by requirements imposed by the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) rules and regulations issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency which are designed toward protecting our natural land and water resources including lakes, streams, and other waterways, from erosion and storm water pollution. This new charge was first assessed beginning with August 2004 utility billing. At this time, a portion of the storm water management activities, including operation, maintenance, and repair of existing storm sewers, detention and retention ponds and related facilities continue to be funded through the General Fund and Capital Projects Funds. The revenues generated by storm water management utility fees contribute only a small portion of the construction, operation and maintenance of the existing storm water facilities located throughout the community. Accordingly, this fund has been classified as a special revenue fund in this financial report.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The budget approved for the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund reflected expenditures in excess of revenues by approximately \$1.9 million, before depreciation and non operating revenues and expenses.

The fiscal year financial activities included a number of capital improvements and scheduled infrastructure replacements being funded from net assets accumulated in earlier years that were components of this budgetary "loss." The actual revenues for the fiscal year were 7.5% over budget for the year primarily in the sale of water and sewer services and an increase in utility rates. Expenditures were 23.1% (\$4.2 million) under budget for the year. The budgetary savings in expenditures were primarily in the area of capital projects that had been approved, but due to engineering, bidding, and other timing considerations, were unable to be undertaken or completed within the fiscal year. For construction projects with approved contractual obligations, the budget is re-authorized in the following fiscal year for the remainder of the project. Budgeted projects that were not initiated or expended during the fiscal year will be re-evaluated for inclusion in subsequent budgets.

The Village Board completed a utility rate study in 2009 to review the rate structures and assess the adequacy to cover operating expenses and provide for necessary reserves to provide for future rehabilitation or replacement of system components. A series of incremental rate increases have been implemented as a result of this study to move the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund toward the recommended and desired fiscal and financial objectives. Additionally, the City of Chicago announced a series of annual rate increases impacting the Lake Michigan water supply beginning in 2012 and continuing through 2015. These increases will be automatically incorporated into the Village's wholesale and retail rates as they become effective. As noted, these increases contributed to the favorable comparison of actual revenues to budgeted revenues.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The Village typically starts its annual budget preparation near the end of each calendar year, preparing projections of expected revenues for both the current and upcoming fiscal years; obtaining operating budget expenditure projections for the current year; as well as operating budget and capital expenditure requests for the ensuing fiscal year from Village department heads. The Treasurer and Village Manager review these requests and provide recommendation to the Village Board committees on the various departmental budgets, based on the requests and the expected revenue sources to support the activities. The Village Board then meets to review the proposed budgets in their entirety, generally during the month of March. It is the Village Board's policy that the primary operating and enterprise funds reflect a balanced budget prior to approval. Most of the other Village funds including capital projects and special revenue funds are not subject to this requirement since they are generally designed to accumulate funds for later expenditure. The budget details are finalized and presented at a Public Hearing, and adopted by the Village Board, typically during the month of April, so that the budget is completed and approved prior to the start of the new fiscal year. The Village did not adopt any budget amendments applicable to fiscal year 2012. On the following page is a table that reflects the original budget and the actual activity for the revenues and expenditures for the General Fund.

Table 3
General Fund Budgetary Highlights
(In millions)

General Fund Revenues and Other Financing	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Sources Taxes Licenses/charges for services Intergovernmental Fines and penalties Reimbursements/Other/Miscellaneous Total	\$32.1 1.9 4.9 0.8 <u>0.5</u> <b>40.2</b>	\$31.3 2.3 5.3 1.2 0.5 <b>40.6</b>
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		
General government Public works Public safety Social services Other financing uses	6.4 6.1 22.4 4.0 1.2	5.3 4.9 20.6 3.1 <u>6.5</u>
<b>Total</b> Change in Fund Balance	<u>40.1</u> <u>\$ 0.1</u>	<u>40.4</u> <u>\$ 0.2</u>

As shown above, the General Fund budget was anticipated to have a surplus of \$0.1 million; however, actual results provided a \$0.2 million surplus. Actual revenues were more than budget by \$0.4 million, and actual expenditures were more than budget by \$0.3 million.

As noted earlier, the Village annually transfers a portion of the income tax distributions received from the State of Illinois to a Capital Improvements (Projects) Fund for future expenditures to benefit the community. Additionally, it has also been a long established practice of the Village Board to make year-end transfers of cash funds from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund, and other "reserve" funds in excess of a predetermined cash balance (including investments) and fund balance. The desired cash balance (including investments) is determined in consideration of a number of factors and has been maintained well in excess of \$1,000,000 for many years. The funds transferred to the Capital Projects Fund are used to finance capital expenditures in subsequent fiscal years as well as certain contingency reserves. It is these year end transfers, which are not specifically budgeted, that primarily contribute to the unfavorable expenditure to budget variance noted earlier. This process provides the Village with greater fiscal control over operating budgets and expenditures, plan for future capital expenditures, as well as minimizing the need for frequent debt financing. This policy also minimizes the impact of unanticipated contractions in the revenue stream during any given fiscal year on capital acquisitions and replacements that had been scheduled and budgeted to occur within that fiscal year.

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of the Fiscal Year 2012, the Village (primary government) had a combined total of capital assets of \$230.7 million (after accumulated depreciation of \$89.9 million). This investment is found in a broad range of capital assets including land, land improvements, buildings, vehicles, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, streets, bridges, water mains, storm sewers, and sanitary sewers.

The Net Capital Assets of the Village increased by about \$10.5 million over Fiscal Year 2011. For more detailed information on capital assets, refer to the table on the following page and Footnote 5 in the basic financial statements found on pages 42 through 44.

Table 4
Total Capital Assets at Year End
Net of Depreciation
(In millions)

	Balance 4/30/11	Net Additions/Deletions	Balance 4/30/12
Land Buildings and property Machinery and Equipment Waterworks and sewer system Parking lot Construction in Progress (infrastructure)	\$ 118.0 36.7 4.6 32.2 1.1 27.6	\$ 1.3 1.8 0.0 (1.8) 0.0 <u>9.3</u>	\$ 119.3 38.4 4.6 30.4 1.1 36.9
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$220.2</u>	<u>\$10.5</u>	<u>\$230.7</u>

#### **Debt Outstanding**

During the fiscal year, the Village of Tinley Park retired about \$3.9 million of debt.

The Village Board has a long established practice of abating a substantial portion of the annual debt service requirements on the various outstanding general obligation bonds utilizing certain available funds or funding sources to minimize the impact on the community's property owners. The abatements of the debt service requirements for the 2011 tax year totaled over \$5.7 million. All owners of real property in Tinley Park receive the benefit of these abatements. Tinley Park property owners generally receive a comparable or greater annual benefit through this abatement process than through tax rebate programs that have become politically popular in other communities in the area. The Village's program of annual abatements also benefits the business community which no other local tax rebate program considers. In fact, most municipal rebate programs established by other communities are predominately financed at the expense of the business community. The Village finds the concept of rebate programs to be generally fiscally unsound and administratively costly and has absolutely no plans to implement such a tax rebate program in the foreseeable future. The Village Board feels strongly that it is a better fiscal policy to have only taxed for what is necessary in the first place, than to create false illusions of an extra property owner benefit through a rebate program structure.

For more detailed information on the Village's debt, refer to Footnote 6 in the basic financial statements on pages 44 through 48.

#### **Economic Factors**

The financial condition of the Federal and State governments has had an effect on the Village of Tinley Park during Fiscal Year 2012 and is expected to continue into Fiscal Year 2013. The State of Illinois' financial condition has resulted in delayed payments for rent, utility services, grants, and other operating expenses and reimbursements. The Village has often found it necessary to provide funding from other sources to complete or continue certain capital projects which involve State funding, as the distribution of the grant funds or other payments by the State agencies had been significantly delayed. New grant assistance through the State has been substantially reduced and is extremely competitive. Previously reliable State shared revenues (most notably the income taxes) have been delayed, and changes in the State allocation formulas are periodically being proposed for legislative consideration. The Village has long history of established fiscal policies, special revenue funds, and other reserves to provide for its ability to continue operations for a period of time should changes in economy or its normal revenue streams occur. While the financial issues particularly associated with the State of Illinois are yet to be resolved, they have not caused insurmountable, immediate, or long-term concerns to the Village. It may need to reevaluate its operations, consider increasing other revenue sources, and/or reduce expenditures should there be significant or permanent changes in normal funding received through these sources in the future.

The Illinois General Assembly imposed property tax legislation on municipalities and other taxing bodies to give property taxpayers some tax relief by limiting the increase in tax levy dollars allowed each year. The Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (PTELL) limits an annual levy increase to the lower of the consumer price index (CPI) or five percent, plus new growth, and mandates the use of the prior year equalized assessed valuation (EAV) amounts to provide additional limits on the tax extension. This "tax cap" continues to limit the taxing authority of the majority of taxing bodies that overlap or share boundaries with the Village of Tinley Park. Qualifying as a Home Rule Unit under the Illinois Constitution, the Village of Tinley Park, inclusive of the Tinley Park Public Library as a component unit (which is considered a direct part of the Village's tax levy), is not subject to these State imposed tax cap requirements. However, as previously noted, the Village Board has long adhered to its own self imposed "tax caps" since the early 1970s as part of its fiscal policies and practices. The Village's "tax cap" policies predate the State imposed formula.

#### **Contacting the Village's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to:

Brad L. Bettenhausen, Treasurer Village of Tinley Park 16250 Oak Park Avenue Tinley Park, Illinois 60477 finance@tinleypark.org 708-444-5000





Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

Statement of Net Assets
April 30, 2012

	Governmental	Business-Type		Component Unit
	Activities	Activities	Total	Library
Assets				
Current:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 63,653,981	\$ 17,225,178	\$ 80,879,159	\$ 10,297,077
Land held for resale	1,350,505	-	1,350,505	-
Receivables:				
Property taxes	11,687,289	-	11,687,289	3,312,509
Accounts	684,282	2,882,573	3,566,855	-
Intergovernmental	5,826,200	459,775	6,285,975	30,077
Other	1,511,508	302,727	1,814,235	6,011
Deposits	859,970	70 - 859,970		-
Total current assets	85,573,735	20,870,253 106,443,988		13,645,674
Noncurrent:				
Net pension asset	1,157,159	-	1,157,159	-
Deferred charges	437,353	97,753	535,106	82,489
Advance to/from other funds	(1,321,642)	1,321,642	-	-
Capital assets, not being depreciated	154,281,418	1,867,497	156,148,915	_
Capital assets, net of accumulated				
depreciation	42,426,720	32,083,323	74,510,043	8,674,475
Total noncurrent assets	196,981,008	35,370,215	232,351,223	8,756,964
	<u> </u>			•
Total assets	\$ 282,554,743	\$ 56,240,468	\$ 338,795,211	\$ 22,402,638

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

### Statement of Net Assets - Continued April 30, 2012

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Total	(	Component Unit Library
Liabilities		Activities		Activities			Library	
Current:								
General obligation bonds	\$	3,620,622	\$	629,379	\$	4,250,001	\$	445,000
Accounts payable		2,713,582		1,016,014		3,729,596		109,449
Accrued payroll		79,561		-		79,561		25,122
Accrued interest		393,800		87,729		481,529		87,400
Deposits		5,197		82,217		87,414		-
Capital leases		_		52,860		52,860		-
Compensated absences		929,500		82,591		1,012,091		114,500
Deferred revenue		19,197,095		-		19,197,095		5,670,189
Total current liabilities		26,939,357		1,950,790		28,890,147		6,451,660
Noncurrent:								
General obligation bonds, net of								
unamortized bond premium and								
deferred loss on refunding		33,091,048		7,197,317		40,288,365		6,409,640
Revenue bonds		-		560,000		560,000		-
Special service area bonds		895,000		-		895,000		_
Other postemployment benefits		3,259,851		_		3,259,851		_
Capital leases		-		111,099		111,099		_
Compensated absences		48,895		4,347		53,242		14,887
Total noncurrent liabilities		37,294,794		7,872,763 45,167,557			6,424,527	
Total liabilities		64,234,151		9,823,553		74,057,704		12,876,187
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt	1	61,244,471		26,058,168		187,302,639		1,819,835
Restricted for:								
Custom seizures		775,579		-		775,579		-
Motor fuel tax		1,889,687		-		1,889,687		-
Enhanced 911		611,407		-		611,407		-
Debt service		2,510,826		-		2,510,826		-
Oak Park Avenue TIF		4,586,824		-		4,586,824		-
Main Street North TIF		2,906,435		-		2,906,435		-
Main Street South TIF		2,426,178		-		2,426,178		-
Unrestricted		41,369,185		20,358,747		61,727,932		7,706,616
Total net assets	\$ 2	218,320,592	\$	46,416,915	\$	264,737,507	\$	9,526,451

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

#### Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2012

		Program Revenues Net (Expense), Revenue and Changes				Changes in Net	in Net Assets							
			Operat			apital		,	'			<u> </u>		omponent
		Charges for	Grants		Gra	nts and	Go	overnmental	Busi	ness-Type				Ünit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contribu	tions	Conti	ributions		Activities		ctivities		Total		Library
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$ 6,525,519	\$ 3,703,464	\$ 339	5,815	\$	108,392	\$	(2,377,848)	<b>c</b>		\$	(2,377,848)	\$	
Public works	8,153,546	577,874	φ 33.	3,613		,778,127	Φ	(1,797,545)	φ	-	φ	(1,797,545)	φ	-
Public works Public safety	23,410,071	366,389	12	- 4,696	5	159,049		(22,749,937)		-		(22,749,937)		-
Social services	3,450,385	167,212		4,696 6,505		159,049		(3,256,668)		-		(3,256,668)		-
Interest expense	1,531,413	107,212	20	0,505		-		(3,230,666)		-		(1,531,413)		-
Total governmental activities	43,070,934	4,814,939	40.	7,016	- 6	,045,568		(31,713,411)				(31,713,411)		
Total governmental activities	43,070,934	4,014,939	49	7,010	- 0	,045,566		(31,713,411)				(31,713,411)		
Business-type activities:														
Public works:														
Waterworks and sewerage	16,537,609	17,153,816	398	8,044		-		-		1,014,251		1,014,251		-
Commuter parking lot	597,467	746,284		-		-		-		148,817		148,817		-
Total business-type activities	17,135,076	17,900,100	398	8,044		-		-		1,163,068		1,163,068		-
Primary Government	60,206,010	22,715,039	89	5,060	6	,045,568		(31,713,411)		1,163,068		(30,550,343)		-
Component Unit	4,653,449	110,809		-		-		-		-		-		(4,542,640)
Total Reporting Entity	\$ 64,859,459	\$ 22,825,848	\$ 89	5,060	\$ 6	,045,568	_	(31,713,411)		1,163,068		(30,550,343)		(4,542,640)
General revenue	20													
Taxes:	50													
Property								24,083,613		_		24,083,613		5,559,221
Other Taxe:	s·							24,000,010				24,000,010		0,000,221
	occupation							12,218,590		_		12,218,590		_
Amuseme	•							385,198		_		385,198		_
Income	JIII.							4,804,221				4,804,221		
	property replaceme	nnt .						71,871		_		71,871		12,782
	nunication	5111						450,406		-		450,406		12,702
911	Humcation							582,564		-		582,564		-
Hotel/Mot	ial.									-				-
	lei							1,159,957		-		1,159,957		222 4 40
Other grants								440.470		-		-		323,149
Interest								443,478		114,264		557,742		18,058
Miscellaneous								3,916,125		-		3,916,125		19,732
Transfers in (out	,							(246,793)		246,793		-		
Total gener	ral revenues and tra	ansfers						47,869,230		361,057		48,230,287		5,932,942
Change in r	net assets							16,155,819		1,524,125		17,679,944		1,390,302
Net assets:														
May 1, 20	011							202,164,773	4	4,892,790		247,057,563		8,136,149
April 30,	2012						\$ 2	218,320,592	\$ 4	6,416,915	\$	264,737,507	\$	9,526,451



Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds April 30, 2012

	Comonal	Capital	Nonmajor	Total
	General Fund	Improvements Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Assets	T dild	Tunu	1 dildo	T dilido
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,406,700	\$ 26,436,507	\$ 17,810,774	\$ 63,653,981
Land held for resale	-	1,350,505	-	1,350,505
Receivables				
Property taxes	11,467,189	-	220,100	11,687,289
Accounts	684,282	-	-	684,282
Intergovernmental	5,279,605	-	546,595	5,826,200
Other	-	1,481,440	30,068	1,511,508
Deposits	-	859,970	-	859,970
Due from other funds	-	-	29,921	29,921
Advance to other funds		1,101,856	-	1,101,856
Total assets	\$ 36,837,776	\$ 31,230,278	\$ 18,637,458	\$ 86,705,512
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,261,026	\$ 1,396,967	\$ 55,589	\$ 2,713,582
Accrued payroll	79,561	-	-	79,561
Deposits	5,197	-	-	5,197
Due to other funds	29,921	-	-	29,921
Advance from other funds	2,423,498	-	-	2,423,498
Deferred revenue	19,426,927	588,746	384,611	20,400,284
Total liabilities	23,226,130	1,985,713	440,200	25,652,043
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	-	1,101,856	-	1,101,856
Unassigned	8,679,443	-	(143,725)	8,535,718
Assigned	4,932,203	-	-	4,932,203
Restricted	-	-	15,940,759	15,940,759
Committed	-	28,142,709	2,400,224	30,542,933
Total fund balances	13,611,646	29,244,565	18,197,258	61,053,469
Total liabilities and				
fund balances	\$ 36,837,776	\$ 31,230,278	\$ 18,637,458	\$ 86,705,512

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets April 30, 2012

Total fund balances-governmental funds	\$ 61,053,469
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial recourses	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	196,708,138
Certain assets reported in the Statement of Net Assets do not	
result in current financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. This	
activity consists of:	
Net pension asset	1,157,159
Bond issuance costs that are an expenditure in the fund financial statements are an asset	
amortized over the life of the bond in the government-wide financial statements	437,353
Bond premiums are other financing sources in the fund financial statements and a liability	/a / = a a . v
amortized over the life of the bond in the government-wide financial statements	(317,304)
Losses on debt refundings that are other financing uses in the fund financial statements	
are an asset that is amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements	323,102
State income tax revenue is deferred in the fund financial statements because it is not	
available but is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements	1,203,189
Some liabilities reported in the Statement of Net Assets do not	
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are	
not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. These	
activities consist of:	(00.747.400)
General obligation bonds	(36,717,468)
Special service area bonds Accrued interest	(895,000) (393,800)
Other postemployment benefits	(3,259,851)
Compensated absences	(978,395)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 218,320,592

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended April 30, 2012

• ,				Capital Nonmajor			Total		
		General	Ιm	nprovements	G	Governmental		overnmental	
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	18,428,532	\$	_	\$	5,655,081	\$	24,083,613	
Other taxes	•	13,763,745	•	_	*	582,564	*	14,346,309	
Interest		174,710		142,039		126,729		443,478	
Fines, forfeitures and reimbursements		1,235,729		, -		352,880		1,588,609	
Licenses, permits and fees		2,362,163		86,851		-		2,449,014	
Charges for services		1,212,089		-		-		1,212,089	
Intergovernmental		5,337,424		4,072,206		2,035,605		11,445,235	
Miscellaneous		722,626		3,182,506		10,993		3,916,125	
Total revenues		43,237,018		7,483,602		8,763,852		59,484,472	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		3,819,595		-		120,811		3,940,406	
General overhead		1,982,874		-		-		1,982,874	
Police		15,840,062		-		412,788		16,252,850	
Fire		3,939,515		_		, -		3,939,515	
Emergency management agency (EMA)		802,958		-		-		802,958	
Road and bridge		3,163,606		-		2,683,857		5,847,463	
Electrical		1,043,256		-		-		1,043,256	
Municipal building and grounds		659,885		_		-		659,885	
Community development		1,381,718		-		-		1,381,718	
Boards, commissions and committees		175,254		-		-		175,254	
Senior bus service		79,569		-		-		79,569	
Village bus services		40,333		-		-		40,333	
Economic incentives		1,528,621		-		-		1,528,621	
Debt service:									
Principal		-		-		3,312,397		3,312,397	
Interest and fees		57,262		37,438		1,434,040		1,528,740	
Bond issuance costs		20,611		13,534		-		34,145	
Capital outlay		355,251		9,821,017		4,809,609		14,985,877	
Total expenditures		34,890,370		9,871,989		12,773,502		57,535,861	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		8,346,648		(2,388,387)		(4,009,650)		1,948,611	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Bond issuance		1,570,500		1,031,295		_		2,601,795	
Premium on bond issuance		60,443		39,691		_		100,134	
Transfers in		222,670		10,130,309		9,552,241		19,905,220	
Transfers (out)		(7,141,252)		(675,403)		(12,335,358)		(20,152,013)	
Payment to escrow agent		(1,552,500)		(1,019,475)		-		(2,571,975)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,840,139)		9,506,417		(2,783,117)		(116,839)	
Changes in fund balances		1,506,509		7,118,030		(6,792,767)		1,831,772	
Fund balances:									
May 1, 2011, as restated		12,105,137		22,126,535		24,990,025		59,221,697	
April 30, 2012	\$	13,611,646	\$	29,244,565	\$	18,197,258	\$	61,053,469	

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	1,831,772
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	•	.,00.,
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the lives of the assets.		
Capital outlay Depreciation		14,661,403 (2,618,005)
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(52,198)
Some general operations were financed through the issuance of long-term debt. In governmental funds, long-term debt is considered other financing sources, but in the Statement of Net Assets, debt is reported as a liability. In the current period, proceeds were received from:		
General obligation bonds		(2,601,795)
The following are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. This is the amount in the current period. General obligation bonds		5,884,372
Losses on refunded debt are recorded as an expenditure in the fund financial statements, but the loss is netted with general obligation bonds in the Statement of Net Assets and is amortized of the life of the bonds.	ver	
Deferred loss on refunding Amortization of deferred loss on refunding		37,532 (30,433)
Premium/discount on bonds is recorded as other financing uses/sources in the fund financial stateme but the premium/discount is netted with general obligation bonds in the Statement of Net Assets and is amortized over the life of the bonds. This is the amount in the current period:	nts,	
Bond issuance premium Amortization of bond premium/discount		(100,134) 26,475
Bond issuance costs are recorded as an expenditure in the fund financial statements, but the cost is recorded as an asset in the Statement of Net Assets and amortized over the life of the bonds. These are the amounts in the current period:		
Bond issuance costs Amortization of bond issuance costs		34,145 (83,247)
State income tax revenue is deferred in the fund financial statements because it is not available but is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements		(10,926)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) in other postemployment benefits		64,246 (680,400)
Decrease in accrued interest (Decrease) in net pension asset		47,000 (253,988)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	16,155,819

## Statement of Net Assets - Enterprise Funds April 30, 2012

	Busi	Business-Type Activities				
	Waterworks	Waterworks Nonmajor				
	and Sewerage	Commuter				
	Fund	Parking Lot	Total			
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,965,532	\$ 3,259,646	\$ 17,225,178			
Receivables:						
Customer accounts	275,955	-	275,955			
Unbilled service	2,606,618	-	2,606,618			
Other receivables	302,727	-	302,727			
Due from other governments	459,775	-	459,775			
Total current assets	17,610,607	3,259,646	20,870,253			
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets:						
Land	911,483	278,000	1,189,483			
Construction in progress	678,014	-	678,014			
Waterworks and sewerage system	88,101,694	-	88,101,694			
Parking lot	-	3,383,821	3,383,821			
Equipment	1,724,801	696,041	2,420,842			
Pedestrian crossing		30,260	30,260			
	91,415,992	4,388,122	95,804,114			
Less accumulated depreciation	58,799,658	3,053,636	61,853,294			
Net capital assets	32,616,334	1,334,486	33,950,820			
Advance to other funds	1,321,642	-	1,321,642			
Deferred charges	97,753		97,753			
Total noncurrent assets	34,035,729	1,334,486	35,370,215			
Total assets	\$ 51,646,336	\$ 4,594,132	\$ 56,240,468			

## Statement of Net Assets - Enterprise Funds - Continued April 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities				
	Waterworks	Nonmajor	_		
	and Sewerage	Commuter			
	Fund	Parking Lot	Total		
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Current maturities of bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 629,379	\$ -	\$ 629,379		
Accounts payable	1,014,244	1,770	1,016,014		
Accrued interest	87,729	-	87,729		
Deposits	82,217	-	82,217		
Capital lease	52,860	-	52,860		
Compensated absences	66,307	16,284	82,591		
Total current liabilities	1,932,736	18,054	1,950,790		
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Bonds payable, net of current maturities:					
General obligation bonds,					
net of unamotized bond premium	7,197,317	-	7,197,317		
Revenue bonds payable	560,000	-	560,000		
Capital lease	111,099	-	111,099		
Compensated absences	3,490	857	4,347		
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,871,906	857	7,872,763		
Total liabilities	9,804,642	18,911	9,823,553		
Net Assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of					
related debt	24,723,682	1,334,486	26,058,168		
Unrestricted	17,118,012	3,240,735	20,358,747		
Total net assets	\$ 41,841,694	\$ 4,575,221	\$ 46,416,915		

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - Enterprise Funds

Year Ended April 30, 2012

		Business-Type Activities					
	V	Waterworks		Nonmajor			
	ar	and Sewerage		Commuter			
		Fund		Parking Lot		Total	
Operating revenues:							
Water sales and sewer services	\$	16,610,534	\$	-	\$	16,610,534	
Meter sales		26,037		-		26,037	
Building impact fees		12,972		-		12,972	
Parking fees		-		714,415		714,415	
Parking fines		-		31,869		31,869	
Other		504,273		-		504,273	
Total operating revenues		17,153,816		746,284		17,900,100	
Operating expenses:							
Operations		13,701,615		546,469		14,248,084	
Depreciation		2,439,586		50,998		2,490,584	
Total operating expenses		16,141,201		597,467	16,738,668		
Operating income		1,012,615		148,817		1,161,432	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Annexation recaptures		58,053		_		58,053	
Development assessments and fees		339,991		_		339,991	
Interest income		88,968		25,296		114,264	
Interest (expense)		(396,408)	-			(396,408)	
Profit before transfers		1,103,219	174,113		1,277,332		
Transfers in (out):							
Transfers in		356,793		_		356,793	
Transfers (out)		(60,000)		(50,000)		(110,000)	
,		296,793		(50,000)		246,793	
Changes in net assets		1,400,012		124,113		1,524,125	
Net assets:							
May 1, 2011		40,441,682		4,451,108		44,892,790	
April 30, 2012	\$	41,841,694	\$	4,575,221	\$	46,416,915	
•		• •	•	· · · · · ·			

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

#### Statement of Cash Flows - Enterprise Funds Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities			
	Waterworks Nonmajor			
	and Sewerage			
	Fund	Parking Lot	Total	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received for services	\$ 16,711,064	\$ 746,284	\$ 17,457,348	
Payments to employees	(1,741,901)	(296,960)	(2,038,861)	
Payments to suppliers	(11,775,134)	(256,826)	(12,031,960)	
Net cash provided by				
operating activities	3,194,029	192,498	3,386,527	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Decrease in due to other funds	(143,761)	-	(143,761)	
Increase in advance from other funds	(1,321,642)		(1,321,642)	
Transfers in	356,793	-	356,793	
Transfers (out)	(60,000)	(50,000)	(110,000)	
Net cash flows (used in) noncapital				
financing activities	(1,168,610)	(50,000)	(1,218,610)	
Cash flows from capital and related				
financing activities				
Capital assets purchased	(1,002,155)	-	(1,002,155)	
Proceeds from general obligation bonds	2,633,205	-	2,633,205	
Issuance costs paid on general obligation bonds issued	(73,237)	-	(73,237)	
Premium on general obligation bonds issued	99,164	-	99,164	
Developer fees received	339,991	-	339,991	
Cash payments for interest	(428,779)	-	(428,779)	
Receipts from other governments	65,000	-	65,000	
Payments on capital lease	(51,039)	-	(51,039)	
Principal payments, general obligation bonds	(3,265,628)	-	(3,265,628)	
Principal payments, alternate revenue bonds	(65,000)	-	(65,000)	
Annexation recapture proceeds	58,053	-	58,053	
Net cash flows (used in) capital				
and related financing activities	(1,690,425)	-	(1,690,425)	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Cash receipts from interest income	88,968	25,296	114,264	
Net cash flows provided by				
investing activities	88,968	25,296	114,264	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	423,962	167,794	591,756	
Cash and cash equivalents:				
May 1, 2011	13,541,569	3,091,852	16,633,421	
April 30, 2012	\$ 13,965,531	\$ 3,259,646	\$ 17,225,177	

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

### Statement of Cash Flows - Enterprise Funds - Continued Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities				
	Waterworks		aterworks Nonmajor		_
	ar	nd Sewerage	C	Commuter	
		Fund	Р	arking Lot	Total
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities					
Operating income	\$	1,012,615	\$	148,817	\$ 1,161,432
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to					
net cash provided by operating activities					
Depreciation		2,439,586		50,998	2,490,584
Amortization		41,652		-	41,652
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Accounts receivable		(450,430)		-	(450,430)
Deposits		7,678		-	7,678
Accounts payable		162,197		74	162,271
Accrued payroll and compensated absences		(19,269)		(7,391)	(26,660)
Total adjustments		2,181,414		43,681	2,225,095
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,194,029	\$	192,498	\$ 3,386,527

#### Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust and Agency Funds April 30, 2012

Assets	Pension Trust Police Pension	_	Agency
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$ 2,178,703	\$	4,836,560
U.S. Government securities	16,309,297		-
Corporate equity instruments	25,542,049		-
Insurance annuity contracts	1,813,160		-
Interest and other receivable	214,855		172,280
Total assets	46,058,064	\$	5,008,840
Liabilities			
Accounts payable Deposits	7,602 	\$	1,134,089 3,874,751
Total liabilities	7,602	\$	5,008,840
Net Assets			
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 46,050,462	=	

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets Pension Trust Funds Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Police Pension
Additions	
Additions	
Contributions:	Ф 0.004.400
Employer	\$ 2,204,188
Plan members	948,904
Total contributions	3,153,092
Investment income (expense):	
Net increase in fair value	
of investments	580,324
Dividends	301,726
Interest	772,865
Less: investment expenses	(132,266)
Net investment income	1,522,649
Total additions	4,675,741
Deductions	
Benefits	2,090,656
Administrative expenses:	
Other	32,187
Total deductions	2,122,843
Net increase	2,552,898
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits:	
May 1, 2011	43,497,564
April 30, 2012	\$ 46,050,462

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Activities

The Village of Tinley Park, Illinois, is located in Cook County, Illinois, is a home-rule municipality and was incorporated in 1892 under the provisions of the constitution and general statutes of the State of Illinois. The Village operates under the trustee-village form of government and provides a full range of services including public safety, roads, planning, zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Village of Tinley Park conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### (a) Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by generally accepted accounting principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as component units, which are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- (1) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- (2) Fiscal dependency on the primary government.

Based upon the application criteria, the Tinley Park Public Library (Library) has been included within the reporting entity as a component unit. The Library provides library services to the residents of the Village of Tinley Park and to the citizens of Orland Hills under a contract with the Orland Hills Public Library District. The members of the Tinley Park Public Library Board are elected by the public. However, the Library is fiscally dependent upon the Village because the Village's board approves the Library's budget and tax levies and must approve any debt issuances. Financial data of the Library has been discretely presented in the component unit column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is separate from the Village. No separate financial statements have been issued for the Library.

#### (b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report the overall financial activity of the Village. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities of the Village. The financial activities of the Village consist of governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the Village's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities with the difference reported in three categories:

**Invested in capital assets**, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### (b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)**

**Restricted net assets**, if applicable, result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net assets** consist of net assets that do not meet the criteria of the two preceding categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first to finance qualifying activities, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function (i.e. general services, public safety, etc.) are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs (including fines and fees), and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements: Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary (agency) funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Village's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The Village has the following major governmental funds - General Fund and Capital Improvements Fund. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. The Village has the following major enterprise fund – Waterworks and Sewerage Fund. The remaining enterprise fund is reported as a nonmajor enterprise fund.

The Village administers the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – This is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund. The services which are administered by the Village and accounted for in the general fund include general services, public works and public safety.

**Capital Improvements Fund** – This fund is used to account for all other major capital projects transactions of the Village not financed through proprietary funds or other capital projects funds.

The Village administers the following major proprietary fund:

**Waterworks and Sewerage Fund** –Accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing and collection.

Additionally, the Village administers a fiduciary (police pension trust) fund for assets held by the Village in a fiduciary capacity on behalf of its sworn police officers and agency trust funds (Special Assessment Fund, Escrow Fund, and Payroll Fund) each holding assets for others in an agency capacity.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### (c) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements. Revenues and contributions are recorded when earned and expenses including benefits and refunds paid are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Village gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include various taxes, State shared revenues and various State, federal and local grants. On an accrual basis, revenues from taxes are recognized when the Village has a legal claim to the resources. Grants, entitlements, State shared revenues and similar items are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected approximately within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year.

Significant revenue sources which are susceptible to accrual include property taxes, other taxes, grants and intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, and interest. All other revenue sources are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due (upon employee retirement or termination). General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

#### (d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

# 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Village considers cash and cash equivalents to be all cash on hand, demand deposits, time deposits, all highly liquid investments, and all certificates of deposit.

#### 2. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices, except for insurance contracts which are carried at contract value which approximates fair value.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

#### 3. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

The Village has the following types of transactions between funds:

**Loans**—amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. Interfund loans are reported as due from other funds in lender funds and due to other funds in borrower funds for short-term borrowings and advances to other funds in lender funds and advances from other funds in borrower funds for long-term borrowings. Amounts are reported as internal balances in the government-wide statement of net assets.

**Services provided and used**—sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value. Interfund services provided and used are reported as revenues in seller funds and expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Unpaid amounts are reported as due to/from other funds in the fund balance sheets or fund statements of net assets.

**Reimbursements**—repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are reported as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

**Transfers**—flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers in/out are reported as a separate category after non-operating revenues and expenses.

# 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land and improvements, current year purchases of streets and sidewalks, buildings, storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water distribution system and machinery and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$15,000, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Additions or improvements that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Expenditures for asset acquisitions and improvements are stated as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds.

These assets have been valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)

#### 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation of capital assets is recorded in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Useful Lives
Buildings and property	20 - 40 years
Equipment and vehicles	5 - 15 years
Waterworks and sewerage system	10 - 40 years
Parking lot	20 - 30 years
Pedestrian crossing	30 years

Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in the operations on the Statement of Activities.

#### 5. Unearned / Deferred Revenue

The Village defers revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

#### 6. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave is recorded in governmental funds when due (upon employee retirement or termination). Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

#### 7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations, including compensated absences, are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities and proprietary fund Statement of Net Assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as noncurrent assets and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond issuance costs during the year the bonds are sold. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Debt service funds are specifically established to account for and service the long-term obligations for the governmental funds debt. Long-term debt is recognized as a liability in a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated for payment early in the following year.

#### 8. Fund Balances

Effective May 1, 2011, the Village adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 (GASB 54), Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in the governmental funds. In addition, GASB 54 modified certain fund type definitions and provided guidance for classification of stabilization amounts on the face of the balance sheet.

Within the governmental fund types, the Village's fund balances are reported in one of the following classifications:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Village's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The Village's highest level of decision-making authority rests with the Village's Board of Trustees. The Village passes formal resolutions to commit their fund balances.

Assigned – Includes amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: a) the Village's Board of Trustees itself; or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Village's Board of Trustees has authorized management to assign amounts for specific purpose within the General Fund. Within the other governmental fund types (special revenue, debt service, capital projects) resources are assigned in accordance with the established fund purpose and approved budget/appropriation. Residual fund balances in these fund types that are not restricted or committed are reported as assigned. Within these same funds, a residual deficit, if any, is reported as unassigned.

Unassigned – includes the residual fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

It is the Village's policy for the General Fund to consider restricted resources to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (i.e. committed, assigned or unassigned) fund balances are available, followed by committed and then assigned fund balances. Unassigned amounts are used only after the other resources have been used.

For all other governmental funds, it is the Village's policy to consider unrestricted resources (i.e. – committed, assigned) to have been spent first, followed by restricted resources.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)

# 8. Fund Balances (Continued)

At April 30, 2012, the Village's Governmental Fund fund balances were classified as follows:

	General Fund	Ir	Capital nprovements Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable: Advances	\$ 	\$	1,101,856	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,101,856
Assigned:						
Commercial Development	1,234,192		-		-	1,234,192
Main Street Commission	1,600,000		-		-	1,600,000
Local Road Improvements	1,519,740		-		-	1,519,740
Fire Alarms	 578,271		-		-	578,271
	4,932,203		-		-	4,932,203
Restricted:						
Custom Seizures	_		_		775,579	775,579
Motor Fuel	_		-		1,889,687	1,889,687
Drug Enforcement	-		-		75,379	75,379
Enhanced 911 Services	-		-		611,407	611,407
Foreign Fire	-		-		231,381	231,381
Commuity Development	-		-		3,999	3,999
Special Service Area	-		-		275,862	275,862
Limited Sales Tax Bonds	-		-		9,227	9,227
Capital Projects	-		-		12,068,238	12,068,238
	-		-		15,940,759	15,940,759
Committed:						
Debt Service	_		_		2,369,462	2,369,462
Capital Projects	_		28,142,709		30,762	28,173,471
	-		28,142,709		2,400,224	30,542,933
Unassigned	8,679,443				(143,725)	8,535,718
Total Fund Balances	\$ 13,611,646	\$	29,244,565	\$	18,197,258	\$ 61,053,469

# 9. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions reported in the proprietary funds represent capital assets donated from outside parties, principally developers.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### (d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)

## 10. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### 11. Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating information for the Government Wide statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and/or interfund balances in the Fund Financial statements are eliminated or reclassified.

#### Note 2. Cash and Investments

#### **Deposits**

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of April 30, 2012, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits was \$66,246,964, with bank balances totaling \$67,345,052, all of which are fully insured and collateralized. The Village also had \$2,300 in petty cash on hand at April 30, 2012.

As of April 30, 2012, the Village had \$21,645,158 with Illinois Funds, which are considered to mature in less than one year because the weighted average maturity of the pool is less than one year.

#### Investments

As of April 30, 2012, the Village had the following investments and maturities all of which were held by the Tinley Park Police Pension Fund:

					es (in Years)					
		Fair		Less				More		
		Value		Than 1	1-5		6-10	Than 10		
U.S. Government Backed Securities	\$	156,739	\$	-	\$ 878	\$	-	\$	155,861	
U.S. Government Bonds		2,314,862		-	1,209,617		1,105,245		-	
U.S. agencies - FHLB		6,323,362		502,700	2,805,274		2,920,318		95,070	
U.S. agencies - FNMA		959,342		-	959,342		-		-	
U.S. agencies - FFCB		4,292,783		-	1,870,797		2,421,986		-	
Local Government Bonds	2,262,209			-	423,575		1,110,909		727,725	
Total investments with maturities		16,309,297	\$	502,700	\$ 7,269,483	\$	7,558,458	\$	978,656	
Corporate equity investments		25,542,049								
Corporate equity investments										
Insurance annuity contracts		1,813,160	_							
	\$	43,664,506	_							

#### Note 2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk – The Tinley Park Police Pension Fund's investment policy states that the investment portfolio of the Fund shall be designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the Fund's risk constraints, the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio and legal restrictions for return on investments. As a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, the Fund's investment policy specifically identifies limits on investment maturities as follows:

Maturity	Percentage						
0 - 1	25%						
1 - 2	15%						
2 - 3	15%						
3 - 4	15%						
4 - 5	10%						
5 - 10	10%						

Credit Risk – State statutes authorize the Village to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of states and the their political subdivisions, repurchase agreements (under certain statutory restrictions), commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, the Illinois Funds and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund. Pension funds may invest as allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes. As of April 30, 2012, the Village's investments in U.S. Government agencies were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and AAA by Moody's Investors Service. The Village's investments in the Local Government Bonds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Tinley Park Police Pension Fund's investment policy requires the Fund to diversify its investments by security type and institutions with the exception of U.S. Treasury Securities and authorized Pools for which there is no restriction as to percentage of portfolio. No more than (50%) of the Fund's total portfolio at the time of the investment will be invested in a single security, type of security or single financial institution. As of April 30, 2012, more than 5% of the Fund's investments are in U.S. Government Treasuries, FHLB, FFCB, and Local Government Bonds. These investments are 5.3%, 14.5%, 9.8%, and 5.2%, respectively, of the Fund's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Tinley Park Police Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Fund's investment policy states that all security transactions, including collateral for any repurchase agreements, entered into by the Fund shall be conducted on a delivery versus payment basis, which requires the delivery of securities with an exchange of money for those securities. The policy also states that securities will be held by a third party custodian designated by the Treasurer and evidenced by safekeeping receipts and reports. The U.S. Treasury Notes and Strips, U.S. agency securities, local government bonds, annuity contracts, and certificate of deposit are held by the Fund's agent in the Fund's name.

#### Note 2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

The previously discussed deposits of \$66,246,964, petty cash of \$2,300, Illinois Funds of \$21,645,158 and investments of \$43,664,506 totaling \$131,558,928 are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Governmental and business-type activities,

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Subject to risk categorization	\$ 59,234,001
Not subject to risk categorization	21,645,158
Subtotal	80,879,159
Fiduciary Funds:	
Cash and cash equivalents	7,015,263
Investments	43,664,506
Subtotal	50,679,769
Total	\$131,558,928

#### **Component Unit Library**

#### **Deposits**

State statutes authorize the Library to make deposits in interest bearing depository accounts in federally insured and/or state chartered banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions. As of April 30, 2012, the Library had deposits with federally insured financial institutions of \$1,352,848 with bank balances totaling \$1,405,530, all of which are fully insured and collateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. The Library does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk for deposits.

As of April 30, 2012, the Library had \$8,944,229 with Illinois Funds, which are considered to mature in less than one year because the weighted average maturity of the pool is less than one year.

The Illinois Funds Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC. The pool is sponsored by the Treasurer of the State of Illinois, in accordance with State law. The fair value of the position in the Pool is the same as the value of the Pool shares.

Interest Rate Risk - The Library's investment policy does not limit the Library's investment portfolio to specific maturities.

Credit Risk - State statutes allow the Library to invest in direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States Treasury or agencies of the United States, and short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000. The Library is also authorized to invest in the Illinois Funds. Investments in Illinois Funds were rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The Library's investment policy does not address credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Library's investment policy does not restrict the amount of investments in any one issuer. All of the Library's investments are in the Illinois Funds.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Illinois Funds held by the Library are not subject to custodial credit risk. The Library's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for investments.

## Note 3. Property Taxes

The Village annually establishes a legal right to the property tax assessments upon the enactment of a tax levy ordinance by the Village Board of Trustees. These tax assessments are levied in December and attach as an enforceable lien on the previous January 1. Tax bills are prepared by Cook County and issued on or about February 1 and August 1, and are payable in two installments which become due on or about March 1 and September 1. Tax bills are prepared by Will County and issued on or about May 1, and are payable in two equal installments which become due on or about June 1 and September 1. The Counties collect such taxes and periodically remit them to the Village.

The 2011 property tax assessment, which was levied in December 2011, is to finance the budget for the fiscal year beginning May 1, 2012, and the revenue to be produced from that assessment is to be recognized during that period, provided the "available" criteria has been met. "Available" means when due or receivable within the current period, and collected within that fiscal period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For governmental fund types, property taxes collected in advance of the fiscal year for which they are levied are recorded as deferred revenue and recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied except for employee pension taxes which are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are received. A reduction for collection losses based on historical collection experience has been provided on uncollected tax levies.

Property taxes are billed and collected by the County Treasurers of Cook County and Will County, Illinois.

#### Note 4. Due from Other Governmental Agencies

The Village of Tinley Park entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Villages of New Lenox and Mokena for bulk water supply services (providing Lake Michigan water to these communities). As part of this agreement, the Village of Tinley Park issued revenue bonds to assist the Village of Mokena in funding construction of improvements required to provide this water service to Mokena. The Village of Mokena has agreed to pay for all principal and interest payments on the debt. The initial amount of the debt was \$1,000,000 and the balance receivable as of April 30, 2012 is \$459,775.

# Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Note 5. Capital Assets

# **Governmental Activities**

A summary of the changes in capital assets for governmental activities of the Village is as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	May 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	F	April 30, 2012
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 116,839,337	\$ 1,299,373	\$ 50,311	\$	118,088,399
Construction in progress	27,263,881	12,170,002	3,240,864		36,193,019
	144,103,218	13,469,375	3,291,175		154,281,418
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and property Equipment and vehicles:	52,703,336	3,741,661	-		56,444,997
General purpose	818,056	19,519	30,536		807,039
Public works	4,848,833	407,251	297,959		4,958,125
Public safety	8,210,580	264,461	185,401		8,289,640
	66,580,805	4,432,892	513,896		70,499,801
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and property	16,170,864	1,730,264	-		17,901,128
Equipment and vehicles	9,796,221	887,741	512,009		10,171,953
	25,967,085	2,618,005	512,009		28,073,081
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	40,613,720	1,814,887	1,887		42,426,720
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 184,716,938	\$ 15,284,262	\$ 3,293,062	\$	196,708,138

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

# **Business-Type Activities**

A summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities of the Village is as follows:

		Balance					Balance
		May 1, 2011	Additions		Deletions	A	April 30, 2012
Business-type activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,189,483	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,189,483
Construction in progress		330,047	722,878		374,911		678,014
		1,519,530	722,878		374,911		1,867,497
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Waterworks and sewerage system		87,593,457	547,979		39,742		88,101,694
Parking lot		3,383,821	-		-		3,383,821
Equipment		2,458,735	106,209		144,102		2,420,842
Pedestrian crossing		30,260	-		-		30,260
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		93,466,273	654,188		183,844		93,936,617
		, ,	,		,		, ,
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Waterworks and sewerage system		55,382,310	2,344,302		39,742		57,686,870
Parking lot		2,276,335	50,999		-		2,327,334
Equipment		1,857,649	95,283		144,102		1,808,830
Pedestrian crossing		30,260	-		-		30,260
		59,546,554	2,490,584		183,844		61,853,294
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		33,919,719	(1,836,396)		-		32,083,323
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	35,439,249	\$ (1,113,518)	\$	374,911	\$	33,950,820
Component Unit Library							
Component only Library							
		Balance					Balance
	N	/lay 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	A	oril 30, 2012	
Library building and equipment	\$	11,211,666	\$ -	\$	-	\$	11,211,666
Less accumulated depreciation		2,238,403	298,788		-		2,537,191
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	8,973,263	\$ (298,788)	\$	-	\$	8,674,475

#### Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Governmental Activities Depreciation Charged to Functions/Programs

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 411,617
Public safety	1,458,931
Public works	524,702
Social services	222,755
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,618,005
Business-type activities:	
Waterworks and sewerage	\$ 2,439,586
Commuter parking lot	50,998
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,490,584

# Note 6. Long-Term Obligations

# **Governmental Activities**

The following is a summary of long-term obligation activity for the Village associated with governmental activities for the year ended April 30, 2012:

	Outstanding Debt as of May 1, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding Debt as of April 30, 2012	Due within one year
General obligation bonds financed					
through governmental funds	\$ 40,000,045	\$ 2,601,795	\$ 5,884,372	\$ 36,717,468	\$ 3,620,622
Special service area bonds	895,000	-	-	895,000	-
Unamortized issuance costs	(486,455)	(34,145)	(83,247)	(437,353)	-
Unamortized bond premium	243,645	100,134	26,475	317,304	-
Deferred loss on refunding	(316,003)	(37,532)	(30,433)	(323,102)	-
Other postemployment benefits	2,579,451	680,400	-	3,259,851	-
Compensated absences	1,042,641	1,293,283	1,357,529	978,395	929,500
	\$ 43,958,324	\$ 4,603,935	\$ 7,154,696	\$ 41,407,563	\$ 4,550,122

Compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are historically retired by the Village's General Fund.

# **Business-Type Activities**

The following is a summary of long-term obligation activity for the Village with business-type activities for the year ended April 30, 2012:

,	Outstanding Debt as of May 1, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding Debt as of pril 30, 2012	Due within one year
General obligation bonds financed					
through enterprise funds	\$ 8,359,955	\$ 2,633,205	\$ 3,265,628	\$ 7,727,532	\$ 629,379
Unamortized issuance costs	(66,168)	(73,237)	(41,652)	(97,753)	-
Unamortized bond premium	-	101,343	2,179	99,164	-
Revenue bonds financed					
through enterprise funds	625,000	-	65,000	560,000	-
Capital lease	214,998	-	51,039	163,959	52,860
Compensated absences	 113,598	121,980	148,640	86,938	82,591
	\$ 9,247,383	\$ 2,783,291	\$ 3,490,834	\$ 8,539,840	\$ 764,830

#### Note 6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Outstanding debt as of April 30, 2012, consists of the following:

#### General obligation bonds:

General obligation bonds dated October 5, 2004, of which original principal of \$4,250,350 is to be serviced by the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund, \$2,535,000 is to be serviced by the Storm Water Management Fund and \$1,644,650 is to be serviced by the Surtax Cap Fund, provides for the retirement of principal at the rate of \$550,000 in 2013. Interest is payable on December 1 and June 1 of each year at a rate of 3.25%.

550,000

\$

General obligation refunding bonds dated April 28, 2008 provide for the retirement of principal of \$480,000 in 2013, \$495,000 in 2014, \$515,000 in 2015, \$535,000 in 2016, \$555,000 in 2017 and \$580,000 in 2018. Interest is payable on December 1 and June 1 of each year at varying rates between 3.5% and 4.0%.

3,160,000

General obligation refunding and improvement bonds dated March 23, 2009 provide for the retirement of principal of \$755,000 in 2013, \$780,000 in 2014, \$685,000 in 2015, \$705,000 in 2016, \$715,000 in 2017, \$750,000 in 2018, \$1,000,000 in 2019, \$1,050,000 in 2020, \$1,050,000 in 2021 and \$1,070,000 in 2022. Interest is payable on December 1 and June 1 of each year at varying rates between 3.0% and 4.1%.

8,560,000

General obligation bonds dated December 30, 2009 provide for the retirement of principal of \$1,910,000 in 2013, \$1,615,000 in 2014, \$2,280,000 in 2015, \$1,965,000 in 2016, \$2,685,000 in 2017, and \$2,865,000 in 2018. Interest is payable on December 1 and June 1 of each year at varying rates between 1.7% and 3.5%.

13,320,000

General obligation bonds dated December 22, 2010 provide for the retirement of principal of \$500,000 in 2013, \$510,000 in 2014, \$520,000 in 2015, \$535,000 in 2016, \$550,000 in 2017, \$565,000 in 2018, \$590,000 in 2019, \$615,000 in 2020, \$640,000 in 2021, \$670,000 in 2022, \$705,000 in 2023, \$745,000 in 2024, \$780,000 in 2025, \$825,000 in 2026, \$865,000 in 2027, \$915,000 in 2028, \$970,000 in 2029, \$1,030,000 in 2030, and \$1,090,000 in 2031. Interest is payable on December 1 and June 1 of each year at varying rates between 1.75% and 6.2%.

13,620,000

General obligation refunding bonds dated February 15, 2012, of which the refunded principal of \$2,633,205 is to be serviced by the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund, \$1,570,500 is to be serviced by the Storm Water Management Fund and \$1,031,295 is to be serviced by the Surtax Cap Fund, provides for the retirement of principal at the rate of \$55,000 in 2013, \$610,000 in 2014, \$750,000 in 2015, \$765,000 in 2016, \$780,000 in 2017, \$790,000 in 2018, \$725,000 in 2019 and a final installment of \$760,000 in 2020. Interest is payable on December 1 and June 1 of each year at a rate of 2.00%.

5,235,000

Unamortized bond premium

416,468

Unamortized issuance costs

(535,106)

**Total general obligation bonds** 

44,326,362

#### Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## Note 6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Special Service Area Bonds:

Limited sales tax revenue bonds dated November 1, 1988 provide for the retirement of principal at the rate of \$895,000 through 2003. Interest was payable May 1 and November 1 at a rate of 10.25%. Bonds are to be paid solely from a specific portion of the sales tax revenues generated in the special service area over the life of the bonds. Incremental sales tax revenues have generated \$89,416 in "Recapture Differential" through April 30, 2012 that is applied to retire outstanding interest coupons and bonds in serial order, respectively. Of this amount, \$88,919 has been paid and reduced outstanding interest coupons, and \$497 is held as Unused Recapture Differential for future debt service. The Village is not legally obligated to fund these payments except from available incremental sales tax revenues. When future incremental revenues become available bond maturity payments will be made.

895,000

#### Revenue Bonds:

Revenue bonds dated August 1, 2000 provide for the retirement of principal of \$65,000 in 2014, \$70,000 in 2015, \$75,000 in 2016, \$80,000 in 2017, \$85,000 in 2018, \$90,000 in 2019 and \$95,000 in 2020. Interest is payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year at rates varying from 5.25% - 5.5%.

560,000

Capital lease. Sewer jet machine dated August 25, 2010 with annual payments of \$58,710 (including interest at 3.57%). Matures in 2015.

163,959

**Compensated Absences** 

1,065,333

#### Total long-term debt

\$ 47,010,654

On February 15, 2012, the Village issued \$5,235,000 in General Obligation Bonds with an average interest rate of 2.00 percent to advance refund \$5,175,000 of outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 with an average interest rate of 3.60 percent. \$5,175,000 was deposited with an escrow agent for the refunding. The refunding resulted in an economic loss of approximately \$76,000 and had the net effect of decreasing the life of the bonds by 1 year and decreasing future debt service by approximately \$500,000.

# Note 6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The future debt service requirements to amortize the outstanding debt other than the 1988 limited sales tax bonds, unamortized issuance costs, unamortized bond premiums, compensated absences, and the capital lease including interest of \$9,777,972 are as follows:

		Gover	nme	ntal		Business-Type								
		Gei	nera	I		Ger	neral							
Year		Oblig	gatic	n		Oblig	gation	า		Rev	/enu	е		
Ending		Во	nds			Bonds				Во				
April 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Р	rincipal		Interest		Total
0040	Φ.	0.000.000	•	4 444 540	•	000 070	•	007.005	•		•	45.400	•	F 070 004
2013	\$	3,620,622	\$	1,111,512	\$	629,378	\$	297,225	\$	-	\$	15,193	\$	5,673,931
2014		3,367,353		958,559		642,647		193,095		65,000		28,679		5,255,333
2015		4,072,805		888,245		677,195		177,765		70,000		25,118		5,911,128
2016		3,810,657		799,398		694,343		161,537		75,000		21,256		5,562,191
2017		4,579,104		708,327		705,896		144,746		80,000		17,050		6,235,123
2018		4,823,876		593,172		726,124		126,370		85,000		12,512		6,367,054
2019		1,526,615		464,203		788,385		107,205		90,000		7,700		2,984,108
2020		1,598,654		415,613		826,346		84,804		95,000		2,613		3,023,030
2021		1,242,363		362,256		447,637		60,349		-		-		2,112,605
2022		1,282,482		317,523		457,518		44,362		-		-		2,101,885
2023		604,293		267,745		100,707		27,405		-		-		1,000,150
2024		638,579		245,921		106,421		25,171		-		-		1,016,092
2025		668,579		222,859		111,421		22,811		-		-		1,025,670
2026		707,151		198,712		117,849		20,339		-		-		1,044,051
2027		741,437		173,173		123,563		17,725		-		-		1,055,899
2028		784,295		143,081		130,705		14,645		-		-		1,072,726
2029		831,438		111,249		138,562		11,387		-		-		1,092,636
2030		882,868		77,503		147,132		7,933		-		-		1,115,436
2031		934,297		39,848		155,703		4,079		-		-		1,133,927
	Ф	36,717,468	\$	8,098,899	\$	7 727 522	¢	1,548,952	¢ =	60,000	Ф	130,121	¢	54,782,972
	Ф	30,717,400	Ф	0,090,099	Ф	7,727,532	Φ	1,040,902	φС	000,000	Ф	130,121	Ф	04,102,912

The Village has pledged revenues to repay certain bond issues. The pledges will remain until all bonds are retired. The amount of pledges remaining as of April 30, 2012 is as follows:

				Percentage
		Pledge	Commitment	of Revenue
Debt Issue	Pledged Revenue Source	Remaining	End Date	Pledged
2000	Water Sales and Sewer Services	\$ 560,000	5/1/2019	0.39%
2004	Water Sales and Sewer Services	276,650	12/1/2012	17.26%
2004	Storm Water Fees	273,350	12/1/2012	0.00%
2008	Property Taxes	3,160,000	12/1/2017	14.70%
2009	Water Sales and Sewer Services	2,872,100	12/1/2021	2.23%
2009	Property Taxes and Intergovernmental Receipts	5,687,900	12/1/2021	17.10%
2009A	Property Taxes	13,320,000	12/1/2017	48.36%
2010	Water Sales and Sewer Services	1,945,577	12/1/2030	0.81%
2010	Property Taxes, Other Taxes and			
	Intergovernmental Receipts	11,674,423	12/1/2030	11.78%
2012	Water Sales and Sewer Services	2,633,205	12/1/2019	0.00%
2012	Property Taxes and Intergovernmental Receipts	2,601,795	12/1/2019	0.00%

# Note 6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The secured debt was issued to provide for various Waterworks and Sewerage improvements and Special Service Area Number 3 improvements. A comparison of the pledged revenues collected and the related principal and interest expenditures for the fiscal year 2012 is as follows:

		Pledge		Ρ	rincipal and
Debt Issue	Pledged Revenue Source		Revenue	Int	erest Retired
2000	Water Sales and Sewer Services	\$	16,610,534	\$	65,000
2004	Water Sales and Sewer Services		16,610,534		2,867,100
2004	Storm Water Fees		-		2,832,900
2008	Property Taxes		4,108,720		604,038
2009	Water Sales and Sewer Services		16,610,534		371,226
2009	Property Taxes and Intergovernmental Receipts		4,260,560		728,394
2009A	Property Taxes		4,108,720		1,986,900
2010	Water Sales and Sewer Services		16,610,534		134,578
2010	Property Taxes, Other Taxes and				
	Intergovernmental Receipts		8,715,580		1,026,750
2012	Water Sales and Sewer Services		16,610,534		-
2012	Property Taxes and Intergovernmental Receipts		4,260,560		-

A summary of debt transactions of Tinley Park Public Library, a component unit, for the year ended April 30, 2012, is as follows:

	Outstanding Debt as of May 1, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding Debt as of pril 30, 2012	Due within one year
General obligation bonds Unamortized bond issuance costs Deferred gain on refunding Unamortized bond premium Compensated absences	\$ 6,850,000 (26,189) - - 116,052	\$ 5,940,000 (87,685) 408,811 541,565 117,379	\$ 6,850,000 (31,385) 24,226 11,510 104,044	\$ 5,940,000 (82,489) 384,585 530,055 129,387	\$ 445,000 - - - - 114,500
	\$ 6,939,863	\$ 6,920,070	\$ 6,958,395	\$ 6,901,538	\$ 559,500

# Note 7. Capital Lease Obligation

The Village leases sewer equipment under capital lease, which expires in August 2014. Annual lease payments, including interest at 3.57 percent are \$58,710. The cost of the capital asset acquired under the capital lease was \$274,988. The book value of this asset at year-end is \$242,915.

### Note 7. Capital Lease Obligation (Continued)

Minimum future lease payments under capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2012 are as follows:

Year Ending April 30:	
2013	\$ 58,710
2014	58,710
2015	 58,710
Total minimum lease payments	176,130
Less amount representing interest	 12,171
Present value of future minimum lease payments	163,959
Less current portion	52,860
Long-term portion	\$ 111,099

#### Note 8. Pension and Retirement Plan Commitments

Substantially all Village employees are covered under one of the following employee retirement plans.

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description. The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at <a href="https://www.imrf.org">www.imrf.org</a>.

Funding Policy. As set by statute, the Village's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's actual contribution rates for calendar years 2012 and 2011 used by the Village were 13.81 percent and 13.88 percent, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The Village's annual required contribution rates for calendar years 2012 and 2011 were 13.88 and 13.65 percent, respectively. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost. For fiscal year 2012, the Village's annual pension cost of \$1,568,325 was equal to the required and actual contributions.

#### Note 8. Pension and Retirement Plan Commitments (Continued)

#### Trend Information

	Annual	Percentage	Net
Fiscal Year	Pension	of APC	Pension
Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
			_
04/30/12	\$ 1,568,325	100%	\$ -
04/30/11	1,499,834	100%	-
04/30/10	1,364,158	100%	-

The required contribution for calendar year 2011 was determined as part of the December 31, 2009, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2009 included (a) 7.5%investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10.0% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of the Village's regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The Village's regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2009 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the regular plan was 61.35% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$30,024,056 and the actuarial value of assets was \$18,420,498, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$11,603,558. The covered payroll for calendar year 2011 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$11,294,717 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 103%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

#### Police Pension Plan

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois Legislature. The plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The Village presents the plan as a Pension Trust Fund within this report. No separate report is issued for the pension trust fund.

Covered employees are currently required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. The member rate is determined by State Statute. The Village is required to contribute at an actuarially determined amount. The employer rate for fiscal year ended April 30, 2012, was 24.74% of covered payroll. The employer contribution is funded by property taxes. Administrative costs are funded by investment earnings. Contributions and benefits are recognized when due and payable and pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements rather than the period in which employee services are performed. Refunds are recognized as paid.

## Note 8. Pension and Retirement Plan Commitments (Continued)

The Village's annual pension cost and net pension (asset) of the Plan for the year ended April 30, 2012, were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,964,280
Interest on net pension obligation	(60,007)
Adjustment to annual requirement contribution	 553,903
Annual pension cost	2,458,176
Contributions made	2,204,188
Decrease in net pension asset	253,988
Net pension (asset), beginning of year	(1,411,147)
Net pension (asset), end of year	\$ (1,157,159)

The annual required contribution for the year ended April 30, 2012, was determined as part of the April 30, 2011, actuarial valuation report using the entry age normal cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.0% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 5.5%, (c) 3.0% per year cost of living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0%. The actuarial value of Police Pension assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The Police Pension Plan's unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2011, was 22 years.

#### Trend Information - Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ending	(	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	C	Annual Contributions Made	Percent of AF Contrib	C O	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)
04/30/12 04/30/11 04/30/10	\$	2,458,176 1,941,556 1,447,429	\$	2,204,188 1,584,771 1,441,809		89.7% 81.6% 99.6%	\$ (1,157,159) (857,244) (1,213,868)

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of April 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Police Pension Plan was 71.9% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$60,478,664 and the actuarial value of assets was \$43,497,563, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$16,981,101. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$6,405,212 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 265.1%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, present multi-year information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability.

### Note 8. Pension and Retirement Plan Commitments (Continued)

Membership in the plan consisted of the following as of April 30, 2012:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	33
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active vested plan members	56
Active nonvested plan members	16
	106

#### Note 9. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Village participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Northeastern Illinois, which have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation Statute, to pool its risk management needs. The Agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

The Village's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. Each member assumes the first \$10,000 of each occurrence. IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts above that level.

Each member appoints one delegate, along with an alternate delegate, to represent the member on the Board of Directors. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of the Agency beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

Initial contributions are determined each year based on the individual member's eligible revenue as defined in the by-laws of IRMA, experience modification factors based on past member loss experience and optional deductible credits. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits.

The Village purchases commercial insurance to cover its employees for health and accident claims.

The Village has not had significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous fiscal year nor did settlements exceed insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

# Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 10. Other Fund Disclosures (FFS Level Only)

Other information related to individual funds includes the following:

(a) Interfunds

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of April 30, 2012, are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	e From er Funds
Other Nonmajor Governmental General	\$ 29,921
<u>Fund</u>	ue To er Funds
General Other Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 29,921

Interfund debt reflects operating loans which are expected to be repaid in the following fiscal year.

# (b) Advances

<u>Fund</u>	dvance To her Funds
Capital Improvements General	\$ 1,101,856
Waterworks and Sewerage General	1,321,642
Total	\$ 2,423,498
<u>Fund</u>	/ance From her Funds
General Capital Improvements Waterworks and Sewerage	\$ 1,101,856 1,321,642
Total	\$ 2,423,498

Advances reflect loans between funds which are not expected to be repaid in the following fiscal year.

# Note 10. Other Fund Disclosures (FFS Level Only) (Continued)

Transfers for the year ended April 30, 2012 are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>		Transfer From Other Funds		
General Nonmajor Governmental	\$	222,670		
Capital Improvements General Fund	•	5,840,897		
Waterworks and Sewerage Nonmajor Governmental Commuter Parking Lot		60,000 4,179,412 50,000		
Waterworks and Sewerage General Fund		356,793		
Nonmajor Governmental General Fund Capital Improvements Other Nonmajor Governmental Total	\$	943,562 675,403 7,933,276 20,262,013		
<u>Fund</u>		ransfer To Other Funds		
General Capital Improvements Nonmajor Governmental Waterworks and Sewerage	\$	5,840,897 943,562 356,793		
Capital Improvements Nonmajor Governmental		675,403		
Waterworks and Sewerage Capital Improvements		60,000		
Commuter Parking Lot Capital Improvements		50,000		
Nonmajor Governmental Other Nonmajor Governmental General Fund Capital Improvements Total	\$	7,933,276 222,670 4,179,412 20,262,013		
		-		

Interfund transfers are to assist with payment of debt and cover expenses incurred in funds where work is related to other funds.

## Note 10. Other Fund Disclosures (FFS Level Only) (Continued)

In addition, the Village had the following transactions with its component unit, the Library:

	Transfers From
Component Unit, Library Capital Improvements	\$ 150,000
	Transfers To
Capital Improvements Component Unit, Library	\$ 150,000

#### **Budget Overexpenditure**

The following funds overexpended their budgets for the year ended April 30, 2012, by the following amounts: the Drug Enforcement (Special Revenue) overexpended by \$5,353, and the Library Special Building (Component Unit) overexpended by \$253,678.

#### **Deficit Fund Balance**

The following funds had deficit fund balances for the year ended April 30, 2012: 2009 General Obligation Bonds (Debt Service) \$143,725.

#### Note 11. Postemployment Healthcare Plan

*Plan Description.* The Village of Tinley Park (Village) provides limited health care insurance coverage for its eligible retired employees. Dependent coverage is available to eligible retired employees at an additional cost to the retiree. This is a single-employer plan. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Retirees receive coverage under the Village's health plan with a limited employer contribution rate applied towards the premiums for the coverage elected by the employee. For fiscal year 2012, the Village contributed \$527,276 to the plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Village's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

#### Note 11. Postemployment Healthcare Plan (Continued)

The following table shows the components of the Village's annual OPEB cost for the year ended April 30, 2012, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Village's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,164,685
Interest on net OPEB obligation	128,973
Adjustment to annual requirement contribution	(85,982)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,207,676
Contributions made	 527,276
Increase in net OPEB obligation	680,400
Net OPEB liability, beginning of year	2,579,451
Net OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 3,259,851

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage	Net
	Annual Annual OPEB		OPEB
Year Ending	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
04/30/12	\$ 1,207,676	43.7%	\$ 3,259,851
04/30/11	1,331,407	24.5%	2,579,451
04/30/10	1,266,628	41.6%	1,573,706

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of April 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation data, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$15,236,208, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$15,236,208. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$17,061,005, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 89.30%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about the future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

#### Note 11. Postemployment Healthcare Plan (Continued)

In the April 30, 2012 actuarial valuation (the most recent available), the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, 5.0% projected salary increases, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 6.0%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2012 was 30 years.

#### Note 12. Lake Michigan Water Project and Sanitary Sewer Services

In 1973, the Village entered into water service supply agreements with the Village of Oak Lawn, Illinois (Oak Lawn) whereby Oak Lawn constructed a water transmission line to provide Lake Michigan water to the Village and to neighboring communities. The purpose of the transmission line, as well as the related assets constructed by the Village was to provide, pump, and store Lake Michigan water. The project began operations in 1974.

To finance the construction of the transmission line, which remains the property of Oak Lawn, Oak Lawn issued general obligation bonds. As part of the current water supply agreements the Village was responsible for a share of the costs related to the construction of the transmission line. In addition to the transmission line costs, the Village was responsible for a portion of principal and interest on the bonded debt incurred by Oak Lawn to finance the expansion of the pumping and storage system, and was to make semiannual payments to Oak Lawn as the bonds are repaid through the fiscal year 2012. Payments were in proportion to the Village's water allocations. The final payment was made in fiscal year 2012.

The Village also pays Oak Lawn for the purchase of Lake Michigan water which is based upon water consumption. During the year ended April 30, 2012, this additional amount totaled \$7,825,369.

In 1982, the Village of Tinley Park entered into a water supply contract with Citizens Utilities (now Illinois American Water, hereafter IAW). Under this contract, the Village supplies Lake Michigan water to this private utility company that serves a portion of the Village of Orland Hills, and a small Orland Park subdivision. For services provided under the agreement, the Village receives a handling fee toward the maintenance and operation of the water system, calculated on gallons supplied to IAW. The contract, as amended, has expired as of November 2006. Negotiations on a contract renewal are in process. The Village has continued to supply water to IAW under terms of the amended contract previously noted.

Under a 1999 water supply contract, the Village of Tinley Park also supplies Lake Michigan water to the Villages of New Lenox and Mokena. Similar to the IAW agreement, the Village receives a handling fee toward the maintenance and operation of the water system calculated on the gallons supplied to New Lenox and Mokena. The contract runs for a term of forty years (2039). Additionally, New Lenox and Mokena are responsible for a portion of the Village's commitment to Oak Lawn for debt service and the net amount paid by the Village is reflected in the table on the preceding page.

## Sanitary Sewer Services

The portion of the Village of Tinley Park located within Cook County receives sanitary sewer treatment and disposal services through the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District (MWRD). The District charges for these services through a property tax against all property within its District.

# Note 12. Lake Michigan Water Project and Sanitary Sewer Services (Continued)

In 1978, the Village of Tinley Park entered into a service agreement with the MWRD to provide sanitary sewer treatment and disposal services to a portion of Will County that was within the corporate limits, or planning area, of the Village. The fee for these services is calculated on a basis similar to the property tax the MWRD receives within its District boundaries assessed on all properties within the service area that are incorporated into the Village, but includes a premium factor for service outside their normal service area. These annual service fees are then charged to the individual properties as part of their quarterly utility billings. During the year ended April 30, 2012, the Village paid \$634,030 under this agreement.

A portion of the Village of Tinley Park located in Will County receives sanitary sewer treatment and disposal services under a 1994 bulk wastewater treatment service agreement with Illinois American Water (formerly known as Citizen's Utilities). The fee for these services are based on the tariff schedule currently in effect as approved from time to time by the Illinois Commerce Commission. This agreement runs for a term of forty years, with a provision for a ten-year extension. The Village's utility customers within this service area are charged for these services as part of the quarterly utility billings. During the year ended April 30, 2012, the Village paid \$416,217 under this agreement.

Under a 1996 wastewater treatment service agreement, the Village of Frankfort (Frankfort) provides sanitary sewer treatment and disposal services to a portion of the Village of Tinley Park located within Will County. This agreement runs for a period of twenty years (2016), with provision for extension. Frankfort receives a fee, based on water consumption, which is included as part of the utility bills to these property owners. During the year ended April 30, 2012, the Village paid \$227,880 under this agreement.

#### Note 13. Commitments

The Village has agreements associated with the development of the Park Center Plaza to provide economic assistance in the development of the shopping center. Under the 1988 amended agreement, municipal sales taxes collected by the Village from this shopping plaza up to a maximum of the incremental \$150,000 in excess of \$425,000 annually are to be set aside for remittance to the bondholder(s) of limited sales tax bonds issued in conjunction with the agreement. The incremental taxes generated are referred to as "Recapture Differential" under the agreement. The Unused Recapture Differential is held until sufficient funds are accumulated to retire the next series of interest coupons. After all the outstanding interest coupons have been retired, Recapture Differential is then applied to retire outstanding bonds in serial order. The total amount to be provided under this agreement is not to exceed \$1,500,000 and the actual total commitment of \$1,426,719 is less than the established maximum. Unpaid bonds and interest coupons outstanding under the limited sales tax bond issue total \$1,337,800 as of April 30, 2012. Through the year ended April 30, 2012, the annual sales taxes collected from the development have exceeded the \$425,000 minimum threshold in a total of four incentive based fiscal years, and have generated a total of \$89,416 in "Recapture Differential." Of this amount, \$88,919 has been provided to the bond registrar for benefit of the bondholder(s) and retirement of the outstanding debt service. The remaining unused Recapture Differential in the amount of \$497 is held as of April 30, 2012.

The Village has an agreement with the developers of a commercial development known as 1-80 World to provide possible future economic assistance in the development of this commercial complex. Under this 1997 agreement, which ran through April 2003, the Village agreed to remit to the developers a portion of the municipal sales taxes collected by the Village from the businesses located within the development in excess of a base amount each year. The initial base amount was \$120,000 and increased by 8% each year thereafter. The total contingent amount to be provided under this agreement was not to exceed \$1,600,000. The total economic assistance earned under this agreement through April 30, 2003 was \$1,600,000. As of April 30, 2012, \$263,450 has been held and accrued pending completion by the developer of certain public improvements as required under the agreement.

#### Note 13. Commitments (Continued)

Under the 1998 development agreement for the construction of a full service hotel adjacent to the Village's Convention Center, the Village of Tinley Park agreed to pay an annual amount toward the costs of maintenance and repair of the Convention Center to the hotel operator, who also manages and operates the Convention Center facility on behalf of the Village. In December 2008, the hotel operator and the Village entered into new development and management agreements due to the expansion of the convention center and anticipated expansion of the hotel. Under the new management agreement, the hotel operator receives the Facility Maintenance Cost Sharing payment in two equal installments each year of \$510,000 the first year and \$675,000 each subsequent year of the 10 year agreement. Additionally, the Village will support capital improvement expenditures benefiting the convention center facility of \$500,000 in the first year and \$185,000 each subsequent year of the agreement. The Village has agreed to a payment to hotel developer/operator of up to \$3,700,000 as a TIF qualified reimbursement for interest costs write-down in the final year of the TIF per the agreement contingent upon the completion of the contemplated hotel expansion and the availability of TIF funds. As of April 30, 2012, the Village has paid a total of \$2,197,500 to the hotel developer/operator under the new agreement.

The Village of Tinley Park entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Community Consolidated School District 146 for the purchase of the former Central Middle School site located one block east of Oak Park Avenue. The approximately three acre retired school site is located in the Main Street South TIF District. Under the terms of this 2003 agreement, the Village paid \$350,000 at closing, with an additional \$1,000,000 due within the five years after the transfer of title (December 2008). Additionally, the School District would be entitled to 30% of any incremental taxes generated by the property from December 2008 through the life of the TIF to a maximum of \$1,650,000 (\$3,000,000 overall total). The Village intends to utilize the property for temporary parking and staging area for construction projects contemplated in the Main Street South TIF District, and then sell the property for redevelopment, most likely for town homes or similar density residential development. As such, the property remains tax exempt and has not generated any incremental taxes. As of April 30, 2012, the Village has paid a total of \$1,350,000 under the agreement.

An intergovernmental agreement was established between the Village of Tinley Park and Community Consolidated School District 146 associated with the Main Street North TIF District. Under this 2003 agreement and subject to some restrictions and priorities, 17% of the incremental taxes generated over the life of the TIF or a maximum of \$2,500,000 are to be set aside for possible future capital improvements made by the School District within the Main Street North TIF District. A total of \$627,325 has been accumulated in the aforementioned Cap Fund through April 30, 2012.

The Village has an agreement with the owner/developer of the Hilton Garden subdivision to provide possible future economic assistance in the redevelopment of the property. Under this 2003 agreement, the Village paid for the installation of certain public improvements on behalf of the developer. The developer agreed to provide certain other site improvements and enhancements beyond normal Village standards in an estimated amount not to exceed \$450,000. The agreement, which runs for a ten year period beginning with the completion of the first hotel (Hilton Garden Inn) on the property, the Village will first recover its cost of the public improvements, plus interest at 3.46%, from hotel/motel taxes generated from the development. Provided that the development has been fully completed, including the identified enhancements, the Village would thereafter remit to the owner/developer a portion of the municipal hotel/motel accommodations taxes generated up to a maximum of \$450,000. The agreement provides that the Village is not obligated to provide any financial assistance to the developer should the development conditions not be met by September 30, 2005. The agreement was subsequently amended to extend the developer's completion date to September 30, 2006. The agreement also provides that the Village can provide a lesser pro-rated assistance amount at its discretion based on the amount expended on identified enhancements that have been completed. The public improvements paid by the Village totaled \$640,796. Through the end of the April 30, 2012 fiscal year a total of \$732,708 has been recouped from the hotel/motel accommodations taxes generated from businesses located on the property and represents the full recovery of the public improvements and related interest. As of April 30, 2012, this commercial development had not completed all required site improvements, and the completion date has passed, therefore, no other direct financial assistance payments are currently due.

#### Note 13. Commitments (Continued)

The Village has entered into an agreement with Menard, Inc. to provide economic assistance to redevelop portions of what was formerly known as the Brementowne Mall in order to expand their Tinley Park store location. Under the original 2004 agreement, the total economic assistance provided was \$21,050. This agreement was terminated in April 2011 as a new agreement was adopted in relation to a proposed further expansion of their business location. Under the 2011 agreement with Menard, Inc., the Village will provide economic assistance to the company to redevelop the former Gateley's Department Store building, most recently occupied by Midwest Suburban Publishing and the SouthtownStar Newspaper corporate offices for a further expanded Menard's retail center. Under this agreement, the Village will remit 50% of the sales taxes generated by the local Menard's business location in excess of \$288,000 annually commencing once the new expansion is completed and continuing for a total of ten years. The maximum incentive to be provided under this revised agreement is \$1,000,000. As of April 30, 2012, the expansion/renovations had not commenced, and therefore, no financial assistance payments are currently due.

The Village entered into a development agreement with Ryan Companies US, Inc. as owner/developer to provide possible future economic assistance in association with the development of a commercial shopping center known as Brookside Marketplace. Under this 2004 agreement, which runs for a ten year period beginning with the opening of the key anchor store, the Village will provide a maximum of \$5,000,000 in financial assistance through sharing of sales tax revenues generated by the development. In addition, the Village reimbursed the developer a total of \$2,517,267 for certain development costs in addition to certain infrastructure related costs paid for directly by the Village. The Village will remit a portion of the sales taxes generated in excess of an annual amount of \$75,000 in semi-annual payments until either the maximum amount is achieved or the term expires (whichever occurs first). As of April 30, 2012, the total economic assistance provided through sales tax sharing under this agreement is \$3,683,707. Incentive dollars earned through April 30, 2012 have been accrued in the amount of \$393,000, but is not due and payable until after the conclusion of the semi-annual reporting periods of the incentive year.

In February 2011, the Village entered into an inducement agreement with Ryan Companies US, Inc. to provide possible future economic assistance in association with addition of new retail facilities in the commercial shopping center known as Brookside Marketplace. Due to the recession, and changing economic climate, the developer requested additional assistance to entice new retailers to construct or occupy new stores in the Brookside Marketplace shopping center. The agreement was predicated on adding, at a minimum, HomeGoods and Old Navy stores to the shopping center. This agreement runs for a ten year period beginning with the opening of the first store to occupy retail spaces constructed after December 31, 2010. The Village will provide a maximum of \$1,250,000 in financial assistance under this agreement through sharing of sales tax revenues generated by the new store development. The Village will provide the developer 54% of the sales taxes generated from the new retail spaces constructed post-2010 in semi-annual payments until either the maximum amount is achieved or the term expires (whichever occurs first). The developer (Ryan Companies US, Inc.) entered into an agreement with DDR Brookside, LLC on January 16, 2012 in relation to the sale of the Brookside Marketplace properties. As part of this agreement, Ryan Companies US, Inc. and DDR Brookside, LLC will each share a portion of this incentive. The inducement agreement was amended on March 6, 2012 to provide for this change. As of April 30, 2012, no payments had been made under the agreement. Incentive dollars earned through April 30, 2012 have been accrued in the amount of \$43,750, but is not due and payable until after the conclusion of the semi-annual reporting periods of the incentive year.

The Village entered into an agreement with Sord Management, Inc. as owner/developer, to provide possible future economic assistance in the development of a commercial shopping center known as Park Hills. Under this 2004 agreement, which ran for a twenty year period beginning with the Village's issuance of the first Certificate of Occupancy (June 2006), the Village would provide the developer 25% of the sales taxes generated from businesses located on the site. All of the developer and development commitments under the agreement have not been completed, and as such, no payments were yet required. The shopping center was sold in August 2011 which terminated the developer's right to receive a share of sales taxes from the development.

#### Note 13. Commitments (Continued)

The Village has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Village of Orland Hills providing for possible sales tax revenue sharing in association with development of a commercial shopping center known as Park Hills. The site of this development was in the planning area for the Village of Tinley Park, but had been annexed by Orland Hills. However, it was subsequently determined that the Village of Orland Hills was unable to adequately provide certain public services necessary for the site to develop. The property was subsequently de-annexed by Orland Hills and annexed to Tinley Park. The primary storm water detention for this development is being provided by a nearby site within the corporate limits of the Village of Orland Hills. In the spirit of inter-governmental cooperation, it was agreed that the two communities would share in the sales tax revenues generated by the shopping center development. Tinley Park was required to pay for the modification of a storm water detention pond located in Orland Hills that would be utilized by this commercial development. Under this 2005 agreement, beginning with the Village's issuance of the first Certificate of Occupancy for the Park Hills Shopping Plaza, the Village of Tinley Park will provide the Village of Orland Hills with 65% of the municipal sales taxes received from businesses located on the site for the next twenty years. After the initial twenty year period, the Village of Orland Hills will receive 55% of the municipal sales taxes received from the development. However, Tinley Park would be allowed to retain a portion of the Orland Hills share of the sales taxes in repayment of the costs associated with modification of the storm water facilities in Orland Hills. As of April 30, 2012, approximately \$213,800 in sales tax sharing has been determined. The Village of Tinley Park expended \$1,760,227 on the storm water detention facility. As the costs of the detention pond modifications were substantially greater than anticipated, by mutual agreement of the two municipalities, no payments have been made.

The Village has entered into an agreement with Hanfer, Inc. (doing business as Hansen Development) to provide possible future economic assistance in the redevelopment and construction of a mixed-use commercial and residential project located on 183<sup>rd</sup> Street commonly referred to as Tinley Pointe. Under this 2005 agreement, the Village will provide a maximum of \$423,000 in financial assistance in the form of reimbursement of eligible redevelopment costs including demolition, utilities, and roadwork. The total of qualified costs was determined to be \$318,587. The incentive is payable over a maximum five year period from tax increment financing (TIF) revenue generated by the redevelopment which is located in the Oak Park Avenue TIF District. A total of \$318,587 in TIF reimbursements have been paid as of April 30, 2012 and the agreement is concluded.

An agreement with JP Gallagher Building Corp was approved during 2005 to provide economic assistance in redeveloping the former Lion's Pool site for eight (8) upscale single family wooded homes. The redevelopment site, known as Forest Glen, is located within the Main Street North TIF District. Under this agreement, the Village constructed a bridge over Midlothian Creek to allow Willow Lane (on the east) to be improved and interconnected with Gaynelle Road (on the west) and providing a means of public access through the development. This bridge was estimated to cost \$250,000, with the developer providing \$90,000 toward the project as building permits were issued. This financial assistance was provided from sources other than tax incremental financing (TIF) revenues generated by the project. The Village has completed its commitment under the agreement and has expended \$545,666 on the bridge and roadway project. A total of one building permit has been issued for this development to date. No other financial assistance has been provided.

An agreement with Family Hyundai and Suzuki, Inc. was approved during 2005 to provide possible future economic assistance in development and construction of a new Hyundai automobile dealership location, and the renovation and expansion of the existing Hyundai building for the Suzuki automobile dealership. Under this 2005 agreement which was to run for a ten year period, the Village would provide a maximum of \$1,250,000 in financial assistance from sales taxes generated by the two automobile dealership locations. This agreement was modified in April 2009 to provide for sharing of the economic assistance with Community Motors, Inc. who would purchase and renovate the former Hyundai location (Suzuki dealership under the original agreement) for a Pontiac and GMC dealership (the Pontiac brand was subsequently retired by General Motors). The Village remits a portion of the sales taxes generated in excess of a base amount over the life of the agreement, until either the maximum amount is achieved or the term expires. The initial base amount was \$437,000, and the base amount increases annually to a maximum of \$547,328 over the life of the agreement. During fiscal year 2009, the Village Board

#### Note 13. Commitment (Continued)

approved an extension of the term of the incentive agreement to a maximum of twelve years at the request of the business owners/developers. As of April 30, 2012 a total of \$67,845 has been paid under this agreement. Incentive dollars earned through April 30, 2012 have been accrued in the amount of \$84,347. In June 2012, Community Motors, Inc. sold its GMC dealership and the franchise was relocated to another Tinley Park location. These transactions have put the inducement agreement in default. Potential liquidating damages would be due to the Village in the form of return of a portion of the previously paid incentives if the default is not cured.

A development agreement was approved between the Village of Tinley Park and Tinley Park Place LLC to provide possible future economic assistance in the redevelopment and construction of a mixed-use commercial and residential project encompassing Block 4 of the Village of Bremen (now Tinley Park), at Oak Park Avenue and North Street commonly known as Tinley Park Place. The proposed redevelopment project consisted of development of approximately 60,000 square feet of retail commercial and office space, an 11 screen movie theater, and 115 residential condominiums. This 2008 agreement provided for a maximum of \$12,000,000 in financial assistance for demolition, professional services, and construction payable from tax incremental financing (TIF) revenues generated by the project. This incremental tax assistance is subject to priorities for statutorily required payments to school or other districts and Village administrative expenses. Additionally, the developers are eligible to receive a maximum of \$1,300,000 in amusement taxes generated by the development over no more than a ten year period after the cinema opens. The Village is committed to constructing, or reimbursing for approximately \$25,000,000 in public improvements including roadway, water, sanitary sewer, and storm sewer improvements and construction of public parking. The redevelopment site is located within the Main Street South TIF District. The developer has not met the conditions necessary to be eligible for any payments under this agreement as of April 30, 2012. Likewise, the Village is not obligated to commence any of the related public improvements at this time. This notwithstanding, the Village has proceeded with the acquisitions and clearing of real estate associated with this development totaling \$837,158. In addition, the Village has authorized the engineering and design for the parking facilities (including temporary parking) and has incurred \$1,853,735 in related expenses as of April 30, 2012.

Since approving the plans for the Tinley Park Place development and establishing the original development agreement, certain properties had been vacated and were becoming a public nuisance and blight on the community. To address this issue, in February 2011, the Village entered into an agreement with Tinley Park Place, LLC providing for the reimbursement of demolition costs for certain identified structures on North Street. This reimbursement would be treated as an advance on the qualified cost reimbursements and deducted from the total financial assistance provided for in the 2008 development agreement. The total of \$122, 925 was incurred and paid as of April 30, 2012 and the related lien has been filed against the affected properties.

The Village of Tinley Park entered into a preliminary development agreement with South Street Development, LLC related to the construction of a mixed use development encompassing the majority of Block 9 of the Village of Bremen (now Tinley Park) which fronts South Street across from the Tinley Park Oak Park Avenue commuter station. This development is currently proposed to consist of retail commercial space combined with residential apartments. Under the 2007 preliminary agreement, the Village will provide a maximum of \$2,200,000 in reimbursement of TIF eligible expenses. Although the developer has not received any direct reimbursement payments, the developer has received benefit of \$637,430 in expenses paid by the Village for real estate acquisition, demolition, and other site related costs under this agreement as of April 30, 2012. These costs will count toward the maximum financial assistance to be provided.

In conjunction with the development of a new corporate world headquarters, the Village of Tinley Park and Panduit Corporation entered into an agreement providing for certain financial assistance in May 2008. Under this agreement, the Village will rebate a portion of the Village's property taxes extended against the property in excess of \$26,000 each year for a maximum of \$2,200,000 over twenty years. The company moved into the new building in mid-2010. The initial incentive year begins the year that the completed project is fully assessed for property tax purposes. As of April 30, 2012, a total of \$61,469 has been paid under this agreement. Based on the 2011 property taxes (payable in calendar 2012), the Company will be potentially eligible for a rebate of \$69,447. The rebate is contingent on the Company paying the total amounts due on the annual property tax bill, which has not occurred as of April 30, 2012.

#### Note 13. Commitments (Continued)

Related to the development of the Panduit Corporation world headquarters complex, the Village entered into a sales tax sharing agreement with related Panduit Procurement LLC in April 2008 which provides for the sharing of 50% of all sales taxes generated by the business for a ten year period with no maximum limitation. As of April 30, 2012, a total of \$212,419 had been paid under this agreement and an estimated \$8,943 has been accrued based on expected sales tax reporting through the end of the fiscal year.

An agreement between Temperature Equipment Corporation (TEC), the Village of Lansing, and the Village of Tinley Park was approved in April 2010 to provide economic assistance to TEC in relocating its sales office to a location in Tinley Park from Lansing, IL. Under Illinois statutes, this agreement was required to provide compensation to Lansing for the loss of sales tax revenues due to the economic incentive being offered in association with this type of sales relocation. This agreement, covering a ten year period, provides for the sharing of sales taxes generated by the business in excess of \$20,000 annually. The next \$600,000 in sales taxes generated would be shared 50% to TEC and 25% to Lansing. Sales taxes in excess of \$620,000 are shared 25% to TEC, and 25% to Lansing with no maximum limit. As of April 30, 2012, a total of \$821,896 has been paid under the agreement and an estimated \$188,856 has been accrued based on expected sales tax reporting through the end of the fiscal year.

The Village entered into an agreement with International Imports, LLC in April 2010 to provide economic assistance in conjunction with the remodeling of facilities to accommodate a Subaru dealership. Under this agreement, which runs for a ten year period, the Village will provide a maximum of \$395,000 in financial assistance through sales taxes generated by the new automobile dealership. As of April 30, 2012 a total of \$27,833 has been paid under the agreement. Incentive dollars earned through April 30, 2012 have been accrued in the amount of \$29,325, but is not due and payable until after the conclusion of the incentive year.

In May 2010, the Village entered into an agreement with International Imports, LLC to provide economic assistance associated with the purchase of a vacant dealership location, related renovations, and relocation of a Mazda dealership. Under this ten year agreement, the Village would provide a maximum of \$805,000 in financial assistance through sales taxes generated by the new automobile dealership. In March 2011, the agreement was amended to replace the Mazda dealership franchise with a MINI dealership. As of April 30, 2012, no payments have been made under the agreement. Incentive dollars projected to be earned through April 30, 2012 have been accrued in the amount of \$26,000, but is not due and payable until after the conclusion of the incentive year.

The Village entered into an agreement with Steiner Electric Co in February 2011 to provide economic assistance associated with the renovation of a vacant industrial building for a manufacturing and distribution division of the company. The agreement encompasses a ten year period beginning with September 2011 and provides for sales tax sharing in an amount not to exceed \$212,000 over the life of the agreement. The company will receive 25% of the sales taxes generated on an annual basis in excess of \$5,000. As of April 30, 2012, no payments have been made under the agreement. Incentive dollars projected to be earned through April 30, 2012 have been accrued in the amount of \$14,250, but is not due and payable until after the conclusion of the incentive year.

Apple Chevrolet, Inc. and the Village of Tinley Park entered into an agreement in June 2011 to provide economic assistance associated with the renovation, remodeling, and other upgrades to their sales facilities in Tinley Park. The agreement encompasses a ten year period beginning no later than July 2012 and provides for sales tax sharing in an amount not to exceed \$350,000 over the life of the agreement. The company will receive 33% of any sales taxes generated on an annual basis in excess of \$355,000. As of April 30, 2012, the improvements had not been completed and therefore no payments have been made under the agreement.

In June 2011, the Village approved an assignment of a 2009 incentive with 183<sup>rd</sup> & Tinley, LLC to DK Tinley Park, LLC in relation to the development of certain properties in the Oak Park Avenue Tax Increment Financing District. Under this agreement, the Village would reimburse up to \$1,000,000 in qualified TIF reimbursable expenses for the substantial completion of at least two commercial structures. \$500,000 would be payable upon completion of the first building, with the balance paid after completion of a second building. The TIF incentive is reduced by 33.33% per month for any project not substantially completed by July 2, 2013. As of April 30, 2012 no new buildings have been proposed or approved for construction, and therefore no payments are due.

#### Note 13. Commitments (Continued)

The Village of Tinley Park entered into an agreement with Kowalis Motors, Inc. in February 2012 to provide economic assistance associated with the renovation, remodeling, and other upgrades to their Orland Toyota sales facilities in Tinley Park. The agreement encompasses a ten year period beginning no later than September 2012 and provides for sales tax sharing in an amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 over the life of the agreement. The company will receive 33% of any sales taxes generated on an annual basis in excess of \$360,000. As of April 30, 2012, the improvements had not been completed and therefore no payments have been made under the agreement.

The Village has several construction contracts for various Village improvements totaling \$7,213,697 at April 30, 2012.

#### Note 14. Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted

GASB Statement No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans*, will be effective for the Village with its year ended April 30, 2013. This statement addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan.

GASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ending April 30, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. This Statement establishes recognition, measurement, and disclosure requirements for SCAs for both transferors and governmental operators.

GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ending April 30, 2014. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. The requirements of Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and the related financial reporting requirements of Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, were amended to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements.

GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ending April 30, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements:

- 1. Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations
- 2. Accounting Principles Board Opinions
- 3. Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedure

GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, will be effective for the Village with its year ended April 30, 2013. The objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position. It alleviates uncertainty about reporting those financial statement elements by providing guidance when none previously existed.

GASB Statement No. 64, *Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53*, will be effective for the Village with its year ended April 20, 2013. The objective of this statement is to enhance the comparability and improve financial reporting by clarifying the circumstances in which hedge accounting should continue when a swap counterparty, or a swap counterparty's credit support provider, is replaced.

# Note 14. Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ending April 30, 2014. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

GASB Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections—2012—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ending April 30, 2014. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, and No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*.

GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ended April 30, 2015. This statement builds upon the existing framework for financial reports of defined benefit pension plans, which includes a statement of fiduciary net position (the amount held in a trust for paying retirement benefits) and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. This statement enhances note disclosures and RSI for both defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans and requires the presentation of new information about annual money-weighted rates of return in the notes to the financial statements and in 10-year RSI schedules.

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, will be effective for the Village beginning with its year ended April 30, 2016. This statement requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI).

Management has not yet completed its evaluation of the impact, if any, of the provisions of these statements on its financial statements.

#### Note 15. Restatement

For the year ended April 30, 2012, the Village implemented GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

As a result of implementing GASB 54, certain funds which were previously reported as special revenue funds no longer meet the criteria for reporting as such and are now reported as part of the General Fund. These funds were Storm Water Management, Hotel/Motel Tax, Main Street Development, Local Road Improvements, Train Station Operation and Maintenance, and Fire Alarm. The impact of implementing this new standard is detailed as follows:

	Fund Balances/ Net Assets
General Fund:	
April 30, 2011, as previously reported	\$ 9,049,595
Adjustment for GASB 54	3,055,542
April 30, 2012, as restated	\$ 12,105,137



# Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

# Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/11	\$ 18,420,498	\$ 30,024,056	\$ 11,603,558	61.35 %	\$ 11,294,717	102.73 %
12/31/10	16,896,654	28,116,663	11,220,009	60.09	10,904,953	102.89
12/31/09	15,476,915	27,121,699	11,644,784	57.06	11,050,083	105.38

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2011 is \$17,335,987. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 57.74%.

### Police Pension Fund Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial Accrued				UAAL as a
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
4/30/11 4/30/10 4/30/09	\$ 43,497,563 38,532,632 32,559,551	\$ 60,478,664 56,117,025 52,118,070	\$ 16,981,101 17,584,393 19,558,519	71.9 % 68.7 62.5	\$ 6,405,212 6,522,884 6,242,342	265.11 % 269.58 313.32

### Schedule of Employer Contributions Police Pension Fund

Actuarial	Annual									
Valuation	Required	Percentage								
Date	Contribution	Contributed								
Fiscal Year										
2012	\$ 1,964,280	112.21	%							
2011	1,964,280	80.68								
2010	1,472,463	97.92								

# Schedule of Funding Progress Postemployment Healthcare Plan

				Actuarial Accrued							UAAL as a
Actuarial Valuation Date	V of A	cuarial alue Assets		Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)			Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
4/30/11	\$	(a) -	\$	15,236,208	\$	15,236,208	0.0	%	\$	(c) 17,061,005	89.30 %
4/30/10 4/30/09	Ψ	-	Ψ	14,285,906 14,108,935	Ψ	14,285,906 14,108,935	0.0 0.0	70	Ψ	16,459,219 14,999,067	86.80 94.07

Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund, by Accounts Year Ended April 30, 2012

Assets		Storm General Water Agency Management			Hotel/Motel Tax		
ASSEIS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,770,638	\$	1,768,339	\$	1,188,604	
Receivables:							
Property taxes		11,467,189		=		-	
Accounts		470,062		95,034		89,764	
Intergovernmental		5,279,605		-		-	
Total assets	\$	29,987,494	\$	1,863,373	\$	1,278,368	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	1,218,206	\$	16,635	\$	14,255	
Accrued payroll		79,561		=		-	
Deposits		5,197		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		29,921	
Advance from other fund		-		2,423,498		-	
Deferred revenue		19,426,927		=		-	
Total liabilities	_	20,729,891		2,440,133		44,176	
Fund Balances (deficits)							
Unassigned		9,257,603		(576,760)		-	
Assigned		-		-		1,234,192	
Total fund balances	_	9,257,603		(576,760)		1,234,192	
Total liabilities and							
fund balances	<u>\$</u>	29,987,494	\$	1,863,373	\$	1,278,368	

	Main		Local		Train Station				
	Street		Road		Operation &		Fire		
D	evelopment	In	nprovements		Maintenance		Alarm		Total
\$	1,604,700	\$	1,499,023	\$	873	\$	574,523	\$	19,406,700
Ψ	1,00 1,1 00	Ψ	1,100,020	Ψ	0.0	Ψ	07 1,020	Ψ	10, 100,100
	-		-		-		=		11,467,189
	-		20,717		=		8,705		684,282
	-		-		-		-		5,279,605
\$	1,604,700	\$	1,519,740	\$	873	\$	583,228	\$	36,837,776
\$	4,700	\$	_	\$	2,273	\$	4,957	\$	1,261,026
Ψ	-	*	_	*	-,=	*	-	Ψ	79,561
	-		_		_		_		5,197
	-		-		=		=		29,921
	-		-		-		-		2,423,498
	-		-		-		-		19,426,927
	4,700		-		2,273		4,957		23,226,130
	-		_		(1,400)		-		8,679,443
	1,600,000		1,519,740		-		578,271		4,932,203
	1,600,000		1,519,740		(1,400)		578,271		13,611,646
\$	1,604,700	\$	1,519,740	\$	873	\$	583,228	\$	36,837,776

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

# Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) – General Fund, by Accounts Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Gen	eral A	gency	Sto	orm Water Ma	anagement		Hotel/M	lotel Tax
	Budget		Actual		Budget	Actua	ıl	Budget	Actual
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$ 19,438,000	) \$	18,428,532	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -
Other taxes	12,695,000		12,603,788	·	-	•	_	1,020,000	1,159,957
Interest	120,000		124,496		18,000	19,9	953	12,000	9,002
Fines, forfeitures and reimbursements	787,80		1,214,608		-	-,-	-	-	404
Licenses, permits and fees	1,765,000		1,929,435		-		_	-	_
Charges for services	181,450		354,767		503,000	491,0	23	-	_
Intergovernmental	4,913,60		5,337,424		-	- ,-	_	-	_
Miscellaneous	321,40		639,234		-	15,4	113	-	-
Total revenues	40,222,250	)	40,632,284		521,000	526,3	889	1,032,000	1,169,363
Evenenditures									
Expenditures:									
Current:	2 575 52		2 225 204			6.0	000	107 700	105 540
General government	3,575,53		3,335,204		-	6,2		197,720	185,549
General overhead	2,801,69		1,982,874		-		-	-	-
Police	17,186,183		15,840,062		-		-	-	-
Fire	4,342,49		3,945,797		-		-	-	-
Emergency management agency (EMA)	811,64		796,676		-		-	-	-
Road and bridge	4,199,680		3,163,606		-		-	-	-
Electrical	1,105,98		1,043,256		-		-	-	-
Municipal building and grounds	793,650		659,885		-		-	-	-
Community development	1,423,650		1,381,718		-		-	-	-
Boards, commissions and committees	168,76		175,254		-		-	-	-
Senior bus service	99,420		79,569		-		-	-	-
Village bus services	59,18		40,333		-		-	-	-
Economic incentives	2,398,000	)	1,528,621		-		-	-	-
Debt service:									
Interest and fees	-		-		-	57,2		-	-
Bond issuance costs	-		-		-	20,6		-	-
Capital outlay			-		412,278	342,4	154	-	-
Total expenditures	38,965,889	)	33,972,855		412,278	426,5	529	197,720	185,549
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	1,256,36		6,659,429		108,722	99,8	860	834,280	983,814
Other financing sources (uses):									
Bond isuance	-		-		-	1,570,5	00	-	-
Premium on bond issuance	-		-		-	60,4	143	-	-
Transfers in	709,770	)	388,199		250,000	222,6	370	-	-
Transfers (out)	(1,863,86	))	(6,839,620)		(316,958)	(542,8	36)	(845,924)	(774,851)
Payment to escrow agent	-		-		(2,259,980)	(1,552,5	500)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,154,09	))	(6,451,421)		(2,326,938)	(241,7	723)	(845,924)	(774,851)
Changes in fund balances	\$ 102,27°	<u></u>	208,008	\$	(2,218,216)	(141,8	363)	\$ (11,644)	208,963
Fund balances (deficits):									
May 1, 2011, as restated		_	9,049,595	_		(434,8	397)	_	1,025,229
April 30, 2012		\$	9,257,603	_		\$ (576,7	<b>7</b> 60)	_	\$ 1,234,192

N	Main Street	Development		Local Road	Imp	provement		Train St	ation	n O&M	Fire	e Alar	m	lr	nterfund Re	eclas	sifications	To	otal
	Budget	Actual		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual	Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual	Budget	Actual
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 19,438,000	\$ 18,428,532
*	_		*	-	,	-	*	-	•	-		*	-	*	-	*	_	13,715,000	13,763,745
	16,000	12,126		-		6,065		-		-	1,200		3,068		-		-	167,200	174,710
	-			-		20,717		-		-					-		-	787,800	1,235,729
	-	-		295,000		432,728		-		-	-		-		-		-	2,060,000	2,362,163
	-							-		-	357,150		366,299		-		-	1,041,600	1,212,089
	-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-	4,913,600	5,337,424
	48,500	56,297		-		-		11,000		10,700	-		982		-		-	380,900	722,626
	64,500	68,423		295,000		459,510		11,000		10,700	358,350		370,349		-		-	42,504,100	43,237,018
	155,980	155,418		_				73,380		37,514	269,621		99,708		-		_	4,272,236	3,819,595
	-	-		-				-		-	-		-		-		-	2,801,694	1,982,874
	-	-		-				-		-	-		-		-		-	17,186,183	15,840,062
	-	-		-				-		-	-		-		-		-	4,342,491	3,945,797
	_	-		_		_		-		_	-		-		-		_	811,645	796,676
	_	-		_		_		-		_	-		-		-		_	4,199,680	3,163,606
	_	-						_		_	_				_		_	1,105,985	1,043,256
	_	-		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_	793,650	659,885
	_	-		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_	1,423,656	1,381,718
	_	-		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_	168,765	175,254
	_	-		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_	99,420	79,569
	_	-		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_	59,185	40,333
	-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-	2,398,000	1,528,621
		_				_		_			_		_		_			_	57,262
	_	_		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_	_	20,611
	_			_				_		_	19,800		12,797		_		_	432,078	355,251
	1EE 000	155 410						72 200			289,421								
	155,980	155,418						73,380		37,514	209,421		112,505					40,094,668	34,890,370
	(91,480)	(86,995)	)	295,000		459,510		(62,380)		(26,814)	68,929		257,844				_	2,409,432	8,346,648
	(0.1,100)	(00,000)	,	200,000		.00,010		(02,000)		(20,011)	00,020		201,011					2,100,102	0,0 10,0 10
	-	-		-		-		-			-		-		-		-	-	1,570,500
	-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-	-	60,443
	91,480	98,827		-		504,029		62,380		25,000	-		-		(659,784)	(	1,016,055)	453,846	222,670
	-	-		(500,000)		-		-		-	-		-		659,784		1,016,055	(2,866,958)	(7,141,252)
	-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-					(2,259,980)	(1,552,500)
	91,480	98,827		(500,000)		504,029		62,380		25,000	-				-		-	(4,673,092)	(6,840,139)
\$	-	= 11,832	\$	(205,000)	=	963,539	\$	-	=	(1,814)	\$ 68,929	=	257,844	\$	-	=	-	\$ (2,263,660)	1,506,509
		1,588,168				556,201	_			414	_		320,427	_				_	12,105,137
		\$ 1,600,000	_		\$	1,519,740	_		\$	(1,400)	_	\$	578,271	_		\$	-	=	\$ 13,611,646
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-		<b>=</b>	,,,-	=		_	, , /		Ě	-,	=		Ť		=	,,

# Schedule of General Agency Revenues - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Or	iginal and Final	
		Budget	Actual
Property taxes	\$	19,438,000	\$ 18,428,532
Other taxes:			
Municipal occupation taxes		12,320,000	12,218,590
Amusement		375,000	385,198
Total other taxes		12,695,000	12,603,788
Interest		120,000	124,496
Fines, forfeitures and reimbursements:			
Pace		30,000	26,505
State		35,400	112,487
Police grant		40,000	80,628
Custom seizures		10,000	5,607
Other reimbursements		138,800	198,665
Fines and penalties		483,600	581,170
Insurance		50,000	209,546
Total fines, forfeitures and reimbursements		787,800	1,214,608
Licenses, permits and fees:			
Liquor		125,000	127,342
Vehicles		470,000	325,000
Business		120,000	137,320
Cable franchise		760,000	893,435
Building permits		225,000	359,352
Contractor		45,000	64,615
Pet		2,000	2,271
Crime free rental license		18,000	20,100
Total licenses, permits and fees		1,765,000	1,929,435

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

(continued)

# Schedule of General Agency Revenues - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Ori	Original and Final Budget				
Charges for services:						
Police security	\$	110,000	\$	161,549		
Rebillables		50,000		131,775		
Fire protection		-		35,437		
Senior bus		6,450		6,746		
Elevator inspection fees		15,000		19,260		
Total charges for services		181,450		354,767		
Intergovernmental:						
Personal property replacement taxes		73,600		71,871		
State income taxes		3,100,000		3,342,675		
Illinois income tax surcharge		1,360,000		1,472,472		
Telecommunication tax		380,000		450,406		
Total intergovernmental		4,913,600		5,337,424		
Miscellaneous		321,400		639,234		
Total revenues	\$	40,222,250	\$	40,632,284		

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

rear Ended April 30, 2012	Original and Final Budget Ad					
General government:		_				
Mayor and trustees:						
Personal services:						
Salaries	\$	228,000	\$	228,067		
Health and life		36,230		30,580		
Social Security and IMRF		49,220		48,281		
Contractual services and commodities:						
Telephone communications		1,922		2,149		
Travel		500		198		
Meetings and conferences		5,500		1,910		
Reception and meals		12,000		6,291		
Dues and subscriptions		9,557		12,512		
Office supplies		2,500		1,727		
Repairs and maintenance - computer equipment		500		-		
Total mayor and trustees		345,929		331,715		
Village manager:						
Personal services:						
Salaries		662,500		679,194		
Employee health and life		72,600		59,791		
Social Security and IMRF		143,425		141,357		
Contractual services and commodities:						
Telephone communications		3,780		4,291		
Meetings and conferences		1,600		2,517		
Reception and meals		2,700		2,641		
Dues and subscriptions		10,250		9,957		
Gasoline		10,275		6,650		
Travel		350		265		
Office supplies		400		936		
Repair motor vehicles		600		3,665		
Other operating supplies		1,000		349		
Total village manager		909,480		911,613		
Finance:						
Personal services:						
Salaries		707,750		704,721		
Employee health and life		116,100		92,664		
Social Security and IMRF		149,620		146,302		
Contractual services and commodities:						
Telephone communications		4,260		4,261		
Travel		1,000		375		
Training		6,800		1,952		
Employment costs		200		150		
Meetings and conferences		5,000		2,223		
Reception and meals		750		705		
Dues and subscriptions		13,288		12,966		
Reference		200		433		
Office supplies		1,200		381		
Other operating supplies				26		
		50		20		

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

,	Origi	inal and Final		
		Actual		
General government: (continued)				
Village clerk:				
Personal services:				
Salaries	\$	323,250	\$ 301,503	
Employee health and life		89,500	78,071	
Social Security and IMRF		69,980	62,818	
Contractual services and commodities:				
Training		3,000	46	
Meeting and conferences		2,500	250	
Receptions and meals		2,500	1,966	
Printing		2,000	1,107	
Legal and classified advertising		1,000	585	
Dues and subscriptions		11,304	7,165	
Other contractual services		500	-	
Codification		6,500	4,252	
Postage		3,500	3,617	
Uniforms		2,000	32	
Telephone communications		300	295	
Office supplies		3,250	3,250	
Total village clerk		521,084	464,957	
Economic Development:				
Personal services:				
Salaries		194,000	189,739	
Employee health and life		19,000	12,393	
Social Security and IMRF		42,200	40,643	
Contractual services and commodities:				
Travel		200	132	
Meeting and conferences		2,500	2,438	
Reception and meals		1,500	460	
Employment costs		-	275	
Dues and subscriptions		16,005	15,798	
Marketing		5,000	4,421	
Programs		11,700	11,329	
Telephone communications		1,070	1,044	
Postage		250	538	
Office supplies		400	244	
Gasoline		1,875	1,253	
Repair motor vehicles		200	264	
Other contractual services		1,000	131	
Total economic development		296,900	281,102	
Tr. Tr.		,	, -	

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original and Fin	al	
	Budget		Actual
Marketing/Communications:	-		
Personal services:			
Salaries	110,250	)	101,718
Employee health and life	-		171
Social Security and IMRF	21,700	)	18,721
Contractual services and commodities:			
Travel	1,800	)	1,430
Meeting and conferences	4,800		190
Reception and meals	1,000		1,571
Printing	25,000		6,400
Repairs and maintenance	5,000		4,593
Website	6,700	)	5,330
Employment costs		_	2,495
Dues and subscriptions	3,914		3,158
Contract	14,000		15,040
Programs	165,900		99,134
Tourism grant	100,000		113,640
Telephone communications	1,860		1,232
Postage	3,000		2,674
Municipal TV station	5,500		-
Flags and banners	23,000		330
Office supplies	2,500		831 378,658
Total marketing/communications	495,924		378,008
Total general government	\$ 3,575,535	5 \$	3,335,204
General overhead:			
Personal services:			
Employee health and life	\$ 12,350	) \$	12,295
Contractual services and commodities:			
Telephone communications	33,580	)	25,879
Wireless fire alarm	810	)	660
Printing	18,000	)	16,207
Liability insurance	1,000,000	)	695,702
Unemployment compensation	5,000	)	14,751
Insurance deductible	20,000	)	(1,629)
Maintenance operations	9,500	)	9,398
Dues and subscriptions	44,004	ļ	36,959
Other contractual service	316,710	)	180,628
Auditing services	37,000	)	34,305
Legal services	562,000	)	557,972

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

•	Original and Final			
		Budget		Actual
General overhead (continued):				
Illinois state police fingerprint fee		300		3,181
Administrative fees		7,500		33,623
Postage		13,860		16,090
Office supplies		10,000		11,757
Items for resale		59,680		45,972
Confectionery supplies		4,500		5,278
Other operating supplies		800		1,427
		700		746
Repair motor vehicles				
Exchange		70,680		78,502
Engineering rebillable		125,000		31,530
Appraisal services		5,000		2,000
Refunds		-		3,222
Property taxes		3,000		12,308
Miscellaneous		291,200		56,419
Fuel supplied to others		150,520		97,692
Total general overhead	\$	2,801,694	\$	1,982,874
D. II				
Police:				
Personal services: Salaries	\$	10,716,925	\$	10,178,856
Employee recognitions	Ψ	7,000	Ψ	1,923
Employee health and life		2,524,450		1,957,316
Social Security and IMRF		613,095		542,633
Contractual services and commodities:		,		,
Telephone communications		87,416		84,402
Travel		500		385
Training		37,967		52,708
Meetings and conferences		6,466		2,084
Reception and meals		2,050		923
Prisoner care		4,490		3,722
Employment costs		7,200		724
Tuition reimbursement		5,000		-
Animal care		11,875		12,386
Printing		16,800		11,337
Legal and classified advertising Photography		5,200 1,400		1,207 1,035
Microfilming		4,500		3,066
Repair to machinery and equipment		42,445		21,308
Repair motor vehicles		80,740		85,398
Insurance deductible		40,000		83,219
Radio maintenance		22,080		5,901
Radio changeover		2,500		720
Machine rental		7,200		2,400
Towel and laundry service		1,000		735
Dues and subscriptions		113,828		109,819
Service contract by agreement		87,942		48,373

# Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Oriç	ginal and Final	
		Budget	Actual
Police (continued):			
Wireless fire alarm	\$	810	\$ 813
Towing service		2,025	1,922
Medical services		3,050	360
Vehicle licenses		2,500	2,468
Postage		13,000	9,085
Office supplies		26,450	22,525
Confectionery supplies		1,500	1,432
Expendable tools		500	183
Gasoline		337,500	253,863
Oil		4,500	4,459
Miscellaneous fuels		600	356
Chemical supplies		11,550	6,807
Tires and tubes		18,500	14,126
Electric supplies		1,550	893
Books/manuals/brochures		27,950	31,975
Police operating supplies		26,965	26,343
Uniforms		11,791	22,549
Ammunition and targets		19,630	19,022
Signs and sign material		500	185
Grant expenditures		4,365	440
Training		5,878	3,485
Travel expenses		5,000	-
Pension contribution		2,210,000	2,204,191
Total police	\$	17,186,183	\$ 15,840,062
Fire:			
Fire suppression:			
Personal services:			
Salaries	\$	2,612,750	\$ 2,363,437
Employee health and life		-	3,292
Deferred compensation contribution		135,705	112,766
Social Security and IMRF		209,755	188,345
Employee recognition			1,000
Disability insurance		5,110	5,292
Insurance deductible		10,000	3,663
Contractual services and commodities:		10,000	3,003
Telephone communications		89,681	85,465
·		•	
Liability insurance		3,500	3,491
Training		30,650	29,135
Medical exams		2,200	-
Meetings and conferences		3,500	4,254
Employment costs		7,100	4,455
Reception and meals		2,000	2,426
Printing		3,075	1,606

# Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Orig	inal and Final Budget	Actual
Fire (continued):			
Fire suppression:			
Contractual services and commodities (continued):			
Microfilm/digital imaging	\$	3,000	\$ 1,969
Repair machinery and equipment		25,000	25,876
Repair motor vehicles		65,000	84,539
Radio maintenance		5,000	2,341
Repairs tires/tubes		12,000	5,731
Repair/maintenance airpaks		24,660	24,882
Equipment rental		10,454	6,600
Towel and laundry services		500	551
Service contracts		1,014	1,022
Testing services		4,725	1,434
Dues and subscription		23,582	16,882
Postage		917	912
Wireless fire alarm		3,240	3,254
Office supplies		7,500	5,607
Expendable tools		10,000	3,277
Gasoline		18,750	15,128
Diesel		39,500	39,004
Miscellaneous fuels		400	102
Chemical supplies		1,000	555
Hazardous material supplies		2,500	1,213
Janitorial supplies		5,000	5,626
Uniforms		40,000	41,807
Bunker gear		48,005	44,516
Hose		10,000	9,832
Other operating supplies		13,000	9,795
Total fire suppression		3,489,773	3,161,082
Fire prevention:			
Personal services:			
Salaries	\$	550,650	\$ 518,130
Employee health and life		120,000	99,920
Social Security and IMRF		115,100	106,715

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original a Bud		Actual
Fire (continued):		<u></u>	
Contractual services and commodities:			
Accreditation expenses		-	6,282
Travel		450	337
Training		7,505	5,660
Meetings and conferences		1,450	787
Reception and meals		2,500	1,856
Printing		4,000	4,199
Photography		4,200	3,411
Blueprinting and mapping		2,000	2,254
Repair motor vehicles		2,500	2,326
Repair office equipment		2,000	321
Radio maintenance		500	-
Other contractual services		2,530	2,528
Dues and subscription		12,838	10,825
Postage		2,200	2,229
Office supplies		1,500	899
Gasoline		7,500	7,067
Pamphlets		1,000	499
Fire safety/ed program supplies		6,296	6,249
Uniforms		3,150	1,141
Fire investigations equipment		1,500	667
Signs and sign material		100	20
Other operating supplies		1,250	393
Total fire prevention	8	352,719	784,715
Total fire	_\$ 4,3	342,491	3,945,797

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Orig	inal and Final	
		Budget	Actual
Emergency management agency (EMA):			
Personal services:			
Salaries	\$	105,200	\$ 106,344
Employee health and life		-	190
Social Security and IMRF		21,405	22,679
Contractual services and commodities:			
Telephone communications		11,440	9,752
Travel		1,050	358
Medical exams / drug tests		500	-
Training		3,000	333
Meetings and conferences		3,000	1,589
Reception and meals		3,000	1,962
Printing		1,000	189
Repair machinery and equipment		3,680	2,709
Repair motor vehicles		7,400	6,442
Radio maintenance		3,000	1,764
Repair sirens		6,500	6,210
Computer maintenance		550	697
Dues and subscriptions		6,048	5,714
Ambulance service		606,000	605,699
Marketing/recruitment		4,000	1,306
Emergency disaster plan		4,000	2,167
Postage		300	101
Office supplies		800	669
Gasoline		10,500	12,799
Uniforms		3,000	3,136
Grant expenditures		2,952	2,389
Service contracts		1,320	1,478
Pamphlets		2,000	-
Total emergency management agency (EMA)	_\$	811,645	\$ 796,676

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

Year Ended April 30, 2012 Original and Final Budget Actual Road and bridge: Personal services: Salaries \$ 1,866,550 \$ 1,555,464 Employee health and life 441,200 361,009 Employee recognitions 805 Social Security and IMRF 397,080 323,325 Contractual services and commodities: Telephone communications 7,900 7,521 **Training** 3,000 617 **Employment costs** 700 500 Meetings and conferences 700 244 Reception and meals 1.000 208 Vehicle inspection 2,150 1,921 **Printing** 1,000 940 Photography 400 19 Blueprinting and mapping 200 Electricity 3,000 3,264 Water and sewer 1.173 Utility locating service 1,750 1,782 Maintenance lift station 5,000 Contract services - rebillables 4,000 10.103 Drainage maintenance 25,000 31,147 Repair machinery and equipment 62,000 34,026 Repair motor vehicles 60,000 20,903 Insurance deductible 50,000 25,533 Radio maintenance 1.000 340 Computer maintenance 500 667 6,000 Machine rental 4,865 Towels and laundry service 1.000 514 Dues and subscriptions 21,250 20,718 Drug testing 1,000 315 Service contract by agreement 2,000 1,653 Contract snow removal 40,000 61,060 254,000 Contract landscape maintenance 96,905 Other contractual services 38,500 17,665 Engineering services 125,000 134,113 Vehicle license 500 750 6,000 Soil testing Refuse disposal 50,000 39,796 Duplicating 700 1,426 Advertising and legal notices 750 1,378 Postage 2,500 124 Office supplies 2,000 1,533 Confectionery supplies 1,300 982 First aid supplies 500 198 Expendable tools 5,000 4,970 Kerosene and LP gas 200 181 Gasoline 54,600 45,081 Oil 4,000 3,464 Diesel 91,050 48,673

# Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Orig	inal and Final Budget		Actual
Road and bridge (continued):		Duaget		Actual
Chemical supplies		9,000		542
Tires and tubes		10,000		10,124
Electrical supplies		100		46
Books/manuals/brochures		500		133
Uniforms		16,000		11,895
Paint supplies		10,000		7,319
Thermo lane marking		2,000		1,973
Plumbing supplies		100		25
Landscaping materials		20,000		14,860
Retention maintenance		16,000		1,625
Lumber supplies		1,000		64
Welding supplies		700		863
Concrete and masonry supplies		20,000		14,774
Asphalt/road oil and tar		19,000		8,018
Sewer tile culvert and related supplies		12,500		4,071
Ice control for roads		250,000		109,784
		40,000		14,544
Signs and sign material Hardware				
Safety supplies		3,000 7,000		2,542 7,816
Steel supplies				7,010
• •		1,000		12,182
Sand/gravel/rock		20,000		•
Sidewalk repair		90,000		63,172
Other operating supplies	\$	10,000 4,199,680	\$	9,159 3,163,606
Total road and bridge	<u> </u>	4,199,660	Φ	3,103,000
Electrical:				
Personal services:				
Salaries	\$	414,900	\$	430,994
Employee health and life		153,500		122,002
Social Security and IMRF		88,400		92,105
Contractual services and commodities:				
Telephone communications		6,450		3,911
Training		2,000		328
Meetings and conferences		100		-
Receptions and meals		500		83
Vehicle inspection		1,100		919
Printing		175		-
Utility locating service		1,750		1,782
Repair machinery and equipment		2,000		4,132
Repair motor vehicles		10,000		5,548
Towel and laundry service		750		514
Insurance deduction		10,000		6,922
Radio maintenance		1,500		170
Machine rental		500		-
Duplicating		400		393
Dues and subscriptions		3,010		2,961
Drug testing		250		150

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Ori	ginal and Final Budget	Actual
Electrical: (continued)			
Service contract by agreement	\$	1,350	\$ 971
Traffic signal maintenance		42,000	31,538
Other contractual services		1,000	460
Vehicle license		200	125
Electricity		265,000	230,508
Office supplies		500	475
Confectionery supplies		500	425
First aid supplies		200	44
Expendable tools		1,100	826
Kerosene and LP gas		50	47
Gasoline		15,500	10,995
Oil		1,800	656
Diesel fuel		5,700	5,149
Tires and tubes		1,000	832
Electrical supplies		63,000	79,252
Uniforms		3,500	2,293
Paint supplies		-	376
Welding supplies		100	99
Concrete and masonry supplies		1,000	1,026
Hardware		200	140
Safety supplies		3,500	3,702
Other operating supplies		700	305
Books, manuals, brochures		700	-
Sand, gravel and rock		700	24
		_	
Chamical cumpline		100	7/
Chemical supplies		100	74
Chemical supplies  Total electrical	\$	100 1,105,985	\$ 1,043,256
Total electrical	\$		\$
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds:	\$		\$
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services:		1,105,985	1,043,256
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries	\$	1,105,985 282,000	\$ 1,043,256 264,671
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life		1,105,985 282,000 75,400	1,043,256 264,671 56,053
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF		1,105,985 282,000	1,043,256 264,671
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities:		282,000 75,400 58,790	1,043,256 264,671 56,053 53,184
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing		1,105,985 282,000 75,400 58,790 100	1,043,256 264,671 56,053 53,184 595
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures		282,000 75,400 58,790 100 64,000	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs		282,000 75,400 58,790 100 64,000 700	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118 125
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions		1,105,985 282,000 75,400 58,790 100 64,000 700 3,650	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118 125 3,539
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services		1,105,985 282,000 75,400 58,790 100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000	1,043,256  264,671 56,053 53,184  595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000	1,043,256  264,671 56,053 53,184  595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible Maintenance contract		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000 19,000	1,043,256  264,671 56,053 53,184  595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230 8,750
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible Maintenance contract Phone system maintenance		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000 19,000 35,000	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230 8,750 22,552
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible Maintenance contract Phone system maintenance Other contractual services		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000 19,000 35,000 38,000	1,043,256  264,671 56,053 53,184  595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230 8,750 22,552 34,078
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible Maintenance contract Phone system maintenance Other contractual services Engineering		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000 19,000 35,000	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230 8,750 22,552 34,078 2,579
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible Maintenance contract Phone system maintenance Other contractual services Engineering Planning services		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000 19,000 35,000 38,000	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230 8,750 22,552 34,078 2,579 2,000
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible Maintenance contract Phone system maintenance Other contractual services Engineering Planning services Repairs and maintenance - computer equipment		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000 19,000 35,000 38,000 38,000	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230 8,750 22,552 34,078 2,579
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible Maintenance contract Phone system maintenance Other contractual services Engineering Planning services Repairs and maintenance - computer equipment Inspection fees		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000 19,000 35,000 38,000 38,000 700	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230 8,750 22,552 34,078 2,579 2,000 242
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible Maintenance contract Phone system maintenance Other contractual services Engineering Planning services Repairs and maintenance - computer equipment Inspection fees Wireless fire alarm		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000 19,000 35,000 38,000 3,000 700 810	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230 8,750 22,552 34,078 2,579 2,000 242 -
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible Maintenance contract Phone system maintenance Other contractual services Engineering Planning services Repairs and maintenance - computer equipment Inspection fees Wireless fire alarm Telephone communications		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000 19,000 35,000 38,000 3,000 700 810 2,000	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230 8,750 22,552 34,078 2,579 2,000 242 - 813 1,837
Total electrical  Municipal buildings and grounds: Personal services: Salaries Employee health and life Social Security and IMRF Contractual services and commodities: Printing Repair buildings and structures Employment costs Dues and subscriptions Custodial services Insurance deductible Maintenance contract Phone system maintenance Other contractual services Engineering Planning services Repairs and maintenance - computer equipment Inspection fees Wireless fire alarm		1,105,985  282,000 75,400 58,790  100 64,000 700 3,650 52,000 10,000 19,000 35,000 38,000 3,000 700 810	264,671 56,053 53,184 595 50,118 125 3,539 44,990 230 8,750 22,552 34,078 2,579 2,000 242 -

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Origi	nal and Final		A - t I
Municipal buildings and grounds:		Budget		Actual
Electricity	\$	3,000	\$	2,808
Water and sewer	Ψ	24,000	Ψ	21,765
Confectionery supplies		500		634
Expendable tools		2,000		1,984
Diesel fuel		400		740
Chemical supplies		1,000		266
Electrical supplies		8,000		5,960
Janitorial supplies		18,000		8,385
Paint supplies		1,500		554
Plumbing supplies		1,800		3,026
Landscaping maintenance		27,000		22,699
Landscaping materials		4,000		22,039
Lumber supplies		300		55
Concrete		1,000		988
Hardware		1,500		1,060
		9,000		4,596
Other operating supplies				
Furniture repair		3,500		3,448 628
Office supplies Uniforms		1,000		
		1,500		2,200
Flags and banners		500		1,945
Asphalt		2,000		-
Total municipal buildings and grounds	\$	793,650	\$	659,885
Community development:				
Building:				
Personal services:				
Salaries	\$	487,950	\$	477,400
Employee health and life	Ψ	167,500	Ψ	142,299
Social Security and IMRF		107,300		142,299
Contractual services and commodities:		103,100		101,202
		6.050		F F20
Telephone communications		6,050		5,529
Travel		500		706
Training		5,155		1,550
Meetings and conferences		810		215
Reception and meals		500		414
Printing		2,566		2,045
Repair motor vehicles		6,900		4,322
Repair office equipment		1,800		269
Towel and laundry services		-		147
Dues and subscriptions		9,851		9,238
Architectural fees		30,000		26,592
Elevator inspection		19,000		16,141
Engineering services		20,000		12,349
Postage		2,160		1,832
Office supplies		3,800		2,886
Gasoline		11,625		8,748
Books/manuals/brochures		240		219
Uniforms		1,550		678
Service contracts		900		600
Other operating supplies		1,500		839
Total building		885,457		816,300

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

# Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Orig	Original and Final Budget		
Planning:				
Personal services:				
Salaries	\$	310,750	\$	299,734
Employee health and life		68,700		53,771
Social Security and IMRF		67,840		63,670
Contractual services and commodities:				
Telephone communications		1,500		1,222
Travel		300		735
Training		1,470		605
Employment costs		-		100
Tuition reimbursement		13,000		12,440
Grant expenditures		, <u>-</u>		80,819
Meetings and conferences		3,390		2,423
Reception and meals		1,000		829
Printing		4,500		6,241
Repair motor vehicles		300		140
Dues and subscriptions		7,386		7,292
Engineering services		25,500		21,216
Planning services		25,000		8,484
Office equipment		1,000		465
Postage	\$	1,000	\$	784
Office supplies	Ψ	1,600	Ψ	1,888
Gasoline		1,313		616
Books/manuals/brochures		300		
		600		71
Service contracts				600
Other supplies		1,750		1,273
Total planning		538,199		565,418
Total community development		1,423,656	\$	1,381,718
Boards, commissions and committees:				
Civil service commission:				
Personal services:				
Salaries	\$	7,950	\$	7,774
Social Security and IMRF		615		592
Contractual services and commodities:				
Reception and meals		300		165
Legal and classified advertising		8,000		2,230
Dues and subscriptions		400		375
Other contractual services		500		-
Testing services		15,000		36,764
Printing		100		-
Legal services		3,000		_
Postage		800		- 174
Office supplies		200		106
Total civil service commission				
i otal civil service commission		36,865		48,180

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

# Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original and Final Budget			Actual
		- U		
Boards, commissions and committees: (continued)				
Environmental control board:				
Personal services:	•	4 000	Φ.	040
Salaries	\$	1,600	\$	310
Social Security and IMRF		125		24
Contractual services and commodities:		4 000		0.45
Clean up program		1,200		815
Postage		100		-
Other operating supplies		250		365
Total environmental control board		3,275		1,514
Community resource commission:				
Personal services:				
Salaries	\$	2,450	\$	1,552
Social Security and IMRF		185		114
Contractual services and commodities:				
Meetings and conferences		300		300
Other contractual services		1,020		1,006
Receptions and meals		575		409
Discover Tinley television production		19,600		27,406
Scholarships		6,500		6,463
Printing		5,000		3,767
Youth in Government		725		561
Postage		1,000		698
Other operating supplies		850		731
Total community resource commission		38,205		43,007
Zoning board of appeals:				
Personal services:				
Salaries	\$	850	\$	121
Social Security	Ψ	65	Ψ	9
Contractual services and commodities:		00		3
Legal and classified advertising		500		629
Postage		500 500		151
Other operating supplies		500		221
Total zoning board of appeals		1,915		1,131
Total Zolling Doald of appeals		1,810		1,101

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original and Final Budget	
Boards, commissions and committees: (continued)		
Long range planning commission:		
Personal services:		
Salaries	\$ 3,175	\$ 1,012
Social Security and IMRF	240	77
Contractual services and commodities:		
Legal and classified advertising	2,500	10,916
Receptions and meals	500	1,858
Other contractual services	-	1,925
Training	-	150
Postage	 500	1,516
Total long range planning commission	6,915	17,454
Veterans commission:		
Personal services:		
Salaries	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,578
Employee health and life	-	72
Social Security	100	123
Contractual services and commodities:		
Receptions and meals	250	-
Flagpole maintenance	50	-
Other contractual services	1,380	1,262
Awards and scholarships	600	-
Armed service reunion	3,500	3,574
Vet welcome home reception	2,750	1,243
Art public building education	1,200	627
Community support	500	-
Overseas support	1,000	-
Postage	3,500	-
Flags/banners	750	1,525
Total veterans commission	 17,180	10,004

# Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original and Final Budget			Actual
Boards, commissions and committees: (continued)				
Historical preservation commission:				
Personal services:				
Salaries	\$	500	\$	_
Social Security and IMRF	•	40	,	-
Contractual services and commodities:				
Other contractual services		3,000		-
Printing		100		-
Dues and subscriptions		500		395
Donations and support		5,000		5,000
Architect/planning service		3,000		-
Office supplies		100		-
Postage		25		138
Total historical preservation commission		12,265		5,533
Senior services commission:				
Personal services:				
Salaries	\$	14,300	\$	12,351
Social Security and IMRF		2,785		1,580
Contractual services and commodities:				
Printing		300		-
Community center		13,300		17,216
Meetings and conferences		-		55
Office supplies		1,000		849
Service contracts		310		-
Postage	<u>_</u>	700		1,379
Total senior services commission		32,695		33,430

### Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

Boards, commissions and committees: (continued)   Sister cities commission:   Personal services:   Salaries   Salaries		Origi		Actual		
Sister cities commission:   Personal services:   Salaries   Sala	Boards commissions and committees: (continued)					
Personal services:   Salaries   \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$						
Social Security and IMRF         -         84           Contractual services and commodities:         1,000         -           Reception and meals         1,000         -           Dues and subscriptions         750         1,395           Promotional brochures         600         35           Other contractual services         600         35           Awards/Scholarships         200         -           German exchange visit         1,500         -           Other exchange visits         150         -           Postage         150         -           Postage         150         -           Total sister cities commission         4,500         1,746           Economic / Commercial Commission         225         149           Personal services:         225         149           Salaries         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,335           Postage         2,000         1,3255           Total economic / commercial c						
Social Security and IMRF         -         84           Contractual services and commodities:         1,000         -           Reception and meals         1,000         -           Dues and subscriptions         750         1,395           Promotional brochures         600         35           Other contractual services         600         35           Awards/Scholarships         200         -           German exchange visit         1,500         -           Other exchange visits         150         -           Postage         150         -           Postage         150         -           Total sister cities commission         4,500         1,746           Economic / Commercial Commission         225         149           Personal services:         225         149           Salaries         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,335           Postage         2,000         1,3255           Total economic / commercial c	Salaries	\$	_	\$	232	
Reception and meals	Social Security and IMRF	·	-	Ť	84	
Dues and subscriptions         750         1,395           Promotional brochures         150         -           Other contractual services         600         35           Awards/Scholarships         200         -           German exchange visits         150         -           Other exchange visits         150         -           Postage         150         -           Economic / Commercial Commission         -         -           Personal services:         2975         \$ 2,054           Salaries         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         3,500         4,128           Reception and meals         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         1,030           Postage         4,128         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         4,128         5,075           Printing         6,075         5,075           Printing         6,075         5,075						
Dues and subscriptions         750         1,395           Promotional brochures         150         -           Other contractual services         600         35           Awards/Scholarships         200         -           German exchange visits         150         -           Other exchange visits         150         -           Postage         150         -           Economic / Commercial Commission         -         -           Personal services:         2975         \$ 2,054           Salaries         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         3,500         4,128           Reception and meals         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         1,030           Postage         4,128         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         1,495         13,285           Total boards, commissions and committees         168,765         175,254           Senior bus services:         1,1	Reception and meals		1,000		-	
Other contractual services         600         35           Awards/Scholarships         200         -           German exchange visit         1,500         -           Other exchange visits         150         -           Postage         150         -           Total sister cities commission         -         -           Personal services:         -         -           Salaries         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         819           Total boards, commissions and committees         \$ 168,765         \$ 175,254           Senior bus service:         Presonal services:           Salaries         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         2,000         2,01           Contractual services         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         2,000         2,31 <t< td=""><td>Dues and subscriptions</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1,395</td></t<>	Dues and subscriptions				1,395	
Awards/Scholarships         200         -           German exchange visit         1,500         -           Other exchange visits         150         -           Postage         150         -           Total sister cities commission         4,500         1,746           Economic / Commercial Commission         -         -           Personal services:         -         -           Salaries         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         13,255           Total boards, commissions and committees         \$ 168,765         \$ 175,254           Senior bus service:         * 11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:         * 450         278           Repair motor vehicles         2,000         2,312           Radio maintenance         100         -           Medical services         100         -           Postag	Promotional brochures		150		-	
German exchange visits         1,500         -           Other exchange visits         150         -           Postage         150         -           Total sister cities commission         4,500         1,746           Economic / Commercial Commission         **** Personal services:         **** Salaries**         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         **** Reception and meals**         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         819           Postage         2,000         10,30           Postage         2,000         819           Total boards, commissions and commission         14,950         13,255           Total boards, commissions and committees         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Scalaries         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Repair motor vehicles </td <td>Other contractual services</td> <td></td> <td>600</td> <td></td> <td>35</td>	Other contractual services		600		35	
Other exchange visits Postage         150   15	Awards/Scholarships		200		-	
Postage	German exchange visit		1,500		-	
Total sister cities commission         4,500         1,746           Economic / Commercial Commission         Personal services:         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Salaries         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         \$ 3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         819           Total economic / commercial commission         14,950         13,255           Total boards, commissions and committees         \$ 168,765         \$ 175,254           Senior bus service:         Personal services:           Salaries         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:         2         200         2,312           Telephone and pagers         450         278         28         29         29         29         29         29         29         29         29         29         29         29         29         29         29         29         28         29         29         29         <	Other exchange visits				-	
Personal services: Salaries   \$ 2,975   \$ 2,054   \$ Social Security and IMRF   \$ 225   \$ 149   \$ COntractual services and commodities: Reception and meals   \$ 3,500   \$ 4,128   \$ Programs   \$ 4,250   \$ 5,075   \$ Printing   \$ 2,000   \$ 1,030   \$ Postage   \$ 2,000   \$ 819   \$ \$ \$ 168,765   \$ \$ 175,254   \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$					-	
Personal services:         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         Reception and meals         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         819           Total boards, commissions and commission         14,950         13,255           Total boards, commissions and committees           Salaries         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:           Telephone and pagers         450         278           Repair motor vehicles         2,000         2,312           Radio maintenance         100         -           Medical services         1,000         476           Postage         10         4           Diesel fuel         9,085         7,829           Tires and tubes         500         -           Vehicle inspections         75         47           Other operating supplies         5,000         -           <	Total sister cities commission		4,500		1,746	
Personal services:         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         Reception and meals         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         819           Total boards, commissions and commission         14,950         13,255           Total boards, commissions and committees           Salaries         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:           Telephone and pagers         450         278           Repair motor vehicles         2,000         2,312           Radio maintenance         100         -           Medical services         1,000         476           Postage         10         4           Diesel fuel         9,085         7,829           Tires and tubes         500         -           Vehicle inspections         75         47           Other operating supplies         5,000         -           <	Economic / Commercial Commission					
Salaries         \$ 2,975         \$ 2,054           Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         3,500         4,128           Reception and meals         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         819           Total economic / commercial commission         14,950         13,255           Total boards, commissions and committees         \$ 168,765         \$ 175,254           Senior bus service:           Personal services:         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Salaries         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:         278         278           Repair motor vehicles         2,000         2,312           Radio maintenance         100         -           Medical services         1,000         476           Postage         1,000         476           Postage         1,000         476						
Social Security and IMRF         225         149           Contractual services and commodities:         3,500         4,128           Reception and meals         3,500         5,075           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         819           Total economic / commercial commission         14,950         13,255           Total boards, commissions and committees         \$ 168,765         \$ 175,254           Senior bus service:         Personal services:           Personal services:         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:         450         278           Telephone and pagers         450         278           Repair motor vehicles         2,000         2,312           Radio maintenance         100         -           Medical services         1,000         476           Postage         10         4           Diesel fuel         9,085         7,829           Tires and tubes         500         -           Vehicle inspections         50         80	Salaries	\$	2,975	\$	2,054	
Contractual services and commodities:         3,500         4,128           Reception and meals         3,500         4,128           Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         819           Total economic / commercial commission         14,950         13,255           Total boards, commissions and committees           Senior bus service:           Personal services:         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:         2,000         2,312           Repair motor vehicles         2,000         2,312           Radio maintenance         1,000         476           Postage         1,000         476           Postage         10         4           Diesel fuel         9,085         7,829           Tires and tubes         500         -           Vehicle inspections         75         47           Other operating supplies         5,000         -           Insurance deductible <td< td=""><td>Social Security and IMRF</td><td>·</td><td></td><td>·</td><td></td></td<>	Social Security and IMRF	·		·		
Programs         4,250         5,075           Printing         2,000         1,030           Postage         2,000         819           Total economic / commercial commission         14,950         13,255           Total boards, commissions and committees           Senior bus service:           Personal services:           Salaries         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:         2,000         2,78           Repair motor vehicles         2,000         2,312           Radio maintenance         100         -           Medical services         1,000         47           Postage         10         4           Diesel fuel         9,085         7,829           Tires and tubes         500         -           Vehicle inspections         75         47           Other operating supplies         50         80           Insurance deductible         5,000         -						
Printing Postage         2,000 month         1,030 month           Total economic / commercial commission         14,950 month         13,255 month           Total boards, commissions and committees         \$ 168,765 month         175,254 month           Senior bus service:         Personal services:         \$ 69,725 month         \$ 59,124 month           Salaries         \$ 69,725 month         \$ 59,124 month         \$ 59,124 month         \$ 59,124 month         \$ 11,425 month         \$ 9,419 month         \$ 11,425 month         \$ 1,425	Reception and meals		3,500		4,128	
Printing Postage         2,000 month         1,030 month           Total economic / commercial commission         14,950 month         13,255 month           Total boards, commissions and committees         \$ 168,765 month         175,254 month           Senior bus service:         Personal services:         \$ 69,725 month         \$ 59,124 month           Salaries         \$ 69,725 month         \$ 59,124 month         \$ 59,124 month         \$ 59,124 month         \$ 11,425 month         \$ 9,419 month         \$ 11,425 month         \$ 1,425	Programs		4,250		5,075	
Total boards, commissions and committees         14,950         13,255           Senior bus service:         Personal services:           Salaries         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:         Telephone and pagers         450         278           Repair motor vehicles         2,000         2,312           Radio maintenance         1,000         476           Postage         10         4           Diesel fuel         9,085         7,829           Tires and tubes         500         -           Vehicle inspections         50         80           Other operating supplies         50         80           Insurance deductible         5,000         -			2,000		1,030	
Total boards, commissions and committees         \$ 168,765         \$ 175,254           Senior bus service:         Personal services:         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Salaries         \$ 69,725         \$ 59,124           Social Security and IMRF         11,425         9,419           Contractual services and commodities:         2           Telephone and pagers         450         278           Repair motor vehicles         2,000         2,312           Radio maintenance         100         -           Medical services         1,000         476           Postage         10         4           Diesel fuel         9,085         7,829           Tires and tubes         500         -           Vehicle inspections         75         47           Other operating supplies         50         80           Insurance deductible         5,000         -	Postage		2,000		819	
Senior bus service:         Personal services:       \$ 69,725 \$ 59,124         Salaries       \$ 69,725 \$ 59,124         Social Security and IMRF       11,425 9,419         Contractual services and commodities:       278         Telephone and pagers       450 278         Repair motor vehicles       2,000 2,312         Radio maintenance       100 -         Medical services       1,000 476         Postage       10 4         Diesel fuel       9,085 7,829         Tires and tubes       500 -         Vehicle inspections       75 47         Other operating supplies       50 80         Insurance deductible       5,000 -	Total economic / commercial commission		14,950		13,255	
Personal services:       \$ 69,725 \$ 59,124         Social Security and IMRF       11,425 9,419         Contractual services and commodities:       278         Telephone and pagers       450 278         Repair motor vehicles       2,000 2,312         Radio maintenance       100 -         Medical services       1,000 476         Postage       10 4         Diesel fuel       9,085 7,829         Tires and tubes       500 -         Vehicle inspections       75 47         Other operating supplies       50 80         Insurance deductible       5,000 -	Total boards, commissions and committees	\$	168,765	\$	175,254	
Personal services:       \$ 69,725 \$ 59,124         Social Security and IMRF       11,425 9,419         Contractual services and commodities:       278         Telephone and pagers       450 278         Repair motor vehicles       2,000 2,312         Radio maintenance       100 -         Medical services       1,000 476         Postage       10 4         Diesel fuel       9,085 7,829         Tires and tubes       500 -         Vehicle inspections       75 47         Other operating supplies       50 80         Insurance deductible       5,000 -	Senior bus service:					
Social Security and IMRF       11,425       9,419         Contractual services and commodities:       278         Telephone and pagers       450       278         Repair motor vehicles       2,000       2,312         Radio maintenance       100       -         Medical services       1,000       476         Postage       10       4         Diesel fuel       9,085       7,829         Tires and tubes       500       -         Vehicle inspections       75       47         Other operating supplies       50       80         Insurance deductible       5,000       -						
Contractual services and commodities:       450       278         Telephone and pagers       450       278         Repair motor vehicles       2,000       2,312         Radio maintenance       100       -         Medical services       1,000       476         Postage       10       4         Diesel fuel       9,085       7,829         Tires and tubes       500       -         Vehicle inspections       75       47         Other operating supplies       50       80         Insurance deductible       5,000       -	Salaries	\$	69,725	\$	59,124	
Telephone and pagers       450       278         Repair motor vehicles       2,000       2,312         Radio maintenance       100       -         Medical services       1,000       476         Postage       10       4         Diesel fuel       9,085       7,829         Tires and tubes       500       -         Vehicle inspections       75       47         Other operating supplies       50       80         Insurance deductible       5,000       -	Social Security and IMRF		11,425		9,419	
Repair motor vehicles       2,000       2,312         Radio maintenance       100       -         Medical services       1,000       476         Postage       10       4         Diesel fuel       9,085       7,829         Tires and tubes       500       -         Vehicle inspections       75       47         Other operating supplies       50       80         Insurance deductible       5,000       -	Contractual services and commodities:					
Repair motor vehicles       2,000       2,312         Radio maintenance       100       -         Medical services       1,000       476         Postage       10       4         Diesel fuel       9,085       7,829         Tires and tubes       500       -         Vehicle inspections       75       47         Other operating supplies       50       80         Insurance deductible       5,000       -	Telephone and pagers		450		278	
Medical services       1,000       476         Postage       10       4         Diesel fuel       9,085       7,829         Tires and tubes       500       -         Vehicle inspections       75       47         Other operating supplies       50       80         Insurance deductible       5,000       -			2,000		2,312	
Postage       10       4         Diesel fuel       9,085       7,829         Tires and tubes       500       -         Vehicle inspections       75       47         Other operating supplies       50       80         Insurance deductible       5,000       -	Radio maintenance		100		-	
Diesel fuel       9,085       7,829         Tires and tubes       500       -         Vehicle inspections       75       47         Other operating supplies       50       80         Insurance deductible       5,000       -	Medical services		1,000		476	
Tires and tubes       500       -         Vehicle inspections       75       47         Other operating supplies       50       80         Insurance deductible       5,000       -	Postage		10		4	
Vehicle inspections7547Other operating supplies5080Insurance deductible5,000-					7,829	
Other operating supplies 50 80 Insurance deductible 5,000 -					-	
Insurance deductible5,000						
<del></del>					80	
Total senior bus service <u>\$ 99,420 \$ 79,569</u>	Insurance deductible		5,000		-	
	Total senior bus service	\$	99,420	\$	79,569	

# Schedule of General Agency Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Ori	ginal and Final		
		Budget		Actual
Village bus services:				
Personal services:				
Salaries	\$	37,650	\$	26,060
Social security and IMRF		7,225		4,401
Contractual services and commodities:				
Telephone communications		250		182
Vehicle inspection		50		47
Repair motor vehicles		1,500		1,200
Repair radios		100		-
Tires and tubes		200		1,269
Oil		7,110		7,150
Other operating supplies		100		24
Insurance deductible		5,000		
Total village bus services	\$	59,185	\$	40,333
Economic incentives	\$	2,398,000	\$	1,528,621
Total expenditures	\$	38,965,889	\$	33,972,855

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

#### **Note to Required Supplementary Information**

#### Note 1. Budgetary Information

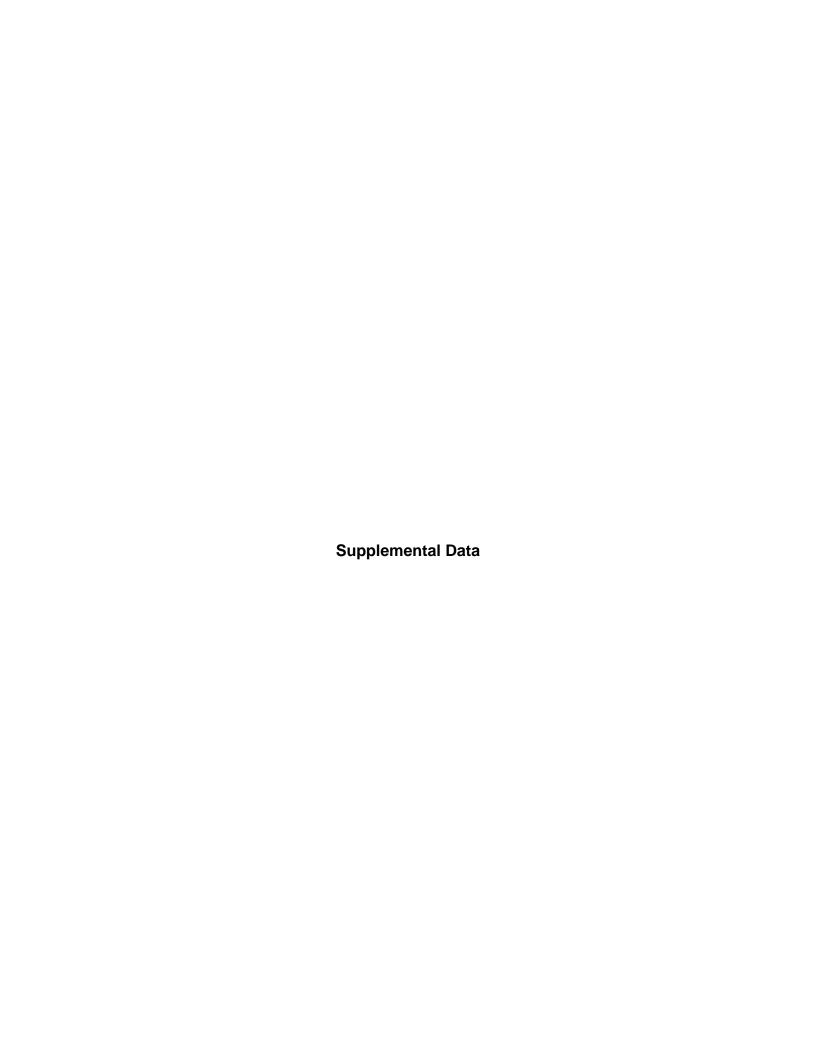
#### **Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The original budget was not amended during the current year.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Village Manager submits to the Village Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget ordinance, which serves as a budget, for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget ordinance includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted by the Village to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Subsequently, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general, certain special revenue (excluding Drug Enforcement and Local Road Improvement), and capital projects funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for debt service funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- 5. Budgets for the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 6. Budgetary authority lapses at year-end.
- 7. State law requires that "expenditures be made in conformity with appropriation/budget." As under the Budget Act, transfers between line items and departments may be made by administrative action. Amounts to be transferred between funds would require Village Board approval. Legal budgetary control is maintained at fund level.
- 8. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted.





Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds April 30, 2012

	Special Revenue	Debt Capital Service Projects		•	G	Total Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,033,587	\$ 2,624,630	\$	12,152,557	\$	17,810,774
Receivables:						
Property taxes	-	220,100		-		220,100
Intergovernmental	546,595	-		-		546,595
Other	30,068	-		-		30,068
Due from other funds	 -	29,921		-		29,921
Total assets	\$ 3,610,250	\$ 2,874,651	\$	12,152,557	\$	18,637,458
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 2,032	\$ -	\$	53,557	\$	55,589
Deferred revenue	20,786	363,825		-		384,611
Total liabilities	22,818	363,825		53,557		440,200
Fund Balances						
Unassigned	-	(143,725)		-		(143,725)
Restricted	3,587,432	285,089		12,068,238		15,940,759
Committed	-	2,369,462		30,762		2,400,224
Total fund balances	3,587,432	2,510,826		12,099,000		18,197,258
Total liabilities and						
fund balances	\$ 3,610,250	\$ 2,874,651	\$	12,152,557	\$	18,637,458

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended April 30, 2012

					Total Nonmajor
	Special		Debt	Capital	Governmental
	Revenue	Service		Projects	Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	285,674	\$ 5,369,407	\$ 5,655,081
Other taxes	582,564		-	-	582,564
Interest	23,939		19,555	83,235	126,729
Fines, forfeitures, and reimbursements	-		352,880	-	352,880
Intergovernmental	1,927,213		-	108,392	2,035,605
Miscellaneous	 9,993		-	1,000	10,993
Total revenues	 2,543,709		658,109	5,562,034	8,763,852
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	33,983		-	86,828	120,811
Police	412,788		-	-	412,788
Road and bridge	2,683,857		-	-	2,683,857
Debt service:					
Principal	-		3,312,397	-	3,312,397
Interest and fees	-		1,433,040	1,000	1,434,040
Capital outlay	280,603		-	4,529,006	4,809,609
Total expenditures	 3,411,231		4,745,437	4,616,834	12,773,502
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(867,522)		(4,087,328)	945,200	(4,009,650)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-		4,742,783	4,809,458	9,552,241
Transfers (out)	 -		(675,317)	(11,660,041)	(12,335,358)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		4,067,466	(6,850,583)	(2,783,117)
Changes in fund balance	(867,522)		(19,862)	(5,905,383)	(6,792,767)
Fund balances:					
May 1, 2011, as restated	 4,454,954		2,530,688	18,004,383	24,990,025
April 30, 2012	\$ 3,587,432	\$	2,510,826	\$ 12,099,000	\$ 18,197,258

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds April 30, 2012

	Customs Seizures	· ·		Enhanced 911 Services		Foreign Fire Tax		ommunity velopment Block Grant	Total	
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 775,579	\$ 1,779,604	\$	75,379	\$	165,726	\$	233,300	\$ 3,999	\$ 3,033,587
Intergovernmental Other	 -	110,083		-		436,512 30,068		-	-	546,595 30,068
Total assets	\$ 775,579	\$ 1,889,687	\$	75,379	\$	632,306	\$	233,300	\$ 3,999	\$ 3,610,250
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$ -	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	113 20,786	\$	1,919 -	\$ -	\$ 2,032 20,786
Total liabilities	-	-		-		20,899		1,919	-	22,818
Fund Balances Restricted	 775,579	1,889,687		75,379		611,407		231,381	3,999	3,587,432
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 775,579	\$ 1,889,687	\$	75,379	\$	632,306	\$	233,300	\$ 3,999	\$ 3,610,250

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Motor Customs Fuel Drug Seizures Tax Enforcemen		uel Drug 911			911 F		Foreign Fire Tax		ommunity velopment Block Grant	Total
Revenues:											
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	582,564	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 582,564
Interest	6,081	13,163		592		2,229		1,874		-	23,939
Intergovernmental	159,049	1,705,921		13,782		-		48,461		-	1,927,213
Miscellaneous	-	400		-		-		9,593		-	9,993
Total revenues	 165,130	1,719,484		14,374		584,793		59,928		-	2,543,709
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government	-	-		12,353		-		21,630		-	33,983
Police	11,163	-		-		401,625		-		-	412,788
Road and bridge	-	2,683,857		-		-		-		-	2,683,857
Capital outlay	241,918	-		-		-		38,685		-	280,603
Total expenditures	253,081	2,683,857		12,353		401,625		60,315		-	3,411,231
Change in fund balance	(87,951)	(964,373)		2,021		183,168		(387)		-	(867,522)
Fund balances:											
May 1, 2011, as restated	863,530	2,854,060		73,358		428,239		231,768		3,999	4,454,954
April 30, 2012	\$ 775,579	\$ 1,889,687	\$	75,379	\$	611,407	\$	231,381	\$	3,999	\$ 3,587,432

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Customs Seizures Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Orig	Original and Final							
		Budget							
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	50,000	\$	159,049					
Interest		9,000		6,081					
Miscellaneous		-		-					
Total revenues		59,000		165,130					
Expenditures,									
Current, police		5,200		11,163					
Capital outlay		303,625		241,918					
Total expenditures		308,825		253,081					
Change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	(249,825)	=	(87,951)					
Fund balance:									
May 1, 2011				863,530					
April 30, 2012			\$	775,579					

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Motor Fuel Tax Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Ori	Original and Final Budget Actual					
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	1,430,000	\$	1,705,921			
Interest		20,000		13,163			
Miscellaneous		-		400			
Total revenues		1,450,000		1,719,484			
Expenditures,							
current, road and bridge		2,714,000		2,683,857			
Change in fund balance	\$	(1,264,000)	=	(964,373)			
Fund balance:							
May 1, 2011				2,854,060			
April 30, 2012			\$	1,889,687			

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Drug Enforcement Year Ended April 30, 2012

	_	Original and Final Budget					
Revenues, Interest Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$	800 \$ - 800	592 13,782 14,374				
Expenditures, Miscellaneous		7,000	12,353				
Change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	(6,200)	2,021				
Fund balance: May 1, 2011			73,358				
April 30, 2012		\$	75,379				

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Enhanced 911 Services Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Origi	Original and Final						
		Budget						
Revenues:								
Other taxes	\$	427,000	\$	582,564				
Interest	·	3,000	·	2,229				
Total revenues		430,000		584,793				
Expenditures:								
Current, police		401,095		400,713				
Capital outlay		960		912				
Total expenditures		402,055		401,625				
Change in fund balance	\$	27,945	-	183,168				
Fund balance:								
May 1, 2011				428,239				
April 30, 2012			\$	611,407				

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Foreign Fire Tax Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Origi	Original and Final Budget					
		Duaget		Actual			
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	40,000	\$	48,461			
Interest		-		1,874			
Miscellaneous		-		9,593			
Total revenues		40,000		59,928			
Expenditures,							
Current, general government		99,680		21,630			
Capital outlay		-		38,685			
Total expenditures		99,680		60,315			
Change in fund balance	_\$	(59,680)	=	(387)			
Fund balance:							
May 1, 2011				231,768			
April 30, 2012			\$	231,381			

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds April 30, 2012

		2009				
		General	Special	Limited	Hotel Tax	
	Tax/Bond	Obligation	Service	Sales	Debt Service	
	Stabilization	Bonds	Area #3	Tax Bonds	Reserve	Total
Assets	Otabilization	Donas	raca no	Tax Bonds	11000110	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 2,257,391	\$ -	\$ 275,862	\$ 9,227	\$ 82,150	\$ 2,624,630
Property taxes	_	220,100	_	_		220,100
Due from other funds		220,100		_	29,921	29,921
Due nom other funds					29,921	29,921
Total assets	\$ 2,257,391	\$ 220,100	\$ 275,862	\$ 9,227	\$ 112,071	\$ 2,874,651
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Deferred revenue	\$ -	\$ 363,825	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 363,825
Fund Balances						
Unassigned	-	(143,725)	-	-	-	(143,725)
Restricted	-	-	275,862	9,227	-	285,089
Committed	2,257,391	-	-	-	112,071	2,369,462
Total fund balances	2,257,391	(143,725)	275,862	9,227	112,071	2,510,826
			·	•	·	·
Total liabilities and						
fund balances	\$ 2,257,391	\$ 220,100	\$ 275,862	\$ 9,227	\$ 112,071	\$ 2,874,651

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Year Ended April 30, 2012	Tax/Bond Stabilization	2002 General Obligation Bonds	2004 General Obligation Bonds	2008 General Obligation Bonds	2009 General Obligation Bonds	2009A Build America Bonds	2010 Build America Bonds	Special Service Area #3	Limited Sales Tax Bonds	Hotel Tax Debt Service Reserve	Total
Revenues:											
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 285,674	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 285,674
Fines, forfeitures, and reimbursements	-	-	-	-	-	133,665	219,215	-	-	-	352,880
Interest	16,684	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,159	73	639	19,555
Total revenues	16,684	-	-	-	285,674	133,665	219,215	2,159	73	639	658,109
Expenditures:											
Debt service:											
Principal	-	23,400	260,925	465,000	499,495	1,605,000	458,577	-	-	-	3,312,397
Interest and fees	250	1,053	113,478	139,038	228,898	381,900	568,173	-	-	250	1,433,040
Total expenditures	250	24,453	374,403	604,038	728,393	1,986,900	1,026,750	-	-	250	4,745,437
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	16,434	(24,453)	(374,403)	(604,038)	(442,719)	(1,853,235)	(807,535)	2,159	73	389	(4,087,328)
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers in	250,000	24,453	374,403	604,038	442,467	1,853,235	807,535	-	-	386,652	4,742,783
Transfers (out)	(298,472)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(376,845)	(675,317)
Total other financing											
sources (uses)	(48,472)	24,453	374,403	604,038	442,467	1,853,235	807,535	-	-	9,807	4,067,466
Change in fund balances	(32,038)	-	-	-	(252)	-	-	2,159	73	10,196	(19,862)
Fund balances (deficit):											
May 1, 2011	2,289,429	-	-	-	(143,473)	-	-	273,703	9,154	101,875	2,530,688
April 30, 2012	\$ 2,257,391	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (143,725)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 275,862	\$ 9,227	\$ 112,071	\$ 2,510,826

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds April 30, 2012

						2010	
	Main S	treet	Main Street	Oak Park	Municipal	Build	
	Nor	th	South	Avenue	Real	America	
	TIF	<b>=</b>	TIF	TIF	Estate	Bond Fund	Total
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,906	,455	\$ 2,426,198	\$ 4,640,341	\$ 30,762	\$ 2,148,801	\$ 12,152,557
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	20	\$ 20	\$ 53,517	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,557
Fund Balances							
Restricted	2,906	,435	2,426,178	4,586,824	-	2,148,801	12,068,238
Committed		-	-	-	30,762	-	30,762
Total fund balances	2,906	,435	2,426,178	4,586,824	30,762	2,148,801	12,099,000
Total liabilities and							
fund balances	\$ 2,906	,455	\$ 2,426,198	\$ 4,640,341	\$ 30,762	\$ 2,148,801	\$ 12,152,557

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Year Ended April 30, 2012

real Elided April 30, 2012	M	lain Street North TIF	M	lain Street South TIF	Oak Park Avenue TIF	Municipal Real Estate	2010 Build America Bond Fund		Total
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	628,713	\$	631,974	\$4,108,720	\$ -	\$ -	\$	5,369,407
Interest		19,967		16,404	29,611	234	17,019		83,235
Intergovernmental		-		-	108,392	-	-		108,392
Miscellaneous		-		-	-	1,000	-		1,000
Total revenues		648,680		648,378	4,246,723	1,234	17,019		5,562,034
Expenditures:									
Current, general government:									
Reimbursements and refunds		30,000		121,620	64,787	-	-		216,407
Other contractual services		2,925		5,425	(137,929)	-	-		(129,579)
Debt service:				·	,				
Interest and fees		_		-	1,000	-	-		1,000
Capital outlay		39,442		175,932	4,313,632	-	-		4,529,006
Total expenditures		72,367		302,977	4,241,490	-	-		4,616,834
Excess of revenues over expenditures		576,313		345,401	5,233	1,234	17,019		945,200
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfer in		_		150,000	4,659,458	_	_		4,809,458
Transfer (out)		_		(10,117)	(2,457,273)	_	(9,192,651)	(	(11,660,041)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		139,883	2,202,185	-	(9,192,651)	`	(6,850,583)
Change in fund balances		576,313		485,284	2,207,418	1,234	(9,175,632)		(5,905,383)
Fund balances:									
May 1, 2011		2,330,122	•	1,940,894	2,379,406	29,528	11,324,433		18,004,383
April 30, 2012	\$	2,906,435	\$ 2	2,426,178	\$4,586,824	\$ 30,762	\$ 2,148,801	\$	12,099,000

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Main Street North TIF Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original and Final		
	Budget	Actual	
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 595,000	\$	628,713
Interest	20,000		19,967
Total revenues	615,000		648,680
Expenditures,			
Current, general government:			
Reimbursements and refunds	30,000		30,000
Other contractual services	15,000		2,925
Capital outlay	60,000		39,442
Total expenditures	105,000		72,367
Change in fund balance	\$ 510,000	=	576,313
Fund balance:			
May 1, 2011			2,330,122
April 30, 2012		\$	2,906,435

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Main Street South TIF Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Orig			
		Budget		Actual
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$	615,000	\$	631,974
Interest		15,000		16,404
Total revenues		630,000		648,378
Expenditures:				
Current, general government:				
Reimbursements and refunds		107,000		121,620
Other contractual services		40,000		5,425
Capital outlay		855,437		175,932
Total expenditures		1,002,437		302,977
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(372,437)		345,401
Other financing (uses),				
Transfers in		150,000		150,000
Transfers (out)		(10,363)		(10,117)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	139,637		139,883
Change in fund balance	\$	(232,800)	=	485,284
Fund balance:				
May 1, 2011				1,940,894
April 30, 2012			\$	2,426,178

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Oak Park Avenue TIF Year Ended April 30, 2012

Year Ended April 30, 2012	Ori			
		Budget		Actual
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$	4,025,000	\$	4,108,720
Fines, forfeitures, and reimbursements		352,880	•	, , -
Interest		20,250		29,611
Intergovernmental		388,600		108,392
Total revenues		4,786,730		4,246,723
Expenditures,				
Current, general government:				
Reimbursements and refunds		84,600		64,787
Other contractual services		2,686,900		685,145
Distributions to school districts		1,000,000		(823,074)
Debt service:				
Principal		219,215		-
Interest and fees		1,000		1,000
Capital outlay		7,074,600		4,313,632
Total expenditures		11,066,315		4,241,490
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(6,279,585)		5,233
Other financing (uses),				
Transfers in		5,600,000		4,659,458
Transfers (out)		(604,038)		(2,457,273)
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,995,962		2,202,185
Change in fund balance	\$	(1,283,623)	=	2,207,418
Fund balance:				
May 1, 2011				2,379,406
April 30, 2012			\$	4,586,824

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Municipal Real Estate Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Origi	Original and Final					
	Budget			Actual			
Revenues:							
Interest	\$	300	\$	234			
Other		-		1,000			
Total revenues		300		1,234			
Expenditures,							
capital outlay		29,800		-			
Change in fund balance	\$	(29,500)	=	1,234			
Fund balance:							
May 1, 2011				29,528			
April 30, 2012			\$	30,762			

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2010 Build America Bond Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Oriç		Actual	
Revenues,				
Interest	\$	2,000	\$	17,019
Expenditures:				
Current, general government:		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,000		17,019
Other financing (uses),				
Transfers (out)		(11,000,000)		(9,192,651)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(11,000,000)		(9,192,651)
Change in fund balance	\$	(10,998,000)	=	(9,175,632)
Fund balance:				
May 1, 2011				11,324,433
April 30, 2012			\$	2,148,801

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Improvements Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original and Final			
	Budget		Actual	
Revenues:				
Interest	\$ 202,000	\$	142,039	
Licenses, permits and fees	55,040	Ψ	86,851	
Intergovernmental	6,688,070		4,072,206	
Miscellaneous	-		3,182,506	
Total revenues	6,945,110		7,483,602	
Expenditures:				
Debt service:				
Interest and fees	-		37,438	
Bond issuance cost	-		13,534	
Capital outlay	22,654,101		9,821,017	
Total expenditures	22,654,101		9,871,989	
(Deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	(15,708,991)		(2,388,387)	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond issuance	-		1,031,295	
Premium on bonds issued	-		39,691	
Transfers in	6,770,000		10,130,309	
Transfers (out)	(507,600)		(675,403)	
Payment to escrow agent	(148,405)		(1,019,475)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,113,995		9,506,417	
Change in fund balance	\$ (9,594,996)	=	7,118,030	
Fund balance:				
May 1, 2011			22,126,535	
April 30, 2012		\$	29,244,565	

## Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Capital Improvements Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

Tear Ended April 30, 2012	Original and Final			
	- \		Actual	
		Budget		
Capital outlay:				
Salary reserve	\$	1,873,000	\$	-
Other contractual services		10,000		-
Canine team		21,345		-
Insurance reserve		700,000		163,616
Finance software		230,000		188
Architectural services		15,000		14,521
Equipment		54,300		54,085
FD accreditation		4,250		4,250
First aid kits		5,000		-
Alarms		20,075		17,880
Emergency notification		91,250		-
Uniforms		25,000		-
Electrical supplies		4,275		4,260
Concrete and masonry		150,000		126,839
Training tower		35,750		35,750
Traffic counter		50,850		57,255
Fencing		-		2,970
Computer program		21,800		20,623
Microfilm		35,000		-
Radio and communication equipment		39,000		4,176
Computer software		48,624		31,045
Radar		28,000		-
Lightbar		8,600		-
Entrance doors		5,440		5,400
Automobiles		490,178		393,777
Front-end loader		98,700		98,451
Furnace		157,320		153,951
Aerial loader		831,000		-
Streetscape improvements		140,000		14,664
Camera		8,655		7,500
Sod cutter		13,000		-
Space needs study		25,000		12,200
Network analysis consultant		9,620		9,126
Photocopy machine		28,020		27,350
Cash registers		9,000		-
Air paks		12,550		12,505
Roof repair		185,750		172,459
Arterial sidewalks		45,000		-

(continued)

### Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Capital Improvements Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

real Elided April 30, 2012					
	Original and Final				
		Budget		Actual	
	•	40= 000	•		
Flood control projects	\$	405,000	\$	9,751	
Tree replacement program		50,000		-	
Parking lot repair		284,936		10,061	
Grant expenditures		15,400		-	
Major capital improvements		14,828,128		7,988,960	
Property acquisition		500,000		25,000	
Street lighting		107,212		1,258	
Water main construction		150,000		-	
Contract roadway improvements		177,576		128,417	
Economic incentive reserve		263,450		(18,173)	
Computer		192,047		80,902	
Payments to other governments		150,000		150,000	
Total capital outlay	\$	22,654,101	\$	9,821,017	

# Schedule of Operating and Nonoperating Revenues, Expenses and Transfers - Budget and Actual Waterworks and Sewerage Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original and Final			
		Budget		Actual
Operating revenues:				
Water sales and sewer services	\$	15,944,900	\$	16,610,534
Meter sales	·	14,000	·	26,037
Building impact fees		-		12,972
Other		5,000		504,273
Total operating revenues		15,963,900		17,153,816
Operating expenses, other than depreciation		17,914,586		13,701,615
Operating (loss) income before depreciation		(1,950,686)		3,452,201
Depreciation				2,439,586
Operating (loss) income		(1,950,686)		1,012,615
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Annexation recaptures		-		58,053
Development contributions and fees		130,586		339,991
Interest income		69,250		88,968
Interest (expense)		(910,070)		(396,408)
(Loss) income before transfers		(2,660,920)		1,103,219
Transfers in		-		356,793
Transfer (out)		(60,000)		(60,000)
Change in net assets	\$	(2,720,920)	=	1,400,012
Net assets:				
May 1, 2011				40,441,682
April 30, 2012			\$	41,841,694

### Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual Waterworks and Sewerage Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

Year Ended April 30, 2012	Original and Final Budget			Actual	
Personal services, salaries	\$	1,976,275	\$	1,722,632	
Contractual services:					
Illinois American Water sewer treatment services		435,000		416,217	
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District sewer service		600,000		634,030	
Frankfort sewer service		235,000		227,880	
Postage		54,000		46,180	
Telephone and pagers		29,400		27,133	
Wireless alarm fees		1,620		1,320	
Training		3,400		2,961	
Medical exams		600		430	
Meetings and conferences		1,200		718	
Receptions and meals		1,000		861	
Vehicle inspection		600		611	
Printing		48,000		40,736	
Photography		250		32	
Liability insurance		200,000		117,798	
Software license support		23,900		21,159	
Employee health and life		552,100		420,135	
Unemployment compensation		-		-	
Employment costs		700		1,250	
Social security and IMRF		415,175		359,399	
Employee recognition		-		1,411	
Electricity		195,000		205,810	
Gas		3,000		1,828	
Repairs buildings		10,000		7,723	
Maintenance lift station		77,000		40,028	
Repairs machinery and equipment		27,500		23,518	
Repairs motor vehicles		25,000		16,980	
Insurance deduction		20,000		12,684	
Radio maintenance		1,000		340	
Metra sanitary/storm easements		5,600		5,593	
Machine rental		63,000		4,368	
Towel and laundry service		800		514	
Dues and subscriptions		2,050		1,373	
Meter testing		12,500		17,319	
Service contracts		119,670		84,022	
Other contractual services		82,100		237,052 71,966	
Engineering Manhala maintanana		190,000		•	
Manhole maintenance		172,200		86,955	
Auditing and accounting Legal services		22,000 2,500		21,500 7,258	
Legal notices and advertising		1,000		3,018	
Water tank inspections		6,000		3,700	
Soil testing		24,000		1,456	
Vehicle licenses		500		215	
Laboratory fees		7,600		7,467	
Duplication		1,000		953	
Leak location survey		26,000		28,870	
GIS		63,000		10,000	
Communications infrastructure plan		93,000		56,540	
Total contractual services		3,854,965		3,279,311	
. J.a. Vermanan der Frede		5,557,500		0,210,011	

(Continued)

#### Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual (Continued) Waterworks and Sewerage Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

Tear Ended April 30, 2012	Original and Final Budget	Actual	
Commodities:	Baagot	7 totaai	
Office supplies	\$ 3,500 \$	2,756	
Confectionery supplies	1,300	1,198	
First aid supplies	350	106	
Water purchase:			
Oak Lawn I	8,138,000	7,574,313	
Oak Lawn II	87,250	28,669	
Oak Lawn III	248,390	222,387	
Expendable tools	10,000	8,187	
Kerosene, gas and oil	57,375	37,202	
Diesel	26,860	23,633	
Chemical supplies	12,000	8,692	
Tires and tubes	5,000	4,102	
Electrical supplies	1,200	454	
Books, manuals and brochures	500	359	
Uniforms	10,000	10,871	
Painting supplies	2,000	1,361	
Plumbing supplies	42,000	46,160	
Water meter repairs	1,500	1,282	
Hydrant repairs	10,000	6,049	
Landscaping material	15,000	4,972	
Spoils disposal	25,000	13,887	
Lumber supplies	500	64	
Welding supplies	200	564	
Concrete and masonry	30,000	20,378	
Asphalt and road tar	15,000	21,677	
Sewer tile and culvert	15,000	14,599	
Hardware	2,000	1,089	
Signs and sign material	1,000	414	
Safety supplies	8,000	8,575	
Sand and gravel	20,000	23,933	
Other supplies	1,000	7,796	
Emergency repairs	30,000	84,186	
Other expenses	111,948	18,590	
Total commodities	8,931,873	8,198,505	
Total commodities		0,100,000	
Capital outlay:			
Water meters	1,232,923	258,962	
Sanitary sewer	1,680,000	219,593	
Trucks	110,800	2,134	
Hydrants	27,750	19,684	
Lift station modify	100,000	-	
Total capital outlay	3,151,473	500,373	
Debt service,			
bond issuance costs		794	
Total operating expenses	\$ 17,914,586 \$	13,701,615	

Schedule of Operating and Nonoperating Revenues, Expenses and Transfers - Budget and Actual
Commuter Parking Lot
Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original and Final				
		Budget	Actual		
Operating revenues:					
Parking fees	\$	696,800	\$ 714,415		
Parking fines		17,900	31,869		
Total operating revenues		714,700	746,284		
Operating expenses, other than depreciation		686,970	546,469		
Operating income before depreciation		27,730	199,815		
Depreciation			50,998		
Operating income		27,730	148,817		
Nonoperating revenues,					
Interest income		35,000	25,296		
Income before transfers		62,730	174,113		
Transfer (out)		(50,000)	(50,000)		
Change in net assets	\$	12,730	124,113		
Net assets:					
May 1, 2011		_	4,451,108		
April 30, 2012		_	\$ 4,575,221		

### Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual Commuter Parking Lot Year Ended April 30, 2012

rear Ended April 30, 2012	•	Original and Final Budget			
Personal services, salaries	\$	\$ 310,050			
Contractual services:					
Telephone		1,000		985	
Printing		7,200		6,167	
Liability insurance		20,000		11,406	
Employee health and life		102,700		76,510	
Social security and IMRF		48,595		44,143	
Electricity		19,000		15,932	
Water and sewer		2,700		2,033	
Repairs machinery		8,750		2,736	
Insurance deduction		10,000		-	
Rental land		14,125		14,926	
Fiber optic cabling		50,000		-	
Snow removal		8,000		19,934	
Other contractual services		1,650		832	
Auditing and accounting		5,000		5,000	
Expendable tools		100		-	
Chemicals		100		-	
Electrical supplies		500		1,433	
Uniforms		1,600		1,528	
Paint supplies		500		-	
Landscaping materials		16,000		16,846	
Concrete and masonry		1,000		-	
Salt		55,000		26,137	
Hardware		50		4	
Signs		100		-	
Sand and gravel		3,000		3,103	
Other supplies		100		37	
Refunds		-		375	
Parking lot repair		-		6,752	
Miscellaneous		150		81	
Total operating expenses	<u>\$</u>	686,970	\$	546,469	

#### Combining Balance Sheet Agency Funds April 30, 2012

		Special			
	As	ssessment	Escrow	Payroll	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 3,874,751	\$ 961,809	\$ 4,836,560
Receivables					
Other		172,280	-	-	172,280
Total assets	\$	172,280	\$ 3,874,751	\$ 961,809	\$ 5,008,840
Liabilities					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	172,280	\$ -	\$ 961,809	\$ 1,134,089
Deposits		-	3,874,751	-	3,874,751
Total liabilities	_\$	172,280	\$ 3,874,751	\$ 961,809	\$ 5,008,840

#### Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended April 30, 2012

		Balances	A 1 PC	Deleter		Balances
	<u> </u>	May 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	A	pril 30, 2012
Special Assessment Fund						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables	\$	1,993,185	\$ -	\$ 1,993,185	\$	- 172 220
Other receivables		-	172,280	-		172,280
Total assets	\$	1,993,185	\$ 172,280	\$ 1,993,185	\$	172,280
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	1,993,185	\$ -	\$ 1,820,905	\$	172,280
Escrow Fund						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Advance to governmental fund	\$	5,328,143 143,761	\$ -	\$ 1,453,392 143,761	\$	3,874,751 -
Total assets	\$	5,471,904	\$ -	\$ 1,597,153	\$	3,874,751
Liabilities						
Deposits	\$	5,471,904	\$ -	\$ 1,597,153	\$	3,874,751

#### Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended April 30, 2012

	N	Balances /lay 1, 2011	,	Additions	Deletions	Α <sub>Ι</sub>	Balances oril 30, 2012
Payroll Fund							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	947,478	\$	14,331	\$ -	\$	961,809
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	947,478	\$	14,331	\$ -	\$	961,809
Combined							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Advance to governmental fund	\$	8,268,806 - 143,761	\$	14,331 172,280 -	\$ 3,446,577 - 143,761	\$	4,836,560 172,280 -
Total assets	\$	8,412,567	\$	186,611	\$ 3,590,338	\$	5,008,840
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Deposits	\$	2,940,663 5,471,904	\$	14,331 -	\$ 1,820,905 1,597,153	\$	1,134,089 3,874,751
Total liabilities	\$	8,412,567	\$	14,331	\$ 3,418,058	\$	5,008,840

### Schedule of Capital Assets - By Source April 30, 2012

Buildings and property:	
General government	\$ 140,209,533
Public safety	10,237,914
Public works	24,085,949
Total buildings and property	174,533,396
Equipment and vehicles:	
General government	807,039
Public safety	8,289,640
Public works	4,958,125
Total equipment and vehicles	14,054,804
Total construction in progress	36,193,019
Total governmental capital assets	\$ 224,781,219
Investment in capital assets from:	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 152,473,811
Current revenue	72,307,408
Total investment in governmental capital assets	\$ 224,781,219

Schedule of Capital Assets -By Function and Activity Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Buildings and Property	Equipment and Vehicles	Construction in Progress	Total
General government	\$ 140,209,533	\$ 807,039	\$ -	\$ 141,016,572
Public safety	10,237,914	8,289,640	-	18,527,554
Public works	24,085,949	4,958,125	36,193,019	65,237,093
	\$ 174,533,396	\$ 14,054,804	\$ 36,193,019	\$ 224,781,219

#### Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets -By Function and Activity Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Governmental Capital Assets May 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Governmental Capital Assets April 30, 2012
General government	\$ 138,809,623	\$ 2,287,795	\$ 80,846	\$ 141,016,572
Public safety	18,448,494	264,461	185,401	18,527,554
Public works	53,425,906	15,350,011	3,538,824	65,237,093
Total general capital assets	\$ 210,684,023	\$ 17,902,267	\$ 3,805,071	\$ 224,781,219

Tinley Park Public Library Combining Balance Sheet All Governmental Funds April 30, 2012

April 30, 2012		_	_		
			overnmental		
		F	und Type		_
			Special	Capital	
	General		Revenue	Projects	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,113,416	\$	658,331	\$ 5,525,330	\$ 10,297,077
Receivables:					
Property taxes	3,312,509		-	-	3,312,509
Intergovernmental	30,077		-	-	30,077
Grants	-		-	-	-
Other	 6,011		-	-	6,011
Total assets	\$ 7,462,013	\$	658,331	\$ 5,525,330	\$ 13,645,674
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 109,449	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 109,449
Accrued payroll	25,122		-	-	25,122
Unearned revenue	5,670,189		-	-	5,670,189
Compensated absences	129,387		-	-	129,387
Total liabilities	5,934,147		-	-	5,934,147
Fund Balances					
Unassigned	1,527,866		-	-	1,527,866
Restricted	-		658,331	-	658,331
Committed	-		-	5,525,330	5,525,330
Total fund balances	1,527,866		658,331	5,525,330	7,711,527
Total liabilities					
and fund balances	\$ 7,462,013	\$	658,331	\$ 5,525,330	\$ 13,645,674

Tinley Park Public Library
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Fund Types
Year Ended April 30, 2012

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total
	General	iveveline	Fiojecis	TOtal
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 5,000,900	\$ -	\$ 558,321	\$ 5,559,221
Intergovernmental:				
Replacement taxes	12,782	-	-	12,782
State grants	58,149	-	-	58,149
Other	115,000	-	150,000	265,000
Fines and forfeitures	80,870	-	-	80,870
Charges for services	29,939	-	-	29,939
Interest	17,200	390	468	18,058
Other	15,919	2,163	1,650	19,732
Total revenues	5,330,759	2,553	710,439	6,043,751
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Personnel	1,941,865	-	-	1,941,865
Contractual services	552,595	-	-	552,595
Commodities	641,778	-	-	641,778
Other	197,457	2,091	-	199,548
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	475,000	475,000
Interest and fees	-	-	247,737	247,737
Bond issuance cost	-	-	87,685	87,685
Capital outlay	375,878	-	-	375,878
Total expenditures	 3,709,573	2,091	810,422	4,522,086
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	 1,621,186	462	(99,983)	1,521,665
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond issuance	-	-	5,940,000	5,940,000
Premium on bonds issued	_	_	541,565	541,565
Transfer in	-	_	5,000,000	5,000,000
Transfer (out)	(5,000,000)	_	-	(5,000,000)
Payment to escrow agent	-	_	(6,375,000)	(6,375,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,000,000)	-	5,106,565	106,565
<b>3</b>	 (-,,,		-,,	
Change in fund balance	(3,378,814)	462	5,006,582	1,628,230
Fund balances:				
May 1, 2011	 4,906,680	657,869	518,748	6,083,297
April 30, 2012	\$ 1,527,866	\$ 658,331	\$ 5,525,330	\$ 7,711,527

Tinley Park Public Library Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2012

Year Ended April 30, 2012	Oriç	ginal and Final	Actual
		Budget	Actual
Expenditures:			
Salaries	\$	2,000,000	\$ 1,941,865
Social Security and IMRF		398,000	377,971
Employee health and life		208,620	159,375
Unemployment compensation		-	2,998
Legal fees		4,000	2,706
Book collection service		1,000	1,045
Utilities		17,300	10,274
Maintenance - building, grounds			
and equipment		215,200	213,973
Periodicals		28,000	22,795
Conferences, training and travel		18,100	12,851
Accounting/audit services		8,500	8,500
Professional association dues		6,500	4,610
Postage		17,000	14,176
Book processing fee		12,000	12,225
Office supplies		26,500	19,144
Telephone		34,150	33,131
Book purchases:		,	,
Reference		40,000	26,253
Adult		127,385	112,771
Young adult		11,000	12,154
Children's		93,500	93,576
Programs:		,	,
Young adult		6,000	5,657
Children's		15,000	15,520
Public information		32,500	32,668
Information services		101,110	97,750
Cultural art		12,000	11,027
SLS printouts and audio visual		77,900	72,670
Library equipment		20,000	21,677
Computer equipment		86,250	104,613
Contingency		20,000	16,096
Building improvements		4,000	3,300
Bookmobile		35,000	33,321
Computer software		18,000	12,007
Maintenance - computer equipment		182,000	108,094
Insurance - building		100,000	76,770
Wireless alarm fees		660	660
Miscellaneous expense		18,900	15,350
		.0,000	. 5,555
Total expenditures	\$	3,996,075	\$ 3,709,573

Tinley Park Public Library Combining Balance Sheet Capital Projects Funds April 30, 2012

	In	Capital nprovements	Special Building	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,963,014	\$ 562,316	\$ 5,525,330
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Fund Balances Committed		4,963,014	562,316	5,525,330
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,963,014	\$ 562,316	\$ 5,525,330

Tinley Park Public Library
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances
Capital Projects Funds
Year Ended April 30, 2012

	lm	Capital provements		Special Building		Total
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	558,321	\$	558,321
Payments from other government		-		150,000		150,000
Miscellaneous		1,650		-		1,650
Interest		345		123		468
Total revenues		1,995		708,444		710,439
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal		-		475,000		475,000
Interest and fees		-		247,737		247,737
Bond issuance cost		-		87,685		87,685
Total expenditures		-		810,422		810,422
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		1,995		(101,978)		(99,983)
Other financing (uses):						
Bond issuance		-	;	5,940,000	į	5,940,000
Premium on bonds issued		-		541,565		541,565
Transfer in		4,700,000		300,000	į	5,000,000
Payment to escrow agent		-	(	6,375,000)	((	6,375,000)
Change in fund balance		4,701,995		304,587		5,006,582
Fund balances:						
May 1, 2011		261,019		257,729		518,748
April 30, 2012	\$	4,963,014	\$	562,316	\$ :	5,525,330

Tinley Park Public Library Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Improvements Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

		Original and Final Budget						
Revenues:								
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	1,650				
Interest		150		345				
Total revenues		150		1,995				
Expenditures		-						
Excess revenues over expenditures		150		1,995				
Other financing sources,								
Transfer in		200,000		4,700,000				
Change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	200,150	=	4,701,995				
Fund balance:								
May 1, 2011				261,019				
April 30, 2012			\$	4,963,014				

Tinley Park Public Library
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Special Building Fund
Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original and Final Budget		Actual
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 580,000	\$	558,321
Payments from other governments	-		150,000
Interest	200		123
Total revenues	580,200		708,444
Expenditures, debt service:			
Principal	-		475,000
Interest and fees	556,744		247,737
Bond issuance cost	-		87,685
Total expenditures	556,744		810,422
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	23,456		(101,978)
Other financing sources (uses),			
Bond issuance	-		5,940,000
Premium on bonds issued	-		541,565
Transfer in	-		300,000
Payment to escrow agent			(6,375,000)
Change in fund balance	\$ 23,456	=	304,587
Fund balance:			
May 1, 2011			257,729
April 30, 2012		\$	562,316

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

### Schedule of Debt Service Requirements April 30, 2012

	Year			Principal								nterest			
	Ending	Interest			W	aterworks &						iterworks &			
	April 30,	Rate	Go	vernmental		Sewerage	To	tal Principal	Gov	vernmental	S	Sewerage	To	tal Interest	 Total
General Obligation Bonds															
Series 2004	2013	3.25%	\$	273,350	\$	276,650	\$	550,000	\$	104,997	\$	106,265	\$	211,263	\$ 761,263
Dated October 5, 2004															
Funded 49.7% by Governmental and															
50.3% by Business Activities - Water Fund															
General Obligation Refunding Bonds															
Series 2012	2013	2.00%	\$	27,335	\$	27,665	\$	55,000	\$	41,339	\$	41,839	\$	83,178	\$ 138,178
Dated February 15, 2012	2014	2.00%		303,170		306,830		610,000		51,489		52,111		103,600	713,600
Funded 49.7% by Governmental and	2015	2.00%		372,750		377,250		750,000		45,426		45,974		91,400	841,400
50.3% by Business Activities - Water Fund	2016	2.00%		380,205		384,795		765,000		37,971		38,429		76,400	841,400
	2017	2.00%		387,660		392,340		780,000		30,367		30,733		61,100	841,100
	2018	2.00%		392,630		397,370		790,000		22,614		22,886		45,500	835,500
	2019	2.00%		360,325		364,675		725,000		14,761		14,939		29,700	754,700
	2020	2.00%		377,720		382,280		760,000		7,554		7,646		15,200	 775,200
			\$	2,601,795	\$	2,633,205	\$	5,235,000	\$	251,521	\$	254,557	\$	506,078	\$ 5,741,078

(continued)

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

#### Schedule of Debt Service Requirements (Continued) April 30, 2012

	Year			Principal				Interest			
	Ending	Interest		Waterworks &				Waterworks &			
	April 30,	Rate	Governmental	Sewerage	Total Principal	Go	vernmental	Sewerage	Total Interest	Total	_
General Obligation Refunding and Improvement											
Bonds, Series 2009	2013	3.00%	\$ 501,360	\$ 253,640	\$ 755,000	\$	216,411	\$ 109,334	\$ 325,745	\$ 1,080,745	
Dated March 23, 2009	2014	3.25%	517,035	262,965	780,000		201,370	101,725	303,095	1,083,095	
Funded 65.5% by Governmental and	2015	3.50%	459,335	225,665	685,000		184,567	93,178	277,745	962,745	
34.5% by Business Activities - Water Fund	2016	3.50%	471,875	233,125	705,000		168,490	85,280	253,770	958,770	
	2017	4.00%	480,010	234,990	715,000		151,974	77,121	229,095	944,095	
	2018	4.00%	501,955	248,045	750,000		132,774	67,721	200,495	950,495	
	2019	4.00%	660,570	339,430	1,000,000		112,696	57,799	170,495	1,170,495	
	2020	4.25%	693,785	356,215	1,050,000		86,273	44,222	130,495	1,180,495	
	2021	4.00%	693,785	356,215	1,050,000		56,787	29,083	85,870	1,135,870	
	2022	4.10%	708,190	361,810	1,070,000		29,036	14,834	43,870	1,113,870	_
			\$ 5,687,900	\$ 2,872,100	\$ 8,560,000	\$	1,340,378	\$ 680,297	\$ 2,020,675	\$ 10,580,675	=
	Year			Principal				Interest		Federal	
	Ending	Interest		Waterworks &				Waterworks &		Interest	
	April 30,	Rate	Governmental	Sewerage	Total Principal	Go	vernmental	Sewerage	Total Interest	Subsidy	Total
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
General Obligation Bonds											
Series 2010 (Build America Bonds)	2013	1.75%	\$ 428,577	\$ 71,423	\$ 500,000	\$	598,032	\$ 61,211	\$ 659,243	\$ (230,735)	\$ 928,508
Dated December 22, 2010	2014	2.10%	437,148	72,852	510,000		590,094	60,399	650,493	(227,672)	932,821
Funded 85.7% by Governmental and	2015	2.50%	445,720	74,280	520,000		580,379	59,404	639,783	(223,924)	935,859
14.3% by Business Activities - Water Fund	2016	2.90%	458,577	76,423	535,000		568,586	58,197	626,783	(219,374)	942,409
·	2017	3.40%	471,434	78,566	550,000		554,510	56,757	611,267	(213,944)	947,323
	2018	3.80%	484,291	80,709	565,000		537,547	55,020	592,567	(207,399)	950,168
	2019	4.30%	505,720	84,280	590,000		518,070	53,027	571,097	(199,884)	961,213
	2020	4.50%	527,149	87,851	615,000		495,056	50,671	545,727	(191,005)	969,722
	2021	4.50%	548,578	91,422	640,000		469,952	48,101	518,053	(181,318)	976,735
	2022	5.25%	574,292	95,708	670,000		443,826	45,427	489,253	(171,238)	988,015
	2023	5.25%	604,293	100,707	705,000		411,916	42,161	454,077	(158,927)	1,000,150
	2024	5.25%	638,579	106,421	745,000		378,340	38,725	417,065	(145,973)	1,016,092
	2025	5.25%	668,579	111,421	780,000		342,860	35,093	377,953	(132,283)	1,025,670
	2026	5.25%	707,151	117,849	825,000		305,711	31,291	337,002	(117,951)	1,044,051
	2027	5.90%	741,437	123,563	865,000		266,421	27,269	293,690	(102,792)	1,055,899
	2028	5.90%	784,295	130,705	915,000		220,124	22,531	242,655	(84,929)	1,072,726
	2029	5.90%	831,438	138,562	970,000		171,152	17,518	188,670	(66,035)	1,092,636
	2030	6.20%	882,868	147,132	1,030,000		119,236	12,204	131,440	(46,004)	1,115,436
	2030	6.20%	934,297	155,703	1,090,000		61,305	6,275	67,580	(23,653)	1,113,430
	2001	0.20/0	304,231	100,700	1,000,000		01,000	0,275	07,000	(20,000)	1,100,821

<u>\$ 11,674,423 \$ 1,945,577 \$ 13,620,000 \$ 7,633,116 \$ 781,282 \$ 8,414,398 \$ (2,945,039) \$ 19,089,359 </u>

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois Schedule of Debt Service Requirements April 30, 2012

April 60, 2012	Year Ending April 30,	Interest Rate		Principal	Interest	Total	_	
General Obligation Bonds Series 2008								
Dated April 28, 2008	2013	3.50%	\$	480,000	\$ 122,763	\$ 602,763		
	2014	3.75%		495,000	105,963	600,963		
	2015	4.00%		515,000	87,400	602,400		
	2016	4.00%		535,000	66,800	601,800		
	2017	4.00%		555,000	45,400	600,400		
	2018	4.00%		580,000	23,200	603,200	-	
			\$	3,160,000	\$ 451,526	\$ 3,611,526	=	
	Year Ending April 30,	Interest Rate		Principal	Interest	Federal Interest Subsidy		Total
General Obligation Bonds Series 2009A (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment)								
Dated December 30, 2009	2013	1.70%	\$	1,910,000	\$ 365,048	\$ (127,767)	\$	2,147,281
	2014	2.15%		1,615,000	332,578	(116,402)		1,831,175
	2015	2.50%		2,280,000	297,855	(104,249)		2,473,606
	2016	2.85%		1,965,000	240,855	(84,299)		2,121,556
	2017	3.15%		2,685,000	184,853	(64,698)		2,805,154
	2018	3.50%		2,865,000	100,275	(35,096)		2,930,179
			\$ 1	3,320,000	\$ 1,521,463	\$ (532,512)	\$	14,308,951

(continued)

#### Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

### Schedule of Debt Service Requirements (Continued) April 30, 2012

April 30, 2012								
	Year							
	Ending	Interest						
	April 30,	Rate		Principal		Interest		Total
Limited Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Dated November 1, 1988	See note below		<u>\$</u>	895,000	\$	531,719	\$	1,426,719
The debt service for the Limited Sa unavailable specific incremental sa outstanding interest and principal w generated within Special Service A	les tax revenues to rill be retired annua	provide fo ally, in serie	r pay s, fro	ment at the m specific in	origina ncreme	al stated matu ental sales ta	uritie	s. The
Revenue Bonds								
Dated August 1, 2000	2013	5.25%	\$	-	\$	15,193	\$	15,193
	2014	5.25%		65,000		28,679		93,679
	2015	5.30%		70,000		25,118		95,118
	2016	5.35%		75,000		21,256		96,256
	2017	5.50%		80,000		17,050		97,050
	2018	5.50%		85,000		12,512		97,512
	2019	5.50%		90,000		7,700		97,700
	2020	5.50%		95,000		2,613		97,613
Total Revenue Bonds			\$	560,000	\$	130,121	\$	690,121

(continued)

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

Schedule of Debt Service Requirements (Continued)

April 30, 2012

	Year				
	Ending	Interest			
	April 30,	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
Component Unit:					
•					
Library General Obligation					
Refunding Bonds:					
Series 2012	2013	2.800%	\$ 445,000	\$ 209,700	\$ 654,700
Dated August 30, 2011	2014	2.950%	465,000	200,800	665,800
	2015	3.125%	485,000	191,500	676,500
	2016	3.250%	485,000	176,950	661,950
	2017	3.350%	505,000	162,400	667,400
	2018	3.450%	530,000	142,200	672,200
	2019	3.550%	560,000	121,000	681,000
	2020	3.700%	585,000	98,600	683,600
	2021	3.700%	610,000	75,200	685,200
	2022	3.700%	610,000	50,800	660,800
	2023	3.700%	660,000	26,400	686,400
			\$ 5,940,000	\$ 1,455,550	\$ 7,395,550

Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

### Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates and Extensions For Tax Levy Year 2012

Tax Levy	Equalized Assessed	Extended Tax
Year	Valuation	Rate
2006	\$ 1,491,626,393	0.914
2007	1,596,468,368	0.933
2008	1,761,707,602	0.910
2009	1,796,096,943	0.903
2010	1,812,100,741	1.024
2011	1,607,862,763	1.206
	Rate	Amount
Primary Government:		
General:		
Corporate	0.642	\$ 10,329,249
Social Security and IMRF	0.115	1,854,000
Audit	0.002	25,750
Fire Protection	0.112	1,797,350
Police Protection	0.085	1,369,900
Emergency Service Disaster Agency (ESDA)	0.042	679,800
Liability Insurance	0.056	901,250
Police Pension	0.129	2,066,482
Total General	1.183	19,023,781
General Obligation Bonds	0.023	367,500
Total Primary Government	1.206	19,391,281
Component unit,		
Tinley Park Public Library	0.356	5,727,463
Total Reporting Entity	1.562	\$ 25,118,744

Note: Stated rates are for Cook County, which represents the majority of the Village's tax base.

#### **Statistical Section**

This part of the Village of Tinley Park comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Village's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Village's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	141 - 146
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the Village's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	147 - 158
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Village's current levels of outstanding debt and the Village's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	159 - 164
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Village's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	165 - 166
Operating Information  These schedules contain information about the Village's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the Village's financial information relates to the services the Village provides and the activities it performs.	167 - 174
<b>Sources:</b> Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The Village implemented Statement 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.	

# VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Nine Fiscal Years

		2004	2005	2006		2007 (1)		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
<b>Governmental Activities</b>																
Invested in Capital Assets																
Net of Related Debt	\$	13,508,444 \$	8,508,187	\$ 11,406,8	09 \$	128,136,302	\$	131,654,873	\$	141,572,937	\$	150,765,280	\$	155,177,498	\$	161,244,471
Restricted		21,907,837	25,311,260	28,543,9	31	30,588,863		31,197,765		3,034,547		3,397,874		13,352,069		15,706,936
Unrestricted		4,370,499	4,971,153	5,370,5	54	9,388,909		10,128,105		33,888,546		38,985,139		33,635,206		41,369,185
Total Governmental Activities	\$	39,786,780 \$	38,790,600	\$ 45,321,2	94 \$	168,114,074	\$	172,980,743	\$	178,496,030	\$	193,148,293	\$	202,164,773	\$	218,320,592
Business-type Activities Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt	\$	41,991,913 \$	41,648,509	\$ 40,905,0	<i>1</i> E ¢	35,022,297	¢	34,899,591	œ	29,956,213	¢	29,925,098	¢	27,851,329	¢	26,058,168
	Ф	, , .	, ,	. , ,		, ,	Ф	, ,	\$	, ,	Ф	, ,	Ф	, ,	Ф	, ,
Unrestricted		15,570,682	15,037,015	15,838,3	66	19,058,407		16,664,527		15,199,868		15,435,395		17,041,461		20,358,747
Total Business-type Activities	\$	57,562,595 \$	56,685,524	\$ 56,743,4	11 \$	54,080,704	\$	51,564,118	\$	45,156,081	\$	45,360,493	\$	44,892,790	\$	46,416,915
Primary Government Invested in Capital Assets																
Net of Related Debt	\$	55,500,357 \$	50,156,696	\$ 52,311,8	54 \$	163,158,599	\$	166,554,464	\$	171,529,150	\$	180,690,378	\$	183,028,827	\$	187,302,639
Restricted		21,907,837	25,311,260	28,543,9	31	30,588,863		31,197,765		3,034,547		3,397,874		13,352,069		15,706,936
Unrestricted		19,941,181	20,008,168	21,208,9	20	28,447,316		26,792,632		49,088,414		54,420,534		50,676,667		61,727,932
Total Primary Government	\$	97,349,375 \$	95,476,124	\$ 102,064,7	05 \$	222,194,778	\$	224,544,861	\$	223,652,111	\$	238,508,786	\$	247,057,563	\$	264,737,507

<sup>(1) 2007</sup> Total Primary Government includes \$108,554,067 of restatements; \$1,378,306 from Business Activities; \$107,175,761 from Governmental Activities.

Data Source

### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS CHANGE IN NET ASSETS Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Expenses									
Governmental Activities									
General Government	\$ 3,725,992 \$	9,946,544 \$	5,071,979 \$	5,613,352 \$	7,572,004 \$	9,521,724 \$	6,833,284 \$	8,097,414 \$	6,525,519
Public Works	8,051,604	10,166,225	7,912,119	7,045,172	8,948,542	9,047,342	6,197,656	6,749,420	8,153,546
Public Safety	14,385,547	16,530,834	17,320,790	18,762,999	20,333,163	22,086,848	17,833,741	22,618,380	23,410,071
Social Services	1,411,862	1,376,948	1,656,187	1,558,246	2,594,588	2,564,193	2,081,820	3,148,287	3,450,385
Interest	 1,029,714	956,510	878,560	877,287	953,683	844,998	570,709	953,433	1,531,413
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	 28,604,719	38,977,061	32,839,635	33,857,056	40,401,980	44,065,105	33,517,210	41,566,934	43,070,934
Business-type Activities									
Waterworks & Sewerage	12,138,328	12,666,503	13,970,537	14,808,137	15,152,054	15,705,869	15,398,271	16,579,660	16,537,609
Commuter Parking Lot	 1,444,206	613,540	686,575	674,775	682,282	777,259	740,655	702,172	597,467
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	 13,582,534	13,280,043	14,657,112	15,482,912	15,834,336	16,483,128	16,138,926	17,281,832	17,135,076
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 42,187,253 \$	52,257,104 \$	47,496,747 \$	49,339,968 \$	56,236,316 \$	60,548,233 \$	49,656,136 \$	58,848,766 \$	60,206,010

### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS CHANGE IN NET ASSETS Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Program Revenues	2004	2003	2000	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities									
Charges for Services									
General Government	\$ 2,523,577 \$	2,709,486 \$	2,694,081 \$	2,909,489 \$	2,610,690 \$	2,977,793 \$	2,987,075 \$	3,280,329 \$	3,703,464
Public Works	=	1,415,761	-	1,901,898	672,630	644,129	770,700	847,196	577,874
Public Safety	170,362	138,489	140,935	133,551	99,727	113,849	119,443	151,514	366,389
Social Services	413,587	197,810	235,725	259,625	128,238	342,929	140,771	73,808	167,212
Operating Grants and Contributions	8,794,087	3,052,374	1,914,768	3,072,614	311,285	281,896	273,955	348,894	497,016
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	-	_	_	2,232,353	2,296,359	2,658,997	3,427,678	6,045,568
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	 11,901,613	7,513,920	4,985,509	8,277,177	6,054,923	6,656,955	6,950,941	8,129,419	11,357,523
Business-type Activities									
Charges for Services									
Waterworks & Sewerage	9,772,657	10,734,995	11,525,123	12,343,220	11,720,197	12,343,289	13,614,833	15,666,413	17,153,816
Commuter Parking Lot	600,288	642,140	620,413	674,109	617,989	588,645	642,999	767,445	746,284
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,758,927	287,871	534,177	700,262	573,822	121,965	2,109,497	179,188	398,044
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	12,131,872	11,665,006	12,679,713	13,717,591	12,912,008	13,053,899	16,367,329	16,613,046	18,298,144
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 24,033,485 \$	19,178,926 \$	17,665,222 \$	21,994,768 \$	18,966,931 \$	19,710,854 \$	23,318,270 \$	24,742,465 \$	29,655,667
Net (Expense) Revenue									
Governmental Activities	\$ (16,703,106) \$	(31,463,141) \$	(27,854,126) \$	(25,579,879) \$	(34,347,057) \$	(37,408,150) \$	(26,566,269) \$	(33,437,515) \$	(31,713,411)
Business-type Activities	 (1,450,662)	(1,615,037)	(1,977,399)	(1,765,321)	(2,922,328)	(3,429,229)	228,403	(668,786)	1,163,068
Total Primary Government Net (Expense) Revenue	\$ (18,153,768) \$	(33,078,178) \$	(29,831,525) \$	(27,345,200) \$	(37,269,385) \$	(40,837,379) \$	(26,337,866) \$	(34,106,301) \$	(30,550,343)

### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS CHANGE IN NET ASSETS Last Nine Fiscal Years

		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets		2004	2005	2006	2007	2006	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities										
Taxes										
Property	\$	11.822.015 \$	13,046,327 \$	15,275,358 \$	16,719,300 \$	17,400,921 \$	19,672,051 \$	22,561,916 \$	22,760,779 \$	24,083,613
Municipal Occupation	Ψ	9,370,531	10,127,747	11,242,862	11,419,345	11,566,999	10,905,820	10,365,906	11,717,678	12,218,590
Income		3,094,136	3,787,293	4,204,212	4,792,958	5,494,980	5,136,248	4,498,268	4,513,443	4,804,221
Utility		637,164	607,284	642.736	654,352	681,949	888,044	911,774	861,911	1,032,970
Other		377.173	1,195,256	1,057,013	1,303,646	1,212,790	1,243,881	1,189,698	1,407,372	1,617,026
Interest		471,141	552,330	1,174,650	1,882,940	1,780,491	1,031,625	796,435	649,770	443,478
Miscellaneous		958,366	787,236	2,113,062	919,430	855,081	755,148	659,241	583,070	3,916,125
Sale of Property		936,300	767,230	2,113,002	499,315	-	755,146	-	565,070	3,910,123
Transfers		(1,855,760)	- 363,488	(1,325,073)	249,000	220,515	3,290,620	235,294	(40,028)	(246,793)
Total Governmental Activities			,	,		*				
Total Governmental Activities		24,874,766	30,466,961	34,384,820	38,440,286	39,213,726	42,923,437	41,218,532	42,453,995	47,869,230
Business-type Activities										
Investment Earnings		208,660	372,297	710,213	729,920	626,257	311,812	211,303	155,096	114,264
Miscellaneous		-	743,634	-	-	-	-	-	5,959	-
Transfers		1.732.237	(377,965)	1,325,073	(249,000)	(220,515)	(3,290,620)	(235,294)	40,028	246,793
Total Business-type Activities		1,940,897	737,966	2,035,286	480,920	405,742	(2,978,808)	(23,991)	201,083	361,057
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,,	,,,,,,	,,	,-		( ,,,	( - / /	,,,,,,	,
Total Primary Government	\$	26,815,663 \$	31,204,927 \$	36,420,106 \$	38,921,206 \$	39,619,468 \$	39,944,629 \$	41,194,541 \$	42,655,078 \$	48,230,287
Oleman N. M. A. and										
Change in Net Assets										
Governmental Activities	\$	8,171,660 \$	(996,180) \$	6,530,694 \$	12,860,407 \$	4,866,669 \$	5,515,287 \$	14,652,263 \$	9,016,480 \$	16,155,819
Business-type Activities		490,235	(877,071)	57,887	(1,284,401)	(2,516,586)	(6,408,037)	204,412	(467,703)	1,524,125
Total Primary Government Change in Net Assets	\$	8,661,895 \$	(1,873,251) \$	6,588,581 \$	11,576,006 \$	2,350,083 \$	(892,750) \$	14,856,675 \$	8,548,777 \$	17,679,944

Data Source

# VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 (1)	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012 (2)
General Fund (Per GASB 54)										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,679,443
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,932,203
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Fund (Prior GASB 54)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved	3,041,862	3,782,633	4,604,895	5,085,722	5,886,774	7,332,051	6,575,011	6,185,858	9,049,595	-
Total General Fund	\$ 3,041,862	\$ 3,782,633	\$ 4,604,895	\$ 5,085,722	\$ 5,886,774	\$ 7,332,051	\$ 6,575,011	\$ 6,185,858	\$ 9,049,595	\$ 13,611,646
All 04 0	100.54)									
All Other Governmental Funds (Per G	•	•	<b>*</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•	Ф 4.404.050
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,101,856
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(143,725)
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,940,759
Committed		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,542,933
All Other Governmental Funds (Prior C	GASB 54)									
Reserved, reported in										
Debt Service Funds	3,235,850	3,343,525	2,925,285	2,892,628	2,995,695	2,729,489	2,604,718	2,559,141	2,530,688	-
Unreserved, reported in										-
Special Revenue Funds	6,332,037	6,662,878	7,268,759	7,385,280	7,680,978	6,128,457	5,036,420	5,818,135	7,510,496	-
Capital Project Funds	14,090,848	11,901,434	15,117,216	18,266,023	23,214,849	25,092,992	23,320,237	42,807,579	40,130,918	-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 23,658,735	\$ 21,907,837	\$ 25,311,260	\$ 28,543,931	\$ 33,891,522	\$ 33,950,938	\$ 30,961,375	\$ 51,184,855	\$ 50,172,102	\$ 47,441,823

<sup>(1) 2007</sup> Government Funds includes \$1,333,473 due to restatements.

#### Data Source

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2012, funds were reclassified in conjunction with implementing GASB Statement No. 54.

### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenues	2000	2004	2000	2000	2007	2000	2000	2010	2011	2012
Property Taxes	\$ 9,591,953 \$	11,822,015 \$	13,046,327 \$	15,275,358 \$	16,719,300 \$	17,400,921 \$	19,672,051 \$	22,561,916 \$	22,760,779 \$	24,083,613
Sales Tax	8,782,807	9,370,531	10,127,747	11,242,862	11,419,345	11,566,999	10,905,820	10,365,906	11,717,678	12,218,590
Other Taxes	1,327,723	1,304,048	1,407,867	1,257,513	1,491,794	1,391,811	1,643,648	1,635,048	1,802,168	2,127,719
Intergovernmental	4,680,150	5,129,121	6,095,677	6,561,216	7,269,746	8,262,760	7,963,701	6,384,088	8,539,555	11,445,235
Licenses, Permits and Fees	1,698,614	1,838,617	1,784,266	1,756,878	4,105,181	2,649,464	2,607,989	2,271,299	2,295,433	2,449,014
Fines, Forfeitures and Reimbursements	460,712	758,089	2,340,980	937,203	1,768,236	912,642	944,587	992,967	1,267,968	1,588,609
Charges for Services	419,333	583,949	336,299	376,660	393,176	227,965	765,205	967,970	1,092,215	1,212,089
Interest	846,159	471,141	552,330	1,174,650	1,882,940	1,780,491	1,031,625	796,435	649,770	443,478
Miscellaneous	4,159,360	958,366	1,925,899	2,113,062	919,430	855,081	755,148	659,241	583,070	3,916,125
Total Revenues	31,966,811	32,235,877	37,617,392	40,695,402	45,969,148	45,048,134	46,289,774	46,634,870	50,708,636	59,484,472
Expenditures										
General Government	4,713,936	4,835,141	5,212,284	6,269,135	6,696,115	9,329,539	10,389,873	9,489,243	9,958,647	9,128,775
Public Safety	11,999,126	13,421,006	15,029,516	16,131,312	17,454,440	18,574,786	19,243,963	19,055,589	19,770,421	20,994,411
Buildings, Highways and Streets	5,458,715	5,919,664	5,854,177	6,174,155	6,429,933	8,211,776	7,910,539	6,752,280	6,074,455	7,550,604
Capital Outlay	11,475,905	13,177,641	5,034,269	4,975,094	8,943,168	5,476,309	11,888,565	6,247,901	21,552,017	14,986,789
Debt Service										
Principal	3,459,800	1,504,180	1,668,440	1,228,575	1,501,350	1,291,850	1,260,725	1,273,430	2,689,700	3,312,397
Interest and Fees	1,103,409	1,029,714	956,510	878,560	877,287	953,683	821,555	597,394	941,142	1,562,885
Total Expenditures	38,210,891	39,887,346	33,755,196	35,656,831	41,902,293	43,837,943	51,515,220	43,415,837	60,986,382	57,535,861
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	)									
Expenditures	(6,244,080)	(7,651,469)	3,862,196	5,038,571	4,066,855	1,210,191	(5,225,446)	3,219,033	(10,277,746)	1,948,611
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In	8,451,369	7,801,175	7,247,187	7,402,388	6,949,920	5,286,186	10,185,305	6,196,793	8,401,150	19,905,220
Transfers (Out)	(7,866,002)	(7,556,095)	(6,883,699)	(8,727,461)	(6,700,920)	(5,065,671)	(6,894,685)	(5,961,499)	(8,441,178)	(20,152,013)
Issuance of Debt	2,248,821	6,396,262	-	-	-	5,005,000	7,284,250	16,380,000	12,133,000	2,601,795
(Discount) Premium on Bonds Issued	(49,313)	-	-	-	-	68,987	194,230	-	35,758	100,134
Bonds Refunded	-	-	-	-	-	(5,000,000)	(9,290,257)	-	-	(2,571,975)
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	499,315	-	-	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,784,875	6,641,342	363,488	(1,325,073)	748,315	294,502	1,478,843	16,615,294	12,128,730	(116,839)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (3,459,205) \$	(1,010,127) \$	4,225,684 \$	3,713,498 \$	4,815,170 \$	1,504,693 \$	(3,746,603) \$	19,834,327 \$	1,850,984 \$	1,831,772
Debt Service as a Percentage of										
Noncapital Expenditures	17.1%	9.5%	9.1%	6.9%	7.2%	5.9%	5.3%	5.0%	9.2%	11.5%

Data Source

# VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Levy Years

									Estimated	Estimated	Total
					Total Taxable				Actual	Actual	Direct
Levy	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	Assessed	Cook County	Will County	Equalization	Taxable	Taxable	Tax
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property	Value	Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Factor (1)	Value	Value	Rate (2)
2002	\$ 762,568,243	\$ 234,446,545	\$ 78,663,120	\$ 351,061	\$ 1,076,028,969	\$ 912,703,396	\$ 163,325,573	2.4689	\$ 3,228,086,907	33.333%	0.843
2003	810,731,595	237,736,857	82,493,138	268,595	1,131,230,185	933,227,293	198,002,892	2.4598	3,393,690,555	33.333%	0.885
2004	882,950,616	259,933,014	76,912,548	284,823	1,220,081,001	979,109,683	240,971,318	2.5757	3,660,243,003	33.333%	0.903
2005	1,028,774,701	294,711,590	88,749,584	189,535	1,412,425,410	1,134,420,535	278,004,875	2.7320	4,237,276,230	33.333%	0.874
2006	1,099,763,856	302,934,799	88,780,310	147,428	1,491,626,393	1,172,323,081	319,303,312	2.7076	4,474,879,179	33.333%	0.914
2007	1,191,691,159	308,859,009	95,726,455	191,745	1,596,468,368	1,251,412,975	345,055,393	2.8439	4,789,405,104	33.333%	0.933
2008	1,290,068,906	311,456,800	159,990,610	191,286	1,761,707,602	1,380,331,896	381,375,706	2.9786	5,285,122,806	33.333%	0.910
2009	1,366,662,965	282,966,041	146,361,179	106,758	1,796,096,943	1,430,084,786	366,012,157	3.3701	5,388,290,829	33.333%	0.903
2010	1,398,487,405	5,165,620,989	276,491,870	523,025,174	1,812,100,741	1,442,783,211	369,317,530	3.3000	5,436,302,223	33.333%	1.024
2011	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,607,862,763	1,251,755,583	356,107,180	3.3000	4,823,588,289	33.333%	1.206

#### Data Source

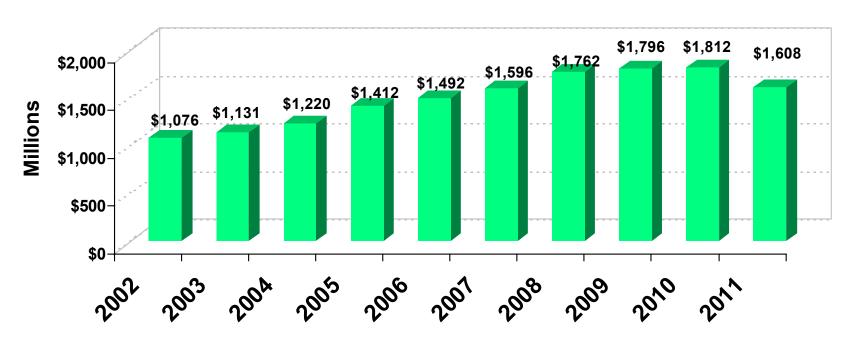
Office of the County Clerks and Township Assessors

Property is to be assessed at 1/3 (33 1/3%) of actual value by State Statute. Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

- (1) Equalization Factor applicable to Cook County only; Will County Equalization Factor is 1.0
- (2) Listed rate represents Cook County Rate which applies to the majority of the property in Tinley Park
- (3) Taxable Assessed Value and Total Direct Tax Rate are estimated

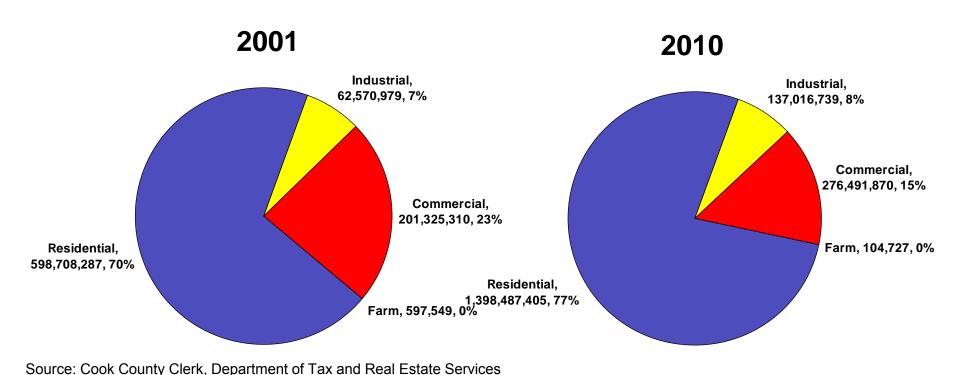
# Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

Ten Year Change in Equalized Assessed Valuation 2002 – 2011



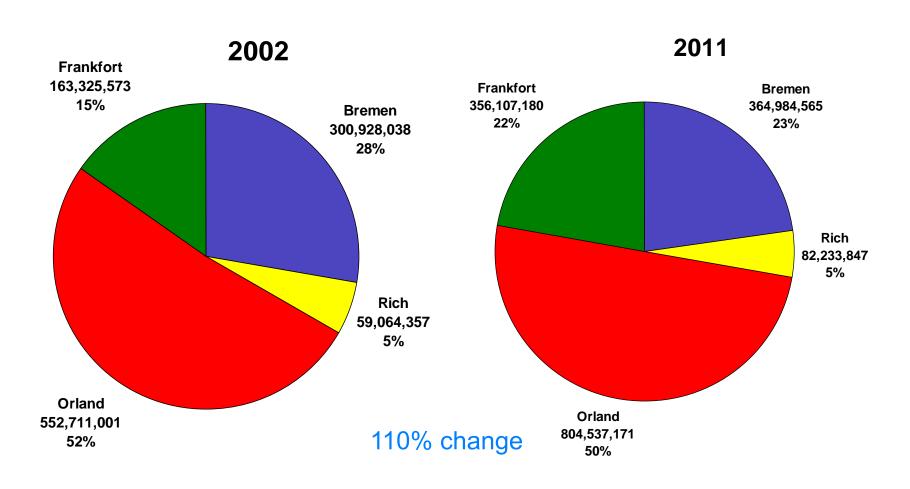
**Combined Cook and Will Counties** 

# Village of Tinley Park, Illinois Ten Year Change in Equalized Assessed Value By Property Class 2001 & 2010



### Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

Ten Year Change in Equalized Assessed Value By Township



#### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX RATES - PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUATION Last Ten Levy Years

		0000	2000	0004	0005	0000	0007	0000	0000	2012	0014
· · · · · ·		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Village Go											
	Corporate	0.4100	0.4208	0.4916	0.4134	0.4337	0.4656	0.4619	0.4968	0.5243	0.6424
	Bond and Interest	0.0244	0.0232	0.0215	0.0186	0.0176	0.0164	0.0149	0.0205	0.0203	0.0229
	Police Pension	0.0770	0.0873	0.0839	0.0793	0.0831	0.0820	0.0776	0.0852	0.1126	0.1285
	I.M.R.F. & Social Securit	0.0910	0.0911	0.0946	0.0963	0.1105	0.1064	0.1021	0.1047	0.1024	0.1154
	Fire Protection	0.0718	0.0756	0.0760	0.0753	0.0794	0.0806	0.0748	0.0774	0.0992	0.1118
	Police Protection	0.0718	0.0756	0.0760	0.0753	0.0794	0.0806	0.0760	0.0763	0.0756	0.0852
	Civil Defense (EMA)	0.0503	0.0574	0.0557	0.0547	0.0546	0.0516	0.0479	0.0487	0.0375	0.0423
	Audit	0.0029	0.0032	0.0030	0.0026	0.0021	0.0023	0.0020	0.0020	0.0017	0.0016
	Liability Insurance	0.0431	0.0501	0.0000	0.0583	0.0535	0.0468	0.0526	0.0573	0.0497	0.0561
	Total Village Government	0.8423	0.8843	0.9023	0.8738	0.9139	0.9323	0.9098	0.9689	1.0233	1.2062
	Extended Rate (rounded)	0.843	0.885	0.903	0.874	0.914	0.933	0.910	0.969	1.024	1.207
Public Libr	on.										
i ubiic Libi	Library	0.1730	0.1823	0.1879	0.1903	0.2043	0.2128	0.2095	0.2215	0.2370	0.2714
	I.M.R.F. & Social Securit	0.1730	0.1023	0.1073	0.1903	0.2043	0.2120	0.2033	0.0255	0.2370	0.0255
		0.0187	0.0190	0.0224	0.0208	0.0217	0.0226	0.0223	0.0255	0.0232	0.0255
	Liability Insurance										
	Library Buildings and Site	0.0143	0.0215	0.0141	0.0162	0.0167	0.0169	0.0162	0.0159	0.0179	0.0200
	Bonds and Interest		0.0525	0.0485	0.0414	0.0391	0.0358	0.0332	0.0318	0.0323	0.0330
	Total Public Library	0.2098	0.2808	0.2792	0.2742	0.2874	0.2939	0.2872	0.3008	0.3161	0.3563
	Extended Rate (rounded)	0.210	0.281	0.280	0.275	0.288	0.294	0.288	0.301	0.317	0.357
	Extended Rate (rounded)	0.210	0.201	0.200	0.275	0.200	0.294	0.200	0.301	0.317	0.337
Special Se	ervice Area #3										
•	Bonds and Interest	1.5928	1.6228	1.5545	1.3311	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Extended Rate (rounded)	1.593	1.623	1.555	1.332	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

#### Data Source

Office of the Cook County Clerk - Tax Extension Office

Rates presented are for property located in the Cook County portion of Tinley Park.

Special Service Area #3 rate applied to only a small portion of the total Equalized Assessed Valuation for the Village of Tinley Park

Abbreviations: IMRF - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund; EMA - Emergency Management Agency

#### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS - COOK COUNTY ONLY Last Ten Levy Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Village Direct Rates										
General Corporate	0.843	0.885	0.903	0.874	0.914	0.933	0.910	0.969	1.024	1.207
Overlapping Rates										
Village of Tinley Park Library Fund	0.210	0.281	0.280	0.275	0.288	0.294	0.288	0.301	0.317	0.357
Village of Tinley Park Special Service Area No. 3	1.593	1.623	1.555	1.332						
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago	0.371	0.361	0.347	0.315	0.284	0.263	0.252	0.261	0.274	0.320
Suburban T. B. Sanitarium	0.006	0.004	0.001	0.005	0.005					
South Cook County Mosquito Abatement District	0.011	0.013	0.012	0.010	0.007	0.006	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.012
Consolidated Elections		0.029		0.014		0.012		0.021		0.025
Kimberly Heights Sanitary District	0.190	0.196	0.194	0.182	0.179	0.172	0.166	0.152	0.149	0.172
Cook County	0.690	0.630	0.593	0.533	0.500	0.446	0.415	0.394	0.228	0.462
Cook County Forest Preserve	0.061	0.059	0.060	0.060	0.057	0.053	0.051	0.049	0.051	0.058
Park Districts										
Tinley Park Park District	0.384	0.427	0.422	0.379	0.387	0.376	0.351	0.353	0.359	0.411
Frankfort Square Park District	0.518	0.500	0.486	0.476	0.479	0.421	0.425	0.451	0.511	0.536
Mokena Community Park District	0.297	0.320	0.305	0.294	0.311	0.270	0.251	0.259	0.270	0.287
Townships										
Bremen Township	0.051	0.053	0.054	0.049	0.051	0.051	0.049	0.049	0.051	0.061
Orland Township	0.057	0.061	0.064	0.057	0.059	0.057	0.054	0.052	0.052	0.061
Rich Township	0.202	0.211	0.211	0.193	0.199	0.196	0.191	0.192	0.202	0.258
General Assistance										
Bremen Township General Assistance	0.006	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.009	0.012
Orland Township General Assistance	0.000	0.006	0.000	0.005	0.006	0.006		0.006	0.006	0.007
Rich Township General Assistance	0.023	0.024	0.024	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.023	0.026	0.034
Road & Bridge										
Bremen Township Road and Bridge	0.035	0.037	0.037	0.032	0.033	0.033	0.031	0.031	0.032	0.039
Orland Township Road and Bridge	0.041	0.042	0.042	0.035	0.035	0.034	0.030	0.029	0.029	0.034
Rich Township Road and Bridge	0.060	0.063	0.063	0.058	0.057	0.056	0.054	0.055	0.058	0.074
Schools										
Kirby School District 140	2.570	2.617	3.144	3.032	3.351	3.649	3.654	3.564	3.710	3.910
Arbor Park School District 145	3.520	3.591	3.581	3.726	3.647	3.596	3.533	3.490	3.529	4.122
Community Consolidated School District 146	3.527	3.673	3.830	3.772	3.799	3.747	3.741	3.650	3.742	4.558
Elementary School District 159	4.561	4.641	4.418	4.014	4.088	4.041	4.042	4.303	4.641	5.703
Rich Township High School District 227	3.887	3.998	3.975	3.626	3.660	3.575	3.459	3.513	3.705	4.687
Bremen Community High School District 228	3.158	3.328	3.331	2.953	3.509	3.412	3.217	3.157	3.200	3.877
Consolidated High School District 230	2.115	2.239	2.200	1.939	1.985	1.926	1.801	1.764	1.812	2.180
South Suburban Community College District 510	0.386	0.403	0.400	0.359	0.367	0.362	0.346	0.348	0.361	0.450
Prairie State Community College District 515	0.338	0.346	0.341	0.292	0.292	0.294	0.280	0.277	0.293	0.357
Moraine Valley Community College District 524	0.245	0.256	0.253	0.208	0.270	0.262	0.247	0.247	0.256	0.311

<u>Data Source</u> Office of the Cook County Clerk - Tax Extension Office

VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS - WILL COUNTY ONLY

Last Ten Levy Years

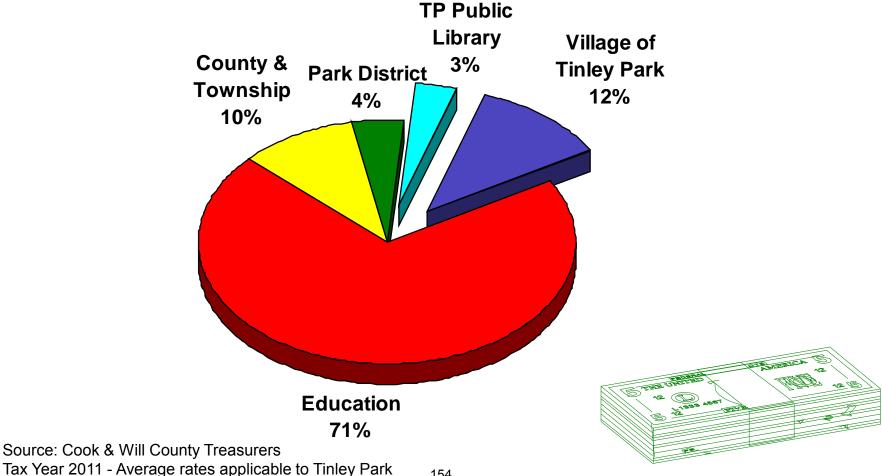
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Village Direct Rates										
General Corporate	0.9325	0.7372	0.8934	0.9066	0.8171	0.9274	0.9143	0.9172	0.9612	1.0492
Overlapping Rates										
Village of Tinley Park Library Fund	0.2327	0.2415	0.2760	0.2841	0.2567	0.2922	0.2883	0.2846	0.2965	0.3105
Will County	0.5578	0.5366	0.5291	0.5262	0.5027	0.4826	0.4751	0.4833	0.5077	0.5351
Will County Forest Preserve	0.1315	0.1266	0.1235	0.1481	0.1369	0.1424	0.1445	0.1519	0.1567	0.1693
Will County Building Commission	0.0483	0.0448	0.0417	0.0118	0.0127	0.0117	0.0191	0.0191	0.0197	0.0200
Park Districts										
Tinley Park Park District	0.4289	0.3463	0.4186	0.4022	0.3400	0.3810	0.3605	0.3295	0.3362	0.3617
Frankfort Square Park District	0.5415	0.4927	0.4907	0.4692	0.4362	0.4163	0.4206	0.4399	0.5180	0.5382
Mokena Community Park District	0.3017	0.3008	0.2983	0.2867	0.2593	0.2457	0.2430	0.2512	0.2579	0.2830
Township										
Frankfort Township	0.0966	0.0918	0.0897	0.0867	0.0824	0.0787	0.0786	0.0782	0.0822	0.0858
Road & Bridge										
Frankfort Township Road and Bridge	0.2374	0.2256	0.2205	0.2132	0.2026	0.1936	0.1934	0.1924	0.1944	0.1994
Schools										
Summit Hill School District 161	2.8475	2.8475	2.8815	2.9900	2.9940	2.8604	2.8530	2.9894	3.1874	3.3782
Lincolnway High School District 210	1.8781	1.7993	1.7444	1.6765	1.6098	1.5345	1.5442	1.6067	1.7045	1.8306
Joliet Junior College District 525	0.2209	0.2108	0.2142	0.2088	0.1936	0.1901	0.1896	0.2144	0.2270	0.2463

#### Data Source

Office of the Will County Clerk - Tax Extension Office

# Village of Tinley Park, Illinois

Real Estate Tax Distribution - Village Average (Where Property Tax Dollars Go)



#### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		20	11			20	02	
				Percentage				Percentage
				of Total				of Total
		2011		Village		2002		Village
		Equalized		Equalized		Equalized		Equalized
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Valuation (1)		Value	Rank	Valuation
New Plan Excel Prop	\$	14,052,206	1	0.87%				
Panduit Corporation	Ф	9,565,025	2	0.59%	\$	10,257,823	3	0.95%
Holiday Inn Select		9,255,513	3	0.58%	Φ	7,224,001	ა 6	0.95%
Inland R.E.		8,818,954	4	0.55%		7,224,001		0.07 /6
		8,644,776	<del>4</del> 5	0.54%		13,693,000		1.27%
K-Mart Corporation Intercontinental		, ,				13,693,000	1	
Intercontinental DDR Brookside LLC**		8,354,083 7,878,358	6 7	0.52% 0.49%				
		, ,		0.49%		0.047.000		
Neja Group		6,838,066	8			8,947,860	4	0.83%
nternational Imports		6,461,052	9 10	0.40%				
Southwest Naper LTD Partnership**		6,401,268		0.40%		44.050.400		4.050/
CNC						11,258,182	2	1.05%
Sentinal Real Estate						7,733,548	5	0.72%
Carmax						6,634,734	7	0.62%
Albertson Prop Tax						6,529,747	8	0.61%
Edenbridge Limited Partners						6,161,999	9	0.57%
Tinley Partners LLC						6,076,862	10	0.56%
	\$	86,269,301		5.37%	\$	84,517,756		7.85%

#### Data Source

The Cook County Clerk's Office.

Every effort has been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. Many taxpayers own or maintain

multiple parcels and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations may have been overlooked.

Valuations are considered to be as of January 1st for tax purposes.

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on the Village's 2011 EAV of \$1,607,862,763.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Will County Clerk's Office.

### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Levy Years

		Collected within the	e Fiscal Year of Levy	Collections	Total Collec	ctions to Date
Levy			Percentage	In Subsequent		Percentage
Year	Tax Levied	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2002	\$ 9,427,581	\$ 3,340,966	35.44%	\$ 6,176,039	\$ 9,517,005	100.95%
2003	9,931,526	3,643,507	36.69%	6,149,376	9,792,883	98.60%
2004	11,207,677	3,827,118	34.15%	7,237,629	11,064,747	98.72%
2005	12,647,766	4,218,582	33.35%	8,172,490	12,391,072	97.97%
2006	13,324,060	4,714,898	35.39%	8,330,946	13,045,844	97.91%
2007	14,875,727	4,978,589	33.47%	9,664,924	14,643,513	98.44%
2008	16,047,938	5,395,848	33.62%	10,359,812	15,755,660	98.18%
2009	17,214,586	6,469,087	37.58%	10,566,906	17,035,993	98.96%
2010	18,323,980	7,069,395	38.58%	11,010,766	18,080,161	98.67%
2011	18,844,966	7,615,976	40.41%	-	7,615,976	40.41%

#### Data Source

Office of the County Clerk - Tax Extension Office

Property is assessed at 33 1/3 % of actual value by State Statute.

Includes levies for general government, police pension, debt service and special service area #3.

Excludes municipal share of township road and bridge levy, which is not under the levy authority or control of the Village.

# VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS SALES TAX BASE AND NUMBER OF PRINCIPAL PAYERS TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY Last Ten Calendar Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Merchandise	\$1,299,381	\$1,279,524	\$1,277,569	\$1,498,366	\$1,821,675	\$1,900,398	\$1,993,209	\$2,115,518	\$2,000,898	\$1,916,651
Food	905,314	933,571	954,634	943,763	876,379	859,277	917,385	843,504	807,410	813,088
Drinking and Eating Places	642,343	689,836	750,671	821,743	858,333	887,333	950,871	937,291	993,640	1,019,802
Apparel	96,844	91,762	97,405	109,639	151,283	211,543	186,579	177,352	182,073	201,558
Furniture & H.H. & Radio	155,314	127,461	161,956	206,955	323,999	406,452	377,710	360,001	353,678	360,193
Lumber, Building, Hardware	353,317	361,742	450,818	434,962	416,065	366,727	369,493	338,926	326,152	339,242
Automobile and Filling Stations	3,508,120	3,550,414	3,622,233	4,305,718	4,403,423	4,019,592	3,715,892	3,151,150	3,329,998	3,686,265
Drugs and Miscellaneous Retail	680,957	736,555	763,340	777,913	806,300	857,863	890,334	970,790	1,071,215	1,183,338
Agriculture and All Others	624,006	765,608	1,076,265	1,152,111	1,196,532	1,115,736	921,916	781,941	1,422,666	1,643,880
Manufacturers	51,461	37,694	51,634	59,283	52,950	48,265	47,430	46,691	45,670	50,838
Total	\$ 8,317,057	\$ 8,574,166	\$ 9,206,525	\$ 10,310,452	\$ 10,906,939	\$ 10,673,186	\$ 10,370,819	\$ 9,723,164	\$ 10,533,400	\$ 11,214,855
Total Number of Tax Reporting Entities	1,105	1,151	1,097	1,154	1,231	1,194	974	979	1,030	1,124
Village Direct Sales Tax Rate	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Village population	48,401	54,352	54,352	54,352	58,323	58,323	58,323	58,323	56,703	56,703
Sales tax dollars per capita	\$172	\$158	\$169	\$190	\$187	\$183	\$178	\$167	\$186	\$198

#### Data Sources

Illinois Department of Revenue

US Census Bureau (population)

# VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES Last Ten Calendar Years

			Regional		Regional		Total Tax Rate	Total Tax Rate
			Transportation		Transportation		Applicable to	Applicable to
Calendar	Village of	State of	Authority -	Cook	Authority -	Will	Cook County	Will County
Year	Tinley Park	Illinois	Cook County	County	Will County	County	Locations	Locations
2002	1.00%	5.00%	1.00%	0.75%	0.25%	0.25%	7.75%	6.50%
2003	1.00%	5.00%	1.00%	0.75%	0.25%	0.25%	7.75%	6.50%
2004	1.00%	5.00%	1.00%	0.75%	0.25%	0.25%	7.75%	6.50%
2005	1.00%	5.00%	1.00%	0.75%	0.25%	0.25%	7.75%	6.50%
2006	1.00%	5.00%	1.00%	0.75%	0.25%	0.25%	7.75%	6.50%
2007	1.00%	5.00%	1.00%	0.75%	0.25%	0.25%	7.75%	6.50%
2008	1.00%	5.00%	1.25%	1.75%	0.75%	0.25%	9.00%	7.00%
2009	1.00%	5.00%	1.25%	1.75%	0.75%	0.25%	9.00%	7.00%
2010	1.00%	5.00%	1.25%	1.25%	0.75%	0.25%	8.50%	7.00%
2011	1.00%	5.00%	1.25%	1.25%	0.75%	0.25%	8.50%	7.00%

#### Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

Regional Transportation tax increase effective April 2008; Cook County tax changes effective July 2008, July 2010, & January 2012

# VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Go General	vernn	nental Activiti	 Sales Tax	 Business-T General	ype /	Activities	Total	Ratio of Total Outstanding Debt	otal tanding
Year <u>Ended</u>	Obligation Bonds	Re	development <u>Bonds</u>	Increment <u>Bonds</u>	Obligation Bonds		Revenue <u>Bonds</u>	Primary Government	To Equalized Assessed Valuation (1)	ot Per ita (1)
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011	\$ 18,741,790 17,542,185 16,158,005 14,624,565 13,595,985 16,313,813 15,351,824 15,529,955 30,431,112 39,757,235	\$	865,000 755,000 635,000 500,000 350,000 185,000	\$ 895,000 895,000 895,000 895,000 895,000 895,000 895,000 895,000	\$ 5,618,210 5,372,815 5,126,995 12,690,940 12,139,004 7,824,303 7,409,050 7,067,043 6,810,024 8,293,787	\$	1,100,000 1,065,000 1,025,000 940,000 895,000 845,000 795,000 740,000 685,000 625,000	\$ 27,220,000 25,630,000 23,840,000 29,650,505 27,874,989 26,063,116 24,450,874 24,231,998 38,821,136 49,571,022	3.15% 2.38% 2.11% 2.43% 1.97% 1.75% 1.53% 1.38% 2.16% 2.74%	\$ 544 493 439 529 489 447 414 404 647 874

Details of the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for equalized assessed valuation of property and population data. Personal income information is not available.

VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Р	ess: Amounts ayable From usiness-Type Activities	 ess: Amounts Available In Debt ervice Fund	Net Debt Obligation Total	Percentage Estimate Actual Taxa Value of Property (	d able	et Debt Per Capita
2002	\$ 24,360,000	\$	5,618,210	\$ 2,793,835	\$ 15,947,955	0.62%		\$ 319
2003	22,915,000		5,372,815	2,820,848	14,721,337	0.46%		283
2004	21,285,000		5,126,995	2,921,744	13,236,261	0.39%		244
2005	27,315,505		12,690,940	2,484,391	12,140,174	0.33%		217
2006	25,734,989		12,139,004	2,424,648	11,171,337	0.26%		196
2007	24,138,116		7,824,303	2,490,764	13,823,049	0.31%		237
2008	22,760,874		7,409,050	2,398,577	12,953,247	0.27%		220
2009	22,596,998		7,067,043	2,604,718	12,925,237	0.24%		215
2010	37,241,136		6,810,024	2,559,141	27,871,971	0.52%		465
2011	48,051,022		8,293,787	2,530,688	37,226,547	0.68%		620
2012	44,326,363		7,728,944	2,510,826	34,086,593	0.71%		601

Details of the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See the Schedule of Assessed Value and estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS DEBT RATIOS AND PER CAPITA DEBT - LAST TEN GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND SALES (1)

Ratio to Estimated Actual Value Per Capita (2) Direct Debt Direct & Overlapping Debt Direct & Overlapping Debt Village Issue Including Excluding Including Excluding Including Excluding Full Sale Date Amount Self-Supporting Self-Supporting Self-Supporting Self-Supporting Self-Supporting Self-Supporting Value December 4, 2001 1.03% 0.13% 5.04% 4.14% \$ 2,464 2,025 \$ 48,894 \$ 9,700,000 October 22, 2002 3,505,000 0.94% 0.12% 4.94% 4.12% 2,327 1,940 47,084 June 24, 2003 9,700,000 1.23% 0.43% 5.04% 4.24% 2,430 2,043 48,236 October 4, 2004 8,450,000 1.16% 0.38% 4.63% 3.85% 2,804 2,333 60,528 April 28, 2008 5,005,000 0.69% N/A 4.20% N/A 3,221 N/A 76,726 March 23, 2009 10,235,000 0.63% N/A 4.00% N/A 3,289 N/A 82,119 0.85% 3.99% 3,620 90,618 December 16, 2009 16,380,000 N/A N/A N/A December 22, 2010 14,155,000 1.02% N/A 4.03% N/A 3,727 N/A 92,387 August 30, 2011 5,940,000 1.02% N/A 4.09% N/A 3,885 N/A 95,873 February 15, 2012 5,235,000 1.04% N/A 3.15% N/A 3,567 N/A 85,068

N/A: not applicable

<sup>(1)</sup> Taken from applicable Official Statements

<sup>(2)</sup> Population based on 2010 Census of 56,703

#### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of April 30, 2012

	Percent of			Village's Ap	plica	ole Share
	Village's 2011			of Gross Debt	to be	Paid From
	Real Property	Gross		Real Pro	perty	Taxes
Governmental unit	in Taxing Body	Debt		Percentage		Amount
School Districts						
Elementary School Districts						
Kirby School District 140	45.60%	\$ 5,155,000	6	81.81%	\$	4,217,306
Community Consolidated School District 146	27.50%	11,875,000		56.10%		6,661,875
Summit Hill Elementary District 161 (Will County)	19.70%	57,998,342	6	39.19%		22,729,550
Elementary School District 159	5.80%	22,169,651	6	17.65%		3,912,943
Arbor Park School District 145	1.40%	27,417,445	6	8.00%		2,193,396
School District #160	0.00%	11,871,621	6	0.27%		32,053
	100.00%					
High School Districts						
Consolidated High School District 230	53.70%	59,900,000		16.68%		9,991,320
Bremen Community High School District 228	20.80%	24,190,000		21.39%		5,174,241
Lincolnway High School District 210 (Will County)	19.70%	197,838,548	6	9.32%		18,438,553
Rich Township High School District 227	5.80%	50,730,000	7	7.21%		3,657,633
	100.00%					
Community College Districts						
Moraine Valley Community College District 524	53.70%	79,215,000		7.90%		6,257,985
South Suburban Community College District 510	20.80%	28,134,288	6	8.75%		2,461,750
Joliet Junior College District 525 (Will County)	19.70%	89,865,000	7	1.80%		1,617,570
Prairie State Community College District 515	5.80%	12,172,040	6	2.26%		275,088
Total Schools	100.00%				\$	87,621,263
Other Than Schools						
Cook County (including Forest Preserve District)	80.30%	\$ 3,804,145,000		0.82%	\$	31,193,989
Will County (including Forest Preserve District)	19.70%	164,547,359	6,7	1.77%		2,912,488
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago	80.30%	2,300,335,115		0.84%		19,322,815
Park Districts						
Tinley Park Park District	83.80%	10,305,000		92.04%		9,484,722
Frankfort Square Park District	11.40%	3,020,632	6,7	35.29%		1,065,981
Mokena Community Park District	3.30%	4,690,000		5.57%		261,233
Total Other Than Schools					\$	64,241,228
Subtotal, overlapping debt	<u>:</u>	\$ 6,965,575,041			\$	151,862,491
Tinley Park Public Library Bonds (Component Unit)	<u>.</u>	\$ 5,940,000			\$	5,940,000
Total, Overlapping Debt and Component Unit	<u> </u>	\$ 6,971,515,041			\$	157,802,491
				Self Supporting		
Village of Tinley Park (Primary Government)	<u>:</u>	\$ 45,781,363		\$ 1,455,000	\$	44,326,363
Total direct and overlapping bonded debt (1)	5	\$ 7,017,296,404			\$	202,128,854

<sup>(1) -</sup> Debt information for overlapping and direct debt is as of April 30, 2012.

<sup>(6) -</sup> Includes original principal amounts of outstanding General Obligation Capital Appreciation Bonds.
(7) - Excludes principal amounts of outstanding General Obligation (Alternate Revenue Source) Bonds which are expected to be paid from sources other than general taxation. Sources: The Village and the Cook and Will County Clerk's Offices.

#### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

The Village of Tinley Park achieved home rule status in 1980. Under the provisions of the Illinois Constitution, there is no legal limit for home rule municipalities except as set by the General Assembly.

#### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Water Reven	ue B	onds			
	Water							_
	Charges	Less:	Net					
Fiscal	and	Operating	Available		Debt	Servic	ce	
<u>Year</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	Revenue		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	Coverage
2003	\$ 9,906,235	\$ 4,210,623	\$ 5,695,612	\$	35,000	\$	57,816	61.365
2004	9,772,657	9,073,448	699,209		40,000		55,848	7.295
2005	10,513,104	9,376,135	1,136,969		40,000		53,747	12.128
2006	11,201,753	10,710,184	491,569		45,000		51,516	5.093
2007	12,343,220	11,743,942	599,278		45,000		49,154	6.365
2008	11,720,197	12,196,719	(476,522)		50,000		46,660	(4.930)
2009	12,343,289	12,693,851	(350,562)		50,000		44,035	(3.728)
2010	13,614,833	12,339,487	1,275,346		55,000		41,279	13.246
2011	15,666,413	13,743,793	1,922,620		55,000		38,391	20.587
2012	17,153,816	13,701,615	3,452,201		60,000		35,372	36.197

Details of the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Water Charges and Other includes revenues generated from operations of waterworks and sewerage system.

Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expense.

#### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

#### Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population		Per Capita Personal Income	Total Personal Income	Median Age	Total School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate	Equalized Accessed Value (EAV)	Per Capita EAV
2002	52,000	(E)	\$ 24,891	\$ 1,294,332,000		11,770	5.8%	\$ 1,076,028,969	\$ 20,693
2003	54,352	(A)	24,891	1,352,875,632	37.3	11,678	5.8%	1,131,230,185	20,813
2004	56,000	(E)	24,891	1,393,896,000		11,567	5.5%	1,220,081,001	21,787
2005	57,000	(E)	24,891	1,418,787,000		11,585	5.2%	1,412,425,410	24,779
2006	58,323	(A)	30,160	1,759,021,680	37.2	11,360	3.8%	1,491,626,393	25,575
2007	59,000	(E)	30,160	1,779,440,000		11,074	3.8%	1,596,468,368	27,059
2008	60,000	(E)	31,440	1,886,400,000		11,154	5.0%	1,761,707,602	29,362
2009	60,000	(E)	31,501	1,890,060,000		10,536	8.7%	1,796,096,943	29,935
2010	56,703	(A)	30,248	1,715,152,344		10,649	9.6%	1,812,100,741	31,958
2011	56,703	(E)	30,474	1,727,967,222	37.9	10,491	8.6%	1,607,862,763	28,356

<sup>(</sup>A) Actual

#### Data Source

Per Capita Personal Income, American Community Survey, US Census Bureau

Actual personal Income data is available only for Census years.

<sup>(</sup>E) Estimate

#### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2012			2003	
			% of	'		% of
			Total City			Total City
			Employed	Approx		Employed
Employer	Employees	Rank	Population	Employees	Rank	Population
Comcast Call Center	450	1	1.44%	550	3	1.84%
Panduit	600	2	1.92%	1000	1	3.34%
Kirby School District 140*	535	3	1.71%	375	6	1.25%
Village of Tinley Park**	403	4	1.29%	362	7	1.21%
Pronger Smith	380	5	1.22%			
Springfield Service Corp	350	6	1.12%			
St. Coletta's of IL	335	7	1.07%			
Target	325	8	1.04%			
Cons. School Dist 146*	279	9	0.89%	213	10	0.71%
Cons. School Dist 230*	272	10	0.87%	318	8	1.06%
Howe Development Center				900	2	3.01%
Midwest Suburban Publishing				550	4	1.84%
Heartland Blood Center				240	9	0.80%
Tinley Park Mental Health Center				430	5	1.44%

<sup>\*</sup>Represents the employment for schools located in the Village of Tinley Park

#### Data Source

Canvas of employers.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes Part Time Employees

# VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS EMPLOYEES Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Employees as of	April 30					
Function/Program	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Government										
Administration	21	26	27	28	30	32	32	28	28	28
Community Development	9	8	8	8	9	8	7	7	7	7
Public Safety										
Police										
Officers	70	70	74	75	76	78	78	78	74	74
Civilians	18	17	20	27	22	21	21	22	21	21
Fire	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Public Works										
Public Works Administration	3	3	4	6	6	6	6	7	7	7
Streets & Bldg Department	24	25	26	27	27	27	24	23	23	20
Water and Sewer	15	16	18	18	21	21	23	23	20	21
Total Full Time Employees	162	167	180	192	194	197	195	192	184	182
Part Time Employees by Function										
General Government	25	24	30	30	32	31	30	28	26	22
Public Safety-Police	75	62	62	64	64	76	69	72	63	62
Public Safety-Fire (1)	115	110	111	109	115	119	118	111	111	115
Public Works-Streets & Bldg	5	6	4	3	6	6	7	5	6	4
Public Works-Water	6	9	11	6	8	10	10	11	11	18
Total Part Time Employees	226	211	218	212	225	242	234	227	217	221
Total Employees	388	378	398	404	419	439	429	419	401	403

#### Data Source

Village Finance Department

Data reflected is for employees paid for the two week time period ending on the 30th date of April in each year. Data excludes seasonal hires.

(1) Data for Firefighters reflects eligible part time firefighters.

# VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS OPERATING INDICATORS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Government										
Community Development										
Building permits issued (1)										
Commercial	48	58	40	74	79	83	80	71	103	N/A
Single Family Residential	344	223	197	150	61	21	3	7	9	N/A
Multi Family Residential	330	256	247	57	34	9	4	2	-	N/A
Other	1,881	2,137	1,958	2,081	1,714	1,240	1,103	1,129	1,417	N/A
Estimated Property Value Added (million \$)	\$168.5	\$139.3	\$122.7	\$148.5	\$89.3	\$97.8	\$31.3	\$31.5	\$44.7	N/A
Code Violations (1)	1,297	1,629	1,326	1,065	939	496	646	356	139	N/A
Public Safety										
Police										
Physical arrests	2,413	1,998	2,383	2,494	2,496	2,592	2,776	2,348	2,420	1,741
Parking/Compliance violations	11,726	8,994	10,656	6,328	6,493	7,696	9,524	8,571	9,020	7,764
Traffic violations	8,500	7,507	7,769	7,842	5,431	5,058	4,463	3,979	4,202	3,650
911 Calls Police Incidents (1)	N/A	31,196	34,116	34,519	33,921	32,731	30,597	30,150	29,243	N/A
911 Calls Fire Incidents (1)	N/A	5,495	5,785	6,191	6,740	6,615	6,309	5,945	6,529	N/A
Fire										
Fire/Emergency responses	961	1,651	1,502	1,691	1,782	1,628	2,135	1,754	1,662	N/A
EMA (1)										
Emergency Management Call-outs, Mutual Aid	40	35	45	53	41	53	44	39	33	N/A
Emergency Management Events, Meetings, Training, Traffic	151	455	286	239	311	422	525	447	513	N/A
Music Theatre Traffic Control	21	21	16	18	18	19	17	19	16	N/A
Public Works										
Streets										
Street resurfacing (miles of streets)	6.9	10.6	9.1	9.3	15.7	13.0	13.2	9.2	4.5	13.9
Crack Sealing (miles of crack)	17	34	34	70	47	53	54	46	50	13.
Water										
Water Main Breaks	58	38	51	84	48	36	63	60	66	67

(1) Calendar year data

N/A: Data not available

#### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS TOP TEN WATER CONSUMERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			20	12	2003				
Business Name	Business Use	Usage	Rank	Amount Billed	Usage	Rank	Am	ount Billed	
W A Howe Development	Health Facility	28,408	1	\$ 150,335					
Edgewater Walk Condo	Residential	22,810	2	158,594	24,559	1	\$	84,389	
Delta Sonic	Car Wash	11,350	3	77,196	12,000	3		38,230	
Orlan Creek Apartments	Residential	10,810	3	73,976					
Cambridge Park Condo Assoc	Residential	9,701	4	65,156					
Edenbridge/Fulton Commons	Residential	9,423	6	65,404	11,080	4		50,082	
KVH Industries	Commercial	7,851	7	51,317					
Panduit	Commercial	6,214	8	40,829	5,120	8		16,295	
Andrew High School (Dist. 230)	High School	6,200	9	41,391	13,401	2		40,843	
Cherry Hill Farms Association	Residential	6,178	10	38,990					
Tinley Court Inc	Residential				6,900	5		26,379	
Holiday Inn	Hotel				5,800	6		18,118	
Whispering Cove	Residential				5,572	7		23,933	
Car Max	Auto Sales				4,981	9		16,347	
Oak Village	Residential				4,641	10		15,570	
Total RevenuesTop Ten Consu	mers			\$ 763,188			\$	330,186	
Total System Operating Revenue	)			\$ 17,153,816			\$	9,906,235	
Percent of Total System Operating	ng Revenue			4.45%				3.33%	

Usage is reflected in thousands of gallons

### VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS WATERWORKS & SEWERAGE FUND SYSTEM STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	0000	0004	0005	0000	0007	0000	0000	2012	2011	0040
Water Statistics	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Water Meters (1)	19,500	20,534	21,105	22,476	22,956	23,195	23,326	23,377	23,402	23,471
New Connections (tap-ons)	1,067	1,034	571	1,371	480	239	131	44	35	57
Average daily consumption (thousand gallons) (2)	4,258	4,966	5,100	5,700	6,160	5,668	5,274	5,447	5,429	5,274
Peak daily consumption (thousand gallons) (2)	N/A	N/A	19,100	17,700	20,100	19,100	18,100	18,029	17,449	19,538
Total Gallons Purchased/Gallons PumpedMaster Meter (million gallons) (3)	3,028.2	3,392.6	3,500.0	3,700.0	3,680.0	3,792.0	3,528.9	3,534.1	3,498.0	3,418.3
Service Locations										
Sanitary Sewer Service Only	19	17	18	17	16	16	16	13	13	13
Water & Sanitary Sewer	17,469	18,225	18,490	19,585	19,853	19,957	20,040	20,055	20,056	20,084
Water Service Only	2,031	2,309	2,615	2,891	3,103	3,238	3,286	3,305	3,309	3,338
Totals	19,519	20,551	21,123	22,493	22,972	23,211	23,342	23,373	23,378	23,435
	<u>Jan. 1</u>	Jan. 1	<u>Jan. 1</u>			<u>Jan. 1</u>	Jan. 1	<u>Jan. 1</u>	<u>Jan. 1</u>	<u>Jan. 1</u>
Water and Sewer Rates (per 1,000 gallons unless otherwise indicated)	2003	2004	2005			2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Water (12,000 gallon minimum through 2009)	\$2.54	\$2.74	\$2.78			\$3.20	\$3.43			
Water Quarterly Base Charge (4)								\$23.50	\$25.38	\$27.28
Water, First 20,000 Gallons per Quarter								3.25	3.51	4.19
Water > 20,000 Gallons per Quarter								4.92	5.31	6.13
Sanitary Sewer Base Charge	1.26	1.26	1.26			1.26	1.26	5.00	5.48	6.00
Sanitary Sewer (6,000 gallon minimum through 2009)	0.67	0.77	0.77			0.77	0.77	0.79	0.87	0.95
Quarterly Minimums:										
Water	\$30.46	\$32.88	\$33.36			\$38.40	\$41.16	\$23.50	\$25.38	\$27.28
Sanitary Sewer	4.02	4.62	4.62			4.62	4.62	5.00	5.48	6.00
Total Minimum Charges	\$34.48	\$37.50	\$37.98			\$43.02	\$45.78	\$28.50	\$30.86	\$33.28
Increase Over Prior	1.7%	8.4%	1.2%			13.3%	6.4%	N/A	8.3%	7.8%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes multiple family structures served by a single meter.

N/A: Data not Applicable.

<sup>(2)</sup> Tinley Park users only. Excludes wholesale water sales.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes wholesale resales.

<sup>(4)</sup> Base charges vary depending on meter size and indoor or outdoor usage. Values displayed are for standard meter for inside usage.

No rate changes were implemented between January 2005 and January 2008.

VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Public Safety										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire										
Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public Works										
Streets										
Streets (miles)	223	230	230	230	240	248	255	255	255	255
Streetlights	2,950	2,970	2,970	3,086	3,153	3,153	3,153	3,153	3,206	3,206
Water										
Water mains (miles)	237	237	250	254	256	256	256	256	256	260
Fire hydrants	3,300	3,300	3,468	3,538	3,561	3,561	3,561	3,561	3,640	3,651
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	210	210	210	200	202	202	202	202	202	202
Storm Sewers (miles)	216	216	227	242	249	249	249	249	249	251

#### Data Source

Various Village departments

VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS LABOR FORCE AND UNEMPLOYMENT Last Ten Calendar Years

			Unemplo	yed	Comparable Unemployment Rates				
Calendar Year	Labor Force	Employed	Number	Rate	Chicago MSA	Illinois	U.S.		
2002	29,248	27,564	1,684	5.8%	6.7%	6.5%	5.8%		
2003	29,944	28,195	1,749	5.8%	6.8%	6.7%	6.0%		
2004	31,052	29,357	1,695	5.5%	6.2%	6.2%	5.5%		
2005	31,513	29,889	1,624	5.2%	5.9%	5.8%	5.1%		
2006	32,608	31,372	1,236	3.8%	4.5%	4.6%	4.6%		
2007	33,374	32,096	1,278	3.8%	4.9%	5.1%	4.6%		
2008	33,300	31,650	1,650	5.0%	6.2%	6.4%	5.8%		
2009	32,543	29,727	2,816	8.7%	10.1%	10.0%	9.3%		
2010	31,478	28,468	3,010	9.6%	10.4%	10.5%	9.6%		
2011	31,210	28,520	2,690	8.6%	9.8%	9.8%	8.9%		

#### Data Source

Unemployment Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor

# VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT & CONSTRUCTION Last Ten Calendar Years

		_			Total					
	<u>Con</u>	nmercial		Single Family		<u>Multi</u>	- Family		Permits	Estimated
					Average			<u>&amp; Cons</u>	struction	Property
Year	Units	Value	Units	Value	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Value Added
2002	29	21,093,500	281	58,564,077	208,413	476	56,416,000	1,721	18,314,477	154,388,054
2003	48	22,069,004	344	69,433,621	201,842	330	40,025,988	1,881	36,984,483	168,513,096
2004	58	42,676,389	223	49,911,953	223,820	256	35,092,000	2,137	11,596,779	139,277,121
2005	40	20,562,449	197	49,038,657	248,927	247	34,010,276	1,958	19,109,037	122,720,419
2006	74	72,669,358	150	39,210,838	261,406	57	8,046,000	2,081	28,583,535	148,509,731
2007	79	53,526,048	61	17,798,587	291,780	34	5,494,950	1,714	12,443,727	89,263,312
2008	83	80,886,553	21	5,661,770	269,608	9	1,540,000	1,240	9,722,529	97,810,852
2009	80	21,507,157	3	710,000	236,667	4	512,000	1,103	8,583,645	31,312,802
2010	71	21,747,256	7	1,494,900	213,557	2	244,000	1,129	8,022,752	31,508,908
2011	103	33,113,285	9	1,828,800	203,200	0	0	1,417	9,802,496	44,744,581

VILLAGE OF TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS
PUBLIC LIBRARY STATISTICS
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Cardholders

Fiscal	Book	Circulation			Reference Questions Visitors/ Library				Average Circulation Per	as a Percentage of			
 Year	Volumes	& Films	Recordings	Periodicals	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Handled (1)	Attendance	Cardholders	Population	Cardholder	Population
2003	138,273	4,440	6,636	2,732	247,344	185,287	432,631	56,157	337,015	23,598	48,401	18.3	49%
2004	138,312	4,797	6,439	2,732	264,156	194,469	458,625	64,398	337,197	22,747	54,352	20.2	42%
2005	141,957	5,105	7,218	2,741	260,702	193,578	454,280	64,543	265,344	25,847	54,352	17.6	48%
2006	153,727	6,469	8,757	391	298,218	226,613	524,831	68,889	347,319	26,440	54,352	19.8	49%
2007	162,551	7,206	9,519	392	318,306	237,800	556,106	46,366	372,391	27,191	58,323	20.5	47%
2008	165,240	8,526	10,241	393	340,584	257,481	598,065	43,291	373,237	23,556	59,000	25.4	40%
2009	170,381	9,236	11,106	390	370,727	273,882	644,609	54,819	374,018	26,096	60,000	24.7	44%
2010	173,003	9,151	11,469	578	405,726	307,468	713,194	62,349	384,141	26,938	60,000	26.5	45%
2011	167,870	9,553	11,918	518	411,857	320,939	732,796	59,248	326,476(2)	25,206	56,703	29.1	45%
2012	167,803	10,991	12,389	399	409,734	332,266	742,000	61,829	324,790	25,071	56,703	29.6	44%

<sup>(1)</sup> Method of tabulation was changed for this category beginning in fiscal year 2007.

<sup>(2)</sup> Counter relocated in 2011